"All the News That's
Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, somewhat warmer to-day; unsettled to-morrow; moderate west winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,487. * * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1914.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

VILLA'S ATTITUDE ROUSES CONGRESS; ACTION DEMANDED

Tension Over Benton Killing Shown in Resolution Against "Deadly Drifting."

RAID ON JUAREZ URGED

Some Officials Would Favor Sending Troops to Recover Body of Villa's Victim.

VERGARA TO BE AVENGED

Federal Commander Promises to Punish American Rancher's Murderers.

BAUCH IS FOUND ALIVE

Brooklyn Man, His Fellow-Prisoner, Says He Is Now in Juarez Jail.

SAW NINE MEN EXECUTED

Three Were Americans, He Asserts, and One of Them, He Believes, Was Named Gray.

Gen. Villa's refusal to permit anything more than a nasty exhumation and examination of the body of William S. Benton was felt in Washington yesterday to have increased the danger of international complications over Mexican affairs.

Secretary Bryan was apparently directing his energies chiefly to obtaining from Villa the concession that two Americans—one an army surgeon—and one British representative should be present at the examination of the body in Juarez.

Certain unnamed officials in Washingtno were quoted as urging the advisability of sending a United States cavalry escort into Juarez to recover the body of Benton. They said this would not be an act of war.

The increased tension in Washington was reflected in the form of a resolution offered by Congressman Ainey of Pennsylvania, calling upon the President to transmit to Congress information as to the treatment of Americans in Mexico. In speaking on his resolution, Mr. Ainey characterized the present Administration policy as "deadly drifting."

Col. Alvarez, Federal commander at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, promised United States Consul Garrett that the murderers of Clemente Vergara, an American ranchman, should be brought to justice.

Gustav Bauch, the German-American railway engineer, who had been given up for dead as a victim of Villa, was rtported to be alive in the jail at Juarez. This report came from a Brooklyn man, A. Michaelis, who had been a fellow-prisoner

Michaelis asserts that he saw nine prisoners executed while he was a captive. Three of these were Americans, he believes, and one, he thinks, bore the name of Gray.

TENSION IN WASHINGTON.

Villa's Attitude Considered Insolent and Dangerous.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The gravity of the Mexican situation has not been lessened by developments to-day. Not only has the United States Government been unable to obtain any satisfactory assurance from Gen. Francisco Villa as to when the body of William S. Benton, the British ranchman may be examined by American representatives, but Villa has laid down conditions for the examination, when it does take place, that are regarded as insolent.

Villa's attitude affords promise of trouble with either the United States or Great Britain, or both.

Secretary Bryan acknowledged to-day that he did not know where Benton's body was buried. In fact, he has no other knowledge than that furnished by Villa's word that it was interred in a cemetery, presumably at Juarez. One report has it that the body was cremated; another that it was taken to Chihuahua in a metal coffin. On neither of these stories can the State Department throw any light.

Discussing possibilities, some officials here said to-day, that there was really no legal obstacle to Brig.-Gen. Bliss sending a force of American cavalrymen from the border patrol to recover Benton's body, if it could be located. That such would be an act of war, which must first be authorized by Congress, was denied by such officials. They pointed to President Wilson's declaration that there is at present no Government in Mexico. Such a condition, they said, would justify such action, somewhat similar to that taken in China during the Boxer uprising, when a large international force entered the country without any declaration of war. Such a course would be one of last resort, but its legality was held to be beyond question.

It is not even known that Benton was executed by a firing squad. In none of the reports of the tragedy furnished by Villa has the manner in which the reported execution was carried out been mentioned. Secretary Bryan said that it was his impression that he had been

Continued on Page 3.

MAWSON PARTY BACK.

Antarctic Explorer's Ship Signals 'All Well'—His Story for The Times

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 26.—The Daily Mail's Adelaide correspondent cables that the Aurora, the ship of Dr. Douglas Mawson, who is returning to Australia after two years of exploation in Adelie Land in the antarctic, is approaching the port of Adelaide.

The Aurora has signaled "All well."

Dr. Mawson originally expected to go to Hobart, Tasmania, but he has close ties with Adelaide, in which town he took his science degree.

A telegram announcing his imminent arrival has been received by Sir J. Way, Chancellor of the University.

The Mawson expedition, consisting of fifty men, most of them college graduates, under the leadership of Dr. Douglas Mawson, a young professor of geology at Adelaide, set out on Dec. 2, 1911, to explore more than 2,000 miles of unknown coast between Cape Adare and Gaussburg through three land parties.

In March, 1912, Capt. J. K. Davis of Dr. Mawson's ship, the Aurora, reported landing Mawson and a party on Adelie Land and another party on Termination Land, and announced some of the early discoveries made by the explorers.

In February, 1913, a message was received at Sydney telling of the death of two members of the expedition. Lieut. B. E. S. Ninnis of the Royal Fusiliers and Dr. Xavier Mertz, a Swiss scientist, the former of whom disappeared in a crevasse with a dog team on Dec. 4, 1912, and the latter of whom died of malnutrition on Jan. 17. Dr. Mawson, who had gone on an exploring trip with these two, barely escaped himself, reaching his hut on Feb. 7, ill and almost starved to death.

He found that the Aurora, after waiting as long as was safe for his return, had departed, leaving a party of six men to search for him. With this party he carried on sledging expeditions throughout the Winter.

The Australian Government sent out a relief vessel for the explorer and his party of six, after the return of the Aurora to Tasmania. The relief ship found them sadly reduced by hunger and cold, having subsisted for some time on the hearts and tongues of sea elephants.

Dr. Mawson's account of the expedition and its discoveries will appear in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LOSE RACE WITH DEATH.

Wounded Gunner Dies Before Torborg Gets Back with Doctor.

Flecked with foam, a bay trotter, drawing a racing cutter, dashed up last night to the home of Dr. Isidore Teplitz, 139 Sheridan Street, East New York. The driver, Henry Torborg, nephew of State Senator Herman Torborg of Brooklyn, leaped out and half dragged the physician to the cutter.

"It's a matter of life and death!" explained the young man as he told the doctor that his chum, Henry Schmidt, lay desperately wounded on the shores of Jamaica Bay, near Old Mill, southeast of East New York. The trotter, Judge, responded heroically to the pleadings of its driver and covered the mile and a half back to the bay in about four minutes.

As the cutter came in sight of the Torborg homestead, a comfortable farm house, men posted along the road shouted that young Schmidt had been taken to the home of his father, Xavier Schmidt, a farmer. Dr. Teplitz ran up the steps of the house, through a door which had been left open for him, only to see that young Schmidt was dead.

The wild race for life had followed the sound of an exploding shotgun far out on the ice. Sharp screams came after the shot, and Torborg, who was sitting in his cutter, recognized the voice of his chum. Calling young Schmidt's father and brother, they ran out on the ice toward him. They saw him seriously wounded in his right side. He managed to gasp that on his return from a duck hunting trip, he had slipped on the ice and set off his gun. The father and brother of the wounded boy tried to stanch the flow of blood, while Torborg ran to his sleigh and started off to the nearest physician, Dr. Teplitz, a mile and a half away.

Torborg became hysterical with grief when he saw that his race for medical help had been in vain.

WORKER BURIED UNDER COAL

Madigan Dropped Into Pocket with 100 Tons, Has Narrow Escape.

Poised unsteadily at the top of a coal pocket 35 feet deep, John Madigan, a coal heaver, swung a sledge hammer at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon to break a plug of frozen coal in a still higher pocket. Madigan's blow shattered the plug and a hundred tons of pea coal gushed out of the chute. The stream of coal knocked Madigan from his feet and carried him struggling down inside the lower pocket.

Policeman Bentley called for help from Hook and Ladder Truck 17 at 143d Street and Third Avenue. The truck hurried to the M. L. Bird Company's coal yards at 138th Street and Ryder Avenue, where Madigan lay under the coal.

Two of the firemen, Weingold and Rawson, climbed a ladder and attacked the wooden sides of the coal pocket with their fireaxes. They worked for three-quarters of an hour and demolished one side of the pocket before they found Madigan nearly at the bottom. He was unconscious. The coal was distributed well in the large pocket, which accounts for the fact that Madigan was not killed. As his head was near the side of the pocket he had air enough to keep him alive.

The firemen carried him to a waiting Lincoln Hospital ambulance, where Dr. Simmons revived him. The physician found that Madigan was only a little the worse for having inhaled too much coal dust. He left the hospital after two hours, for his home, 242 East 136th Street.

FALLS DEAD IN CHURCH

Mrs. Wehner Expires as She Prays by Her Husband's Side.

While praying beside her husband, George Wehner, a retired baker living at 308 Garden Street, Hoboken, in the Roman Catholic Church of Saints Peter and Paul, in Hoboken, last night, Mrs. Sophia Wehner, 61 years old, sank to the floor and died.

Father Hoffschneider left the pulpit and went to the woman's side. When he could not revive her, he summoned Dr. Solder from St. Mary's Hospital, who said she was dead.

Dewey's Claret Punch.
Ready to serve for weddings and receptions.
H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., N. Y.
—Adv.

MITCHEL FINDS HIS BILLS OPPOSED

Heckled by Frawley and Cullen at Hearing on Police Measures to Smash "System."

NEW REFUSAL BY GOETHALS

Ellison Tells of Letter He Wrote Very Recently Denying Acceptance—Bills May Be Beaten.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—Gov. Glynn will sign the Mitchel police bills, if the Legislature passes them, but he will bring no pressure to bear on the lawmakers with a view of securing favorable action on the measures Mayor Mitchel and many other prominent New Yorkers regard as essential if the New York Police Department is to be freed from the grip of "the system."

The Governor made this very clear in brief remarks he made in response to a plea for his aid, voiced by Mayor Mitchel, prior to the joint hearing on the police bills held before the Cities' Committees of Senate and Assembly this afternoon.

"My position on these bills to-day is exactly what I told you it was last week," said Gov. Glynn, addressing Mayor Mitchel. "If these bills come before me for my approval, I shall sign them. To pass or defeat legislation is the function of the Legislature. My function as Governor is to veto or to approve. I shall not use my position for the purpose of clubbing the Legislature into passing these bills."

The Mayor's Appeal.

Interest at the joint hearings on the bills centred in a fervid appeal made by Mayor Mitchel in behalf of the measures. The Mayor spoke for an hour and a quarter. He was interrupted frequently by questions from Senators James J. Frawley and Thomas H. Cullen, "organization" men, who are not looked upon as friends of the proposed legislation. He made ready retorts, and frequently his sallies were greeted with applause. He vigorously resented the assertion that the bills would work an injustice to the honest men of the force, and declared that all he had in view in proposing this legislation was to break "the system."

"Gentlemen," the Mayor exclaimed, as he was bring his long argument to a close, "the eye of the City of New York, the eye of the State is on you. Are you going to get behind these measures and support the New York City administration in its efforts to break the system and provide a constructive policy in the Police Department which will render that department the engine for special service that it should be, or is the Legislature of the great State of New York practically to ally itself with the forces in the Police Department and the community that bred Becker and his kind?"

The Mayor caused a murmur of comment by declaring that if any changes were proposed in the New York iCty Charter during his Administration the recall would be one he would favor.

William Bruce Ellison, after Mayor Mitchel had reiterated his assurance that Col. Goethals would take the police Commissionership in the next twelve months if the police bills were enacted, said:

"Col. Goethals wrote a letter to a friend in New York on the 14th or 15th of this month. This letter in my opinion sets at rest the question of whether he is to accept the position of Police Commissioner. In this letter he made it perfectly clear that he does not intend to come to New York."

After the hearing Mr. Ellison was asked to whom the letter was written.

"It would be a gross violation of confidence for me to tell," was his reply. "But I have read the letter. It was in this Senate Chamber this afternoon."

Mayor Mitchel said he had no knowledge of any such letter.

As the hearing was about to close the Mayor announced that he would accept an amendment to the bill taking away the right of review from policemen, the amendment to provide that when a charge against a policeman was made he should be confronted with his accuser.

Opposition Strong.

Inquiries among the legislative leaders to-night brought to light a tremendous undercurrent of opposition to all the police bills, but in particular to the bill depriving policemen of the right of court review in the case of dismissal on charges. Even in the Senate, where the outlook is more favorable, the bills will have hard sledding. A very decided sentiment against the Mitchel programme has developed among the up-State Republicans in the Assembly, and the defeat of the bills on the floor of the House was predicted to-night by more than one of the Assembly leaders.

The Republican Assemblymen from Brooklyn are about equally divided on the bills. The same is true about the Democrats from that borough in both branches of the Legislature. That a large percentage of the Tammany members in both houses will vote against the bills, unless pressure should be brought to bear from Mr. Murphy, may be taken for granted.

Prior to the Mayor's speech, Job Hedges, William Travers Jerome, and other speakers voiced the views of the opposition. Both Hedges and Jerome declared emphatically and with no end of sarcasm that advocacy of the bill providing for the abolition of the court review in the case of officials dismissed from the Police Department was a confession of weakness on the part of the administration.

"The principal trouble with the police force," said Mr. Hedges, "is that it is made a human clinic to be operated upon before and after every municipal election. There is not a man on the police force whom the Commissioner cannot get out under the law as it stands if he goes after him and any reasonable ground for getting rid of him exists."

Mr. Jerome asserted that the percentage of reinstatements ordered by the courts had been negligible.

"In every instance, too, I think, it has been shown," said Mr. Jerome, "that some gross injustice which the courts were bound to rectify and redess had been committed. When a Commissioner, smarting under a spanking received from the Appellate Division, comes here and asks for this legislation he writes himself down an incompetent who is willing to confess that he cannot manage the Police Department unless power be vested in him to inflict gross injustice."

Strong Support for Mitchel.

Every seat in the Senate Chamber, where the hearing was held, was occupied and standing room was at a premium when Senator Thomas H. Cullen of Kings, Chairman of the Senate Cities Committee, who presided, called the meeting to order.

With Mayor Mitchel a large delegation representing civic associations from all the boroughs of the City of New York had come to the capital on a special train. The Chamber of Commerce, the Merchants' Association, the City Club, the Citizens' Union, the Brooklyn League, the United Civic Association of Queens, the Brooklyn Young Republi-

Continued on Page 2.

Should the Accused Be Made to Testify?

John R. Dos Passos discusses this and other questions in a vigorous article on the Reform of Our Laws

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

Also, Mr. Dooley on the Tango and Col. George Harvey on Bryan.

POET NOYES TO JOIN PRINCETON FACULTY

Will Lecture from February to June Each Year on Modern English Letters.

Alfred Noyes, the English poet, who is in this country lecturing in the cause of world peace, has been asked to become a professor in the Faculty of Princeton University, THE TIMES learned last night, and it is understood that he has agreed to accept His election, it is said, will be sanctioned by the Trustees at their meeting in April.

The position which Mr. Noyes is to fill, it was learned, is a visiting professorship, with lectures on modern English literature. It will begin about the middle of next February and extend through the second term of the university, and, it is understood, will continue in this way for several years, from February to June. Mr. Noyes's own fondness for America, begotten of his two visits to this country, had much to do with his considering the offer of a professorship at Princeton.

Mr. Noyes could not be reached last night. He is at present lecturing in New England. He spoke last night in the Phillips Exeter Academy, at Exeter, N. H., and will speak to-day at St. Mark's School, Southboro, Mass. He is expected back in this city on Saturday.

Mr. Noyes has been pronounced by Kipling, Swinburne, and others the foremost writer of lyric verse in the English language to-day, and he is known also as one of the very few men who have contrived to make a living, and a very good living, out of poetry. Indeed, it has been said that he was the only man who relied on his verse alone for actual support, and was not disappointed by the Muse. He has upset many traditions of the art of poetry. He dresses fashionably, looks like an athlete, and insists on giving poetry a commercial status and making it pay.

Mr. Noyes came to this country first on Feb. 23, 1913, partly to lecture for world peace and disarmament and partly to satisfy the desire of his wife, who was Miss Garnett Daniels of Washington, that he should gather fresh experiences in her home land. In his lectures on poetry he prophesied a tremendous boom in the cult of poetic utterance, such as that heralded by Tennyson and Browning, and he urged American poets to share in the rich fruits of such a boon and to seek higher prices.

Mr. Noyes's first lecture tour lasted six weeks and extended as far West as Chicago. It proved so profitable that he decided to make a second trip to this country in October last, and to stay six months. In this trip he visited the principal universities of the country, including Princeton. There he read at a public lecture from his own works, and the next morning read other selections of his poetry at a meeting of the senior class of the college. He was the guest of President Hibben of Princeton at the time, and the impression he made on the Faculty and undergraduates was so favorable that the suggestion was made that he be asked to join the staff of the university as a professor.

Mr. Noyes is 33 years old, and has been writing poetry for more than twenty years. One morning when he was 9 years old, he said, he awoke with an impulse to write a poem, and he has been following the same sort of impulses practically ever since. At the age of 14 he wrote his first epic, a production in rhymed verse of several thousand lines, describing allegorically the voyage through life as on a ship. He sent the poem to James Paine, the novelist, who returned it with an encouraging letter advising him to read more and not try and publish anything for several years.

Mr. Noyes waited five years. Then, at the age of 19, his first poem, "The Symbolist," was printed in the weekly supplement of The London Times. At that time he was in Exeter College, Oxford, achieving a reputation far more through his prowess as an athlete, and especially on the class crew, than as a poet. As soon as he left college he went to London and began to devote himself entirely to the writing of poetry. When he dedicated his great epic "Drake," however, it was to the coach of his former rowing crew and not to any of his celebrated literary friends.

He refused steadfastly to accept any job wherein he would have to divide his attention between his art and anything else. In ten years he published ten volumes of verse, ranging through nearly every conceivable style and subject and mood, but almost always of a uniformly high degree of excellence. Since the collection of his works in a two-volume edition two years ago, between 7,000 and 8,000 copies have been sold.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, Feb. 25.—President John Grier Hibben of Princeton University, when asked about the reported selection of Alfred Noyes, the English poet, for a professorship in Princeton University, said the Board of Trustees, in whose hands all Faculty elections rested, had not discussed the matter, and consequently he could make no announcement. The board will meet in Princeton on April 7.

GIRL ACCUSES J. P. WHITNEY

Wealthy Californian, Arrested, Calls It Case of Blackmail.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25.—J. Parker Whitney, the wealthy clubman, accused in a warrant of violation of the Mann white slave law, was arrested early today on his ranch in Placer County. Later George Burnham, Chief Deputy Marshal of San Francisco, who served the warrant, took him to Sacramento, and he was released on bail of $20,000.

Whitney asked for particularrs and was told that he was charged specifically with having transported Genevieve Hannan from New York to San Francisco for immoral purposes. He said:

"I have been expecting this trouble for some time and I am glad things have come to a climax. It is simply a case of blackmail."

It was learned that last Thursday he called on Chief White of the Police Department with a complaint that Miss Hannan was endeavoring to blackmail him.

With the complaint Whitney submitted documentary evidence designed to show that Miss Hannan had been a part of the Los Angeles underworld. Chief White replied that if Whitney's statements could be substantiated he would warn the woman to leave town. He detailed a detective to the case but when the detective reported that Miss Hannan already had left town the Police Department dropped it.

John W. Preston, United States District Attorney, issued the warrant yesterday after the case had been placed in the hands of the Grand Jury, which will continue its inquiry Friday.

SERVE TERM TO GET GRAFTERS IN TOMBS

Commissioner Davis Puts Two Investigators in the City Jail —Two Guards Suspended.

Katharine B. Davis, Commissioner of Correction, has obtained proof of graft practiced in the Tombs through two special investigators who went into the place as prisoners and who stayed there for twenty-one days. Reports of their findings were verified last night by Deputy Commissioner Burdette G. Lewis.

The two investigators were Julian I. Marks and John Dalling. In a motor car borrowed for them by the Commissioner they went on a pretended "joy ride," for which they were arrested. They pleaded guilty to a charge of disorderly conduct and were sent to the Tombs on Jan. 31.

Their report shows the petty extortions practiced on prisoners known to have money, and the difficulties encountered by prisoners with no funds to bribe keepers. On their arrival at the prison Marks and Dalling were told they might be put in the negro tier "because of lack of room." They got "the best rooms in the house" on payment of a small sum to a keeper. Though it was after hours, the keeper sent out to get them meals, making a heavy charge. A fee of $5 got them places in which they could observe the workings of the system by which drugs and liquors are smuggled into the prison. As a result of their reports, two keepers have been suspended. They will be examined before the Commissioner on March 7.

Deputy Commissioner Lewis said last night that the two investigators had made affidavits which would soon be forwarded to the District Attorney. Their reports criticise not only the spirit and behavior of the keepers of the prison, but its sanitary condition and accommodations. They found that disease was spread through lack of proper washroom facilities.

Not only did the investigators find that it was easy for drug fiends to get their favorite drugs in the Tombs, but they also found that the laxity of the Tombs physicians and apothecaries were elements in leading prisoners who had no drug habits when they entered the prison to contract them.

The improper treatment of prisoners suffering from drug addictions they said made the prison hideously noisy at night. All sorts of special privileges, including the granting of special articles of diet, they said could be obtained by paying a regular scale of fees. Prisoners who could give but 5 cents a day received better food than those who gave nothing. No graft seemed too petty for some of the prison employes to solicit or accept.

SIGNS WARM THE BIRDS.

Thousands Find Comfort on Electric Bulbs in Times Square.

The electric light bulbs of the great illuminated signs in Times Square have supplied roosting places for thousands of birds in the last few days. The discovery was made by employes of the New York Edison Company, who investigated the reason for the dimness of many of the signs. They found that birds had clustered all about the lights.

Most of the birds who sought to warm themselves by nesting on the bulbs were sparrows and pigeons, though it was reported that even larger birds had perched on the bulbs of the Hotel Knickerbocker. The Edison Company men said that the warmth radiated by the bulbs, though small in amount, had been sufficient to save the lives of thousands of birds.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Representative Samuel E. Winslow of Massachusetts, who manufactures more skates than anybody else in the world, got permission from the Post Office Department to-day for rural free delivery mail carriers in his Congressional district to feed the birds during their travel over their routes.

Mr. Winslow told the postal authorities that the Worcester Fish and Game Association reported that birds were dying by thousands on account of the severe weather. The association had bought half a ton of grain for the carriers to distribute, but ran up against a rule forbidding the carriers to do the work. It was the rule to which the Post Office Department made an exception to-day at Mr. Winslow's request.

WILL URGE TOLLS REPEAL.

President Expected to Write a Letter to Leader of Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Representative Palmer of Pennsylvania and Representative Sherley of Kentucky conferred with President Wilson to-day on ways to forward the plan for repealing the clause in the Panama Canal act that exempts American coastwise shipping from payment of tolls.

The President has been reluctant about sending a message on canal tolls to Congress, or putting into writing the full reasons for asking for the repeal of the exemption clause. It is said now, however, that instead of sending a formal message to Congress on the tolls question, the President may send a letter to some influential member asking the repeal of the exemption clause. The letter is to deal as frankly with the tolls question as the exigencies of the international situation will permit.

A steering committee has been formed, consisting of Messrs. Palmer, Sherley, Adamson, and Covington to canvass the House and ascertain the attitude of members on the repeal question.

Official assurance that the Canadian Pacific had no intention of attempting to evade the provision of the Panama Canal act, barring railroad-owned ships from the canal, reached Washington today. It was further said, reinforcing the recent statement of Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, President of the road, that the Canadian Pacific would not send its ships through the canal, even if it had the right.

WOMAN ADMITS SHE LIED ABOUT FRANK

Mrs. Nina Formby, Now in New York, Tells of False Affidavit in Atlanta Murder Case.

ACCUSES TWO DETECTIVES

Meantime Georgia Supreme Court Denies a Rehearing, but Other Appeals Are Pending.

Repentant over having made a false affidavit, which, she said, she believed was largely responsible for the conviction of Leo M. Frank, who was sentenced to death for the murder of the little factory girl, Mary Phagan, in Atlanta, Ga., Mrs. Nina Formby of Atlanta last night called up THE TIMES and asked that she be permitted to make a public denial of the statements she made against Frank in her affidavit. To a reporter for THE TIMES Mrs. Formby repeated again and again that she had made the affidavit against Frank only after she had been unduly influenced to do so by the Atlanta detectives.

This new revelation regarding the methods alleged to have been adopted in building up the case against Frank came only a few hours after the Supreme Court of Georgia had denied a motion by Frank's attorneys for a rehearing of the recent unsuccessful appeal for a new trial for him.

Undiscouraged by this reverse, Frank's attorneys are about to bring before Judge Hill of the Criminal Division of the Superior Court of Georgia an extraordinary motion for a new trial, based on the statement of the State Chemist, Dr. Harris, that in his opinion the hair found on the lathe in the machine room of Frank's pencil factory was not Mary Phagan's, and upon the admission of Albert McKnight that he perjured himself in his testimony against Frank.

Last night's equally startling assertion by Nina Formby will probably figure in this new move to obtain a new trial for the pencil factory Superintendent.

The detectives, Mrs. Formby said, had plied her with whisky until she was on the verge of delirium tremens. Mrs. Formby said she was then taken to the office of the Chief of Detectives of Atlanta, where she was forced to admit in the presence of witnesses that she had made incriminating statements reflecting on the character of Leo M. Frank.

Mrs. Formby explained to the reporter that she owned a rooming house in Atlanta some seventeen years ago. Later she said she found it more desirable to try to earn a livelihood by respectable occupation. She opened a boarding house for men, but the police of Atlanta were suspicious of her and they "hounded" her so openly that she was forced to move from place to place. The last time she was forced to abandon a boarding house she leased a four-room apartment at 400 Piedmont Avenue. The apartment house in which she lived was in a locality through which Leo M Frank passed frequently on his way to work, or on his way to visit friends. Mrs. Formby said she knew Frank by sight, because a girl acquaintance once had pointed out the young Superintendent as her "boss."

Visited by Detectives.

"I remember quite well the day that Mary Phagan was murdered," said Mrs. Formby. "It was on April 25, and I remember it because it was my birthday. I remember also quite well the day that Mr. Frank was arrested, and I remember, too, that it was only about a week afterward that Detectives Norris and Cheuning called me up over the telephone and asked me if I had any 'booze.' I told them I didn't have any, and they said they would bring some around to my house. They came around in the evening, and they brought the booze. We drank booze and played cards in the dining room. They mentioned the arrest of Mr. Frank, only incidentally. They told me that some woman had called them up that day over the telephone and suggested to them that I might be able to tell them something about Mr. Frank. I don't know who their informant was and they wouldn't tell me.

"Any way, Detectives Norris and Cheuning, after having broached the subject, asked me what I knew about Mr. Frank, and I said, 'Don't know anything.'

"The two detectives didn't insist that I did know, and I realize now that they wanted to do a little rehearsing before they led me to making any false confessions.

"For three weeks Norris and Cheuning came to my apartment. They were there every night, and they always brought booze. We played cards as usual in the dining room, and something was said each time about the Frank case. I remember now that when they went away each time we had drunk up all the whisky.

"With each visit of the detectives the gossip about the Frank case absorbed more of their attention. They asked my opinion about it, and at first I always said that I thought that Mr. Frank was innocent. I told them I thought so because, you take a little man, weighing only 123 pounds, and he couldn't well do a job like that. The little girl was terribly cut up and bruised, and naturally I expressed my belief to the detectives that some negro killed her.

"I can't say how many days they came to my apartment and talked about the Frank case before they asked me if Mr. Frank wasn't a degenerate. Of course I said I didn't know. But on that time I was under the influence of liquor. When Morris and Cheuning kept asking me if I didn't know that Mr. Frank was a degenerate I finally lost the power to discriminate about what I was saying.

Coaxed Into False Statement.

"They asked me the same question so many times that at last I gave them the answer they wanted me to give them. I said:

"'Yes, he is.' It was right there that I made a fatal mistake. If I had not made that statement they would not have continued to pump me. Encouraged by this admission, Norris and Cheuning made all kinds of impossible statements incriminating Frank, and asked me if they were not true. Not knowing what I said, I always said yes.

"I recall particularly this: They asked me if Frank didn't call me up over the telephone on the day of the murder, and I told him that it was true that if the telephone bell had rung once that day it had rung twenty-five times.

"The detectives became insistent and asked me if I didn't remember that it was Mr. Frank calling, and I said yes. Then they asked me if he wanted a room for himself and another person. I said yes, and right here I want to state that I was particular, even though under the influence of liquor, to say 'that party,' without mentioning Mr. Frank's name.

"After that they suggested that Mr. Frank was possessed of a mania, and

Continued on Page 2.

BANDITS HOLD AMERICANS.

Albanians Threaten to Kill Naturalized Citizens.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 26.—A telegram to The Times from Durazzo, Albania, says:

"According to information received here from Mr. Spencer, who is said to be watching Albanian affairs on behalf of the United States Government at Elbasan, some United States citizens have been captured by brigands near that town. It is supposed here that these citizens are Albanians with American naturalization papers.

"According to further information from Mr. Spencer, five American citizens have been captured at Pogradetz, and threatened with execution for teaching the Albanian language. The matter has been referred to the American Embassy at Rome by the American Protestant missionary here.

"There is at present no recognized authority at Durazzo. The seizure of a few tribesmen is regarded by the general public as an everyday occurrence of no particular interest.

"It is probable that these Albanian naturalized Americans are victims of one of the feuds which are endemic in tribal communities."

WHITNEY'S BIG LANDSLIDE.

New Yorker's Property Falls Down October Mountain.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Feb. 25.—An enormous landslide, which carried huge boulders and trees down into a deep gorge, took place recently on the October Mountain property of Harry Payne Whitney. A part of the deer inclosure slipped down the mountain side. The full extent of the damage cannot be ascertained on account of the snow, which is drifted thirty feet deep in places.

Frank C. Chapel and Michel Navin, who live on the mountain, say the earthquake of two weeks ago caused the slide. They declare a roar followed the tremors, as if most of the mountain had fallen away.

G. W. YOUNG ENJOINED.

He Must Not Interfere in Settlement of Mrs. Yerkes's Estate.

The executors of the estate of Mrs. Mary Adelaide Yerkes, widow of Charles T. Yerkes, obtained an injunction yesterday from Supreme Court Justice Bijur, restraining George W. Young from interfering in any way with the settlement of the estate.

The papers say that on Sept. 8, 1909, while Mrs. Yerkes was fighting to get her share in her husband's estate, she entered into a contract with Young, by which he was to finance the necessary litigation for a 25 per cent. share in whatever Mrs. Yerkes received from that date. Mr. Young got about $163,000 in this way, it is stated instead of using the money he received for the purposes agreed upon, he left the fight entirely in the hands of others. It is also alleged that Mr. Young has been interfering with the executors and has greatly hindered the settlement of the estate.

When Mr. Yerkes died in 1905, he left his afairs in great confusion. His estate was estimated to be about $3,200,000.

COL. WEST SUCCEEDS BACON

Well-Known Georgian Appointed U. S. Senator by Gov. Slaton.

Special to The New York Times.

VALDOSTA, Ga., Feb. 25.—Col. W. S. West of this city was appointed by Gov. Slaton to succeed the late Augustus O. Bacon as United States Senator from Georgia until a State election is held next November.

Col. West is one of the best-known men in Georgia, and his plantation, over which he has personal supervision, has been for years the rendezvous of politicians of the old Democratic stripe.

Col. West is 64 years old. After being graduated from Mercer University at Macon he studied law, and since then has engaged in politics, always being elected to office whenever he sought it. He has served in the State Legislature and in the State Senate, being President of the latter body at one time. He has often been called into conference by State leaders in the national campaigns, and was a delegate to the Denver National Democratic Convention.

He announced to-day that he would carry out Senator Bacon's unfinished plans.

MALONE SEES PRESIDENT.

Reports on the Political Situation in New York City and State.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York, had a long talk with President Wilson to-day in regard to affairs in the Democratic Party in New York State and City. Mr. Malone, who is an acknowledged enemy of Charles F. Murphy, came to Washington especially to make a report to the President about political conditions in New York.

Mr. Malone said that he did not discuss with the President the political leadership of Charles F. Murphy.

"I came to discuss the political living, not the political dead," he remarked.

"If you want the President's views you will have to ask him," said Mr. Malone to a question whether the President approved any plan of party reorganization in New York. But then he added: "I can merely repeat what I said last week, that the President never will approve any plan which contemplates the recognition of Murphy or his type of leadership."

After leaving the White House Mr. Malone had talks with Secretary Bryan and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt.

It was made apparent by the conference between President Wilson and Collector Malone to-day, and from what was said afterward, that the President intends to take an active part in the reorganization of the Democratic Party in New York State. It is the understanding here that as far as Gov. Glynn is concerned, the President will be glad to give him every support when he is satisfied that Gov. Glynn has cut loose from all relations with the Democratic organization which the President, Chairman McCombs of the Democratic National Committee, and Collector Malone want to deprive of power.

THE ALLTOGETHER POUCH
Holds pipe and tobacco. At Schulte's Stores.
—Adv.

WILL TRY BECKER AGAIN FOR MURDER

Whitman Preparing to Prosecute in Person and May Be a Witness.

CASE NOT TO BE DELAYED

New Evidence Will Be Demanded to Meet Criticism of the Court of Appeals.

BECKER ACCUSES VALLON

Says He Was Actual Rosenthal Slayer—Vallon Calls It a Move in Another "Frame-Up."

Ex-Police Lieutenant Charles Becker will be tried again for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, within a very short time.

In Sing Sing Prison yesterday Becker, believing freedom was in sight, said that the first thing he would do would be to hunt down the murderers of Rosenthal. "The man who actually committed the murder, I am convinced," he said, "was Harry Vallon."

Vallon, for his part, said last night that Becker did not need to hunt the murderer, as he knew him better than any other man on earth. His threat, Vallon said, was a mere "bluff" and part of another "frame-up," Becker, he said, was working on the fears and hopes of the four gunmen, on whom he was depending for death-chair statements that he had nothing to do with the crime.

Replying to Becker's statement that he was drunk when Rosenthal was shot, Vallon said he had got drunk the night before on $100 that Becker gave to Jack Rose to spend in getting from Dora Gilbert an affidavit against Rosenthal.

District Attorney Whitman would say nothing yesterday about his plans, but those who observed the steps which were being taken in the Prosecutor's office and were familiar with the case had no doubt about the matter. The District Attorney, according to report, personally will conduct the prosecution and will make every effort to convict Becker again.

Morally Sure of Guilt.

Mr. Whitman did not confirm the reports about a new trial when questioned by reporters last night. The matter was serious, he said, and could not be decided in a day. He did not deny the reports, however, and he left the impression that there was more prospect of a new trial than there was of quashing the murder indictment against Becker.

Mr. Whitman had dealings with Becker long before Rosenthal was murdered and also during the period that evidence against Becker was sought. Mr. Whitman repeatedly has expressed his moral conviction of Becker's guilt. It is this moral conviction, it is believed, which will lead him to the conclusion that, in justice, he must try Becker again.

The expressed belief of Becker and his counsel that there never will be another trial has not moved the District Attorney. The expressions of this belief, it was thought at the Criminal Court Building yesterday, were designed to create an atmosphere favorable to Becker. From the District Attorney's point of view the only question is whether there is a Supreme Court Justice in New York City who will preside at a second trial in the face of the scathing criticism of the first trial contained in the Court of Appeals decision.

Must Have New Evidence.

It is apparent that there must be some new evidence if Becker is tried again. Mr. Whitman does not believe that new evidence is necessary, but the Court of Appeals decision practically makes it necessary to produce new evidence. The fear was expressed that a trial Justice might quash the indictment if a trial were moved without some new and material evidence.

"Have you any new witnesses?" Mr. Whitman was asked yesterday.

"I will not discuss the Becker case in any form," was his only reply.

It was suggested yesterday that Mr. Whitman might himself take the stand against Becker. It was brought out at the trial that Mr. Whitman met Becker near the scene of the murder a short time after it occurred. It was also brought out that Becker told some of the accomplices of seeing the District Attorney at the station house.

What happened when Mr. Whitman and Becker met? That has never been told, and it could be told only by two men, Becker and the District Attorney. Mr. Whitman's version of that interview, which was short and took place in the West Forty-seventh Street Station, it is believed, would make valuable testimony. A flush in Becker's face, a word of warning, or any other incident might be material evidence bearing on the murder itself.

Possible Change in Procedure.

One thing which may work to the District Attorney's advantage is a bill now pending in the Legislature. This bill, which was introduced at the request of Judge Edward Swann of the Court of General Sessions, proposes a change in the rule which provides that a defendant's neglect or refusal to testify shall not create any presumption of guilt against him. The new bill says that a defendant may testify in his own behalf. It stops right there.

"Would this bill, if it became a law, have any effect on a second trial of Becker?" Judge Swann was asked yesterday.

"It most assuredly would," replied Judge Swann. "It might have a material effect."

Judge Swann explained that the District Attorney, the trial Judge, and the

Becker Embracing His Counsel.

Photograph especially posed for the American Press Association yesterday in Sing Sing Prison.

jury, under the existing law, were restrained in Becker's trial from making any comment on the fact that Becker did not take the witness stand in his own behalf. If the new bill becomes a law, Judge Swann explained, the District Attorney, the Judge, and the members of the jury could comment on the failure of the witness to take the stand.

This bill, if it becomes a law, it is believed, would force Becker to take the stand. Nothing would be more to Mr. Whitman's liking than to have a chance to cross-examine Becker.

Mr. Whitman already has expressed himself as in favor of the Swann bill. He believes that the bill, if passed, would aid the State in the prosecution of Becker.

Judge Swann was asked whether such a change in the rule would not be ex post facto legislation in Becker's case. He said that it would not.

"By a coincidence it happened," said Judge Swann, "that the Court of Appeals handed down a decision on that point only last week. The court held that the Legislature could change rules of evidence, and that such rules could be applied after the committing of any offense. As long as the changes affect only the rules of evidence they would not be ex post facto legislation."

Laws like that favored by Judge Swann are already in force in New Jersey, Ohio, Maine, and several other States. There was a strong likelihood, Judge Swann said, that the bill would pass the New York Legislature. The bill is now in committee with four other Swann bills advocating changes in criminal procedure.

The Criminal Court Building was alive all day yesterday with reports about the Becker case. There was much discussion about the Court of Appeals decision. The evidence in the Becker case and in the gunmen's case was practically the same, yet one case was reversed and the other affirmed.

Decision Surprises Moss.

Ex-Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss, who aided in the prosecution of Becker, expressed surprise over the decision. He thought, he said, that the conviction would stand.

"Will you aid in the prosecution of Becker if he is tried a second time?" he was asked.

"That is up to Mr. Whitman," he replied.

There was some talk yesterday about a possible indictment of Becker for grafting from gambling houses. Mr. Whitman would not discuss this matter, and said that no evidence of grafting had been given against Becker. There would certainly be no move to indict Becker for a lesser crime, he intimated, until after the murder charge was disposed of.

Justice Goff, at Becker's trial, ruled out all evidence of grafting on Becker's part. The Grand Jury which investigated the Becker case, however, heard some graft testimony. It was found that Becker deposited more than $50.000 while he was head of the "Strong Arm" Squad at a salary of $2,400 a year. This testimony might be admitted, it was suggested, if Becker took the stand in his own behalf.

Becker will be brought to the Tombs to-day or to-morrow. When he is lodged again in the Tombs his status will be that of a man awaiting trial on an indictment. He will be in the custody of the Sheriff and within the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court. The law does not forbid his release on bail, but general custom does.

BECKER WILL HUNT SLAYERS.

Saying Vallon Actually Killed Rosenthal, He Will Seek Vindication.

When former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker was assured in his cell in the death house at Sing Sing yesterday morning by Joseph A. Shay, who carried his case to the Court of Appeals and obtained the reversal of the judgment, that the language of the decision seemed to make it impossible that there should be a second trial, Becker threw his arms about the lawyer, hugged and kissed him, and spent several minutes laughing and crying before he was calm enough to talk.

An hour later, just out of the hands of the barber, Becker, wearing a blue suit over the prison flannels and shoes instead of the felt slippers which he had worn for sixteen months in the death house, walked into the office of Warden Clancy, where a crowd was awaiting him. He entered swinging his arms, shaking hands right and left, smiling and laughing. When he recognized two old friends, he greeted them joyously, put his arms around them, slapped them on the backs, and called them Princes. He was bubbling over with good spirits.

Anxious Weeks of Waiting.

"I feel like a free man already," he announced. "I knew the decision would be in my favor. When Chief Clerk Malloy told me about it yesterday, I was not elated. I had thought that the Court of Appeals would throw the trial record into the sewer.

"Still, I was anxious about it. I thought the decision was coming a month ago. I waited all day for it then. The following Tuesdays I waited again.

"Yesterday morning I said to myself—you know you get into the habit of talking to yourself in the death house, because there is no one else to talk to—I said, 'Becker, will it be to-day?' And then I answered, 'No, you had better not commit yourself, for it may be postponed again.' But I never had a doubt, after reading Shay's brief, that it would be in my favor. I know you can get justice in New York, and this proves it."

Becker's words came with a rush. During his sixteen months at Sing Sing the former leader of the Strong Arm Squad has put himself through a daily calisthenic drill in his cell, so that he was physically as fit yesterday as in the days when he took delight in felling rioters and street car rowdies without the aid of a nightstick. As a result he was full of restless energy yesterday and had to let off steam.

Will Hunt Rosenthal Murderers.

"When I am free," he said, "the first work that I am going to take up is that of hunting down the murderers of Herman Rosenthal. They are still at large. The man who actually committed the murder, I am convinced, was Harry Vallon.

"The immunity contracts of Vallon, Rose, Schepps, and Webber are void, because they lied, and I will be able to prove it. The District Attorney gave them those life insurance policies on the condition that their testimony should be the truth, and I will prove that it was perjured. This may take six months or a year, but no matter how long it takes I will show who the murderers really were. I mean to do this to vindicate myself, not for the sake of revenge by sending those fellows to the place where I was. I wouldn't want a dog to go through what I have gone through. I wouldn't even want the men who framed me up to suffer as I have.

"During the sixteen months that I was in the death house I saw twelve men go out to the electric chair. The keeper came each time to the man's cell and said: 'They are waiting for you.' The man walked out and that was the last of him. Every one in the death house knew what it meant. Twelve times that happened. You can imagine what torture that was. The law never meant that doomed men had to undergo such cruelty as that, and one of the first prison reforms ought to be the abolishing of the death house.

Would Drive Out the Gunmen.

"After I clear up the Rosenthal case I don't know what I will do. I would take my job back in the Police Department, if the Commissioner would promise me the assignment to rid the town of gunmen. If I had a free hand to do that, in three months they would all be in the Hudson River, the cemetery, or Sing Sing. I would show what connection there is between me and the gunmen. The Police Commissioner can find out in the records of the department what I did to the gunmen.

"If I took up some other occupation, that would be my affair and none of the public's business. All the time I have been here I have been thinking of my future and preparing for it. One thing I would like to do is to go to the north pole. I have been reading Scott's diary, and it is one of the greatest things ever printed. I'm not joking. I would like to go in for arctic exploring."

An intimation of what Becker's real alternative plan for his future is perhaps was given by Mr. Shay, who said, putting his hand on Becker's shoulder: "You may not know it, but this man is a great lawyer. He can give anybody points on law."

Becker acknowledged that he had been reading law books. According to Warden Clancy, Becker started to read every morning at 6:30 o'clock and stayed up to read every night long after the others in the death house had gone to sleep.

"But I read lots of other things," said Becker. "Shakespeare and the Bible, and then Scott's Diary. I liked 'Measure for Measure' the best, because there was so much in it that fitted my case. There are some terrific passages on death in it, too, that I pondered over, and I had plenty of time and reason to ponder."

Becker Drops Into Latin.

Warden Clancy and Father William E. Cashin, chaplain of the prison, who are great friends of Becker, began to rally him a little about his pursuit of literature. Father Cashin said:

"Give us some Latin, Charley."

"Well, I will do that," said Becker. "Here is a good one: 'Cum grano salis;' that is, with a grain of salt. That is a Latin quotation that you reporters ought to study. I think that will be all the Latin for to-day."

Several photographers asked Becker to pose but he refused, saying that the neck of his prison shirt would show, and that he did not wish any pictures of him to go out which bore the mark of a convict. Then Mr. Shay took his own fur coat and put it on Becker, carefully buttoning up the throat.

After that Becker posed shaking hands successively with the Warden, the priest, and his lawyer. Warden Clancy gave a cigar to Father Cashin and offered one to Becker.

"I swore off yesterday," said Becker. Father Cashin offered to absolve him for breaking that vow, and Becker accepted the cigar. His chair slipped when he sat down again. Becker sat with his chair tilted up on the hardwood floor, and the Warden told him to move it upon the carpet or he might fall.

"I've had many falls," said Becker. "The last was when I took that cigar."

Becker a Model Prisoner.

Warden Clancy bore testimony to the fact that Becker had been a model prisoner, never complaining or violating the rules.

"I learned discipline long ago," said Becker.

Father Cashin, who conducts Bible classes nightly in the death house, said that Becker had been of the greatest assistance in comforting and preparing men who were soon to go to death in the electric chair. Becker, Father Cashin said, had done much to maintain order at the death house. Becker was asked to tell about this, but he said:

"No; I don't want to be made a white angel or anything of that kind. They say Jack Rose has adopted religion for a calling and is preaching in churches. Leave that to him. He hasn't got into a Catholic church yet, has he, Father?"

Becker said the men in the death house cheered when they got the news that a new trial had been granted to him. They did not cheer very much, however, he said, because it was in violation of the rules. "Gyp the Blood," "Whitey" Lewis, "Dago Frank" and "Lefty Louis," the four gunmen who were convicted after Becker for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, recently received a touch of discipline in the shape of solitary confinement because they were unruly, and the other prisoners took warning.

The four gunmen shouted congratulations to him, Becker said, when they heard of the court's decision. They thought that it presaged new trials for them also. Becker said they bore it stoically when they learned a few hours later that the verdict in their case had been affirmed.

Says Waldo Ordered Raids.

"I was always sure that justice would finally be done to me," said Becker. "The case against me was a frame-up, and I should think that everybody could see it as plain as day. I never accepted a nickel of graft in my life. I raided Rosenthal again and again at the orders of Police Commissioner Waldo, and drove him out of business. He tried to get revenge by making charges against me, but his charges were merest trash and I could easily have disposed of them. I had no motive for wishing to kill him. Others had.

"People thought that as the head of the strong-arm squad I could do as I pleased. As a matter of fact I acted always under orders from headquarters. A few months before Rosenthal was murdered 'Tim' Sullivan called me to his office and told me that he had just left Waldo, and that Waldo said that Rosenthal could run his place if others ran theirs. I said: 'If Commissioner Waldo consents to it, why do you come to me? I don't care whether he runs his place or not. If I am ordered to raid it, I will. I was ordered to raid him and I did.'

"The testimony at the trial and the other stories about me were full of lies. For instance, I was accused of 'framing up' Jack Zelig. As a matter of fact, I never saw Jack Zelig in my life. But everybody was after me, and what could I do?

"Jack Rose was my stool-pigeon. That is a fact. The records show half a dozen places that I raided on information I got from him. I did not protect any for him, though. He thought he could get me to let Rosenthal and him run in partnership, and I understand that they were planning this a short time before I raided Rosenthal and finally put him out of business."

Mrs. Becker did not visit her husband yesterday because of the funeral of her mother. To-day she will go there, taking with her an outfit of clothes for Becker to wear when he makes the trip to the Tombs to await further action in his case.

VALLON SHOUTS FRAME-UP.

Says Becker Doesn't Have to Hunt for Slayer of Rosenthal.

Harry Vallon, one of the accomplices in the Rosenthal murder, read Mr. Becker's statement in the afternoon newspapers yesterday and hurried to the office of his lawyer, Bernard Sandler, 261 Broadway. He insisted on making a statement to the newspapers, and Mr. Sandler could not restrain him.

"I must talk, I must talk," said Vallon, considered the most rational of the persons who figured in the Becker trial. "I [illegible] of the honor of my wife and two children. I will not let the curse fall on them."

Vallon's wrath had been aroused by one particular part of the interview which Becker gave out in Sing Sing. This was:

"When I am free the first thing I will do is to hunt down the murderers of Rosenthal. They are still at large. The man who actually committed the murder, I am convinced, was Harry Vallon."

Vallon had a bundle of papers in his hand and denounced Becker as a liar as he referred to the Becker statement.

"That's another frame-up!" he shouted excitedly, "another typical trick of Becker. But the public will see through it. And the gunmen, whom he says he pities, will see through it. Becker wants the gunmen to sit tight. He is afraid they will involve him as we have done. To get them to sit tight he promised that he would help them. He has deceived them just as he has deceived others. He has made them believe that he is working in their interests, and he must keep them quiet. To keep them from squealing he has picked on me as the murderer of Rosenthal.

"He has picked me because he knows that I was drunk on the morning of the murder. He has picked me because I have said less than anyone else about the murder. And when they go to the chair, mark my words, you will see that a statement will come mysteriously from the walls of Sing Sing prison completely exonerating Lieut. Charles Becker. That's the game; that's a typical Becker trick. Well, I'm here to see that he doesn't pull it off."

Has Conference with Rose.

Vallon had just come from a conference with Jack Rose, another of the accomplices, known at one time as Becker's right-hand man. Vallon after a moment became calm. He recalled that he had never spoken for publication before, that he had refrained all through the trial from being quoted in the newspapers.

"This attempt to charge me with the murder makes my blood boil," he continued. "If I were alone in the world I would continue my course of silence. But I have a wife and a daughter 14 years old and a son 5 years old. The children are growing up. My family has lived through one disgrace and I won't stand for another. The children are growing up and are beginning to understand. I don't want any curse to rest on them. I am not living, just existing. I live with my family in Brooklyn and am trying to make an honest living as a salesman. I hope this won't cost me my job.

"If Becker gets away with this those gunmen will go to the chair believing that Becker was trying to help them. Yes, I know just what will happen. We will hear that the gunmen, just before they died, exonerated Becker. But they know that they did murder for Becker, don't forget that.

"Becker says that it takes courage to pull the trigger of a revolver. That's the reason I got drunk, he says.

"Well, I want to tell the public that I got drunk on Becker's money. That was the night before the murder. Becker gave Rose and me $100 and told us to get that affidavit against Rosenthal from Dora Gilbert, Rosenthal's first wife. There were eight or nine in the party and we did some drinking. Rose paid for the drinks out of Becker's $100, I remember that the bill amounted to $50. We drank nothing but wine, and I admit that I got intoxicated. I can't stand much wine.

"At Dora Gilbert's house Rose and I and Plitt, Becker's press agent, and others took an automobile. I wanted to go to my gambling house on Fourteenth Street. When we were in front of Sharkey's place a tire burst, and we had another drink at Sharkey's.

"Early the next morning I went to Bridgie Webber's place on Forty-second Street. I went to Forty-third Street by way of Sixth Avenue, and when I got to the Elk's Club I heard the shots. Shortly after I saw the automobile containing the gunmen drive past me."

Derides Becker's Pledge.

Picking up one of the newspapers, Vallon continued:

"And now Becker says that if he gets out he will make it his first duty to run down the real slayer of Rosenthal.

"Well, I want to say that Becker doesn't have to run around for him. He knows who killed Rosenthal better than any other man on earth. He heard about Rosenthal's death from Webber and Rose. He congratulated them. They told me so when we went to the Lafayette Baths after the murder. Becker knows who killed Rosenthal, all right."

"But he says he believes that you did it," said a reporter.

"I'll defy him or anybody else," said Vallon, losing his calmness for a moment. "I'll defy him to hang it on me. That's Becker's method. He thought I would sit tight and say nothing. We had a lot of people who came to us when we were locked up who told us to sit tight. They said they represented Becker. O, I know him. Now he's trying his best to get the gunmen to sit tight."

Has No Fear of Becker.

"Will you be afraid of Becker if he goes free?"

"Not on your life. I'm not afraid of anybody."

"But he may be restored to the police force," it was suggested.

"I don't think so," replied Vallon. "Anyway, he couldn't get back at me. Say, I'm onto the police. I know every trick in the game. Honestly, I'd make the best Police Commissioner in the world because I know all the police tricks. Becker says I fired the fatal shot. Well, he's had the gunmen with him in prison for a long time and he ought to have no trouble proving that I fired the fatal shot. The gunmen are sore at me because I was a witness against them.

"The gunmen had their chance to prove that I fired the fatal shot, but they did not name me when they had a chance. They said it was 'Itsky.' They were asked if I was 'Itsky' and they said I wasn't. Now, if I fired the fatal shot why didn't these gunmen, enemies of mine, say so when they had a chance? Why, I never even carried a gun in my life. I never handled any kind of gun."

"How about Bridgie Webber, are you friends again?" a reporter asked.

"No, and we never will be," replied Vallon, shrugging his shoulder when some one recalled how Webber several months ago had foreclosed a mortgage given by Vallon. "It was Webber who got me into all this."

"Will you testify against Becker again if he has a second trial?"

"I certainly will. I am at the District Attorney's service."

"Will you change your testimony in any particular?"

"No, I'll tell the same story."

"Have you any evidence of graft against him?"

"Only hearsay. He never collected from my place." Vallon may have more to say about Becker to-day. Vallon will meet Jack Rose by appointment this afternoon, and Rose, it is believed, will add to the story which Vallon told about Becker's plan to hoodwink the condemned gunmen.

Bernard Sandler, the attorney, said that he would produce Vallon and also Sam Schepps at any time the District Attorney wanted them. Schepps, he said, was not far from New York City. Some doubt was expressed yesterday as to what Bridgie Webber would do in the event of a second trial. It was said that Webber was suffering from mental trouble.

THINKS ROSENTHAL ALIVE.

Children Have Kept the Gambler's Mother in Ignorance.

Mrs. Rose Rosenthal, the mother of the gambler who was slain in front of the Hotel Metropole on July 16, 1912, still believes that her son Herman is alive. She lives with another son, Edward, an interpreter in the Court of General Sessions, and a married daughter in Brooklyn, and her living children have carefully kept from her the knowledge of the murder of her son Herman.

Mrs. Rosenthal, who is 75 years old, became paralyzed three months before the murder of her son. Believing that the knowledge that Herman was dead would cause her death, her relatives have told her that Herman was alive and was in California.

FOR THREE-HEADED BOARD.

Ex-Highway Commissioner Gives His Ideas to Assembly Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—The Assembly Investigating Committee began its hearings to-day, calling as the first witness Robert Earl of Herkimer, the Democratic member of the Hughes Highway Commission, which was legislated out of office under the Dix administration in 1912. Mr. Earl expressed the belief that one man could not do all the work in the Highway Department. He favored a board of three members, who would give their entire time to the work.

Mr. Earl denied that political considerations ever entered into the award of contracts under the Hughes commission. He said that if he had control there would be no division engineers.

Asked if he knew of a fund raised to prevent the change of commissions in 1912, Mr. Earl replied that he and his brother Commissioners put in $25 each to pay for the printing and circulating of State Engineer Bensel's correspondence with Gov. Dix. He said he did not know of any fund that had been raised in the Hampton Hotel in this city to be used to retain the Hooker Commission in office.

The committee will hold its next hearing in the City Hall, New York City, next Saturday at 10 A. M.

WOMAN ADMITS SHE LIED ABOUT FRANK

Continued from Page 1.

asked me if I knew anything about that side of his character. To those questions I also replied in the affirmative.

On the Verge of Collapse.

"Finally, when the two detectives left me, I was in a state of collapse. All that night and all the next day I had a nurse to look after me. On the following day, or the third day, I was hardly out of bed, when I received orders to go down to the office of Chief Langford in charge of the detectives. In the presence of other detectives Norris and Cheuning read many of the statements I had made to them the last night they were at my apartment.

"Even then my brain was so steeped in whisky that I didn't realize the import of all I might have said to them, so when they asked me if I had actually made those statements against Mr. Frank I realized that I had actually done so, and admitted it. I signed an affidavit containing the charges, and it is a fact that I didn't know what it all meant until some one told me what I had signed my name to.

"Even with my affidavit, the chief of the detectives wasn't satisfied with the evidence against Frank. Consequently he suggested that I visit the cell of the prisoner in company with the Chief's secretary. I consented to do so, and I was instructed by the Chief to mention to Mr. Frank that he had called up my apartment on the day of the murder and asked for a room.

"We went to his cell in the jail. The secretary of the Chief stayed behind me in hearing distance, and I approached the door of the cell. I spoke to Mr. Frank, and said, 'Why, howdy, Mr. Frank.' I was so confused and felt so strange that I forgot to say as I had been instructed, 'I'm surprised to see you here so soon after you called me up.' The reason I couldn't say that was because I knew it wasn't true. Mr. Frank looked at me in a puzzled way, and said: 'Why, I don't know this woman.' I'm sure he didn't. I was so ashamed that I just walked away.

"As time wore on I realized the awful position I was in. So I decided to leave town and went to Chattanooga, Tenn. All the while I read the Atlanta papers and kept in touch with what was going on at home. I was almost terrified by the trouble that my affidavit seemed to have created. But when the excitement had died away, I decided to go back to Atlanta and get my furniture out of storage.

"I went back to Atlanta in September, 1913. I was there only a day or so before I heard it whispered that I would be forced to swear in court that I had made that affidavit. Some of the detectives tried to induce me to open a rooming house. I knew they only wanted me to place myself again under their protection. Then they would have a lever with which to keep my mouth shut in the event of an investigation of the conduct of the police in the Frank case.

"I decided to go to Frank's attorney, Mr. Rosser, and make a clean breast of the whole affair, when I chanced to read in one of the Atlanta papers an attack Mr. Rosser had made on my affidavit and my reputation. My good intent was abandoned when this attack was made on me.

"Whatever else I may have done, I had always tried to be truthful. I signed that affidavit under extraordinary influences when I was not wholly responsible for what I said.

"I realize that I have done a great injustice to Frank. In justice to him and in justice to myself I now want to deny what I said against him in that affidavit.

"I don't intend [illegible] Atlanta know whe[illegible] I wouldn't trust them again. I'd like to go back and personally do all I could to save Mr. Frank, but I haven't the money."

CHOOSE HOMER CALL AS STATE TREASURER

Tammany Men Help Elect Progressive Over Archer, Republican Candidate, by Two Votes.

A "DEAL," ASSERTS BARNES

Democrats Steal a March on Their Party Foes—George W. Batten to Keep His Post.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—Homer D. Call of Syracuse, the caucus nominee of the Progressive Party for State Treasurer, to succeed John J. Kennedy, was elected to that office to-day in the Legislature by Democratic and Progressive votes. The vote was: Call, 98; William Archer of Westchester County, Republican candidate, 96.

It now appears that the election of Mr. Call was the result of a deal between the Progressives and Tammany men. The offer of a deal had been presented to the Republicans, who refused to consider it, it is said. The details of the arrangement have not been made known, but it is said that George W. Batten, an organization Democrat, will be permitted to continue in the office of Deputy State Treasurer, and that other Democratic appointees will be allowed to keep their jobs.

William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee, gave out the following statement to-night regarding the election of Call:

"When I heard in October last that Mr. Roosevelt had made a deal with the Democratic Party to nominate Justice Seabury for Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals, which combination the Democrat State Committee repudiated, I did not know that another example of the willingness of the Progressive Party to combine with the Democratic Party of the State of New York would be afforded so soon.

"The deal which was effected in the Legislature to-day, by which Mr. Call of Syracuse was elected State Treasurer, with the aid of Tammany Hall representatives, clearly exposes the methods of the Progressive Party, which in 1912 gathered at Armageddon for the express purpose renouncing political spoils. The good people who were deceived by the remarks of Mr. Flynn of Pittsburgh in the Chicago Convention, that the new party was against the old methods, have now a splendid example of how much such protestations meant.

"It is said that Mr. Call in return for his election will appoint Mr. George W Batten of Niagara, a member of the Democratic State Committee, Deputy State Treasurer. It remains to be seen whether he will carry out this scheme which was offered to the Republicans and rejected by them."

Michael Schaap, leader of the Progressives in the Assembly, denied that there was any agreement between the Democrats and the Progressives. He said if he had been elected State Treasurer and had only a few months to serve he would have reappointed the Deputy Treasurer. He insisted that the election came as a surprise to him.

Senators Fitzgerald, Torborg, and Griffin, (Democrats,) and Assemblymen Bowley, (Republican,) and Coughlin, Campbell, and Lane, (Democrats,) were absent. Assemblymen Sulzer, La Frenz, Quigley, and Boylston, all of whom are Independents, voted for Call. La Frenz and Quigley, who have frequently voted with the Republicans, were expected to vote for Archer.

It was said that the arrangement for the election of Mr. Call was made by the Tammany leaders and some of the Progressive leaders in New York City. Several of the Progressive Assemblymen said that if they had known that Mr. Call was to be elected by the votes of the Democrats they would have absented themselves to-day.

Senator Palmer of Green County, who was elected on the Progressive and Republican tickets, voted for Archer.

"After the deal made to-day by the Progressives," Senator Palmer said, "I'll never vote with them again."

Mr. Call was the Progressive candidates for Secretary of State in 1912. He is Vice President of the American Federation of Labor, and Secretary and Treasurer of the Butchers and Meat Cutters of North America. He is a leader in labor circles.

RULES AGAINST FRANK.

Georgia Supreme Court Denies Rehearing—Other Appeals Planned.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 25.—The Supreme Court to-day denied the motion for a rehearing on the unsuccessful appeal for a new trial for Leo M. Frank, sentenced to death for the murder of Mary Phagan.

The next move by Frank's attorneys will be an extraordinary motion for a new trial, which will be brought before Judge Ben H. Hill of the Criminal Division of the Superior Court. This motion will be based upon the statement of Dr. H. F. Harris that in his opinion the hair found on the lathe was not that of Mary Phagan, and upon the statement of Albert McKnight that he perjured himself in his testimony against Frank. The defense is said to be in possession of affidavits from other State's witnesses in the case who have repudiated their testimony.

In the event that the extraordinary motion is denied by Judge Hill, the defense will naturally ask an appeal to the Supreme Court. In such a case it is within the province of the Superior Court Judge to refuse to grant a bill of exceptions. In this event the attorneys can go to the Supreme Court and ask a writ of mandamus to force the Judge to grant the bill of exceptions. While cases of this kind have been frequent, the Supreme Court never has issued a writ of mandamus requiring a Superior Court Judge to sign a bill of exceptions.

It is generally believed that during the early part of next week the Solicitor General will order Frank to be brought into court, and that the convicted man will again hear the Judge sentence him to death.

The Supreme Court in its ruling to-day said:

The motion for a new trial contained 103 grounds. To have discussed each of them separately would have unduly prolonged an opinion already necessarily of considerable length. So likewise to deal with each of the grounds of application for a rehearing in detail would serve no useful purpose. Suffice it to say that the matters set out in the motion for a rehearing were not overlooked in making the decision, but were carefully considered and passed upon, though all of them were not discussed at length. While the difference of opinion among the members of the court as to certain questions, which appears from the opinion and the dissenting opinion filed, still exists, the court is unanimous in overruling the application for a rehearing.

A motion for a new trial was filed to-day in the case of Jim Conley, the negro, who was sentenced to twelve months in the chain gang for assisting Frank after the murder of Mary Phagan. Conley said he thought his punishment should have been a fine only.

"Have you money to pay a fine?" he was asked.

"No, but my fine would have been paid," said Conley with a significant nod of his head.

While asserting that he has told the whole truth about the Frank case and the murder, and had nothing to add to that, the negro insisted that he had much to tell to the public, when his lawyers decided to allow him to talk.

Some attorneys hold that in the event that Conley should repudiate the story he told on the stand, and give new evidence that would clear Frank, the negro could not be tried for the murder, because of having already been tried as an accessory.

Frank was stoical when he heard of the Supreme Court's ruling to-day.

"Of course I regret the court has refused me a rehearing," he said, "but I have not given up hope yet."

MITCHEL FINDS HIS BILLS OPPOSED

Continued from Page 1.

can Club, the Long Island League, the Central Mercantile Association, and the Harlem Board of Commerce were among the bodies which sent delegates, and these included men like Jacob H. Schiff, Isaac N Seligman, Henry Clews, Otto T. Bannard, Corporation Counsel Polk, District Attorney Cropsey of Brooklyn, who was a Police Commissioner once; Willis L. Ogden, Henry L. Stoddard, President Charles H. Strong of the City Club, John Harsen Rhoades, Bridge Commissioner F. J. H. Kracke, and Charles L. Bernheimer.

William Bruce Allison, ex-Corporation Counsel, had charge of the opposition to the bills; Robert S. Binkerd, Secretary of the City Club, introduced the speakers who advocated their passage. Little attention was paid to the four bills which were companions to the measure depriving dismissed police officials of the opportunity of having the action of the Police Commissioner reviewed by the courts, on which the fire of the opposition was focused.

Mayor Mitchel in his speech did not shed any additional light on the probability of Col. George W. Goethals being attracted to the city's service as Police Commissioner in case the measures should become law. He was questioned on the subject, but contented himself with reading the letter written by Col. Goethals on the subject. The letter already has been published.

The Mayor when he began to speak showed plainly that he was smarting under the attacks leveled against the bills and against his own attitude by such opponents as Mr. Hedges and Mr. Jerome.

Mitchel's Dig at Jerome.

"I assure you that I was deeply touched by the admission that I was earnest and sincere in my support and advocacy of this legislation which came from all the opponents, except the distinguished former District Attorney of New York County," said the Mayor in opening his remarks. "I am prepared to admit the honesty of all the opponents to these bills, even that of the former District Attorney, whose consistency in advocating measures for the public good we all know of.

"I do not come here as an expert on police matters, but as the exponent of an overwhelming demand in New York City for a prompt solution of the vexed problem involving its Police Department. It is a problem of long standing. Several committees of this Legislature have come down to New York to study it. In the disclosures made by the Lexow and Mazet Committees we had an inkling of what has become known as 'the system.' Now, you may call it what you please. But the condition that title suggests to most New Yorkers is there. Recent disclosures have shown a rottenness in police affairs which has called down the condmnation of all good citizens on the department. A few miscreants have been removed, that is true, but the system itself has been left untouched."

"What do you mean by the system?" asked Chairman Cullen.

"The system is a small group in the upper ranks of the Police Department banded together for the exploitation of their fellow-officers and of the general public," said the Mayor. "They are banded together for their own benefit and there are some men behind them who are not members of the department. This condition has created in the department the very opposite of a proper esprit de corps, as a silent, sullen resistance to authority and to the orderly administration of law itself."

That Cheering of Sweeney.

Mayor Mitchel said that when the diners at the recent banquet of the Police Lieutenants' Association arose and cheered Inspector Sweeney for having refused to "squeal," it was a demonstration of rebelliousness against the Police Commissioner and the city administration.

"You had in this demonstration an illustration of the system, ample proof that there is in existence this system which I am determined to break," the Mayor fairly shouted, with his index finger pointing toward Chairman Cullen, who had asked him the question.

"You don't mean that what you call the system extends to the rank of patrolmen?" asked Senator Frawley.

"Among the patrolmen," said the Mayor, "I am quite certain that you will find as large a percentage of honest men as you would in any other walk in life. But the system makes it exceedingly difficult for patrolmen to give loyal and spontaneous service to the Commissioner and the city administration."

To illustrate his answer, the Mayor told of an incident which occurred while he was Acting Mayor after the attempted assassination of Mayor Gaynor. A case was reported to him where a patrolman had been sent out to inspect moving picture shows in a certain precinct. Before he went the Captain told him: "Before you leave a place be sure you go to the ticket window and tell them that I sent you down there to inspect the show."

The policeman did as he was told, and at each ticket window received an envelope containing bills, said Mr. Mitchel.

"That man was getting under the thumb of the system," the Mayor added. He knew what he was doing and he knew that he had to do it or be subjected to all the petty forms of persecution, such as transfers and disagreeable posts, those above him could inflict on him.

Cites Funeral of Walsh.

"Another illustration of the system was had at the time of the death of Police Captain Walsh, who had given District Attorney Whitman valuable aid in convicting four Inspectors. Not a man could be found who was willing to represent the department at the funeral of this officer of the force. That's how the system works."

The Mayor went on to say that if it were not for this small minority of dishonest men and the thralldom in which the honest majority was held by them, the crooks could be cast out and the department purged. He said that the programme the friends of the police bills advocated was not new, but that it was being so strongly urged now because the programme was essential to getting a man.

"Yes, Mr. Mayor, what is the situation affecting Col. Goethals?" asked Chairman Cullen.

The Mayor's reply was to read the Goethals letter already published. Then he returned to the discussion of the bill to take away the right of review. He declared that this review never existed as an inherent right, that it had been granted as a privilege because it had been thought it would benefit the community. It had worked the other way, and for that reason it was now time to take it away.

"These are home rule measures," said the Mayor, "in that, if passed, they will give the City of New York an opportunity to solve her own police problem in her own way, and in that they are supported by an overwhelming sentiment among the people of the City of New York."

"Do you mean to say that if we give you these laws you will eliminate the evil conditions in the department entirely?" asked Senator Frawley.

"No," said the Mayor, "I would not make any such absurd statement. But the evil would be minimized if we could make the 11,000 men in the department responsive to the Commissioner, which they never will be so long as there is a possibility of the Commissioner's judgment being reversed by the courts on a technicality, even when there can be no doubt of the policeman's guilt."

If Becker Should Get Back.

The Mayor said that perhaps to cite the decision of the Court of Appeals in the Becker case at this particular time would not be amiss to point the lesson.

"There is no doubt," he said, "that no matter what results from the new trial of Becker, he should never get back on the police force."

"As to that I will agree with you, right off the reel," said Senator Frawley.

"But if he is acquitted he will go back on the force, and there isn't a thing we can do about it, as the law stands now," said the Mayor.

"Well, you cannot apply the conditions in the Becker case to the patrolmen generally," said Senator Frawley. "There isn't any parallel that I know of."

"I do not agree with you," said the Mayor. "Becker and the men surrounding him fairly typify the system, and so do the cases of the four Inspectors who were sent to the island."

Mayor Mitchel pooh-poohed the suggestion that enlargement of the Commissioner's powers might promote political influence getting hold of the department.

"Give us the power—make the policeman responsible to the Commissioner," the Mayor exclaimed. "The Commissioner in his turn will be responsible to the Mayor, and the Mayor will be responsible to the people. So far as I am concerned, I shall want to be held continuously responsible for the Police Department if these bills become law. And remember when the cry of politics is raised that the Governor has the power of removal over both the Police Commissioner and the Mayor."

Gunmen Worse Than Vice.

"Let us put all the cards on the table," said Senator Frawley, returning to the attack. "Is it not a fact that the gambling and social evils are the real bone of contentions?"

"Goodness, no," said the Mayor. "I wish that was true. I think the existence of organized bands of gunmen is a far worse condition."

"Well," said Mr. Frawley, "drugs, not the police, are responsible for their existence."

"But it is up to the police to keep them within bounds," said the Mayor.

"The late lamented Mayor took that possibility away from the cops when he took away their clubs," said Mr. Frawley.

"They have their clubs back again," the Mayor flashed back. "At that, I think the Mayor did a lot when he impressed on the policemen the danger of using their clubs on peaceable citizens."

"Now, let us be fair," said Mr. Frawley. "You don't really think there is any excessive use of the clubs. I have watched them a long time, and I can't find there is."

"I am afraid I can't agree with wou," said Mayor Mitchell. "You and I may have escaped, but many good citizens have suffered.

"I do not want you to believe that these bills were put in merely for the purpose of getting Col. Goethals," the Mayor went on. "If the Colonel were to die to-night we would still be advocating these bills. They can stand on their own bottom. I did not get after Col. Goethals because he was an army man, but because he was a great organizer and because he had a wonderful personality and human qualities bound to inspire loyalty in those working under him and energize the entire Police Department."

"Well, aren't there any organizers in New York?" asked Senator Frawley.

"Was it necessary to go to Panama for an organizer?"

"You don't take any chances with Col. Goethals, Senator," said the Mayor. "I doubt whether we have a man of his ability and his strength of character. It would be the best thing that could happen to New York if Goethals would come."

Mr. Jerome assailed Mr. Schiff, Henry Clews, and other men of affairs who had come to advocate the bills.

"They come here expressing abstract opinions about a situation which they have not studied and do not understand," he said. "If a man in the banking establishment of some of these gentlemen would express an opinion on anything concerning the business with as little knowledge as they possess about this matter they would discharge him on the spot. And yet they come here to juggle with the life and future of 12,000 men."

Mr. Jerome and Mr. Hedges said they represented only themselves. Magistrate Hylan of Brooklyn, Frank P. Prial, Head of the Civil Service Employes' Association; Dr. Isador Korn; J. J. O'Reilly and Emmanuel Hecht, editors of two civil service organs; Jacob Rouss, Florence Sullivan and William Murphy, representing various benevolent and fraternal organizations in the Police Department, appeared in opposition to the bill.

District Attorney Cropsey of Brooklyn, Jacob H. Schiff, St. Clair McKelway, Henry Clews, Frederick B. De Berard of the Merchants' Association, William Lieberman of the Brooklyn League, Eugen E. Knapp, representing civic associations in Queens; Lawrence A. Tanzer, representing the Citizens' Union, and Charles H. Strong and Robert S. Binkerdoff, the City Club, spoke briefly for the bills, the Mayor having used up most of the time allotted.

Before the hearing the Governor received the delegation in the Executive Chamber, where the Mayor made a speech along lines similar to those he followed at the hearing.

Indorsed by North Side Trade Board

At the regular meeting of the North Side Board of Trade held last night at the Board of Trade Building, 137th Street and Third Avenue, a resolution was passed indorsing the police bills of Mayor Mitchel. The resolution was passed after a debate by a vote of 16 to 8. Another resolution was unanimously passed condemning the Herrick-Schaff bill, now pending in the Legislature, which provides for the halving of the tax on buildings and the increasing of the tax on land in New York.

AFRAID TO TESTIFY TO POLICE MURDER

Witnesses Say They Denied Seeing Patrolmen Shot from Dread of Shillitoni.

BUT GIRL IS UNTERRIFIED

She Describes Attack on Italian in Which Patrolmen Heaney and Teare Were Killed.

At the trial of Oreste Shillitoni for the murder of Patrolman William Heaney, which began yesterday before Judge Malone in General Sessions, it was found that every one of the State's witnesses who saw the murder, with the single exception of a sixteen-year-old girl, had signed statements for the defense, in which they denied all knowledge of the shooting.

Ever since Heaney and Patrolman Charles Teare lost their lives in attempting to arrest a gangster said to be Shillitoni after the murder of John Rizzo, another gangster, Assistant District Attorney Isidor Wasservogel has had difficulty in getting witnesses.

When Gennaro Selitto was put on the witness stand yesterday he appeared very nervous and looked directly at the defendant, who made some sign to him. Mr. Wasservogel instructed the witness to look at him and to pay no attention to Shillitoni. Selitto then told of the shooting, asserting that he saw Shillitoni at the time of the affair, that there was no one between him and Heaney, and that he saw a flash from something in Shillitoni's hand, after which Heaney fell.

On cross-examination Selitto was asked if he signed a statement that he had not seen Shillitoni do the shooting. He admitted signing. He testified that he signed the paper in a saloon, after talking with John Shillitoni, the defendant's brother, and Frank Aranow of Shillitoni's counsel. That was before he talked with representatives of the District Attorney's office.

"Why did you sign the paper?" Mr. Wasservogel asked.

"I was afraid of Shillitoni and his friends," was the reply.

James Morelli said that he was present at the time of the shooting and that he saw Shillitoni near Heaney. He testified that he did not see Shillitoni shoot. On cross-examination another statement was produced, in which Morelli said that he was not an eyewitness.

Nellie di Carlo, a pretty Italian girl of 16, was the only one who told in detail the story of the shooting. The girl testified that her father told her not to talk. It was learned that Shillitoni was her father's tenant. Since the shooting she has been in the care of Mrs. Isabella Goodwin, a detective, who has kept her from any influences which might be brought into play to prevent her from testifying.

The girl said that she was looking out of a window at her home at 243 Mulberry Street, on May 3, the night of the murder. She saw Shillitoni on the street, she asserted. Shillitoni's father went up to him, she said, and handed him something, which the son put into his sleeve.

As Rizzo came out of a store, the girl continued, Shillitoni fired at him and he fell. Patrolman Heaney came running up and struck Shillitoni with his nightstick, whereupon, the girl testified, Shillitoni shot Heaney. The girl then went to bed and did not see that part of the encounter in which Teare was killed.

The case will be continued to-day. Shillitoni's lawyers are Samuel S Koenig, Frank Aranow, and Ogden L. Mills.

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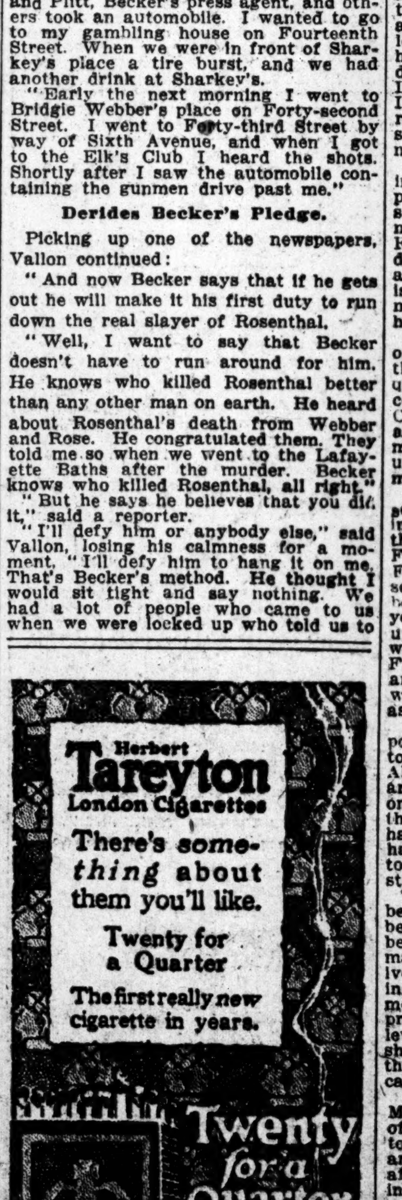
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SAYS WILSON POLICY IS 'DEADLY DRIFTING'

Congressman Ainey Assails President's Course with Mexico as Leading to War.

REPUBLICANS TO OPEN FIRE

House Resolution Calls for Full Information About Treatment of Foreigners in Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Representative William D. B. Ainey of Pennsylvania to-day introduced in the House of Representatives a resolution calling upon President Wilson for all information possessed by the American Government regarding ths treatment and security of Americans and foreigners in Mexico. At the same time Mr. Ainey, discussing the resolution, condemned what he characterized as the policy of "deadly drifting" embraced in President Wilson's attitude toward Mexican affairs. Mr. Ainey said this policy was leading, not to peace, but irresistibly toward war.

Representative Kahn of California, a member of the House Committee on Military Affairs, announced to-day that he would discuss the Mexican situation in the House to-morrow. Mr. Kahn is opposed to intervention, but believes the policy of the Wilson Administration is leading to armed intervention by the United States. Messrs. Ainey and Kahn are Republicans. Mr. Ainey was one of the American delegates to the Inter-Parliamentary Union for International Peace held at Geneva, Switzerland, in 1912, and has been a peace man. When this fact is considered with his speech of this afternoon it indicates the depth of his feeling on the Mexican question.

Republican members of the House have refrained for a year from discussing the Mexican situation or President Wilson's policy toward conditions in the southern republic. But now many Republicans have come to the conclusion that the time has arrived for action, and speeches on Mexico probably will be the order in the House and Senate.

Mr. Ainey's Speech.

In his speech to-day Mr. Ainey said, in part:

"The great American peace-loving people, desirous that friendly relations might exist between them and all other nations, are astounded at the present conditions which confront us in Mexico.

"We have been informed by the President of the United States that the policy of 'watchful waiting' would bring peace results in Mexico. From this hall and the rostrum in this hall he enunciated the policy which has resulted in a 'deadly drifting,' if not in merely wishing.

"Somewhere it is recorded in Holy Writ that the only counterpart of this method of dealing with great problems seems to be found. Away back in early dates it was Egypt that looked down upon a torn country, even upon Israel, when Israel was in anxiety because of her fear of the Assyrians, and Egypt had promised her support. Then it was that the promised support of Egypt turned nearly into a policy of merely sitting still. And so the prophet Isaiah admonished the people of Israel that the policy of Egypt was that her strength was to sit still. And it seems to me, gentlemen, that the policy of this Administration in Mexico has been a sitting still policy until conditions have become intolerable and the American people are unwilling that these conditions should longer continue.

"No President ever entered the Presidential chair or occupied the White House with greater feeling of good will then did the present Executive. No person ever became President of this great republic freer from any of the antagonisms of partisanship. And so, irrespective of party feeling, when the President has announced his policy even though we may have disagreed with him as many did, concerning this policy, we have given him a splendid opportunity to work out his faith in a Mexican policy and produce a situation that would be different from what it is.

"The people of this country have wanted peace and not war. They have not desired intervention in Mexico. But when, upon the second advent, the President visited this Hall of Representatives, and said that there was one cloud on the political horizon, those of us who are conversant with the present situation see that one cloud has grown to be a great cloud until it endangers the peace and security and good will of this country with the other nations of the world.

"This policy does not lead to peace, but it leads irresistibly to war. The President suggested to this house, as he has suggested to the people of the United States, that he desired a constitutional government in Mexico, and therefore, he declined to recognize Huerta.

"But what has been the result? The result is that warfare has continued, and instead of trying to prevent war we have been furnishing to Mexico the munitions of war. And where are we? After Huerta, who next? Where are we to turn for this constitutional government? Are we to turn to the Constitutionalists?

Thinks It's Time for Action.

"The time has come when I think the American people are realizing that Mexico is filled with debauchery, rapine, murder, arson, and that all the catalogue of crimes are being committed in the name of the Constitutionalists on the one side and by the Federalists on the other. Shall this condition continue, or shall the American people say to the Chief Executive that the time has now come when that policy which has proved its inefficiency and its inability to cope with the Mexican situation shall cease?

"Where will you draw the line between Huerta and Villa? Which will you say is the murderer? Which will you say is the one that is able to establish a constitutional Government in Mexico? What are the conditions today as compared with the conditions that existed when the President of the United States initiated his policy of 'watchful waiting'? How long are we to wait? How long will it be before the blood of those slain in Mexico will cry out to heaven for justice?

"The policy of 'watchful waiting' brings no answer to this widow of Benton any more than it brings an answer to the cry of the widow of Madero.

"The time has come when, if we are to maintain our position of dominance we must either assert our rights under the Monroe Doctrine and intervene, or adopt some policy of efficiency and determination under the terms of which the intolerable condition in Mexico will cease. It is the purpose of this resolution to bring before the American people the facts. I am credibly informed that our Consuls have made reports, and that these reports are in the State Department, and that if they were brought to your attention they would harrow your hearts and souls, because of conditions as they affect American rights, American lives, and American property.

"In a Government where 'publicity' is the watchword and the key, let us have this information and let us demand a policy that will lead us somewhere and not a policy that begins nowhere and ends at no point."

Here is the Ainey resolution:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be and he is hereby requested, if not incompatible with the public interest, to transmit to the House of Representatives all information that may be in his possession or in the possession of the Department of State regarding the treatment in Mexico of citizens of the United States of America and of other countries, with respect to their safety and the security of their lives and property, and to inform the House of Representatives what action, if any, has been taken for the protection of American citizens and other persons in Mexico.

FELIX DIAZ HAS NO PLANS.

Says His Mexican Policy Is One of "Watchful Waiting."

Gen. Felix Diaz said last night at his apartment at 611 West 137th Street that he did not have any definite plan for the pacification of Mexico in view, and that he did not contemplate taking any part in Mexican politics at present. Speakin through his secretary, he said that he was much concerned over the welfare of his country, but that under the existing conditions he did not see what he could do to help matters.

"I am simply waiting in New York," Gen. Diaz directed his secretary to say, "until I have an opportunity of doing something for my country. When this opportunity will come, or what I shall do, I do not know. To borrow the phrase of another, I may say that my policy is one of 'watchful waiting.' I am, of course, very anxious to help Mexico in any way I can, but I can do nothing at present."

Gen. Diaz refused to discuss the killing of the Englishman, Benton, or any of the recent events in Mexico.

AID HUERTA OR INTERVENE.

Recognition of President Is London Chronicle's Third Suggestion.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 26.—The Daily Chronicle, apropos of the shooting of Benton, says that there are only three visible courses to pursue to settle the Mexican situation—recognition of Huerta by the United States, active assistance to him by every means short of invasion, and armed invasion by the United States. The Chronicle adds:

"There is a fourth possibility—joint intervention by the United States and the powers. It has something to commend it, but it would run too much counter to the Monroe Doctrine. Yet if Villa's next foreign victims happened to be, let us say, Germans or Frenchmen, we might find Berlin or Paris suggesting it with no little plausibility."

The London Times, in an editorial article on the Benton shooting, says:

"While the action of the American Government in furthering the inquiry will be noted with gratification in this country, their attitude in regard to its possible results cannot be regarded without misgiving. Everything tends to confirm our Washington correspondent's view that even if Villa's guilt is proved to the hilt, President Wilson and his advisers will not depart from the policy of 'watchful waiting.' They can, indeed, hardly continue in such event to countenance Villa any longer.

"One thing only will satisfy us—a complete and searching examination into the deed in all its bearings and exemplary punishment as soon as possible of all who may be answerable for our countryman's blood. We shall be surprised and grieved if all that is best in the United States does not recognize the justice of that resolve."

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 26.—The London newspapers are still keenly absorbed in the Benton affair. The Daily Graphic, in an editorial, says:

"If the United States will not help in the protection of peaceable Englishmen in Mexico, the British Government ought to warn Washington that we hold ourselves free to exact reprisals if and when opportunity may offer."

The Morning Post's Washington correspondent praises the frankness and energy shown by Secretary Bryan and by the State Department, which, he says, could not have done more had Benton been an American citizen, but emphasizes the extreme danger to the life of Consul Perceval should he attempt to enter Mexico, owing to the terrorism existing along the border.

THE TIMES's Washington correspondent cables that "the Administration here does not mean, unless its hands are forced, to make any active move to bring Villa to book."

The correspondent continues:

"Everybody whose opinions are worth having believes that intervention is ultimately inevitable, but the Administration thinks there is not yet any popular sanction for intervention, and in this the Administration is right."

VERGARA'S SLAYERS TO BE PUNISHED

Federal Commander Promises Our Consul He Will Avenge American's Hanging.

HUERTA ORDERS INQUIRY

No Report of Affair Yet Received by the Foreign Relations Department in Mexico City.

NUEVO LAREDO, Mexico, Feb. 25.—Assurances that the men responsible for the execution of Clemente Vergara, the American citizen hanged by Mexican Federals near Hidalgo, will be punished, have been given to United States Consul Garrett at Nuevo Laredo by Col. Alvarez, commanding the garrison here.

Just what steps are being taken was not made known, but it is understood that the Federal officer assured Consul Garrett that investigation of the case would be thorough. Col. Alvarez is a relative of Gen. Alvarez, Federal commander at Piedras Negras, whose order that Vergara should be released came after the hanging. At that time Gen. Alvarez was ignorant of the execution, it is stated. Gen. Alvarez also had ordered the arresting officer to report to Piedras Negras to explain Vergara's detention and the alleged assault on the American.

Special to The New York Times.

LAREDO, Texas, Feb. 25.—There was great indignation here to-day as a result of the confirmation of the report that the body of Clemente Vergara, the Webb County stockman, kidnapped by Mexican Federal soldiers, was dangling from a tree at a point three miles east of Hidalgo.

Vergara was a native of this county, and spent all his time on a ranch near Palafox, succeeding to the management of the ranch after the retirement of his father. Some years ago he leased an island in the river opposite his ranch from the State of Texas, and used it as a pasturage for stock.

Some weeks ago Federal soldiers from Hidalgo visited the island in the night and stole his horses. On Feb. 13, a party of Mexican Federal soldiers appeared on the island, and shouted to Vergara, who was standing on the American bank of the river, that if he would come to the island he should receive pay for the horses which had been taken. Disregarding the entreaties of his family, Vergara ventured to cross to the island. Once there, he was struck in the back of the head, dragged to a boat and then taken to the Mexican side, after which he was rushed to the Hidalgo jail.

The news of the capture was brought to Laredo soon afterward, and Consul Garrett reported the kidnapping to Washington. The United States Government at once demanded Vergara's release, and soon thereafter the Mexican Federal military commander of Piedras Negras ordered the immediate release of Vergara.

Now it develops that instead of releasing him the Federals executed their captive by riddling him with bullets and then hanging his lifeless body to a tree. Consul Garrett has made arrangements to have Vergara's body brought to the American side, where it will receive a decent burial.

This is the second murder of an American citizen by the Federal soldiers. Six months ago Porfirio Laurel, a citizen of this county, was captured by a body of Federals and charges made that he was guilty of connection with the rebels. When a demand was made for his release, it was stated that he had escaped from his guards, but there were several who saw him brought to Nuevo Laredo, after which he was never seen alive.

Consul Garrett after confirming the report of the execution, announced tonight that he and S. J. Hill would leave here in an automobile to-morrow morning for Palafox, cross to Hidalgo, and recover the body of Vergara. Vergara was a member of Laredo Lodge, Woodmen of the World.

AUSTIN, Texas, Feb. 25.—Whether Mexican Federals invaded United States territory in the alleged abduction of Clemente Vergara, an American citizen, whom they hanged, depends on the unsettled question whether the island on which Vergara is said to have been seized is on the Texas or Mexican side of the Rio Grande.

J. T. Robinson, State Land Commissioner, to-day said Vergara offered to buy the island in 1910 as "scrap" land, but his application was refused when it could not be definitely established that the State owned it. Since then Vergara had used the land as pasture.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 25.—The Department of Foreign Relations has not received any report of the hanging of Vergara, first hearing of the affair from THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent. A full investigation of the report was ordered immediately.

All the Mexican authorities here are without information regarding the hanging of Vergara, but the Departments of Foreign Relations, Interior and War, have ordered a full and immediate investigation. Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American Chargé d'Affaires, was also uninformed regarding the affair, and when he conferred with Gen. Blanquet this afternoon the subject was unmentioned by either.

Military men said to-night that if the story of the hanging of Vergara were fully confirmed, the officer responsible would probably meet immediate and drastic punishment, as in the case of the killing of a former United States soldier near Tampico, when a Lieutenant and four others were executed by orders of President Huerta. The officers added that President Huerta had issued standing orders that all military commanders and civil authorities refrain from molesting foreigners, particularly Americans, "even if they are guilty." Therefore it is expected that speedy action will be taken when the Vergara affair is called to the attention of the Government. Officials expressed the opinion that Vergara's Mexican name probably explained the disobedience of orders.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 25.—The American Chargé, Nelson O'Shaughnessy, is making efforts to obtain the release of Inocencio Benavides, an American citizen, who it is believed has been consigned to service in the Mexican Army. Benavides, who is a Texas cattleman, was in Sabinas, near Montery, buying cattle, according to his friends, when he was arrested, charged with conspiracy. He was sent south from Monterey, but his exact whereabous are not known.

SAYS BAUCH IS ALIVE.

Fellow-Prisoner Says He Left Him Yesterday in Juarez Jail.

EL PASO, Feb. 25.—A Michaelis, who gave his address as 236 Vernon Street, Brooklyn, and who said his father was a Director of the Union Trust Company of Brooklyn, was released from the Juarez jail this afternoon. He said Bauch was still there.

Michaelis was arrested eleven days ago, he said, after a fist fight. In jail, he said, were the following Americans beside Bauch: Edward Trabard, Matthew Giddins, H. T. Davis, V. E. Goodman, and a railroad man named Thornton.

Michaelis said that in all there were fourteen American prisoners in Juarez, but that the names he gave were all he could remember.

In the eleven days of his imprisonment Michaelis said that he saw, looking through a peephole from his prison into the courtyard, nine executions. These included three Americans, one of whom, he said, was a man named Gray. He said that Gray was about 50 years old, 5 feet 10 inches in height, and his hair was beginning to turn gray.

Michaelis told his story to Mrs. J. M. Patterson, a sister of Gustav Bauch. He said Bauch was in a tense, nervous state owing to uncertainty over his fate. Bauch begged Michaelis to communicate with his sister. He said Bauch would have written but that paper and pencil were not obtainable.

Michaelis's description of Bauch fitted the missing man perfectly, according to Mrs. Patterson.

Previous to this report by Michaelis, the opinion was strong among American citizens that Buch was executed last Friday in Juarez. Witnesses who said they saw him being led to the execution place were found by United States Secret Service men. Bauch's sister said to-day that she believed him dead, and that she would avenge his death if she had to do it with her own hands.

Although Gen. Villa late last night telegraphed Secretary Bryan that he would permit an American surgeon, to be named by Gen. Hugh L. Scott, to examine the body of William S. Benton in Juarez, Gen. Scott says he has had no orders for this examinatoin to be made, nor has he any information about the reported proposal to send a cavalry escort to Juarez to search for the body.

C. A. S. Perceval, the British Consul at Galveston, will arrive here in the morning, and will start his independent investigation. His Government has asked for protection for him in Juarez.

Gen. Carranza is said to be determined to get at the bottom of the killing of Benton and has sent Luis Cabrera to investigate. A rebel agent has also gone to Carranza to report on the matter. This agent is said to have accompanied Benton to Juarez and to have witnessed the killing. A special train carrying Cabrera and three others has gone to Chihuahua to induce Villa to deliver the body, which is believed to be in Juarez, if it has not been burned, and not in Chihuahua.

Cabrera visited the rebel officials at Juarez yesterday and is reported to have done some very plain speaking with reference to the Benton and Bauch matters.

"We must clear up these matters, no matter how black they may turn against us," Cabrera is said to have told his fellow-revolutionists. "Delay only makes things worse. It is like a snowball growing constantly larger."

CHIHUAHUA, Feb. 25.—Fifteen Americans who came here with Villa's rebel troops were mustered out to-day on advice from Washington, and will be returned to Juarez to-day or to-morrow.

The presence of the Americans, animated by a desire for adventure rather than belief in the rebel cause, multiplied possibilities of international complications to an extent which overshadowed their usefulness as rapid-fire gun operators.

The date of Villa's departure for Torreon is still uncertain. He regards the capture of that important railroad centre as a certainty, and already has his plans for the campaign further south.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 25.—Request has been sent to Thomas D. Edwards, Consul at Juarez, to conduct a search for Frank D. Schuyler, 20 years old, of East Syracuse, who acted as chauffeur for Gen. Villa.

Previous to three weeks ago relatives had received frequent letters from Schuyler. He participated in motorcycle races in various parts of the country under the name of "Jack O'Neil." Schuyler was hired by Villa, relatives say, after an exhibition at El Paso.

MUTINEERS TOOK GUNBOAT.

Imprisoned Tampico's Captain—To Attack Federals at Mazatlan.

NOGALES, Sonora, Mexico, Feb. 25.—Details of the capture by the Constitutionalists of the Mexican Federal gunboat Tampico in Topolobampo harbor yesterday, after a mutiny of the crew, were received here to-day in official reports.

Five officers of the Tampico led the mutiny, placing Capt. Castellenes in chains. Lieut. Fernando Palacio was recognized by the mutineers as commander of the vessel.

Col. Edouardo Hay, Chief of Staff to Gen. Hurbe of Sinaloa, boarded the Tampico to-day and formally took charge of the gunboat in the name of Gen. Carranza, as leader of the Constitutionalists.

Lieut. Palacio is on the way to Hermosillo.

The Tampico probably will be used by the Constitutionalists in attacks upon the Federal gunboats Guerrero and Morelos, which, so far as is known, remain under orders from the central Government at Mexico City. The merchantman Herrerias, owned by a Mexican shipping company, may be armored and sent with the Tampico against the Guerrero and Morelos. The Herrerias was prevented to-day by Constitutionalists from leaving Topolobampo harbor.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 25.—Gen. Felipe Angeles, at the head of a force of rebels, has begun an attack upon the Pacific port of Mazatlan, in the State of Sinaloa, and hurrying to join in the movement is the Federal gunboat Tampico, whose commander has turned her over to the rebel cause, according to information received by the Mexican Government to-day.

SAY WE FEAR HUERTA.

German Critics Call United States Army Inferior to His.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.—Germany has given the United States assurance that its attitude toward the American policy in Mexico is substantially that announced by Sir Edward Grey in the British House of Commons on Monday.

The Kaiser's Government, however, has made it clear to President Wilson that it thinks, and always has thought, that the United States is making a mistake in refusing to recognize the Huerta Government. German officials believe that conditions in Mexico are destined to remain in a state of disastrous confusion for a long time to come, no matter whether the President bears the name of Huerta, Villa, or Carranza.

German military authorities attribute America's reluctance to resort to armed intervention south of the Rio Grande to the realization of her hopelessly inferior military position. The remarkable assertion was made to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to-day that Huerta, despite his vicissitudes of the past year, had at his command a more effective force of artillery than that at the disposal of the entire War Department of the United States, and probably had a much larger force of armed troops than America could put in the field.

COWDRAY DENIES REPORT.

Oil Lands Not to be Transferred to Him, He Says.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 26.—In reference to New York reports that the scheme for nationalization of all oil lands in Mexico will be forced through the next Mexican Congress and the lands than transferred to interests controlled by Lord Cowdray at the cost of £10,000,000, Lord Cowdray says there is no truth in the rumor that the lands when nationalized are to be transferred to him.

VILLA'S ATTITUDE ROUSES CONGRESS

Continued from Page 1.

told that there was a military execution by shooting, but he could not recall where he obtained that impression, or that there was any scrap of information in his possesion to bear it out. Mr. Bryan said he had telegraphed to the American Consul at Chihuahua to ascertain from Villa where the body of Benton had been interred.

Secretary Bryan's present efforts in behalf of the British, as well as the American Government, are directed to obtaining from Villa modifications of the conditions laid down by him in connection with the promised exhumation and examination of Benton's body. Villa telegraphed last night that he would permit one representative of the United States to examine the body, and that it should then be reinterred in the grave from which it was removed. To-day Secretary Bryan has been endeavoring to get into comunication with Villa in order to urge that he permit two American representatives, one of them an army surgeon, and a representative of the British Government to make an examination of the remains. This Government is apparently not insisting that the body shall be delivered to Mrs. Benton, the widow.

Fletcher Against Embassy Guard.

Another development to-day was that Rear Admiral Frank E. Fletcher, commanding the American warships on the east coast of Mexico, had advised strongly against sending United States marines to Mexico City at this time. Admiral Fletcher's advice was given in response to telegraphic instructions from the Navy Department. It became known in this connection that the Administration had reached the point where a word of encouragement from Admiral Fletcher would probably have resulted in the dispatch of a large force of marines to the Mexican capital.

It is said that the question of providing for an emergency in Mexico City was considered at the regular meeting of the Cabinet yesterday, and that a telegram to Admiral Fletcher requesting his views was sent after the meeting adjourned. The attitude of the Administration indicated by this course is an excellent barometer of the situation in Mexico City as far as it affects the United States and other foreign nations. It shows that the Washington Government has adopted the view of other Governments that things may go to pieces in the Mexican capital at almost any moment, and that a political upheaval would bring disorders which would endanger the lives and property of foreign subjects and citizens.

Although Great Britain has sent marines and machine guns to Mexico City, and Germany has marines at Vera Cruz, ready for orders to proceed to the capital, Admiral Fletcher thinks it would be unwise for American marines to go there. His view accords with that mutually expressed by the Governments of Great Britain and the United States about a fortnight ago, when the British Government expressed a desire to send marines from Vera Cruz to the capital if the United States had no objection. It was the American opinion then—an opinion in which Great Britain concurred—that the landing of an American armed force on Mexican soil might give rise to great popular excitement in Mexico and produce revengeful excesses that would bring Mexico and the United States to war.

Events since the Benton tragedy became an acute, international incident served to change this view somewhat, at least to the extent that trouble seemed so imminent that the United States could not afford to overlook the possibility that American citizens at Mexico City were threatened with grave danger. But the opinion of Admiral Fletcher, whose judgment and foresight are greatly respected by the Administration, has halted for the time being the execution of a strong desire to grant more adequate protection to American citizens in Mexico City.

Another thing that came to light today shows how critical the Mexican situation is becoming. It was admitted at the Navy Department, although somewhat reluctantly, that the naval transport Prairie, with 305 marines on board, would leave New Orleans on Sunday for Vera Cruz. When the Prairie reaches Vera Cruz the number of marines on board the various American war vessels there will aggregate more than 1,100.

The transport Hancock, with 871 marines on board, is also at New Orleans. Her future movements are problematical The Government is undecided whether to send her to Vera Cruz in preparation for an emergency requiring a quick landing of her marine force or to the Pensacola Navy Yard to await developments in the Mexican situation.

2,000 Marines Available for Mexico.

The marines on the Prairie and the Hancock were taken away from Culebra Island, Porto Rico, where they were engaged in war practice, and landed at New Orleans to participate in the Mardi Gras festivities. This move permitted the Navy Department to kill two birds with one stone—please the people of New Orleans and get nearly 1,200 marines in the near vicinity of Mexico without arousing too much suspicion. All the plans of the Government appear to contemplate keeping a sufficient number of marines in and near Mexican waters to insure the landing of a force of about 2,000 should an emergency requiring immediate action be presented.

Possible aggravation of the present unsatisfactory relations of the United States with the Mexican factions is promised by the reported execution of Clement E. Vergara, an American citizen, by Federal soldiers. It is alleged that Vergara was lured from Texas across the Rio Grande into Mexico, near Palafox, and there put to death. Secretary Bryan said to-day that he had ordered an investigation of the reports concerning Vergara, but had been unable to learn anything definite as to his fate.

Villa's Course Arouses Suspicion.

Taking it all in all, the critical status of the Mexican situation produced by the killing of Benton has been aggravated by the defiant attitude of Villa. His whole course has brought him under suspicion of having put Benton to death in a manner that he is anxious to conceal. It was only after repeated efforts and some plain representations that he consented to make any response to the virtual demand of this Government that he produce Benton's body. Then he declined to communicate by telegraph with Consular Agent Carothers, with whom he is acquainted, ignoring Marion Letcher, the American Consul at Chihuahua, where Villa has made his headquarters.

Last evening Villa evidently awoke to the danger of American and British reprisals and told Consul Letcher that he would permit Mrs. Benton or Benton's relatives to visit the cemetery where the body was buried, and that one representative of the American Government might accompany her or them; and that the body would be disinterred and might be examined in their presence, but would be reinterred in the same grave when the examination was concluded.

This indifferent or defiant course is entirely unsatisfactory to the Wilson Administration. It is all the more embarrassed and chagrined by the fact that it is acting in behalf of the British Government. To have a man who has been regarded as little more than a roving bandit defy two great powers is getting on the nerves of the Administration, which realizes the undignified position that it may come to occupy before the civilized world.

The danger of foreign complications is ever present in the developments over the killing of Benton. Up to this time the British Government has shown a broad spirit that is greatly pleasing to the United States. But there is no certainty that British patience will last much longer. As Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, said to Secretary Bryan, according to the statement made by Sir Edward Grey in the House of Commons on Monday, "the public opinion of Europe was likely to be seriously affected by the action of Gen. Villa," and Villa's conduct since then has been such as to intensify instead of mollify the feeling in European countries.

"Should the British Government, satisfied that Benton was wantonly murdered, demand that Villa be punished, the international situation would become still more critical. Discussion is already taking place as to the right of Villa, whose cause has not been recognized by any Government, to court-martial and execute a British subject. This is a ticklish question that nobody in authority here is willing to attempt to answer, although Secretary Bryan to-day gave the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations the impression that, as Villa had no recognized status, he could not be held accountable directly by any Government for offenses against foreign citizens or subjects.

It is taken for granted that the British Government would not undertake to punish Villa until it had given the United States an opportunity to do so. Sir Edward Grey has indicated that no effort to restore order in Mexico by the use of force from outside will be undertaken by Great Britain; but it is realized that the British Government may decide that Villa's contemptuous attitude toward the endeavors to obtain possession of Benton's body requires that he should be brought to book for the sake of British self-respect and to emphasize the proposition that the persons of foreigners in Mexico must be respected.

An International Trial for Villa?

One suggestion made to-day was that Villa might be brought to trial before an international tribunal in Mexico. No comment is obtainable as to this suggestion; but it goes without saying that all intelligent Mexicans would be keenly resentful of an attempt to apply the principle of extra-territoriality to Mexican soil.

There were indications to-day that the Department of State was weakening in its original demand that Gen. Villa surrender the body of Benton. Secretary Bryan discussed the matter at some length this morning with Senators of the Committee on Foreign Relations. While he told the committee that he still persisted in his demands for the permanent surrender of Benton's body, he explained that his immediate reply to Villa's refusal to give it up had been a request that two American representatives, instead of the one suggested by Villa, should be allowed to view the remains with Mr. Benton's relatives.

The feeling here is that the specific demand for the right of two Americans, one of whom should be a surgeon, to inspect the body of Benton would practically obliterate the more general request that the body itself be turned over to the relatives of the dead man for transportation into the United States. The fact that Gen. Villa is anxious to avoid the removal of the remains to the United States has aroused the suspicion that he wished to prevent too thorough a medical examination. In the minds of many that refusal in itself is enough to justify a reiterated and unmistakable demand for the body without further delay.

It is pointed out that Villa could with perfect safety permit a hurried inspection of the body in a place prepared under his direction. Such an inspection would naturally be under the supervision of Villa's officers, and could be abbreviated to suit the needs of the case. Relatives of the dead man do not doubt that Benton's body will show all the wounds that a firing squad would have inflicted. But the desire here is to know certainly whether those wounds were inflicted before or after death, whether there had first been a pistol shot wound, and whether the body has been mutilated. It is evident that a detailed examination of the body might reveal facts that it is thought Villa is trying to withhold.

Mr. Bryan seemed to think that he was in no position to insist categorically upon the production of Benton's body. Gen. Villa has not been recognized either as a belligerent or as a de facto officer of a de facto government, and Senators got the impression that this lack of recognition gave him in Mr. Bryan's eyes a certain immunity from direct demands. There is little sympathy with any such view in the Senate, but Mr. Bryan was not questioned closely enough to bring out his opinion.

The committee questioned Mr. Bryan in a conversational way, and he answered without evasion. He told the Senators that so far there seemed to be no dangerous international complications. His reference was particularly in regard to Great Britain and the Benton case. He seemed to expect no trouble in that quarter unless unexpected developments arise.

The Committee on Foreign Relations is prepared now to await the outcome of the Benton inquiry, and its feeling may have some influence on the Senate generally. But the desire to know definitely what is happening south of the Rio Grande is growing. It is reported that the State Department has information on file of the killing of 180 Americans in the last three years in Mexico. Some Senators would like to know how true that is, but a general discussion will probably not arise until some incident in Mexico gives signal.

Only One "BROMO QUININE."
To get the genuine, call for full name, "LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE." Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.—Adv.

Time Table Changes

Effective March 1, the "Pittsburgh Day Express," leaving New York 9:25 A. M. for Pittsburgh and Chicago, and the "Pan Handle Limited," leaving at 12:04 P. M. for Pittsburgh, Columbus and Chicago, will be withdrawn; the Chicago connection for the "Commercial Express," leaving at 10:04 A. M. will be withdrawn, and also the Indianapolis connection for the "Cleveland, Cincinnati and Chicago Express," leaving at 8:34 P. M.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

PUBLISHERS ASK BAN ON 'INSERTS'

Unauthorized Advertising Sheets a Fraud on Newspapers and Public, Lawmakers Are Told.

ABUSE OF LONG STANDING

Passage of the Corrective Murtaugh Bill Is Urged by Morris and Others at Albany Hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—Publishers of newspapers in New York City presented strong arguments to-day before the Senate Committee on Codes in favor of the Murtagh bill to make it a misdemeanor to place an advertisement, pamphlet, handbill, or printed notice of any kind in a newspaper or periodical without the publisher's consent and with intent to profit thereby. The punishment is imprisonment for six months or a fine of $250 or both. The object of the bill is to protect the publishers and buyers of newspapers from merchants who hire newsdealers to insert advertising matter in newspapers before delivering them to the buyers.

Robert C. Morris of New York spoke for a committee representing the Publishers' Association of New York and the American Newspaper Publishers' Association. The delegation which attended the hearing included representatives of THE NEW YORK TIMES, The Mail, The Tribune, The American, The Evening Post, The Globe, and The Brooklyn Eagle.

Opposition to the bill was voiced by Joseph Klein, representing the newsdealers of the Bronx. The bill, if passed, he said, would create a monopoly. He charged that the bill was advanced with a view of forming a monopoly of advertising. He declared that the measure was unconstitutional, taking the ground that a dealer, having bought his papers, could use them in any manner desired. He said he did not believe the Legislature had the power to make a crime out of acts which always had been legal, and termed the bill class legislation.

Abuse of Long Standing.

A representative of THE NEW YORK TIMES in a short speech said the newspaper publishers looked to the Legislature for a remedy for an evil which had annoyed all the large newspapers of New York City. At present, he said, it was possible to circulate fraudulent medicine advertisements with the newspapers, thus offending newspaper readers. He read a telegram from C. W. Betts, President of the New York State Press Association, declaring that the country newspapers were heartily in favor of the measure.

The speaker said that the Sunday newspapers suffered most. He told how a New York firm paid for the circulation of a twelve-page section of THE NEW YORK TIMES recently, and said that when the paper was delivered it also contained an unauthorized twelve-page section, advertising another firm, the newsdealers having been paid to insert the unauthorized section in the papers to be delivered to their customers. A copy of the inserted section was exhibited. He declared that the firm responsible thus was obtaining advertising which it did not pay legitimately for, and was competing with merchants who did pay for their advertisements. He said that similar laws had been enacted in Pennsylvania and New Jersey and had proved effective in stopping the abuse in those States.

Mr. Morris explained to the committee how the fraud was perpetrated.

A Purpose to Deceive.

"A sheet of about the size of a newspaper sheet and closely resembling a newspaper page," said Mr. Morris, "is commonly used. These sheets are designed to deceive and often do deceive the public into believing that such sheets are a part of the newspaper. By this scheme the legal rights of the newspaper are violated and benefits are secured to persons inserting this matter to which they are not entitled.

"This advertising matter is inserted with the intent to obtain the benefit of the good will and the subscription list of the newspaper and to reach the newspaper's subscribers by using the newspaper as a carrier for the matter—it is inserted to obtain the benefit of newspaper circulation which was built up at great cost. The insertion of this advertising matter in a newspaper is in order that it may receive the respect and consideration of the readers of the newspaper, for, manifestly, if such matter were not delivered with the newspaper, it would not receive the same consideration.

"The sheets so used are prepared and inserted with the intent to deceive the general public—the readers of the newspaper—into believing that the sheets are a part of the paper, are advertisements solicited and published by the newspapers. The inserter is a trespasser and steals advertising. It is inconceivable that there can be any defense to such illegitimate practices, which, if permitted, strike at the very heart of the advertising business of a publication."

Mr. Morris said that frequent complaints had been received by the newspapers subjected to this practice from readers who had threatened to discontinue the paper, while advertisers had asked if they were not paying heavily for returns that they might obtain for next to nothing by adopting the methods of the inserter.

"While it may be said," Mr. Morris continued, "that the publisher may by appropriate suit procure an injunction to restrain interference with his newspaper and with the good will of his business, yet this does in any way provide for the protection of the public and its own interests in the matter. The only way in which the public can protect its interests is by legislation, such as the bill now under consideration."

Inserted in a recent issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES, Mr. Morris said, was the advertising sheet of a liquor dealer, and this had been followed by vehement protest from readers.

"On Jan. 18, 1914," Mr. Morris added, "THE TIMES, The World, and the American were burdened with a six-page folder of a sheet called The Sunday Bronx, and in the same issue of these papers was another insertion consisting of a six-page folder called The Housewives' Guide. Some of these folders were sent to the newspapers by readers who protested against the annoyance.

"On Jan. 12, 13, and 26, and Feb. 14 and 15 THE NEW YORK TIMES suffered from inserts of department stores and clothing dealers, some of which contained advertising matter objectionable to the legitimate advertising columns of the paper. It is absolutely essential that wrongful interference with the legitimate business of publishing and advertising by means of these inserts be made to cease, and that this fraud on the public should be brought to an end."

The passage of the bill, Mr. Morris declared, would prove an effective cure for the evil.

Mr. Gunnison of The Eagle said that in Brooklyn recently newspapers were delivered with inserts containing arguments in favor of Socialism. Newspaper readers, he said, had asked if there was no way of stopping such practices.

F. B. De Berard of the Merchants' Association said the association was for the protection of honest and honorable commercial dealings, and that it deemed the practice dishonorable

BLOOMINGDALES' ANSWER.

Firm Replies to Times Charges with a General Denial.

In the two suits of THE NEW YORK TIMES against the firm of Bloomingdale Brothers, dry goods merchants at Third Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, to restrain them from inserting unauthorized advertising pages in the editions of THE TIMES and for $10,000 damages for insertions in the past, the answer was filed yesterday. The answer is divided into nine parts, and consists mainly of a general denial of "sufficient knowledge to form belief as to the truth" of the allegations.

The defendants admit that they published certain advertising matter and "delivered the same to the public." They also admit that the "value of a newspaper as an advertising medium depends largely on its circulation."

The answer hardly covers two pages of typewriting. The complaint of THE TIMES is specific. It charges the defendants with taking advantage of the care used by THE TIMES in carrying advertisements only of concerns engaged in legitimate business, and alleges upon information and belief that the defendants took advantage of this fact, and proceeded to deceive the public into believing that the advertisements of the defendants had been accepted by THE TIMES.

The charge is also made that the defendants, by their wrongful acts, "interfered with the right of the plaintiff to publish its newspaper in such form as it may decide, containing such matter and advertisements as it may deem proper, and have interfered with the right of the plaintiff to sell and deliver its newspapers, and to have the same delivered to its subscribers, purchasers, and readers, and to the general public in form and substance as printed by plaintiff, without additions thereto or the introduction or insertion of foreign matter, either news or advertisements, therein, and have interfered with plaintiff's business of advertising by using plaintiff's paper as an advertising medium and as a carrier and means of circulating and distributing the defendant's advertisements."

It is also alleged upon information and belief that the defendants, "by fraud and deceit and unfair methods aforesaid, have made use of plaintiff's name and reputation, and of its newspaper and of its clientele to advertise their business and their goods, wares and merchandise, all without plaintiff's consent, and have deprived plaintiff of and interfered with its right to publish advertisements in its own newspaper and receive therefor a just and reasonable profit."

The complaint of THE TIMES gives three specific dates when insertions were made, the last two being on Sept. 21 and Dec. 7 last. On these dates the inserts consisted of eight and twelve full-pages of advertising matter, respectively. It is also charged in the complaint that insertions were made on other dates from Sept. 22, 1912, to Dec. 7, 1913.

The firm of Bloomingdale Brothers is made up of Samuel J. Bloomingdale, Hiram C. Bloomingdale, and Irving I. Bloomingdale.

VISCOUNT DANGAN WEDS A SHOW GIRL

Peer Marries Miss Picard, Who Was with Him in the Cast of a Musical Comedy.

HE CANCELS HIS PASSAGE

Gives Up Trip to England After His Marriage in St. Patrick's Cathedral Here.

Arthur Wellesley, Viscount Dangan, only son and heir of Earl Cowley, who has been in this country since the first of the year as a member of the London Gaiety Theatre Company, was married on Monday afternoon in St. Patrick's Cathedral to May Picard, a show girl who lived at 129 West Forty-sixth Street. Miss Picard was one of the American members of the same company which last week ended its engagement in "The Girl on the Film" at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre.

Lord Dangan, who has had a varied and somewhat exciting career in England, was a member of the same company, playing a small part. He was to have sailed for home with the company to-day on the Cedric, but yesterday morning he called up the White Star Line offices and canceled his passage. Lord Dangan has been living at the Hotel Navarre. Yesterday he gave up his rooms there, leaving no word as to where he was going.

May Picard is well known as a show girl. She has been on the stage for several years, appearing in Shubert productions. She is about the same age as her husband, who celebrated his twenty-fourth birthday on Christmas Day.

The only witnesses at the wedding yesterday were Harry Burcher, stage manager of "The Girl on the Film" company; George Grossmith of the same organization, and two young women friends of Miss Picard.

Lord Dangan was cut adrift by his father some years ago, but is still, or at least was up to the time he married an American show girl, in the good graces of his aunt and uncle, the very wealthy Lord and Lady Hythe. Lady Hythe was the sister of Lord Dangan's mother, the late Violet, Countess Cowley, who was divorced from her husband in 1897.

Viscount Dangan was put into the British army as a commissioned officer, but when his father refused to make him any allowance he found himself unable to keep up with the other officers on his army pay and resigned. Then he surprised all London by appearing as a cab driver, a job which he held but a few weeks. Later he found employment as a paint room laborer with the Quinlan Opera Company of London. From there he went to the Gaiety Theatre as a chorus man with George Edwardes's company.

Lord Dangan will come into little but a title when his father dies, for the Earl of Cowley has nothing much beyond the $25,000 a year which his present wife inherited from her father, the late Lord Nunburnholme, who was the chief owner of the Wilson Steamship Line. Lord Dangan belongs to the house of Wellesley, of which the Duke of Wellington was the head.

15 Rue Boissy d'Anglas — Place de la Concorde

PARIS

HOTEL
VOUILLEMONT

ENTIRELY RECONSTRUCTED
LATEST COMFORT
REPUTED CUISINE

Men's Fur Coats
final reductions today

Gray Goat Fur Coats Reduced from $30.00 to	$13.50
Black Dog Fur Coats Reduced from $30.00 to	$13.50
Raccoon Fur Coats Reduced from $60.00 to	$29.50
Raccoon Fur Coats Reduced from $85.00 to	$59.50
Raccoon Fur Coats Reduced from $115.00 to	$75.00
Raccoon Fur Coats Reduced from $150.00 to	$97.50
Raccoon Fur Coats Reduced from $200.00 to	$129.50
Raccoon Fur Coats Reduced from $250.00 to	$159.50

75 Automobile Lap Robes
regularly $15
today $7.50

¶ A maker's surplus stock, bought at savings of from 50% to 60%. Warmth-without-weight robes, made of all wool, plaid back chinchillas and Montagnacs, in gray, brown and navy blue. Full 72 inches in size. Magnificent values.

Motor Apparel Department, Sixth floor.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

SAYS WE DON'T SEE MANY GOOD STYLES

Mme. Paquin Asserts That Some American Buyers in Paris Purchase Only Freaks.

HENCE HER SHOW HERE

A Buyer Goes to Paris and Gets as Much as Possible for His Money Without Regard to Elegance.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—Mme. Paquin, who in her headquarters in the Rue de la Paix is more inacessible than many a royalty, to-day gave to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent an interview in which she answered her critics, and explained why she intended to hold an exhibition of her Spring models in America.

Mme. Paquin said this was the first interview she had ever given to a newspaper, though she had occasionally contributed articles to the press. She had decided to break her rule of silence because during the present fashion season the "politics" of the dressmaking business, which suddenly assumed interest when M. Poiret visited America, had now almost greater importance in the minds of the public than the fashions themselves.

Mme. Paquin takes the position that there is a growing tendency among some American buyers not properly to present French fashions in America, but only freaks, or a few models which best meet their dress stock purchased in advance of the Paris openings. She said:

"I consider the American merchant the middleman between the American public and the French fashion market. There is no doubt that the American public wants to purchase in the French market. Therefore the question naturally arises, How does the middleman fulfill his mission? There are two sorts of American buyers. The first class seek novelties of artistic design. They are real buyers whom American women can safely trust. There is a second and growing class—the sort of buyer who has perhaps $20,000 to spend. He buys cloaks hats, gowns, anything, exactly as a cook buys apples in the market, all Paris made, of course, but without regard to elegance or design. The entire idea is to get as much as possible for the $20,000.

"I may get a few apples hurled at me for this statement, but I only declare that it is a growing tendency, not an accomplished fact.

"Then there are the wholesale buyers, who buy dress goods, trimmings, lace, and ribbons before our models are ready. When they see our models they only buy those that fit in with their stock already purchased. I do not blame them, for they are in business, but the result is that the most artistic designs do not go to America and that there is not a true representation of the Paris market. The tendency is for the majority of gowns sent to America to be overloaded with stuff; the simple masterpieces remain here.

I had considered for two years the plan of an exhibition in America, and decided this year to let American women see all we have instead of only the few things selected by the buyers.

"Often little things in sleeves, necks, and bodice entirely overlooked here may be acceptable when seen in our New York exhibition. First-class buyers think that our plan will aid their business. Of course, those who copy our waistbands and place our name on them and those who copy our dresses, sending out sixty or seventy all labeled 'original,' whose business it is to rob their customers, deprecate our exhibition.

"I do not know whether or not it will be an annual affair, but unless diplomacy wins when the war is in full swing I shall be glad myself to take a trip to New York to try to show American women what the French market really presents."

Mme. Joiré, sister-in-law of Mme. Paquin, with four mannikins and ninety models, is on board the Provence, which is due at New York next Saturday.

PEERS DISLIKE TO SERVE.

Proposed New Inquiry Into Marconi Affair May Be Abandoned.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—An unexpected difficulty has arisen in connection with the proposal of the Opposition Peers to form a committee of inquiry to investigate Lord Murray of Elibank's Marconi transactions.

Opposition Peers are individually disinclined to serve on the committee, and over twenty of them have refused the invitation. The opinion is gaining ground that the proposed inquiry, which is strongly condemned in political circles, will be abandoned.

STRIKE GENERAL AND DIE.

Two German Soldiers Commit Suicide on Railway Track.

NEISSE, Germany, Feb. 25.—The decapitated bodies of two orderlies of Major Gen. Boess, commander of the infantry brigade here, were found today on the railroad tracks.

The soldiers had fled after assaulting the General, who had reprimanded them for rising late.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

LIMA, Peru, Feb. 25.—It is reported that Congress will decline to order general elections and will refuse to accept the resignation of Miguel Echenique, Second Vice President. Senor Echenique will be called upon to occupy the Presidency until the arrival here of Roberto E. Leguia, the First Vice President, who is returning to Peru from Europe.

CHRISTIANIA, Feb. 25.—The centennial of the separation of Norway from Denmark was commemorated to-day by services in every church in the country. King Haakon, the Court dignitaries and officials, and the members of the Storthing attended a thanksgiving service, and in all the schools a pamphlet was distributed explaining the events of 1814.

MAN DUE TO DISEASE?

Science's Latest Theory—Some Diseases Now Cause Reversion toType.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Prof. Arthur Keith, lecturing at the Royal College of Surgeons to-day, said that in seeking for means which led to the differentiation of the great anthropoids into such well-marked forms as the gorilla, chimpanzee, and orang-outang, a clue to some of nature's deepest secrets had been found. The study of disease and of growth and development among men threw new light on the problem of the origin of species.

In the disease known as acromegaly, said Prof. Keith, the whole physical appearance of a woman changed in a few years. In this disease the characteristics which were assumed had a real similarity to the features which characterized the gorilla. At the present time the structural changes which occurred in acromegaly were supposed to be due to disturbance in the secretion of the small pitpitary gland. It was, therefore, a legitimate inference to suppose that the evolution of the gorilla might have resulted from a primary change in the action of the pituitary gland.

"The thyroid gland in the neck," said Prof. Keith, "could also bring about a series of remarkable changes in the human body, of quite a different type. The essential characters of the orang, both mental and physical, were such as might have resulted from alteration in the action of the thyroid gland.

"There was no doubt," said the Professor, "that fuller knowledge of the functions of those obscure small glands, known as glands for supplying internal secretions to the body, would place the problem of the evolution of species in quite a new light.

COERCE ERRANT HUSBAND.

300 Munich Women Obtain Her Rights for a Wronged Wife.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.—Three hundred Munich women have wreaked an amusing but thoroughgoing vengeance on the faithless husband of one of their friends.

Unable to bear her husband's neglect and flirtation any longer, the wife decided to leave him. Taking their four children with her, she departed for her parents' home. The husband immediately established the "other woman" in her place. When this became known in the neighborhood the women organized a mob to remedy matters. It surrounded the house, and a storming party broke in and beat the woman.

When the man reached home he was informed that the invaders intended to remain in possession until his wife, on his telegraphic request, had actually resumed her proper place as mistress of the house. When they went away it was on a police assurance that everything was now in order.

ITALIAN VOTE FOR FAIR.

$400,000 Appropriation Passed—Commission Discusses Exhibit.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 26.—The Daily Chronicle's Rome correspondent telegraphs under yesterday's date:

"I am informed from an authoritative source that the difficulties arising out of the proposals in the United States to exclude Italian illiterates, which threatened to result in Italy's refusal to participate in the Panama Exhibition, have now been happily adjusted.

"Ira Nelson Morris, Commissioner General for Italy, has seen his efforts here in this matter crowned by a formal decision by the Italian Government in favor of official participation, Parliament to-day voting £80,000 ($400,000) for the purpose."

ROME, Feb. 25.—The Commission on Expositions met o-day under the Presidency of Signor Nitti, the Minister of Agriculture, and discussed several minor details connected with Italian participation in the Panama-Pacific Exposition. No definite decision was reached, and the meeting was postponed to await information from the Italian Embassy at Washington.

EXPECT DEFEAT FOR KING.

Swedish Liberals Think Voters Will Disapprove His Programme.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 25.—The new Premier, M. Hammarskjölds, announced in the Riksdag this afternoon that he would advise the King to dissolve the Riksdag in the course of next week.

If the King complies the elections will be entirely based on the armament question. The Liberals believe the outcome will be a majority opposed to the King's far-reaching programme.

ULSTER MEN WELL ARMED.

Have More Rifles Than Volunteers and Sixty Machine Guns.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 26.—The Dublin correspondent of The Times learns on good authority that the Ulster Volunteers have more rifles than volunteers in some counties.

They possess sixty machine guns.

Consul Gen. Handley at Lima.

LIMA, Peru, Feb. 25.—William W. Handley of New York, the new American Consul-General at Callao, and his wife arrived here yesterday and were welcomed by the members of the American colony.

To Test Nevada's New Divorce Law.

RENO, Nev., Feb. 25.—Proceedings to test the constitutionality of the Nevada divorce law, requiring twelve months' residence, were taken to-day when application was made in the Supreme Court at Carson City for an order taking jurisdiction in a case based on seven months' residence.

DECLARES CLASH WAS DUE TO DEWEY

Von Diederichs Renews Attack on Admiral — Says He Had Hoped Affair Was Forgotten.

ADMITS THREAT TO SHOOT

Told British Commander He Would Fire at American Who Tried to Board German Warshap.

BADEN BADEN, Feb. 25.—Admiral von Diederichs himself admits that he informed the British Naval Commander in Manila Bay at the time of the Spanish-American War that he would shoot any American officer who attempted to board a German warship "to make inquiry and establish her identity" in carrying out the orders of Admiral Dewey. This admission was made today in the course of a further narrative of events given to The Associated Press.

The tense situation between Admiral Dewey and the German Admiral arose over the visiting between the vessels of the various powers, which, according to Admiral von Diederichs, was quite promiscuous. He admitted that there was a certain justice in Admiral Dewey's complaint as to the German ships being constantly on the move, although, he said, this was necessary and in no way meant to be unfriendly.

The bulk of the German squadron was about to be withdrawn, said the German commander, when the conflict arose over the right of visit, and he then decided to retain his whole force there.

Admiral von Diederichs blamed Admiral Dewey for the clash, and intimated that it would never have arisen if the American commander had protested officially about the "trivial incidents." These included the firing of shots by the Americans in order to stop two German pinnaces. One of them was passing the American vessels and was held up because her flag was not showing plainly. The other was approaching the Olympia at night with a message and was not promptly identified.

The German Admiral felt that Admiral Dewey's action was decidedly unfriendly. He sent his Flag Lieutenant, von Hintze, to make a formal protest against the action of the McCullough in halting the German cruiser Irene in order to learn her identity. This, said the German Admiral, was the incident incorrectly attributed to the Cormoran by Admiral Dewey.

The American Admiral retaliated with an announcement that no ship, commercial or naval, would be allowed to pass his lines. He then announced his intention of sending an officer on board every warship arriving in the bay "to make inquiry and establish her identity."

The word "inquiry" apparently aroused the ire of the German Admiral, who identified it even to-day with a claim to the right to cross-examine any German commander.

Admiral von Diederichs says he discussed the situation with the British commander and told him that he would shoot any officer attempting to carry out this order of Admiral Dewey.

A substantial victory for the Germans was claimed by Admiral von Diederichs in the final settlement, by which any arriving warship was to report itself to the American commander, and was afterward required only to show its flag.

According to Admiral von Diederichs his call on the Spanish authorities was justified by the fact that no blockade had been formally proclaimed.

Before leaving Manila Admiral von Diederichs and Admiral Dewey exchanged presents and cordial letters, burying the hatchet and blaming the newspapers for the friction.

Admiral von Diederichs said he had hoped the affair had been forgotten, and Admiral Dewey's action in reviving the controversy in an erroneous statement was a matter of surprise and regret to him.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Admiral Dewey adheres to his determination to make no comment upon Admiral von Diederichs's account of the Manila Bay incident.

The further publication to-day of the German Admiral's comment has not changed his attitude.

BANKS IN RESERVE SYSTEM.

Pennsylvania Led States in Number of Applications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Pennsylvania led the States of the nation in the number of national banks applying for membership in the new Federal reserve banking system, according to figures given out to-night by the Treasury Department. The applications by States were as follows:

New England—Maine, 69; New Hampshire, 56; Vermont, 48; Massachusetts, 176; Rhode Island, 19; Connecticut, 77. Total, 445.

Eastern States—New York, 479; New Jersey, 202; Pennsylvania, 835; Delaware, 25; Maryland, 102; District of Columbia, 12. Total, 1,655.

Southern States—Virginia, 131; West Virginia, 118; North Carolina, 71; South Carolina, 49; Georgia, 115; Florida, 51; Alabama, 90; Mississippi, 34; Louisiana, 30; Texas, 518; Arkansas, 57; Kentucky, 144; Tennessee, 110. Total, 1,518.

Middle States—Ohio, 378; Indiana, 257; Illinois, 460; Michigan, 98; Wisconsin, 128; Minnesota, 270; Iowa, 338; Missouri, 130. Total, 2,059.

Western States—North Dakota, 144; South Dakota, 104; Nebraska, 234; Kansas, 211; Montana, 57; Wyoming, 30; Colorado, 122; New Mexico, 38; Oklahoma, 330. Total, 1,270.

Pacific Coast States—Washington, 76; Oregon, 83; California, 260; Idaho, 53; Utah, 23; Nevada and Arizona, each 10. Total, 518.

STAR ECLIPSED—CORELLI.

Waiting Till "Glittering Galaxy" of Literary Marvels Sweeps On.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BIRMINGHAM, Thursday, Feb. 26.—Marie Corelli has in a remarkable outburst given a satirical estimate of her rivals in literature, and, at the same time, expressed her independence of the reading public.

In a letter to The Birmingham Daily Mail, which published a paragraph asking "Where is Marie Corelli?" she writes:

"I have certainly withdrawn for a time into a retired literary corner, overpowered by the crowd of stupendous geniuses, (according to the publishers' advertisements,) considering it but just and decent to stand aside out of the glittering galaxy of these many marvels of the age, who, (if publishers' advertisements and newspaper booms mean anything,) have arrived unto their own.

"I am not waiting till the clouds roll by, but only till the dazzling procession of publishers' planets sweeps onward in their brilliant course, leaving trails of Bernard Shaw, Joseph Conrad, Chesterton, and de Morgan fire behind them."

Miss Corelli proceeds: "What readers want they will have, and if they do not want me, I do not want them, and there need be no strained relations between us."

Miss Corelli several years ago took up her residence at Stratford-on-Avon, which up to that time at least had been chiefly noted as the birthplace of William Shakespeare.

FRENCH MINISTRY BEATEN.

Senate Vote Adverse on Plan to Abolish Direct Tax System.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—The Government suffered a check in the Senate to-day in the course of the debate on the income tax.

A Ministerialist, Senator Porchot, introduced an amendment to the first clause of the bill, so that it would provide for the immediate abolition of the present system of direct taxation and the substitution of a tax on incomes. This was rejected by a vote of 140 to 134.

The Premier, M. Doumergue, while not making the question one of confidence, accepted the amendment and spoke strongly in favor of it.

Emile Aimond, President of the Finance Committee and Reporter of the Income Tax Committee, vigorously opposed the amendment, declaring that a reform which involved the transformation of the entire fiscal system must be effected by gradual stages.

On Friday the financial measures will come up for debate in the Chamber, and it is expected that the Government will be subjected to a fierce onslaught by the Opposition. It is not likely, however, that the Government will be defeated, as all parties are agreed that a Ministerial crisis on the eve of the elections would benefit nobody.

VAN TUYL BOARD REPORTS.

Important Changes in Banking Laws Urged—Bills In To-day.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—The Van Tuyl Commission, appointed to revise the banking laws, submitted its report to the Governor to-day. Bills intended to carry out the commission's recommendations will be introduced to-morrow.

Recommendations based on complaints made by the depositors of the defunct Union Bank of Brooklyn constitute an important chapter in the report. Legislation is urged for the extension of the statute of limitations from three to six years, prohibition of the use of any system of accounts which is not truly descriptive of the entries, prohibition of banks' purchasing second mortgages, and prohibition of loans to executive officers of banks in cities of the first class.

One of the important features is a recommendation for the incorporation in the penal code of this State of Section 5,200 of the national banking law, under which all banking cases are prosecuted in the United States courts. This section covers every manner of misconduct in the banking business relating to misappropriation and misapplication of funds, false entries, and false statements and other irregularities. Violation of its constitutes a felony.

NEW PORT WARDENS NAMED

These and All Other Glynn Appointments Confirmed by Senate.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—Gov. Glynn to-day nominated as Port Wardens at New York John C. Hackett, to succeed Morris Levy; J. Irving Hanske, to succeed Charles A. Bayles, and William J. Driscoll, to succeed Marcus Brown. The nominations were confirmed immediately.

The Senate also confirmed Seymour Van Santvoord of Troy as a Second District Public Service Commissioner, William A. Mallery of Hillsdale as Fiscal Supervisor of State Charities, and several managers and trustees of State institutions. This cleared the docket of nominations, all to date having been confirmed.

Senator Thompson voted against the confirmation of Mr. Van Santvoord. In explanation the Senator said he voted last year against the confirmation of Devoe P. Hodson as a Public Service Commissioner and had learned since that Mr. Hodson had performed good work.

"In the hope that the Van Santvoord appointment will turn out as well," said Mr. Thompson, "I'll vote in the negative."

MRS. PANKHURST APPEALS TO KING

In Asking for Interview She Accuses Ministers of Inflicting "Mediaeval Tortures."

AUTHORS IN POLICE COURT

Messrs. Housman and Nevinson Refuse to Give Bonds for Good Behavior, but Are Released.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst has written to the King asking him to receive a deputation from the Women's Social and Political Union, in order that it may lay before him the women's claim for the Parliamentary vote, and their complaint of "the mediaeval and barbarous methods of torture whereby your Majesty's Ministers are seeking to repress the women's revolt against their deprivation of citizens' rights."

Mrs. Pankhurst, in her letter, argues that it is futile to seek interviews with the Ministers because they are the men whom the union accuses of betraying the women's cause and torturing its champions, and also because the women refuse to recognize the authority of men, who are elected or appointed to office without their consent. She concludes:

"Because women are without the vote there are in our midst to-day sweated workers, white slaves, outraged children, and innocent mothers and their babes stricken with horrible disease. It is for the sake and in the name of these unhappy members of our sex that we ask your Majesty for an audience, and we are confident that it will be granted to us."

Five prominent suffragists were charged before the Magistrate at Bow Street to-day with obstructing the police during last night's demonstration in Parliament Square, when they protested violently against Premier Asquith's refusal to receive them.

The prisoners were Laurence Housman, the author and artist; Henry W. Nevinson, the war correspondent; Mrs. D. A. Thomas, wife of the Welsh coal magnate; H. D. Harben, and Miss K. Haig.

The Magistrate ordered that all be bound over in bonds of $25 each to be of good behavior for six months. The prisoners all refused to enter into the bond.

In a speech from the prisoners' inclosure Mr. Housman said he was there as a protest against the treatment of women political offenders and he would continue to protest as long as he thought it justified and necessary.

In the ordinary course offenders refusing to be bound over remain in prison for six months, but the prisoners were released this evening.

Alfred Meynell, another prisoner, was charged with assaulting the police on the same occasion and was fined $10 or as an alternative seven days' imprisonment. His fine was paid.

An interesting question relative to reports of the possible deportation from the British Isles of Miss Zelie Emerson, the militant suffragette of Jackson, Mich., as an undesirable alien, was down for submission to the Home Secretary in the House of Commons today. For some reason or other, however, it was withdrawn before the session opened.

According to the police authorities at Scotland Yard no such action has been decided on in regard to Miss Emerson, who has been convicted for suffragette outrages on several occasions. It is stated, however, that the police are taking opportunities of reducing the number of militants by every possible means.

LAUNCH BRITANNIC TO-DAY.

New 50,000-Ton White Star Liner Ready for the Water.

The White Star Line's newest 50,000-ton, 900-foot, triple-screw steamship Britannic will be launched to-day at Belfast in the Harland & Wolff shipyards in the presence of a great number of shipping men from all parts of Great Britain. She is the second liner to bear the name, and is destined to enter the New York-Southampton service in the Spring of 1915. She will be commanded by Capt. H. J. Haddock, C. B., R. N. R.

The new liner will be fitted with all the latest inventions and equipment for the comfort and safety of passengers. She will have accommodation for 2,500 passengers and carry a crew of 950 hands all told.

One of the most important innovations in the Britannic will be the newly patented boat-lowering gear. On her bridge decks there are six pairs of huge steel derricks to lower the motor lifeboats and other life-saving craft in time of danger. These derricks are to be driven by independent dynamos on the bridge deck, and are capable of raising a lifeboat from the starboard side and swinging it clear over to the port side without any difficulty. This gear is the latest improvement, and insures the launching of the boats even if the ship were listed heavily.

The Britannic has reinforced bulkheads, dividing the ship into fifteen watertight compartments, which are carried up to the bridge deck, nearly sixty feet above the water line. With a double bottom and double sides the builders contend that the flotation of the new liner is well protected.

The first Britannic, which went out of commission in 1903, was less than one-tenth the tonnage of her successor, but she was a favorite vessel in the New York trade for nearly thirty years, during which time she carried over 600,000 persons across the Atlantic, and traveled fully 2,000,000 miles.

LOVE LETTERS OF THACKERAY SOLD

$8,877 Paid for Brookfield Correspondence at Opening of Lambert Dispersal.

$32,091 TOTAL FOR DAY

35 Letters to Friends Bring $6,875—$3,371 for Novelist's Books—Collection May Bring $200,000

The sale of the late Major William H. Lambert's notable collection of Thackerayana was begun at the Anderson Auction Company's rooms yesterday. The day's two sessions brought a total of $32,091.60, of which $11,736 was for the afternoon and $20,355.60 for last evening.

George D. Smith was the chief buyer. It was said that he was acting as agent for S. C. Goodyear of Buffalo, N. Y., a well-known American collector of Thackery items. The celebrated Thackery-Brookfield correspondence including thirty-two letters from Thackary to Mrs. W. H. Brookfield and five letters from Thackary to the Rev. Mr. Brookfield, her husband, realized a total of $8,877.50.

The letter to Mr. Brookfield in which Thackeray says that his love is purely platonic, and that if he had a wicked thought about the wife he would have "cut" the Brookfields long ago, brought $360, and the love letter to Mrs. Brookfield, written at Brighton in 1848, went for $525. These Thackeray letters are mostly unsigned or signed with his initials and are undated. A letter to Mrs. Brookfield dated Philadelphia, Jan. 21-23, 1853, giving his impressions of Americans, sold for $475.

Thirty-five letters from Thackeray to Miss Perry and Mrs. Elliott, whose acquaintance he made at Brighton when he was writing "Vanity Fair," and to whom he confided his love for Mrs. Brookfield after he had ceased writing to that lady, brought a total of $6,875. One of these letters to Miss Perry, written about Sept. 20, 1852, and expressing the thought that he had been made a fool of by the Brookfields, brought $410.

Fifty-three books from Thackeray's library fetched a total of $3,371. Thirty-one letters written by Charlotte Bronte, and chiefly referring to Thackeray, sold for $3,698. In one dated Oct. 28, 1847, to W. S. Williams, a "reader" for her publishers, Smith, Elder & Co., she mentions "Jane Eyre," saying:

"I feel honored in being approved by Mr. Thackeray because I approve Mr. Thackeray."

This went for $260 to Dodd & Livingston.

The highest price for any one item in the two sessions was $1,075, which C. E. Lauriat & Co. of Boston paid for Charlotte Bronte's original manuscript of the preface to the second edition of "Jane Eyre," in which she dedicates the book to Thackeray and eulogizes his literary work. It is written on six pages of blue paper of duodecmo size. A copy of this second edition with a letter inserted by Thackeray referring to "Jane Eyre" was bought by S. L. Munson of Albany for $430.

Charles Sessler of Philadelphia paid $235 for Thackeray's copy of "The Seasons," by James Thomson; containing notes by Thackeray. Mr. Sessler also gave $345 for two specimens of Thackeray's microscopic penmanship, consisting of the Lord's Prayer in circles the size of a three-penny piece.

An album of autographs, collected by J. R. Planche and containing among other things an original pen-and-ink sketch by Thackeray, sold for $300.

Original pen-and-ink drawings by Eyre Crowe for his "Thackeray's Haunts and Homes," and "With Thackeray in America," were knocked down for $300. Two original pen-and-ink drawings, by George Du Maurier, for "The History of Henry Esmond," brought $340.

An extra illustrated copy of "Haud Immemor: A Few Personal Recollections of Mr. Thackeray," in Philadelphia privately printed for William B. Reed, sold for $425. A letter written by Thackeray in Liverpool Oct. 29, 1852, to Miss Mary Holmes the night before he started on his first visit to America brought $250.

H. Walker paid $300 for an original pen and ink sketch of Mrs. Brookfield as a character for one of Thackeray's heroines. A letter from Thackeray to Sir Henry Bulwer with two drawings of the former brought $210.

The sale will be continued to-day. If the present average is maintained the total for the Lambert Thackerayana may total $200,000.

To Make Porto Ricans Citizens.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—A new system of civil government for Porto Rico was proposed in a bill to-day by Senator Shafroth, which, he said, represented in general the administration view. It would extend to citizens of Porto Rico the provisions of the bill of rights and provide that a Porto Rican might become a citizen of the United States by merely declaring his allegiance.

Near Agreement on Alaska Bill

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Substantial agreement on the important matters of difference between the Senate and House on the Alaska railroad bill was reached to-day by the Conference Committee. The House amendment providing that the proposed road must be standard gauge was stricken out, leaving the question of gauge to the engineers. The Senate conferees accepted the amendment, eliminating the bond issue provision and authorizing appropriations from the Treasury to finance the project.

SUES FOR HUSBAND'S LOVE.

Mrs. Thorne Seeks $100,000 Damages from Mrs. L. K. Poss.

Mrs. Lou H. Thorne, wife of Percy M. Thorne, President of the Manufacturers' Coal and Utilities Company, has begun two suits in the Supreme Court, one against her husband for a separation and the other against Mrs. Lillian K. Poss of 137 Riverside Drive, from whom she asks $100,000 damages for alienating her husband's affections. The summonses, which were filed in the County Clerk's office yesterday, were served upon Mr. Thorne and Mrs. Poss on Feb. 23.

Mrs. Poss, who was separated from Frank K. Poss last December, said at her home last night that she would contest Mrs. Thorne's alienation suit and would bring a counter suit against Mrs. Thorne for defamation of character. The papers in this suit, she said, would be filed to-day.

Mrs. Poss denied all the charges made by Mrs. Thorne. She said that she did not know Mrs. Thorne, had never met her, and was only acquainted with Mr. Thorne in a business way, as a stockholder in the company of which he was the President.

George R. Simpson is Mrs. Thorne's attorney in both actions.

REST AND RUST

A man rusts for want of rest, but an organization must rust if it ever rests at all.

The individual units in an organization may rest at periodic intervals, but the organization as a whole must keep ceaselessly at it.

The demoralizing intervals which beset many Contractors between one job and another are not included in the experience of this Company, which never has much difficulty in keeping busy.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

J. B. GREENHUT, PRES.
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES OF SIXTH AVE.—18TH TO 19TH ST.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

Through all the talk of slack times, unseasonable weather and the blizzard's tie-up of traffic, "The Big Store" keeps busy. People must have their necessaries, even though luxuries must wait, and this is

The Store of Practical Merchandise Sold at New York's Lowest Prices

For every-day needs, and to be sure of every-day ECONOMIES, people come to GREENHUT'S—also to be sure of getting the things sent home promptly and safely—for even the blizzard couldn't stop our punctual wagons. There are no dull days at "ECONOMY CENTER."

Charge Purchases
Made During the Remainder of This Month Will Be Entered on
Bills Rendered April 1

These and Other Great Sales Today

MAIN BUILDING

The New "Balmacaan" Coats and English Raincoats for Women and Misses—featured at $10.75
Final Clearances of Winter Coats for Women and Misses—former prices range from $4.50 to $19.75. This Sale $3, $5, $6.95 & $9.75
Men's and Women's $1.69 to $2.50 Umbrellas—great variety of handles; at $1.35
Women's and Misses' $5 Tango Slippers—smartest new styles in our famous Foot-Mould make, shown today, at $3.85
Women's $3.50 Foot-Mould Colonial Pumps—at $2.95
The New Foot-Mould Shoes for Spring are ready for your inspection—the best in the world, at $3, $3.50, $4 & $5
Cameo Initial Writing Paper or Correspondence Cards—printed in two shades of blue and white; 24 sheets of writing paper with envelopes to match, or 24 correspondence cards with envelopes to match, for 25c
Special Purchase of 1,700 pairs of Fine Trousers for Men and Youths—$2 to $7.50 grades, to-day, at $1, $1.45, $2, $2.95 & $3.95
Big List of Specials in the Greenhut Pure Food Market—(The World's Greatest Grocery).

GREENHUT BUILDING

In the February Furniture Sale—
Last Three Days Begin Today.

$24.50 Birdseye Maple Dressers—at $12.25
$35 Rosewood Dressers—at $17.50
$30 Maple Dressers—at $15
$38 Walnut Chiffoniers—at $19
$60 Golden Oak Colonial Chiffoniers—at $30
$21 Brass Bedsteads—at $10.50
$14.50 Utility Boxes—of highly polished red Tennessee Cedar; at $9.75

Month-End Clean-up Sale of High-Grade Rugs

60c Grade of New Process Floor Covering—a new substitute for linoleum; square yard 35c
Kitchen and Household Wares of all kinds at great economies during our February Sale.

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

Double Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

TO-NIGHT AT 8:45
Concluding To-morrow night at the same hour
In the Grand Ballroom of THE PLAZA
Fifth Avenue, Fifty-eighth to Fifty-ninth Street.
(Admission by card to be had free of the managers)
The Notable Paintings
Collected by the late
Clement A. Griscom
OF PHILADELPHIA.
ON FREE VIEW, 9 A. M. UNTIL 3 P. M. TO-DAY
At The American Art Galleries
Madison Square South, New York
The sale will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY of
THE AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Mgrs.
6 East 23d Street, Madison Sq. South, New York.

THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:30 O'CLOCK
and every afternoon this week
and on Monday next at the same hour.
At the American Art Galleries
Madison Square South, New York
The Extraordinary Private Collection of
Beautiful Old Chinese Porcelains
FORMED DURING THE PAST TWENTY-FIVE YEARS BY
S. S. Carvalho
The sale will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY,
assisted by Mr. Otto Bernet, of
THE AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Mgrs.
6 East 23d Street, Madison Sq. South, New York.

Greets You
Always
Everywhere
Apollinaris
"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS"

B. Altman & Co.

Commencing this day (Thursday),
A Choice Assortment of
High-grade American Wilton Rugs
will be offered in the Rug Department on the Fifth Floor at very special prices, as follows:

AMERICAN WILTON RUGS

Size 9x12 feet	at $28.00 & 36.00
Size 8.3x10.6 feet	at 25.00 & 34.00

AMERICAN HIGH-PILE WILTON RUGS

Size 6.9x9 feet	at $21.00
Size 8.3x10.6 feet	at 33.75
Size 9x12 feet	at 37.50

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

TWO DROP DEAD FROM THE COLD

Many Suffer from Exposure When the Mercury Falls Close to Zero.

FIND DRIVER UNCONSCIOUS

And Members of Sleighing Party Suffer from Frostbite—House Abandons Essex Market Court.

Two deaths from cold were reported in Brooklyn yesterday morning when the thermometer registered 1 above zero, the lowest temperature of the day. Peter Freeman, 56 years old, of 1,015 Gates Avenue was found dead in front of 62 West Street, where he was employed as a night watchman. Erie Petersen, 72 years old, of 250 Wallabout Street, Brooklyn, died of the cold on the sidewalk a few doors from his home.

Lawrence Pattrom, an iron worker of Rome, N. Y., who was employed yesterday by the Street Cleaning Department in the snow at West and Cortlandt Streets, lost consciousness and fell, shovel in hand, to the street. He was removed to the Hudson Street Hospital, where it was found that all of his toes were frozen. Bertha Hentshel, 35 years, of 112 Ridge Street was treated by an ambulance surgeon and sent home when she was overcome by the cold yesterday morning at Sixth Avenue and Eighth Street.

Later in the day the mercury went up rapidly. At 2:30 o'clock the temperature was 24 degrees above zero, the highest figure of the day. After that it fell gradually. The local Weather Bureau office last night predicted for to-day increasing cloudiness with rising temperature and a probable fall of rain or snow by evening.

On their way from Philipsburg, N. J., to Washington, N. J., late on Tuesday night a party of twenty persons, wrapped in heavy robes, was huddled in the body of a large sleigh while Frank Gallagher drove. When they pulled into Washington, after a twelve-mile trip, some of those in the sleigh shouted to the driver that he was taking the wrong street. Gallagher, lurching from side to side in his seat, made no answer. After they had called to him several times one of the party caught Gallagher by the shoulder and found he was unconscious. He was carried into a house, where Dr. Thomas G. Detrick, after working over him for half an hour, revived him. Several others in the sleigh were frost-bitten.

Three young women of a sleighing party of eighteen who set out from Port Colden, N. J., last night were taken to a hotel in Hackettstown suffering from frost-bitten ears, hands and feet. They were the Misses Cora and Kate Lunger and Elsie Miller. It will be several days before they can return to their homes.

A bobsled with a party of fifteen girls and young men shooting a mile a minute down the Carnival course at Huntington, L. I., crashed into a sleigh driven by William Bingham, yesterday afternoon. The frightened horse began to kick and one of the front hoofs struck Miss Esther Funnell, 16 years old, [illegible] Cold Spring Hill, on the forehead, inflicting a deep gash.

A bobsled speeding down Belleville Avenue in Newark, bearing twelve persons, struck a trolley car last night. Miss Rena McNamara, 16 years old, of 67 Clay Street, and Luke Heary, 19 years old, of 240 Clifton Avenue, who were riding on the rear of the sled, were thrown. Heary escaped with a skinned face, but Miss McNamara's skull was fractured.

So many children were out coasting at Montclair, N. J., that Mayor Hinck set aside Claremont Avenue from Park Street to Greenwood Avenue for the sport, stationing traffic policemen at each cross street to keep automobiles from crossing the course. Many of the big bobsleds were equipped with sirens and gongs and carried headlights in the evening.

Magistrate House shivered when he took his seat in the Essex Market Court yesterday morning. He got part way through one case and then announced that court was adjourned.

"I shall adjourn this court until to-morrow at 9 o'clock," he said, "and if the building is not warmed then I will adjourn again. I do not propose to jeopardize my health by holding court in any such place. It took all day yesterday to thaw the pipes in this building and this morning they were frozen again. The landlord is responsible, and I will take the matter up with the city officials."

Several lawyers hurried to the bench, saying that their business would only take a minute, but the Magistrate replied that he had had pneumonia once and would not incur the risk again. For the day the police in the territory of the Essex Market Court sent their prisoners to the Tombs and Jefferson Market Courts.

Magistrate Corrigan in the West Side Police Court yesterday held that a tenant could put coal on the furnace himself, if the landlord failed in his duty. Simon Geiger, landlord at 812 Eighth Avenue, was fined $3 for disorderly conduct because of a quarrel which arose when he caught one of his tenants shoveling coal into the furnace. Alex. Kuba, the tenant, said that the landlord had held a revolver in his face to make him drop the shovel. Geiger said it was only a monkey wrench.

The Municipal Lodging House before midnight last night sheltered 1,537 homeless men, women, and children. Of this number 720 were cared for in the Municipal Lodging House at the foot of East Twenty-fifth Street, 632 received beds on the recreation pier at the foot of East Twenty-fourth Street, and 128 were cared for in the Charity Department boat the Thomas S. Brennan at the foot of East Twenty-sixth Street.

QUAIL TAMED BY THE COLD.

They Seek Food in the Barnyards on Long Island.

The blanket of snow which lies over Long Island and prevents birds from picking a living off the ground has driven quail by the thousands to seek food in barnyards. Hunger has so tamed them in parts of Long Island that they have been feeding with chickens and have even ventured to kitchen doors in search of food.

Many charitable farmers have scattered grain for quail threatened with starvation, and have provided a shelter for them by throwing bundles of straw on the snow. In some cases partridges, which are even more timid than quail, have mingled with barnyard fowl in their quest of food. Thousands of quail have been saved from death at Bay Shore, L. I., by Ernest Wicks, Olin S. Brewster, F. A. Dominy and others.

Sportsmen and those interested in game preservation are afraid that the cold of this Winter will thin out the stock of game next year, as millions of birds have perished, and the survivors have been so weakened by hunger that the next generation will be undersized and fewer chicks will be hatched to the nest. Under a single bush near Riverhead, L. I., twenty-two quail were found dead.

ICE DELAYS SHIPPING.

Liners and Sound Boats Hampered in Getting to Their Piers.

The thick ice in the harbor and rivers made it hard for the Minnewaska from London, California from Glasgow, and the Rochambeau from Havre, all two days late, to get to their piers yesterday. In the morning the Sound steamers, with the exception of the Providence, were from one to three hours late.

The ice was so thick at Throgs Neck and Stepping Stone Light that the smaller steamboats waited for the Providence to come along to cut a way for them.

SNOW INVADES FAR SOUTH.

As Much as Six Inches in Mississippi and Flurry at New Orleans.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Snow to-day invaded sections of the South, where it had not been seen before in fifteen or twenty years. In Savannah there was two inches of snow—the first in a score of years—while Augusta and Columbus had a like fall. Macon had three inches. New Orleans probably was the point farthest south to report snow—the first there since 1903; although the temperature was 32 degrees the snow melted as fast as it fell.

Snow fell over a large portion of Mississippi and at many places in Louisiana. The heaviest fall reported was at Laurel, Miss.—six inches. At Meridian three inches fell, and at Natchez a thin coating. People arose early to see the sight and at some places business was suspended.

An area of extremely cold air and a "disturbance" over the eastern part of the Gulf of Mexico, were responsible for the snow, officials at the Weather Bureau said. More snow was the forecast for the East Gulf and South Atlantic States to-night, with clearing weather Thursday.

BUFFUM BOYS AID MOTHER.

All Five Swear Father Threatened to Kill Himself and Family.

LITTLE VALLEY, N. Y., Feb. 25.—Special Prosecutor George W. Cole this afternoon rested the people's case against Mrs. Cynthia Buffum, on trial for the murder of her husband. Patrick S. Collins at once outlined the plan of the defense and during the afternoon placed in evidence the testimony of the woman's five sons. Under a bitter cross-examination by Mr. Cole, the boys never wavered in the story they told to keep their mother from the death chair.

The boys said their father had been a heavy drinker the last year of his life and that they, too, with their mother and sister, Laura, who died on Feb. 2, this year, of poisoning, were sick last Summer at the time the father and husband became ill and died.

The boys said they had heard their father say frequently when drinking: "I'm going to do away with myself and the whole family."

In his address to the jury Mr. Collins said he would prove this threat of wholesale destruction; that Buffum had been abusive always to his wife, whom he married when she was 15 years old; that he was given to heavy drinking, and that at the time he was ill Mrs. Buffum suffered the same symptoms.

Justice Brown held the statement made by Mrs. Buffum to Mr. Cole in Buffalo on Dec. 10, after she had been taken on a pleasure trip to Niagara Falls by a woman detective, to be competent evidence, and it was read to the jury.

In this confession, which she had sworn was made under duress, Mrs. Buffum is alleged to have declared that she loved Ernest Frahm, who is accused of being her accomplice, and that to rid herself of her husband she mixed with his medicine horse liniment containing fly poison, which her brother James had left at the house.

On the witness stand Mrs. Buffum's sons sustained the claim of the defense that the horse liniment referred to in the alleged confession was a myth. Each swore that there never had been any of the poisonous liquid in the house.

Frank Dearing, a stenographer, testified that he had listened to an hour's conversation between Mrs. Buffum and Ernest Frahm, her alleged accomplice, in the County Jail here, but had been unable to get an intelligible or connected report of their talk. He listened to the conversation by means of an electric device installed in the room where the two were allowed to meet.

MRS. BROADHURST SUES.

She Asks a Separation from the Playwright for Cruelty.

Mrs. Ida Raymond Broadhurst began suit yesterday in the Supreme Court for a separation from her husband, George Broadhurst, the playwright. They were married in Chicago on No. 23, 1887, and have two children. The usual charges of cruelty and bad treatment are made.

Mr. Broadhurst has been paying his wife $500 a month, but she says it is not enough, and wants the court to allow her more, together with a legal separation. Mr. Broadhurst is the author of "Man of the Hour," "Bought and Paid For," and other prosperous plays.

Justice Cohalan will hear arguments to-day for alimony and counsel fees.

Policeman in Falling Shoots a Boy.

Patrolman Joseph L. Massie slipped and fell in Freeman Street, near Southern Boulevard, yesterday evening. In falling he discharged his revolver, which he held in his hand. The bullet entered the right leg of Nathan Heyman, 15 years old, of 128 Simpson Street, who was on the opposite side of the street. The wound, above the knee, was painful, but not dangerous.

MEN SETTLE DISPUTE OVER 13 BABIES

Greenwich Town Meeting Overwhelmingly in Favor of Retaining Home for Them.

SPECIAL CARS FOR VOTERS

New Woman's Charitable Society Rallies Male Forces Against Their Sisters of the United Workers.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Feb. 25.—Fully 1,000 men attended the special town meeting to-night at the Greenwich Town Hall to decide the question as to whether the United Workers, the town's fashionable charitable organization, which dispenses $20,000 of its personal funds yearly for the uplifting of the community, should be upheld in its declaration to discontinue the Emily Bruce Memorial Home for Babies, which costs about $5,000 a year and farms out thirteen babies, or whether a rival woman's organization known as the Emily Bruce Shelter, Incorporated, should continue the home.

After a discussion which lasted two hours and a half, during which an attempt was made to table the resolution for thirty days, it was voted to let the babies have institutional care under the eye of the new organization.

Never was there better electioneering displayed than that done by the women of the Emily Bruce Shelter. Their special chartered trolley cars brought men of Polish and Italian societies to their aid.

A hundred limousines carried the elite to the hall. Sammy Martine, the Rev. Daniel Bella, a Polish priest; Nathaniel Webb, E. N. Chapman, William Wessel, Sanford Robinson, Mrs. E. O. Parker, Dr. V. C. Pietti, Judge C. D. Burns, Raynol C. Bolling, and other orators favored the continuation of the home. Opposed to them and favoring the United Workers were F. Harris Nichol, William F. Decker, Henry Dayton, Miss Elsie Tiemann, Miss Shaw of the Russell Sage Foundation, Mrs. F. C. Bursch, Edwin H. Baker, George F. Dominick, Jr., town counsel, and Wilbur S. Wright were non-partisan speakers.

Edwin N. Chapman introduced the resolution in favor of a change from the old to the new organization. Judge James F. Walsh was made Chairman. Judge Walsh threw parliamentary rules to the wind and announced that there was free speech for all and invited the women to talk. It had been argued that this was a woman's row and they should be allowed to fight it out. They did.

F. Harris Nichols championed the United Workers' cause. It wasn't a question of chucking the babies out in the snow or drowning them, he declared, but of substituting modern ideas of finding proper homes for them, and they had sought expert advice. He didn't like to have the United Workers advised as they had been, and he read reports about each of the thirteen children in the home. When he said he could spend a night and a day in giving logical reasons why the views of the United Workers should prevail, some one cried out, "Oh, good." One woman asked him to name the babies. "Can't do it," was the reply.

Treasurer W. F. Decker said it cost $4,487.95 to support an average of nine babies last year. He said politics seemed to enter into the cause.

Sammy Martine, who brought one carload of voters out, objected to the use of the word politics, and Mr. Decker withdrew his statements.

Sanford Robinson, a New York lawyer, ridiculed the idea of placing out one baby with its thirty-six-year-old grandmother.

Mrs. E. O. Parker, Chairman of the United Workers' Baby Home Committee, and Miss Elsie Tiemann, her successor as probation officer, both prominent suffragettes, took different sides.

Henry Dayton, dean of the commuters, called on God to bless the women and the man not to vote to support alien babies, and thus save taxation.

Miss Tiemann and Mrs. F. C. Bursch told of their childhood days and great grandfathers' activities to prove that it would not be advisable to remove the babies on March 3 from a steam-heated institution to stove-heated homes.

Raynol C. Bolling told the meeting it was like being called upon to take sides between man and wife, and he thought the women should decide among themselves, and not embarrass the men.

Miss Shaw of the Sage Foundation drew tears to many eyes as she dwelt on the new ways indorsed by Col. Roosevelt to care for infant life in homes.

A woman in the balcony with a baby in arms asked if any society woman present would care for her child if it needed it.

George F. Dominick, Jr., pointed to one woman who had just taken one free of charge.

"Will she take the other twelve at the same price?" came from W. H. Weassels and there was applause. Mr Weassels declared it preposterous that babies should suffer while the women fought.

Wilbur S. Wright, head counsel of the town and its financial adviser, urged the voters to revere the memory of the giver of the home, Robert M. Bruce, whose word was his bond. The town had voted two years ago to give the use of the Bruce home for charitable purposes to the United Workers for seven years, and they should keep their word.

Judge C. D. Burns made the final speech favoring the continuing of the babies' home under the new organization, and the vote for this proposition was carried by an overwhelming majority.

Backs His Horse Into the River.

Louis Rosenberg, 30 years old, of 96 Gold Street, a teamster, employed to remove snow, backed his wagon too close to the edge of the pier at Rutgers Slip last night and the wagon, horse and driver went overboard. The horse and wagon sank immediately. The horse was drowned. Rosenberg jumped, and men on the pier pulled him out. He was hauled to the pier, where he was treated by Dr. Cook of Gouverneur Hospital.

TESTIFY FOR RANTOUL.

Harvard Chums as Witnesses in His Divorce Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 25.—After Chester Chapin Rumrill, the Springfield man whose name has figured prominently in the suit for divorce brought by Edward L. Rantoul against his wife, the poet Lowell's granddaughter, had been sworn in as a witness to-day in her husband's behalf, the defense opened its case in earnest.

Thomas Brattle Gannett of Cambridge, member of a Boston banking firm; Robert H. Stevenson of Boston, and Frank J. Thompson of Philadelphia, all Harvard men and chums of Mr. Rantoul, gave testimony in his behalf. Mr. Gannett related a conference had with Mrs. Rantoul at Elmwood on Oct. 27, 1911, when he said:

"I told Mrs. Rantoul I felt that a great mistake had been made, which could be remedied. She replied that she did not feel that it was possible; that while she cared for her husband, she did not love him and hadn't for some time.

"I had asked her to give up Rumrill. I was engaged to be married. She referred to this, and it made an impression, because I thought it showed she loved Rumrill."

The witness hesitated a good deal when asked about hearing Mrs. Rantoul say her husband was not demonstrative enough. He admitted he could recollect nothing else she said when she made that statement.

Mr. Rantoul's sisters will testify in his behalf to-morrow.

DIVORCE FOR MRS. HOOD.

Wife of Wealthy Jersey Contractor Wins Suit—Home in Dispute.

Vice Chancellor Stevens signed a decree yesterday in Newark recommending that a divorce be granted to Mrs. Frances Sparks Hood of Plainfield from Richard Haden Hood, a wealthy contractor. This ends a famous case in the Chancery Court. The co-respondent named by Mrs. Hood was Miss Dorothy Hoyt, formerly of Plainfield, but now residing abroad. At the trial detectives employed by Mrs. Hood testified that Hood and Miss Hoyt sailed for Europe on the same steamship, and that they occupied staterooms close together. The detectives also told of various happenings in London involving Hood and Miss Hoyt.

On Feb. 18 Vice Chancellor Stevens signed a decree in favor of Hood in the personal property suit brought by the latter against Mrs. Hood. This provides for the turning over to her husband by Mrs. Hood of about $50,000 worth of etchings, rugs, bric-à-brac, and other furnishings in their home in Plainfield, which is one of the show places of that city. To Mrs. Hood the house itself had previously been awarded, but against this decision an appeal has been taken.

WIFE SUES BUCHANAN.

Daughter of Countess de Bliniers Gets $300 a Week Alimony.

Pending the trial of the suit of Martha V. L. Buchanan, daughter of the Countess de Bliniers of Paris, for a separation from Charles Buchanan, tobacco merchant, testimony was taken yesterday before Justice Cohalan in the Supreme Court on an application for alimony and counsel fees.

Mr. Buchanan submitted affidavits showing that his income of $40,000 a year would be diminished by the income tax. Mrs. Buchanan asked for $1,500 a month, but Mr. Buchanan was not sure that he would be able to pay so much.

Justice Cohalan gave Mrs. Buchanan $300 a month and $500 counsel fees. Mrs. Buchanan said she had lived apart from her husband for seven years under a separation agreement, and had stayed on good terms with him until he began bringing richly clad women to her apartment.

ALIMONY FOR MRS. VAN DYCK

Ex-Broker Who Once Made $10,000 a Year Earns $75 a Month Now.

In the suit of Mrs. Irene Van Dyck against her husband, Edward B. Van Dyck, that came to trial before Justice Blanchard in the Supreme Court yesterday, it was shown that when they were married in 1904 Van Dyck was earning $10,000 a year on the New York Cotton Exchange, and that he was now employed by a sleeping car company in Montreal at $75 a month. After the marriage they lived at the Chelsea in West Twenty-third Street until one day Mrs. Van Dyck found a letter to her husband calling him "Sweetheart" and "Goosie."

An agreement was entered into between them by which Mr. Van Dyck was to pay her $10 a day. This was dated May 17, 1909. Justice Blanchard gave Mrs. Van Dyck a decree and granted her $10 a week for the support of herself and her child.

SOCIETY DIVORCE PLANS.

Goelet and French Suits Soon to be Assigned for Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Feb. 25.—The March term of the Superior Court comes in next Monday, and, according to plans, the divorce docket will be heard for assignment the following day. It is likely that the divorce suits of Mrs. Pauline Le Roy French and Mrs. Elsie Goelet will be assigned for trial. There are no indications of contests to either petition. That Mr. Goelet will make a liberal allowance for Mrs. Goelet and their two children is generally understood.

Steel Coaches Save Passengers.

DAYTON, Ohio, Feb. 25.—A locomotive and five steel passenger coaches on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad struck a defective rail and went over a twenty-five foot embankment near Troy at noon to-day. None of the passengers or crew was seriously hurt. A stop had been made at a flag station and the train had not regained average speed when the accident occurred.

5%
GUARANTEED MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES
$100 and up
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus $8,750,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

The advertising rate of THE NEW YORK TIMES, 40 cents per agate line, with circulation Sunday and daily exceeding 200,000, makes the cost less than one cent a line for each 5,000 circulation—the cheapest, as it is the best, newspaper advertising in the world.—Adv.

Building vs. Tenants

¶ A tenant's standing is affected by the tone of the building, just as the building is affected by the character of its tenants.

¶ The prosperity of a tenant, therefore, is of considerable interest to the owner—the tenant's success means a permanent tenancy.

WOOLWORTH BUILDING

¶ The WOOLWORTH BUILDING is a building for winners. It possesses that most important consideration of all—location. Its very accessibility stands for business efficiency.

¶ Why not make inquiry about bringing your STORE or OFFICE to the world's most famous Building?

¶ Call, write or telephone for details. Brokers protected.

EDWARD J. HOGAN, Agent. Phone 5524 Barclay.

GIMBELS

All The New Fashions
From A (Apron Tunic) to Z (Zig-Zag Swirl)

Women's Gowns and Suits have never been more alluring. The new materials are beautiful. Colors are gorgeous. Styles are fascinating, for they reflect the most notable fashions from the Louis XVI. Period to the picturesque days when the fair Eugenie was Empress of France.

In selecting GIMBEL Reproductions one has the satisfaction of knowing that in many instances they are made of the same fine materials employed by the Paris dressmakers.

Women's Gowns for All Occasions

Trotteur Models, $15 to $50 — Dancing Frocks, $17.50 to $150
Afternoon Gowns, $25 to $100 — Evening Gowns, $25 to $175

Women's Trotteur and Afternoon Suits

Cloth Suits, $25 to $115 — Silk Models, $29.50 to $165
Third Floor

Only Three More Half-Price Days Then the February Furniture Sale Ends

Hundreds of people have been waiting for these days of half prices at the end of the Furniture Sale, when we clean up all the single suites and pieces, and small lots that are left over from the busy selling.

You find the half-price tags all over the furniture floor, and they point the way to the most worth-while plums of the whole month.

Not everything has its price cut in two, of course. The larger lots still bear their original February prices of 10 to 40% less than regular. But whatever you pick out, you may be assured of getting furniture that you will be always glad to own—and you have just three more days in which to make the February savings, for the sale ends on Saturday night. Let these be examples:

Library and Parlor Suites at Half Price

Louis XV. Suite, three pieces, in Aubusson tapestry, $450, from $900.
Louis XV. Suite, in Aubusson tapestry, three pieces, at $487.50, from $97
William and Mary Suite, three pieces, in velour, $185, from $370.
Louis XV. Suite, two pieces, in wool tapestry, $475, from $975.
Heppelwhite Suite, two pieces, in green striped velour, $126, from $252.
William and Mary Suite, two-piece, in green figured plush, $90, from $180.
Two-piece Suite, in wool Tapestry, $175, from $350.
Adams Suite, two pieces, in green denim, $81.50, from $163.
William and Mary Suite, two pieces, red plush, $68.50, from $137.

Separate Library and Parlor Pieces at Half Price

Many styles, some imported, upholstered in tapestry, velour, denim, covert cloth and damask, allover, or with mahogany or oak frame.

Settees	Arm Chairs	Arm Chairs	Arm Rockers
$42.50 from $85	$142.50 from $285	$35 from $70	$20 from $40
$57.50 from $115	$11.50 from $23	$52.50 from $105	$22.50 from $45
$65 from $130	$12.50 from $25	$60 from $120	$77.50 from $155
$70 from $140	$15 from $30	$75 from $195	Small Sewing Rocker
$77.50 from $155	$19 from $38	$145 from $290	$7.50 from $15
$90 from $180	$30 from $60	Arm Rockers	Seventh Floor
$100 from $200	$32.50 from $65	$10 from $20	
		$15 from $35	

Bookcases

Mahogany, handsomely inlaid, $50 from $100.
Old oak, Jacobean model, $45 from $90.
Golden oak, two sections, 52 in. long, $29 from $58.
Golden oak, Florentine design, double doors, $33 from $66.
Golden oak, Florentine design, $40 from $80.
Early English, Georgian design, $65 from $130.
Early English, handsomely carved, $52.50 from $105.
Mahogany, three sections, $47.50 from $95.
Brown oak, handsomely carved, $60 from $120.
Mahogany, three sections, $57.50 from $115.
Old oak, two sections, $40 from $80.
Circassian walnut, Louis XVI. design, $32.50 from $65.
Mahogany, Sheraton design, $45 from $90.
Mahogany, Colonial model, $40 from $80.
Old oak, Jacobean model, $29 from $58.
Antique oak, Jacobean model, $30 from $60.

Writing Desks

36, in Mahogany, Walnut and Oak. Some imported. Copies of the various periods, as well as modern styles.

$30 from $60	$17.50 from $35	$112.50 f'm $225
$55 from $110	$60 from $120	$55 from $100

Library Tables

In Mahogany, Golden Oak, Early English and Circassian Walnut, in round, oblong and oval tops, some with pedestal centre, others with Colonial platform base.

$33 from $66	$7.50 from $15	$42.50 from $85
$55 from $110	$12.50 from $25	$11 from $22
$27.50 from $55	$17.50 from $35	$19 from $38
$8.50 from $17	$20 from $40	$37.50 from $75

Small Side Rocker.
Seat upholstered in cretonne. $4.50, from $9.00.

Small Arm Rocker.
Seat and back upholstered in cretonne, $2.75, from $5.50.

Mahogany Arm Rocker.
Seat and back upholstered in green velour, $12.50, from $25.

Arm Rocker.
Seat upholstered in leather, mahogany finish, $8.50, from $17.

Arm Rocker.
Mahogany finish, upholstered in green velour, $6.00, from $12.
Seventh Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

Paris fashions for women illustrated and described by the leading dress designers in the Spring Fashion Number of THE NEW YORK TIMES March 15th.

Loeser's
Good Morning!

No matter what tricks the thermometer may play outside it is warm and bright and sunshiny inside this great store.

It is aglow with light and life and color—the reflection of the new things for spring.

Good cheer is contagious, and many visitors are coming from long distances to see the showing.

And there is another side that appeals very strongly —the ECONOMY SIDE. Prices, always low at Loeser's, are lower today on much splendid merchandise either because of our regular calendar sales or because of special opportunities.

The week will end two of our most attractive events. One of these is the:—

Great Furniture Sale.

These last days are busy ones because many people who wanted to look round are coming back to buy.

The reason is in the Furniture and the values and the comparisons they have made for themselves.

With the Sale drawing to a close we have on our floors several hundred thousands of dollars' worth of Furniture at from a tenth to a third less than its regular prices.

Piece for piece, it offers greater value for the money than any Furniture stock shown anywhere.

Here and there are some odd pieces of excellent Furniture marked at half their real value. Busy as we are we have made ample provision to give satisfactory service these last days.

China Holds Equally Great Values

This has been the greatest February China Sale we have ever held because our stocks were larger and our values better.

The economies will be found in all sections of the great department that has to do with China, Cut Glass, Artwares, Lamps, and Clocks.

It is all staple merchandise of the best qualities. Better China and Kindred Wares is not to be found anywhere.

The economies in many instances are as much as a third. This Sale closes on Saturday, and not again for six months will it be possible to purchase these staples at less than regular prices.

$2 & $3 Waists, $1.29

Women require certain points of quality about three-dollar Waists. They expect them to be made upon fashionable lines. They expect good materials. They expect good fit. They look for good laces and pretty embroideries.

They get all these things in three-dollar Waists in Loeser Waists always. They are in these three-dollar Waists that make up today's offering.

Today, upon a large number of Waists of this good Loeser three-dollar quality, the price will be only $1.29.

Some of the Waists have been handled, but the price heals all laundering hurts. Many are in broken sizes, ones and twos of a kind, but the values are the best among these.

A Day for Men

Men who do not know the splendid character of this Loeser Men's store have a special reason for getting acquainted today.

It is our final clearance of Winter Suits and Overcoats and the prices marked are the lowest that have prevailed in New York this season. All of the clothing is of our regular standards — Suits and Overcoats we know will give full satisfaction to the men who wear them.

The prices tell the rest of the story.

$15 to $30 Suits at $9.50 and $12.50.
$12.50 to $35 Overcoats at $7, $10.50, $12.50 and $16.50.

And as we go to press with the men's news we learn of the arrival of 2500 new Loeser "Large Body" Shirts for men.

These Shirts are cut over extra large patterns and at their price, 59c, are a value that is truly remarkable.

Be Our Guests Today.
Our Welcome Will Be Generous.

Frederick Loeser & Co.

Hoyt Street Station by Subway—17 minutes from 42nd Street by express service.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-66-68 Fifth Avenue — 46th & 47th Sts.
WILL HOLD, TODAY AND REMAINDER OF THE WEEK,

Final Sale of Furs

French Seal and Caracul Coats	at	$75—Formerly $200
Hudson Seal Coats	at	$150—Formerly $300
Fur Motor Coats	at	$150—Formerly $350
Baby Caracul Coats	at	$225—Formerly $400
Scotch Mole Coats	at	$250—Formerly $450
Novelty Fur Sets	at	$45—Formerly $115
White Fox Sets	at	$50—Formerly $100
Combination Fur Sets	at	$75—Formerly $175
Black or Cross Fox Sets	at	$75—Formerly $150

Other Furs at corresponding reductions.
Charge purchases will be billed April 1st.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & Co
34th Street—New York

Final Closing Prices

Young Men's Overcoats

Sizes 32 to 40; also suitable for men of medium size

Entire Stock of Overcoats, including high grade Shetlands, rough mixtures and fine vicunas. English models, semi-fitted and belted back styles. 10.00
Reduced from 18.00, 20.00 and 22.00

125 Young Men's Suits

Three and four button smart fitted models; patch or flap pockets, stripes, checks and mixtures, many suitable for early spring wear. 10.00
18.00 and 20.00 Values

No Approvals. None C. O. D. No Alterations.

PATRICK COUGHLAN

THE papers tell of a watchman at New Britain, Connecticut, who earned $2 a day. By living in a hut on a diet of bread and onions he leaves his relatives $60,000.

Coughlan was part right and part wrong. He knew how to invest his money at interest but he did not know how to live. He ought to have lived better and saved less.

Our pamphlet "The Safe Way to Save" tells you how to save a reasonable proportion of your earnings. We shall be glad to send it to you or to have you call to see us.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO

Capital $5,000,000
Surplus (all earned) 11,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Police Matron
$1,000 a Year

Applications for examination for this position will be received by the
MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION
Municipal Building, Manhattan
Until 4 P. M., Wed., March 11th

Position calls for a strong, healthy, motherly woman, at least 5 ft. 4 in. in height, 30 to 40 years old. Absolute proof of date of birth must be furnished.

Pension privilege goes with position.

Subjects and weights of the examination are: Physical examination, 50; mental, 50; 70 per cent. required on each. Mental examination: Duties, 8; experience, 2. Application Blanks to be had at Application Bureau, Room 1482, Municipal Building, Manhattan, or sent by mail on receipt of stamps.

MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

(RUBINAT)
LLORACH

Look for the Yellow Label.

Celebrated Natural Laxative Water from Spain

Approved by Academy of Medicine, Paris.

Recommended for constipation, dyspepsia, liver and kidney complaints.

Small Quantity (Wineglassful) Suffices.

ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN.
Sold by all Druggists.

LUYTIES BROS., N. Y.
Sole Agents, U. S. & Canada.

BROWN'S Bronchial TROCHES

Best Throat Remedy

You cannot buy a more effective or reliable remedy for coughs, hoarseness and sore throat.

No opiates or injurious drugs. 25c, 50c and $1.00. Sample Free.
John I. Brown & Son, Boston, Mass.

If coffee don't agree, use
POSTUM
"There's a Reason"

FOOD LAW KILLED, SAYS DR. WILEY

Wants It Altered as Result of Supreme Court's Bleached Flour Decision.

URGES APPEAL TO CONGRESS

Representative Mann, Father of the Law, Approves Judges' Ruling—Other Members Differ.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the pure food expert and former Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry, declared to-day that the decision of the United States Supreme Court yesterday in the bleached flour case had killed the Food and Drugs act, otherwise known as the pure food law. Members of Congress expressed views along the same line and indicated that they would take steps to save the law by additional legislation.

In a statement to THE NEW YORK TIMES to-day Dr. Wiley called on Congress to strike out of the law the phrase "which may prove harmful to health." This phrase, he said, constituted the fault of the law, according to the Supreme Court decision.

"The Supreme Court," said Dr. Wiley, "gave a body blow to the drug section of the law when it announced in the Johnson cancer case that the clause forbidding false and misleading statements applied only to the constitutents of the medicine and not to its drug properties. Congress at once proceeded to correct the fault pointed out by enacting a clause as an amendment, bringing curative claims into the scope of the law.

"I sincerely hope that similar action will be taken in the case of the present decision. To permit the unrestricted addition of poisons to foods unless such can be specifically injurious paralyzes that section of the law relating to harmful adulterations as completely as the former decision paralyzed the drug section.

"In these two decisions the Supreme Court has killed the food and drug law. Under the present decision a man may add traces of arsenic to food with impunity. Strychnine and other drugs of a poisonous character also can be thus added. The fault, according to the Supreme Court decision, consists in the phrase 'which may prove harmful to health.' The people should call upon Congress immediately to strike out that phrase. The Supreme Court is the highest judicial body in the land. No appeal except to Congress itself can be taken from its decision. If Congress will repeal the above phrase the food law will be immensely stronger than ever before.

"Happily the ethical spirit of manufacturers will prevent this decision from being a general threat. It is true that every adulterator will hail it with extravagant expressions of delight. Ninety-five per cent. of the millers of this country, however, will refuse to avail themselves of this decision, and will continue as they do at present to regard flour as a product of the milling of wheat, and not as a synthetic product of the laboratory."

Views of Members of Congress.

Although members of Congress, especially members of the House Interstate Commerce Committee, who helped frame the Pure Food Law, were unable to obtain the official text of the Supreme Court's decision in the "bleached flour" case to-day, there was considerable discussion of the matter in committee rooms and cloakrooms. Basing their opinions upon newspaper reports members aligned themselves in two groups.

Representative James R. Mann, of Illinois, floor leader of the Republican minority and father of the Pure Food Law, expressed the opinion that the decision would not be detrimental to the law and that the court was right in its construction.

"The decision deals with the problem as to the amount of poisonous substance to make the product deleterious to health and does not, as I understand it, affect the adulteration or misbranding provisions of the Pure Food Law," said he. "If there is in the product a poisonous substance so small in quantity that it is not deleterious the law did not attempt to cover that. In the bleached flour case it was contended that some poisonous substance was used in bleaching but not enough to injure health.

"Of course, there are men who have been connected with the enforcement of the Pure Food law, like Dr. Wiley and Dr. Alsberg, who go on the principle that there must be no poisonous substance whatever placed in an interstate product covered by the Pure Food law, even if it be so infinitesimal as not to be deleterious to health. I do not think the law can be construed that way, or that it was intended that it should be construed that way."

Summary of Court Decision.

The decision by the Supreme Court affirmed the ruling of the Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit, which held that testimony in the bleached flour case was insufficient to show that the bleaching process concealed inferiority. The Court of Appeals also held that the District Court erred in instructing a jury that the addition of any amount of poisonous substance would adulterate the article.

The opinion cites that the statute provides that food is adulterated if it contains an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient "which may render such article injurious to health," and continues:

> The instruction of the trial court permitted this statute to be read without the final and qualifying words concerning the effect of the article upon health. If Congress had so intended the provision would have stopped with the condemnation of food which contained any added deleterious ingredient. It only condemned food containing an added poisonous or other added deleterious ingredient when such addition might render the food injurious to health.
>
> The act has placed upon the Government the burden of establishing, in order to secure a verdict of condemnation under this statute, that the added poisonous or deleterious substances must be such as may render such article injurious to health. The word "may" is here used in its ordinary and usual significance, there being nothing to show the intention of Congress to affix to it any other meaning.
>
> In thus describing the offense Congress doubtless took into consideration that flour may be used in many ways—in bread, cake, gravy, broth, &c. It may be consumed when prepared as food by the strong and the weak, the old and the young, the well and the sick; and it is intended that if any flour, because of any added poisonous or other deleterious ingredient, may possibly injure the health of any of these it shall come within the ban of the statute.
>
> If it cannot by any possibility, when the facts are reasonably considered, injure the health of any consumer, such flour, though having a small addition of poisonous or deleterious ingredients, may not be condemned under the act. This is the plain meaning of the words, and in our view needs no additional support by reference to reports or debates.

The opinion cited a remark by Senator Hepburn, joint Senate author of the pure food law, that "everything which contains poison is not poison," and that danger to the human system depended upon the chemical relation of the poison and the body in which it is contained.

HARVEY COMMITS SUICIDE.

Seated in an Orange Railroad Station, Son of Inventor Shoots Himself

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 26.—Haywood Augustus Harvey, 44 years old, of 425 Lincoln Avenue, who was associated with his father and brother in the development of the Harvey process for hardening steel, committed suicide early to-day by shooting himself through the heart while seated at the Orange Station of the Lackawanna Railroad.

It is generally believed that he killed himself because of the failure of a mining venture in Cuba, in which he was heavily interested. Recently an engineer sent to Cuba by Mr. Harvey made an unfavorable report on the property.

At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon Mr. Harvey closed the desk, where he transacted business in the office of H. A. Flint & Co., 15 Broad Street, New York, and returned to Orange with a newly purchased automatic revolver, with which he did the shooting on the following morning.

Mr. Harvey leaves a wife and three children. He was born at Orange in 1870, and was educated at the Dearborn-Morgan School in this city, and at Princeton. He was a son of the late Hayward A. Harvey, inventor of the process of manufacturing Harveyized steel armor plate, and he was employed by his father in traveling abroad to introduce Harveyized steel into England, France, Germany, and other European countries.

He was interested in his father's steel plant at Newark until the family disposed of its holdings several years ago. Since then he invested in several mining ventures.

Olympic Here with Heavy Mail.

The White Star liner Olympic arrived in Quarantine last night from Southampton, via Cherbourg and Queenstown, with a large complement of passengers, and over 6,000 sacks of mail, including those left behind by the Carmania. She will go to her pier early this morning. Among her passengers are the Earl and Countess of Dunmore, the Marquis de Casa Maury, ex-Senator William Lorrimer, Sir Joseph Outerbridge, Montague Parker, and others.

FIGHT ON NEW HAVEN BLOCKED IN SENATE

Norris Resolution Aimed at Attorney General's Plan to Dissolve Merger Is Tabled.

PARTY LINES CAST ASIDE

Eighteen Democrats and Fifteen Republicans Vote to Halt Measure—Lodge Defends McReynolds.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—After a lively debate, in which party lines were ignored, the Norris resolution calling on the Attorney General for information regarding the pending agreement for the dissolution of the New Haven merger was laid on the table by a vote of 33 to 23 in the Senate to-day. Fifteen Republicans and eighteen Democrats voted to kill the resolution, and twelve Republicans, ten Democrats and one Progressive voted against tabling it. David Lamar, who had been eager for the adoption of the resolution was in the galleries watching the vote.

Republicans who voted to kill the resolution were Bradley, Brandegee, Clark, Colt, Dillingham, Fall, Gallinger, Lodge, Nelson, Page, Perkins, Root, Sherman, Smoot, and Stephenson.

The Democrats who opposed the resolution were Bankhead, Bryan, Hughes, Johnson, Kern, Martin, Newlands, Overman, Ransdell, Reed, Saulsbury, Shafroth, Shively, Simmons, Smith of Maryland, Smith of South Carolina, Swanson, and Williams.

Republicans who favored the resolution and voted against tabling were Borah, Brady, Bristow, Catron, Clapp, Cummins, Gronna, Jones, La Follette, Norris, Townsend, and Works, with Mr. Poindexter of Washington, the only Roosevelt Progressive in the Senate.

The Democrats were Senators Ashurst, Hollis, Lane, Martine, Pittman, Pomerene, Robinson, Sheppard, Thompson, and Vardaman.

Democrats took the ground that the resolution was by implication a severe criticism of the Attorney General. They also joined the Republicans in the belief that the resolution could bear no fruit and might hinder the Attorney General's efforts to reorganize the Boston & Maine Railroad in the hands of the trustees in accordance with the law and on a dividend paying basis.

Lodge Leads the Fight.

"The Senator from Nebraska," said Mr. Lodge, "declared that the resolution could be answered but one way by the Attorney General. I am at a loss to know the actual purpose of it. But, whatever the purpose is, it will, in my opinion, have a bad effect on what the Attorney General and the Governors of the States concerned are trying to do.

"The question of the separation of the Boston & Maine from the New Haven is quite different from the investigation of the New Haven. It is not conceded that the taking of the stock of the Boston & Maine by the New Haven was a lawless proceeding, for that was done under the laws of Massachusetts. The trouble with the Boston & Maine is that it has been starved—in common parlance skinned—no money has been expended to keep it up. The former President of the road, Mr. Tuttle, asked the Directors for money, but did not get it."

"The Senator from Massachusetts might add," interrupted Mr. Gallinger, "that the Boston & Maine, in leasing lines that did not pay, brought trouble on itself. The funds of the Boston & Maine proper went to keeping up these leased lines."

"I think," said Senator Weeks, "that the Boston & Maine has made arrangements with the Attorney General for the separation of the two roads. The only question is who shall be named as the five men to take charge of the trust fund."

"Did the skinning take place since the Boston & Maine was taken over by the New Haven?" Senator Norris asked Mr. Lodge.

"No, it did not," said Mr. Lodge, "the New Haven expended much money on the Boston & Maine."

"The condition and the service of the Boston & Maine road is of vital interest to hundreds of thousands of people who travel on it daily. If the road is impaired 23,968 stockholders are affected and all people who use it.

"The stock of the road has been held in trust, and the stoppage of the payment of dividends worked great injury to many people of moderate means. I should like to see the road in a position where the stockholders will be protected and the service to the public improved and made safe.

"These conditions can only be brought about by reorganization. Money must be borrowed to put the road in proper shape. Money can be obtained only at extortionate rates unless those with money to lend know that the road is in the best hands and that it is not to be a football of politics in the Senate. There is no danger of those who have done wrong escaping.

"If the people understand that the Senate is going to drag the road in whenever it feels like it, confidence will be impaired. Money cannot be borrowed then without exorbitant interest. Money dreads uncertainty. That road must raise $37,000,000 by July 1 or go into bankruptcy. The reorganization ought to be effected as soon as possible. No board of trustees that is not all right will be accepted. The Attorney General and the Governors of the States concerned are acting in good faith. Nobody wants to protect or shield wrongdoers."

"But, wouldn't the adoption of the resolution improve conditions, strengthen the position of the Attorney General?" asked Mr. Norris.

"I think not," answered Mr. Lodge. "The passage of the resolution would have nothing but bad effect. It would harass the Attorney General and interfere with the reorganization of the road. I am unable to see why the Senate should interfere with executive business. I should like the Senate to permit the Attorney General and the Governor of Massachusetts to effect a reorganization and rescue the road for the good of the stockholders."

LENDS HOME TO CHILDREN.

Mrs. Aldrich Said to Plan to Aid Salvation Army.

Mrs. Richard Aldrich, according to The Evening Mail, has offered the use of her home at 317 West Seventy-fourth Street, opposite the Schwab mansion, to the Salvation Army from early in June until the latter part of August.

The entire top floor, the report said, had been converted into a nursery in which children between 1 and 7 years from the tenements would be cared for through the Summer under the supervision of trained nurses. Thirty children at a time could be accommodated there, and the length of stay would depend on the child's needs. It was said to be the first time in the history of the Salvation Army that a private house had been turned over to it for charitable work.

Mrs. Aldrich is the great-granddaughter of the first John Jacob Astor. As Margaret Astor Chanler she served as a nurse in the Spanish-American War and received for her work a medal from Congress.

Mrs. Aldrich declined last night to discuss the report that she would give her home to the Salvation Army for the Summer.

Breaks American Altitude Record.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 25.—America's altitude record, made by Lieut. H. B. Post in his fatal flight at North Island, was broken to-day, when Theodore Macaulay, an aviation instructor, ascended to the height of 12,139 feet. Post's record was 12,120 feet.

MORE DRASTIC DRUG LAW.

Doctors Would Make Unlawful Sale of Opiates a Felony.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—At the hearing on the Boylan bill to-day the general opinion was that the regulation of the sale of habit-forming drugs did not go far enough. A dozen physicians, druggists, and lawyers argued at length for more drastic statutes, and recommended that unlawful possession of such drugs be made a misdemeanor and their sale a felony.

The Boylan bill would require a physician's certificate for either the sale or purchase of an opiate derived from opium or cocaine. Dr. Louis K. Neff of the State Medical Society said the bill should include all the habit-forming drugs and restrict the sale of hypodermic apparatus. Howard Clark Barber of the Society for the Prevention of Crime told how easy it was to obtain drugs, and said that the law did not provide adequate punishment for offenders. Other speakers were Charles Towns, Dr. Jackson R. Campbell, Carl E. Whitney, E. W. Bloomingdale, F. H. Wilmot, R. K. Smither, John G. Wisher, and Arthur L. Wardle.

F. H. TIETJEN HOME AGAIN.

Was in Buffalo Hotel, but Forgets His Wanderings.

The police were notified last night by the relatives of Frank H. Tietjen, Assistant Treasurer of the People's Surety Company of 55 Liberty Street, who disappeared from his home, 206 West 114th Street, on Feb. 16, that he had returned.

Nothing was heard of Tietjen until Tuesday morning, when a letter was received from him by his brother-in-law, Edward L. Beekman of 153 West 117th Street. Tietjen said that he was at the Stadler Hotel in Buffalo. According to the police, Mrs. Tietjen found her husband registered there as Frank H. Thorn. He said he did not know how he reached the hotel. Tietjen returned home last night with his wife.

Putnam Griswold Very Low.

Word was brought to the Metropolitan Opera House last night that the condition of Putnam Griswold, the American bass, a member of the company, was exceedingly grave, and that he might not live through the night. Mr. Griswold was suddenly stricken with an acute attack of appendicitis on Feb. 9, and was operated upon the next day at Miss Alston's Hospital, where he had been removed. Dr. Robert G. Wylie is in charge of Mr. Griswold. It was said that the operation revealed the fact that the singer had a greatly aggravated case of appendicitis, and that the appendix had burst. The only factor in his favor has been his youth and a rugged constitution.

Wild's Orientals

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The
ACCUSED
SHOULD TESTIFY

The guilty should be made to speak. The innocent should be glad to speak. This is the subject of an article of large public interest by John R. Dos Passos which will appear in the Magazine Section of next Sunday's New York Times.

MR. BRYAN
rides behind

Col. George Harvey locates the Secretary of State behind the driver on the saddle of the Democratic donkey in a full page magazine feature to appear next Sunday. Col. Harvey gives his attention to the crowding of the saddle and to the road ahead and behind rather than to the donkey.

Mr. Dooley

Mr. Dooley discusses with his "frind Hinnissy" the dancing craze; "th' turkey throt and th' tango and th' scissors and th' envelope flop and th' curvathure-iv-th'-spine." An entertaining page.

SWAMPED WITH
ART

The Metropolitan Museum is receiving art treasures in number and value out of all proportion to its appropriation for maintenance. This is the subject of an interesting interview with Robert W. de Forest, Pres. of the Museum.

These are only a few of the interesting features which will appear on Sunday in

THE NEW YORK TIMES

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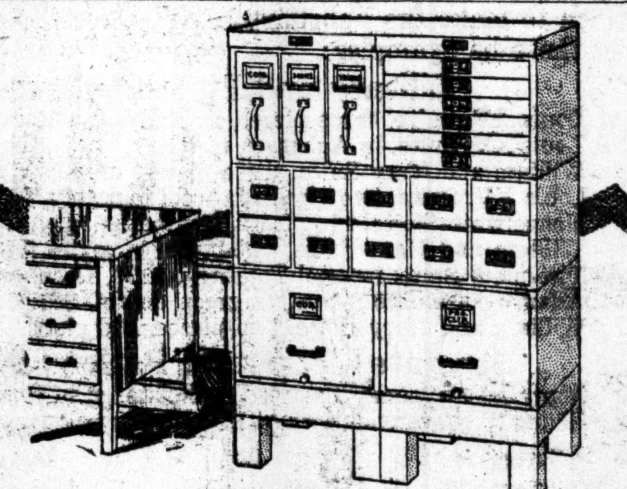

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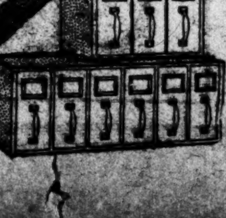

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BRITISH WARNING FOR 'CHIEF SAM'

Consul General Notifies District Attorneys of Gold Coast Moses.

40 NEGROES ON A SHIP

Pseudo Chief, Cornered, Admits His Sister Governs the Tribe, but He Owns the Curityba.

After an investigation, carried on by the British Consul General in this city and the British Ambassador at Washington, the attention of the United States District Attorney and of District Attorneys Whitman and Cropsey of New York and Kings has been called by Consul General Sir Courtenay Bennett to the activities of the self-styled Chief Alfred Charles Sam of Babianita Villa. Some time ago Sam announced his intention of leading a shipload of his colored brethren, at $25 a head, from their farms and homes here to a promised land of riches and equal opportunities on the Gold Coast of Africa.

According to developments learned yesterday and corroborated by the British Consul General, Chief Sam, when cornered and quizzed, admitted that he wasn't a chief at all and that his bailiwick of Babianita Villa contained only four persons besides himself before it ceased to exist altogether. Also, according to advices received by the Consul General from the authorities of the Gold Coast, the pseudo chief is wanted in that land of rich and unmaterialized promise for obtaining money under false pretenses.

Meanwhile the good ship Curityba, which Sam purchased from the Munson Line for $69,000 and for which he holds a good and convertible bill of sale in his pocket, was scheduled to sail for the Promised Land on the Gold Coast tonight. But last night it suffered a change of plan, twenty-three of its dusky pioneers abandoning the expedition. In their place, however, according to Alfred Jonson, who called himself "deckmaster" of the crewless ship, thirty-seven new colored passengers arrived with baggage. Indeed, it was said, the emigrants had been coming and going at the rate of ten and fifteen a day, a total of about 400 in the last few weeks, subsisting until they could stand it no longer on canned provisions.

Sailors Leave the Ship.

Last night, too, the fourteen Portuguese sailors, who had been engaged to serve as the ship's crew when the expedition should start, left the vessel, and, according to Pedro Senagros, one of their number, they would not return until the money due them for some weeks past was paid.

The British Consul General said yesterday Sam has collected some $75,000. Besides the negroes on the crewless Curityba in the Erie Basin, some 600 or 700 trusting ones, with similar faith, were waiting for the arrival of the Gold Coast Messiah at Galveston and other Southern ports. These, Sir Courtenay learned, had for the most part sold their little farms and homes to join the glorious exodus into the black man's Utopia, where, according to the Gold Coast authorities, malaria and fever are almost certain rewards in this life for such faith on the part of imported negroes.

Sam, according to the story which the British Consul General corroborated yesterday, was formerly President of the Akim Trading Company of Brooklyn, a commercial concern, but was ousted from it about two and a half years ago. Thereafter he incorporated in South Dakota the Akim Trading Company, Limited, with the announced intention of taking American negroes to the Gold Coast of Africa and settling them in fine modern homes and farms to be built on land he said he owned there. Transportation to the Gold Coast and free land for settlement and cultivation were promised to all who bought a share of stock for $25.

Sam himself bought the old Munson Line ship, the Curityba, on which the negroes were to be taken over, after being taken in; and one of the first rules he would insist upon, according to his prospectus, was that aboard it there should be no cards, no dice, no liquor, no work on Saturdays and Sundays, and prayer meetings twice daily.

The British Consul General has corroborated the fact that $69,000 of the $75,000 collected was actually paid by Sam for the Curityba, and that an additional $5,000 would be necessary to equip the ship, leaving just $1,000 for the transportation and future care of the negro colonists.

Sir Courtney's investigations, together with advices received from the authorities on the Gold Coast, led him to invite Sam, together with his attorney, F. H. Kellogg of 55 Liberty Street, and the sole agent of the company, A. E. Smith of 61 East 126th Street, to his office. Mr. Kellogg had previously insisted to the Consul General that he really believed Sam's assertions that he had 800 square miles available for cultivation on the Gold Coast, and that copies of leases for the land had been deposited with Smith. Kellogg admitted that Sam had bought the ship in his own name, but said the Chief had made an agreement whereby the ship was to be considered the property of the company. But there was nothing, the lawyer admitted, which prevented the Chief from selling the ship whenever and wherever he pleased.

Insists Sister has Land.

At the meeting with Sam, Smith, and Kellogg, Sir Courtenay announced that he had found no such leases as described by Sam had ever been registered with the authorities on the Gold Coast. Sam then insisted that he had sixty-four square miles in Akim, which belonged to his sister, but which she was willing to allow all negro colonists to settle on. He could not, however, produce the letters which he said she had written him to that effect.

Further pressed, it was said, Sam admitted that he wasn't a chief, but only a common Gold Coast negro. His sister, he said, now governed the tribe, although once upon a time his mother wanted him to do the chief job. He also admitted that he and three other persons had once formed the place called in his leases Babianita Villa.

The Consul General thereupon advised Kellogg and Smith to drop all connection with the colonization scheme, lest they be drawn into more serious trouble. Smith left the consulate in a shaken state, insisting to the Vice Consul that he had had to do only with the "commercial end of the affair." Kellogg still appeared to believe in Sam. But the next day Sir Courtenay received a telegram from him saying he was completely upset by Sam's confession and that he had withdrawn entirely from the case and had written Smith to that effect. Kellogg added that he hoped he might never see Sam again.

He himself, the Consul General said, could not act in the matter, inasmuch as all concerned, with the possible exception of Sam himself, were not British subjects but Americans. The ship itself, he said, was at present apparently without any nationality at all, inasmuch as he had refused Sam's request to allow the Curityba to fly the British flag, and there was no other floating above it as far as he could learn.

Last night a TIMES reporter essayed to find Sam aboard the Curityba. He was told Sam was in the stateroom, but on going there was met by a heavy-set, mustached negro, who said he was Sam's secretary. The reporter asked him whether he was not the "Chief."

"That's none of your business whether I'm Sam or not," replied the man, adding: "This is my boat, and when it is ready to sail it will sail—probably in a couple of days."

Another negro, who said he was a Fisk College graduate, said the expedition was all right and above board; that Sam had concessions on the Gold Coast, and that he would develop them for the benefit of the negro race.

The Consul General was of the opinion that unless the would-be colonists on the Curityba or in the South threw overboard their faith and took action speedily they might find their Messiah and the Ship Exodus both gone beyond recovery.

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CHANGE TRADE COMMISSION

New Bill Exempts Smaller Corporations and Restricts Investigation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The new draft of the proposed administration trade commission bill has been substantially completed by the Covington Subcommittee of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. The bill will probably be submitted to the full committee next Monday.

It was learned from a reliable source to-day that the bill in its present draft conforms to the forecast published in THE NEW YORK TIMES on Feb. 19. It will follow the recommendations of the President's trust message, will eliminate the imperfections, contradictions and points of doubtful constitutionality in the Clayton bill, and will set up a trade commission of five members, independent of any other department of the Government, in place of the present Bureau of Corporations, retaining for the commission all the powers which that bureau now has under existing law.

The trade commission bill will require all interstate corporations which have an annual gross income of $3,000,000 or over to furnish to the commission reports, statements, and records of organization.

As indicated in THE TIMES on Feb. 19, the bill will arrange for the proposed trade commission to aid the Department of Justice and the Federal courts in connection with the investigation of alleged violations of the Sherman law, and court decrees in anti-trust cases.

This was confirmed to-day as being the provision in the draft as it now stands. The commission is to be allowed to make these investigations only in cases where suit has been brought against a defendant under the anti-trust laws, and only when the Attorney General, or when the defendant corporation, or the court calls for the investigation.

HILL TALKS WITH PRESIDENT

Favors Federal Regulation of Railroads—Optimistic About Trade.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—James J. Hill, head of the Burlington, the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific Railway interests, talked with President Wilson to-day.

It was learned that Mr. Hill discussed the pending railway securities bill, expressing himself in favor of rigid regulation by the Government, not only of railway securities, but of industrial securities. He favored also, it was said, an early termination of pending or proposed Government investigations of railroads, so as to eliminate uncertainty in the railroad world as early as possible.

Mr. Hill also talked about the condition of trade and industry in the country, and his views were very optimistic. In his opinion basic conditions were sound and business would soon be showing signs of great national prosperity.

ARMOUR IS OPTIMISTIC.

Says His Own Business Is Booming—That of Railroads Poor.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—J. Ogden Armour is optimistic on business, but not on the position of the country's railroads. He said to-day:

"Our own business is excellent, as good as last year. Our turnover thus far this year has been satisfactory and our profits have so far equaled those of 1913. The fertilizing branch of the Armour Company is running better than last year and we are the largest fertilizer concern in the country.

"On one point, however, I must qualify. Railroad earnings are poor. The St. Paul's business is unsatisfactory. In order to make money at going rates, railways must have a heavy traffic. Their traffic is light."

THEO. DE VINNE'S WILL.

Left More Than $65,000—Entire Estate Goes to Relatives.

Theodore Low De Vinne, President of the De Vinne Press, who died on Feb. 16 in his eighty-sixth year, left his entire estate, estimated at more than $65,000, to his relatives. His will was filed for probate yesterday.

Mr. De Vinne left $7,000 to Daniel S. De Vinne, his brother; $7,500 each to Charles and Grace De Vinne, his grandchildren; $1,500 to Isabelle G. Richardson, $1,000 each to seven of his nieces, and $250 to Frank De Vinne, a nephew. Two trust funds of $15,000 and $6,250 were established for the benefit of his two sisters, Emma and Frances De Vinne, and for Mary De Vinne. After their death the principal of the trust fund is to go to Theodore B. De Vinne, Mr. De Vinne's son, who is also made residuary legatee.

GETS REPLY FROM THE SEA.

Bottle Thrown in Waves at Canarsie Reaches Ireland in 19 Months.

John H. Stringham of 1,717 Bleecker Street, Evergreen, L. I., received yesterday an answer to a letter he had thrown into the sea at Canarsie in a bottle on July 6, 1912. On that day he was at Carnarsie with William N. Ley, also of 1,717 Bleecker Street, and writing his name and address on a piece of paper, with the request that the finder write to him, he placed the paper in a bottle, corked it tightly, and threw it into the surf. He received this reply yesterday:

> Well, Mr. Stringham, I am just going to drop you a line in answer to the letter you put in the bottle in 1912, 6 July. I picked it up on the Bundorra docks, County Mayo, on the first of February, and I seen by it that you wanted an answer back. I suppose it must be a forren country you let it afloat from, its so long on the road. Send an answer by return. I remain, yours truly, THOMAS WALSH.
> To Mr. Stringham.

The bottle had taken a year and seven months to cross the Atlantic, and Mr. Stringham had forgotten all about his letter when he received this reply.

Marks Reviews Squadron A.

Borough President Marcus M. Marks was the guest of honor last night at a dinner of the men of Squadron A of the First Cavalry, N. G. N. Y. Major Wright, in command of the squadron, was the host at the dinner. Afterward Mr. Marks reviewed the squadron in the armory, at Ninety-fourth Street and Madison Avenue.

Manchester Pays Up $315 Alimony.

George R. Manchester, at one time Secretary of the Republican State Committee and now a Bull Moose, went to the Sheriff's office yesterday and paid back alimony to his wife, Helen, to the amount of $315. An order committing him in default of the payment was signed by Justice Morschauser at White Plains.

NEED IMMIGRANTS BADLY, SAYS ELIOT

Labor Scarcity Felt Everywhere in United States, Asserts Harvard's ex-Head.

WILL CONTINUE FOR YEARS

Arguments for Further Restricting Immigration Violate Best American Principles, He Writes.

The National Liberal Immigration League gave out yesterday a letter received from Charles W. Eliot, President emeritus of Harvard, in which he asserted that a scarcity of labor continued to prevail in the United States and would persist for many years to come. On Jan. 10, 1911, he wrote to the league, in stating "some of the reasons which convince many disinterested and patriotic Americans that no further restrictions on immigration are desirable," that

> The common, almost universal, fact in our country is a scarcity of labor. The same complaint is heard from farms, factories, and shops all over the country. Immense areas in the United States are not settled at all or are very sparsely inhabited. From New England to California the crops are not thoroughly gathered and marketed, because there are not hands enough to do the work. In all the great industries the desirable development is hindered, not by lack of capital but by lack of workmen. Not only is an adequate supply of skilled labor lacking, but unskilled labor is also scarce.

Last week Manuel F. Behar, manager of the National Liberal Immigration League, wrote to Dr. Eliot, informing him that the alleged oversupply of labor and the great number of unemployed were being used as arguments for the restriction of immigration to this country. One of the reasons for Mr. Behar's action was his observing that Dr. F. J. Warne, an immigration expert lately employed by the Bureau of the Census, in a book of his just issued, made the charge that conditions had recently changed, going on as follows:

> These changed conditions dominate and control the tendencies that immigration manifests. In brief, this change is giving to the country a surplus of cheap labor—a greater supply than our industries and manufacturing enterprises need.

Mr. Behar sent this extract to Dr. Eliot and asked for an expression of his views. The answer received yesterday was as follows:

Cambridge, Mass.,
Feb. 24, 1914.

Dear Sir:

At your request, I declare that I see no reason to change any of the statements in my letter to the National Liberal Immigration League of Jan. 10, 1911, in regard to either fact or theory. The same scarcity of labor which I described three years ago still persists in the United States, and will persist for many years to come, because of the sparseness of our population and the enormous unused resources of the country which require for their development both new capital and additional labor.

The inexpedient congestion of population in some American cities is not yet sensibly relieved; but there are many signs of improvement in this respect, such, for instance, as the placing of new industrial plants in the country or in small cities and making these plants moderate in size. The telephone and telegraph, the automobile, the parcel post, and the local electric railways for both passengers and freight will surely relieve this congestion in time. Due consideration for the public health and the national efficiency requires the better distribution of factories and their operatives.

The unemployment in the industries which have an active season followed by a dull one is also being relieved by the practice of the laborers themselves and of the railway and steamship companies. Laborers by the thousands nowadays are carried where they are needed in the active season and when they are no longer wanted they go home, or even back to Italy, for the dull season. Thus, the immense majority of the laborers in seasonal trades have learned, or are learning, to take care of themselves, although the weak or improvident among them have still to be aided for brief periods at the public expense, or by private charities.

The activities of benevolent and patriotic persons should be directed to the permanent relief of the city congestions, and to the temporary relief of the unfortunate, incompetent, or improvident unemployed.

Not a single argument for further restriction of immigration have I yet seen which does not violate the plainest principles of sound American industrial development, and also propose to abandon or maim the noble policy of the United States, which has made this country the refuge of the oppressed, the hope of the multitudes who cannot yet find freedom and comfort in their native lands, and the best school in the world for the safe development of free institutions. Is this generation of Americans to be frightened out of this noble policy by any industrial, racial, political or religious bogies? Has this generation forgotten or never heard Lowell's description of "Oh, Beautiful! My Country! Ours once more" in his "Commemoration Ode," written at the close of the civil war?

She that lifts up the manhood of the poor,
She of the open soul and open door,
With room about her hearth for all mankind!

Very truly yours,
CHARLES W. ELIOT.

HELD FOR USING BAD COINS.

Two Men Caught After a Chase in the Bowery.

Bendito Gamaretta of 508 East Eleventh Street and Jackaline Navardo of the same address were held yesterday by Judge Hollister in the Federal District Court in $5,000 bail each for examination on the charge of passing counterfeit money. They were arrested on Tuesday night at Hester Street and the Bowery by Detectives Morrissey and Raphael.

Many complaints had been received from small shop keepers of bad half dollars, which had been passed on them. The detectives saw the men go from store to store in the Bowery and purchase packages of cigarettes. They decided to arrest them, and as the men saw the detectives, they ran. They threw away something as they went, and after they had been captured a counterfeit half dollar was found in the snow.

The police say that they found on Gamaretta $16.73 in cash and a number of cigarette packages, but no counterfeit money. Arraigned before Magistrate Appleton in the Tombs Court they were turned over by him to Capt. John Henry of the Federal Secret Service, who took them to the Federal Building.

MERRITT PLEADS INSANITY.

Ex-Supervisor Says He Was Crazy When He Embezzled $65,000.

Ex-Supervisor Henry C. Merritt of East Chester, under indictment for embezzling $65,000 from the funds of Bronxville and Tuckahoe, testified in bankruptcy proceedings before Referee S. H. Thayer at Yonkers yesterday. He said that he was out of his mind when he left his home in Tuckahoe last October. For six weeks, he said, his mind was a blank practically. When he recovered his senses he said he was in a New York apartment, where his lawyer, H. R. Barrett, visited him. Merritt protested against a cross-examination as to his private affairs, saying that he had not recovered his faculties. He insisted that he had no money when he arrived at the apartment and none when he left. A Dr. Ulman, he said, had charge of the apartment.

In addition to the shortage in his official accounts, Merritt owes $25,000 to private creditors. So far neither official investigation nor inquiries of private claimants have disclosed more than $35,000 of tangible assets. Allan R. Campbell, counsel for one of the creditors, said Merritt's story reminded him of the Arabian Nights.

MONTICELLO NOT FOR SALE.

Mr. Levy Wants to Talk to Virginia Legislature About Its Proposal.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 25.—Representative Jefferson M. Levy of New York, owner of Monticello, the home and tomb of Thomas Jefferson, in a letter received here to-day, denied that he had ever offered to sell that historic property for $1,000,000.

Regarding the action of the Virginia Legislature in adopting resolutions urging Congress to buy Monticello, he wrote that he should have had a hearing, and added:

"If not too late, I would be glad to have that opportunity now."

HOTEL VICTORIA CLOSES.

Sale of Its Effects Begins After Breakfast To-day.

The Hotel Victoria, built in 1877 by Paran Stevens, once called the most beautiful hotel in New York, will close its doors this morning at 10 o'clock. All of its furnishings from the cellar to the garret will be sold at auction, and the sale will be held immediately after breakfast has been served.

The hotel has housed Grover Cleveland in the interval between his first and second term as President of the United States; the Hungarian patriot, Louis Kossuth; Senator Richard F. Pettigrew of South Dakota, and William Jennings Bryan.

When the hotel closes, the American Federation of Labor will lose its meeting place. The International League of Baseball Clubs has held its important meetings there since the organization of the league. An office and loft building will be erected on the site after the hotel has been torn down.

Seek Poison Which Killed Three.

Coroner Jerome Healy of the Bronx asked the police yesterday to find out where the wood alcohol was procured which caused the death of three girl guests at an Italian wedding on Sunday evening. Dr. Riegelman and Dr. M. J. Schoenberg performed an autopsy yesterday at Lincoln Hospital on the body of one of the girls, Nellie Dean of 386 East 144th Street. Dr. Schoenberg, who has made a special study of wood alcohol cases, agreed with Dr. Riegelman that death was due to wood alcohol. The wedding reception at which liquors containing wood alcohol were dispensed was held at Kenmare Hall, 39 Spring Street.

RESTORE OLD RATES FOR SCHOOLHOUSES

Board of Education Will Revise Meanwhile Prices Charged Social Centres.

TO INVESTIGATE CLASSES

Associate Superintendent Edson Says Many Are Far Too Large for Effective Work.

The social centres were victorious yesterday in their campaign against the new charges for the use of school buildings after school hours. The Board of Education, at its meeting, by a vote of 17 to 14, decided to return to the old schedule of charges until the question has been fully considered and determined by it.

Dr. Ira S. Wile moved as an amendment that the old schedule of prices be restored until the whole question could be gone over by the board. He said that the new prices seemed exorbitant.

President Churchill said that action on the question could be deferred for a few days. A public hearing would soon be held, he said, to allow all those opposed to the proposed changes an opportunity to express their opinions. If the Board of Estimate would sanction the use of funds to defray the extra expense, the Board of Education would willingly allow the use of the buildings free of charge. After other members had spoken for and against it, Dr. Wile's amendment was carried.

Frank D. Wilsey, Chairman of the Committee on Buildings, moved that the board authorize President Churchill to appoint a special committee to confer with the Trustees of the Metropolitan Museum of Art as to the feasibility of a loan of paintings, tapestry, and statuary for exhibition purposes in the Washington Irving High School. Mr. Wilsey said that it would be an excellent thing to thus enable the pupils of that school to make a study of art under such favorable conditions.

President Churchill submitted to the board his views and recommendations as to the fifteenth annual report of City Supt. Maxwell. He said that he had directed that the important matters considered therein be referred to the appropriate committees.

"Immediate investigation should be made," Mr. Churchill went on to say, "of the statement by Associate Supt. Edson in his report that 'many classes are far too large for the most effective work,' in view of the fact that financial provision has been made in the budget for this year for the reduction of oversized classes. The Board of Superintendents should be requested to make a survey of the size of classes in elementary schools with a view to recommending a plan for the reduction in size wherever possible, and should also consider by-law amendments lowering the maximum limit beyond which classes ought not to be crowded.

"More important than these reports, however, is that submitted by Associate Supt. Clarence E. Meleney. It deals with the means at the command of this board for improving the efficiency of teachers. The statement is made therein that the present practice has rewarded mediocre results. If this is so, and the Board of Superintendents at once should be directed to institute an investigation to ascertain the foundation for such statement, this board should move forthwith to correct it.

"I recommend that the Board of Superintendents be directed to investigate this entire report and to advise this board within one month, or less if possible, whether or not it is a fact that 'the just determination of the merit of the most efficient teachers and the disapproval of the weak teachers cannot be accomplished by our present method,' and whether or not 'a higher standard of efficiency should be a prerequisite of an advance in salary.' Immediate consideration of that board should be directed to the proposals of Supt. Meleney, and a report called for outlining for this board a plan whereby it may see to it that the most efficient teachers are rewarded."

THAW SEEKS MORE INCOME.

Sues at Pittsburgh to Increase by $13,000 the $160,000 Soon Due.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 25.—Harry Thaw, through his attorneys, to-day filed in court here exceptions to the accounting of the Fidelity Title and Trust Company of Pittsburgh, trustees for him under his father's will. The exceptions hold that $5,000 Pennsylvania Railroad stock and $8,000 Standard Oil Company of New Jersey stock, counted as principal, should be listed as income.

Under a recent ruling of the court, Thaw is to receive $160,000 accumulated income from his father's estate, now in the hands of the trust company, if he be not declared insane in this county within sixty days.

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PRISON FOR TWO SLEUTHS.

Miss Guertin Gets Eight Months and Patron a Year for Perjury.

Judge Thomas, in the Federal District Court yesterday, sentenced Miss Nellie Grant Guertin, a Boston private detective, to eight months' imprisonment in the New York County Penitentiary, and J. Addison Patron, a railroad detective, to a year's imprisonment in the same institution, for perjury. He also imposed upon each of them a nominal fine of $1.

They were convicted after a trial lasting several days of having committed perjury in a $75,000 damage suit which Miss Guertin brought against the Mason-Seaman Transportation Company for injuries which she asserted she had received in a taxicab accident near the Grand Central Station. The trial was made notable by the denial on the stand of the testimony he had given in the damage suit by Dr. Richard Wynne of Boston, who has also been indicted for perjury.

Before sentence was pronounced, Patron addressed the court and asked that all the punishment for the crime should be inflicted upon him and that Miss Guertin should be let off. The court, however, declared that in its opinion there had been much aggravation of the offense on the part of the defendants. It is not likely that the Government will press the charge against Dr. Wynne.

Gun Permits from Magistrates Only

Corporation Counsel Frank L. Polk in an opinion to Police Commissioner McKay yesterday said that the sole power of issuing permits to carry revolvers now rested with the Magistrates of the city and not with the Police Commissioner. The section of the City Charter which gave the power to the Commissioner, he said, was superseded by the legislative act, Chapter 606, laws of 1913, vesting complete power in the Magistrate. Commissioner McKay said he would at once seek to have introduced in the Legislature a bill restoring the power to the Police Commissioner, without interfering in any way with the authority given the Magistrates.

French Writer Coming.

Paul Reboux, the French critic and novelist, will arrive here to-day with his wife on the White Star liner Olympic. He will spend several weeks here studying the literary and intellectual life of the United States. M. Reboux is President of the Association of Literary Critics in Paris and literary editor of The Journal and the author of several novels. Mme. Reboux is well known in artistic circles in Paris as a painter on silk, pottery, tortoise shell and ivory.

Show Girl to Wed an Indian.

Cecil Archer-Burton, a Broadway show girl, and Capaulican, an Indian, who says he belongs to a tribe of Chile, are to be married to-day after courtship of two weeks. Miss Burton is in a vaudeville act, called "The Beauties," while the man is known as "The Indian Tenor." They will go to the City Hall this morning to obtain a license, and the wedding will take place immediately afterward.

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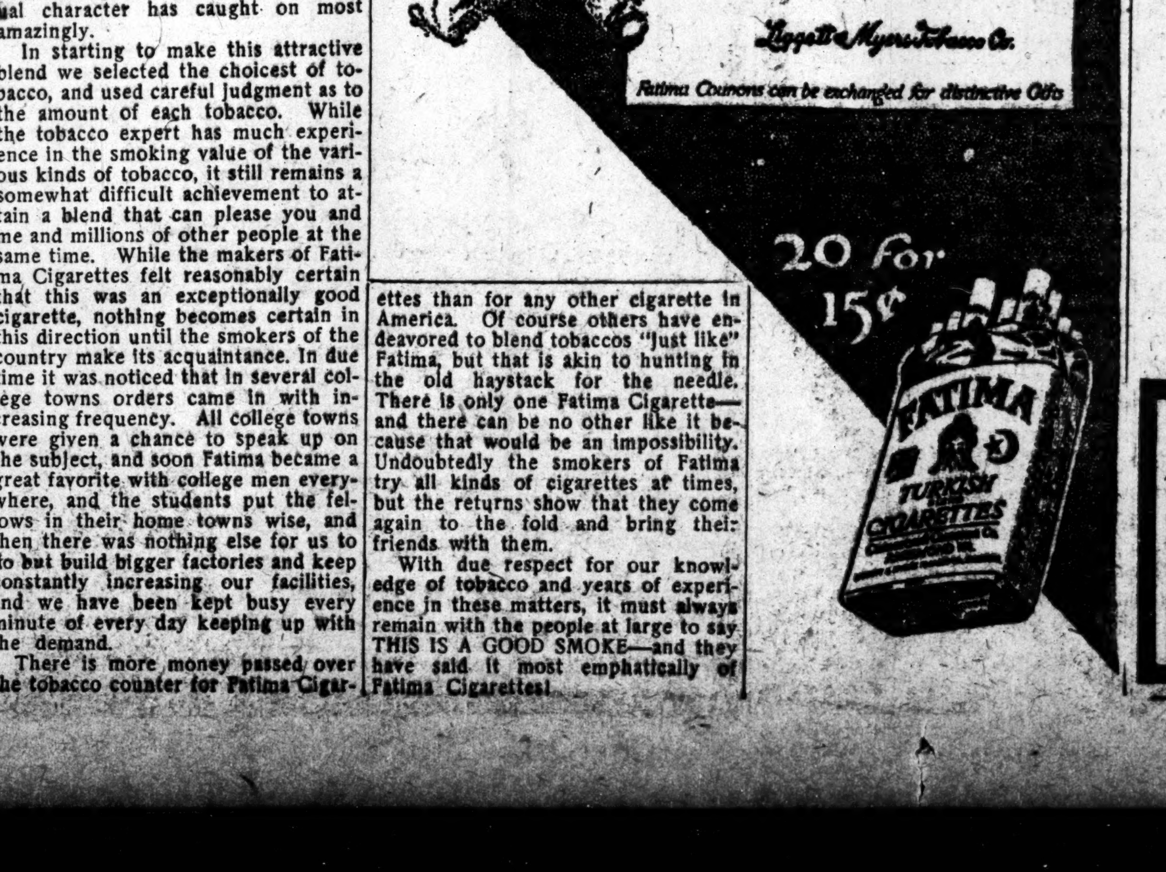

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There is more money passed over the tobacco counter for Fatima Cigarettes than for any other cigarette in America. Of course others have endeavored to blend tobaccos "just like" Fatima, but that is akin to hunting in the old haystack for the needle. There is only one Fatima Cigarette—and there can be no other like it because that would be an impossibility. Undoubtedly the smokers of Fatima try all kinds of cigarettes at times, but the returns show that they come again to the fold and bring their friends with them.

With due respect for our knowledge of tobacco and years of experience in these matters, it must always remain with the people at large to say THIS IS A GOOD SMOKE—and they have said it most emphatically of Fatima Cigarettes!

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, FEB. 26 1914.

ALL PRESENT OR ACCOUNTED FOR.

The national banks have accepted the Federal reserve system so generally that it is in order to make the vote of adoption unanimous. Only eighteen have refused to accept the new system, and in their cases there are reasons for their action apart from the merits. Some of them are in liquidation, or undergoing consolidation, or have been organized so recently that they have not yet had time to complete their acceptances. The vote in favor is 99 per cent. in number of banks, and 99¾ per cent. by capital. It is amusing to compare this result with the official intimation that the banks were in a conspiracy to reject the bill and depress the price of the three-quarters of a billion dollars of United States bonds which they owned. The atom of truth in the allegation was that the bill as it was originally proposed was unacceptable. Having been made fit for acceptance it has been accepted with a unanimity which gains impressiveness when contrasted with the caution observed when the system now displaced was organized. In 1863 the Eastern banks long abstained in a body, and the acceptances were scattering for months throughout the Middle and Western States. It was a year before the acceptances reached 584. It was another year before there was anything like the unanimity now shown before the time has come to start the wheels of banking in the new direction.

The national banks having shown the way, the question arises how far the other banking institutions will follow them. They may wish to enjoy the prestige of the name "national," and to share the privileges of the new system, by issuing their own notes, by rediscounting their commercial assets, by becoming depositaries of the reserves of other banks and of Government funds. In particular, State banks may wish to have their customers' checks pass at par throughout a territory as wide as the reserve system. On the other hand, they already can do all other banking acts, including some even now not available to national banks. State reserve requirements are less burdensome, and State laws even allow reserves to be in national notes. The privileges of investment are less restricted by State regulations, and State inspection and regulation are less rigorous. These considerations alone can hardly control the decision. In some States the statutes forbid banks to purchase securities of other banking institutions, and there have been official rulings that this applies to the purchase of Federal reserve shares. It will be seen that there is a perplexing balance of pros and cons. Happily there is plenty of time for their consideration. No time is set for the action of the State banking institutions, and they are able to observe how others fare under the new conditions before taking the plunge themselves.

The importance of their decision is considerable in relation to the total of banking in the new system. In such States as Missouri, Kansas, Minnesota, and others the State banking institutions far outrank the national banks in capital and assets. In this city ten institutions hold deposits from twice as many banks as have entered the new system, or from more than half of all the banks in the United States. In a less degree the same conditions obtain in the other central reserve cities. If it is considered what a burden is thrown upon the central reserve city banks by the necessity of losing an excessive proportion of their deposits and of shifting an excessive proportion of their reserves against their deposits, it will be appreciated that there might be such a thing as too much company in starting a system of which everything is to be hoped but of which nothing is known except that it is sound in principle, the practice under the principle being unknown in this country. In this city there are bank loans of nearly a billion dollars to borrowers outside New York, and there is a like aggregate of outside loans by Chicago and St. Louis banks. It is not desirable that the replacing of these two billions of loans should be simultaneous. The unanimity of the national banks is welcome, whereas a like unanimity by all banks might be too much of a good thing. The truth is that the banks must stand by each other both inside and outside the system.

WHY GO TO THE LEGISLATURE?

Mr. F. P. BELLAMY, counsel for the Vivisection Investigation League of this city, and BERNARD S. DEUTSCH, also of this city, on Tuesday brought charges before the Joint Judiciary Committee of the Senate and Assembly at Albany that healthy children and adults had been inoculated with the germs of tuberculosis and "loathsome contagious disease" in the hospitals here and in experiments made by Dr. NOGUCHI of the Rockefeller Institute, without the knowledge or consent of the patients or their guardians. Their purpose was to urge the passage of a bill providing a commission of investigation. The charges are of crimes committed, and of the most horrible nature. Why do not the accusers go to District Attorney WHITMAN? The District Attorney has already the power to investigate, to collect evidence, and to present it to the Grand Jury for indictments. If Mr. BELLAMY and Mr. DEUTSCH have a substantial basis for their charges, why do they not see Mr. WHITMAN?

The reply is that they have tried to interest the District Attorney in the charges and he has found no basis for them, and no basis for an investigation of them. The charges are simply reckless, vindictive, and malicious. They are false, and intended to prejudice the public against the necessary means of progress of medical science. Dr. NOGUCHI, against whom the most serious charges are brought, will be known centuries after his prosecutors are dead as the discoverer of the germ of hydrophobia, and of the cause and cure of the terrible disease of paresis, called "softening of the brain." Dr. SIMON FLEXNER, head of the Rockefeller Institute, took pains to explain to the legislative committee a fact known and undisputed by scientists the world over, that the tuberculin and luetin blood tests cannot by any possibility transmit the diseases of tuberculosis and lues. Instead, they reveal the hidden presence of these diseases in patients before it is too late to cure them.

If the anti-vivisectionists had their way, thousands of patients would die who are being saved by the doctors whose efforts the anti-vivisectionists stigmatize as fiendish.

THE "ATMOSPHERE" OF COURTS.

It is to be regretted that Judge HISCOCK in delivering the opinion of the Court of Appeals granting a new trial to BECKER should have permitted himself to refer to the "atmosphere" which surrounded the first trial. What, in this sense, is the "atmosphere" of a courtroom? Manifestly, the learned Judge referred to an atmosphere of prejudice. In its feeling of horror excited by the murder of ROSENTHAL the public had concluded that the accused were guilty, and among them BECKER. It is the plain implication of the words of the court that this atmosphere affected Judge and jury alike, and also the prosecuting attorney. It is strange that such things can be. The law foresees the danger of this atmospheric influence and provides against it. The Judge by his training, by his oath, by the thousand admonitions of experience must be above and beyond the influence of emotions that sway the crowd. The questionings and challenges addressed to the talesmen, if they are worth anything at all, lead to the impaneling of a jury free from prejudice. It would be better, we think, to withhold criticism of the District Attorney on this ground. Somebody has got to believe that the accused in a murder case is a suspicious character. It is hardly a cause of reproach that a prosecuting officer shows his belief in the guilt of the prisoner.

If this theory of court "atmosphere" is to influence the determination of appeals, how on earth is it ever going to be possible for a jury to find a conviction that will stand? If the court's reasoning about "atmosphere" is sound, we may as well abolish the jury system, and we ought to take mighty good care to put upon the Bench only men who are demonstrably incapable of being swayed by feelings that move the mob. But if popular excitement created an atmosphere unfavorable to justice in Justice GOFF's courtroom, what sort of atmosphere has the Court of Appeals created for the second trial of BECKER? Has not the court made conviction impossible? Expressly disclaiming the purpose of the court to pass upon the sufficiency of the evidence on which BECKER was convicted, because he said it might be divided on that issue, Judge HISCOCK nevertheless passed in review the witnesses LUBAN, ROSE, WEBBER, VALLON, and SCHEPPS, showed that they were the scum of the earth, and gave each and every one of them a character so loathsome as to make it unlikely that a jury would hang any dog on their testimony. Yet it is on such testimony as that of these men that the conviction of BECKER must be secured, if at all. Our leading clergymen, ex-Presidents of the Chamber of Commerce, and the retired Judges of the Court of Appeals have no knowledge of the relations of BECKER and ROSENTHAL. Which is as much as to say that if bad men cannot be convicted upon the testimony of their kind, we might as well spare the county the cost of their trials.

Only Judge MILLER in his concurring opinion states squarely that the verdict is against the weight of the evidence. Yet the majority opinion so unmistakably reflects that view that Judge WERNER in his dissent practically declares that the court has usurped the function of the jury. It is a pretty severe arraignment of the jury system indeed, when on appeal the character of witnesses and the degree of their credibility are taken into account in passing upon the issue. The jury not only hears but sees the witness. He confronts them. They weigh not only his words but his manner, and in their deliberations they analyze his testimony as it accords or conflicts with that of other witnesses. The appellate court has only the printed record and the pedigree of the witness. If the jury be not the better judge of credibility, then the juries are worth something less than we have held them to be worth.

The weight of this censorious opinion falls chiefly upon the head of Justice GOFF. Perhaps he would resign from the Bench but for the grain of comfort he gets from Judge WERNER, who, less influenced by the atmospheric theory, comes to the conclusion that there was no error of law in the first trial sufficient to justify the granting of a second. But what is the position in which the law and the courts are left by this reversal? It is not one in which good men can take pride. Indeed, as we pointed out yesterday, a system of law and procedure under which such things are possible is monstrously, disgracefully wrong. Long ago BECKER should have been a free man or he should have been put to death. Where the fault lies is a question committed to the courts to determine, and they will not determine it. The whole fault lies neither with Justice GOFF nor with the Court of Appeals. It inheres in the system which permits these unconscionable delays in determining guilt or innocence. Specifically, we may say that we think the Court of Appeals contributes to this scandal rather than lessens it when it publishes its opinion. A new trial might have been granted to BECKER in two score words on the ground of error in the court below. The opinion, as is natural enough, only makes more glaringly apparent the vices which the Bench and Bar alike should join hands in seeking to cast out from our jurisprudence.

WOOD ALCOHOL POISONING.

Home-made "claret" and green "cordial" served at an Italian wedding feast last Sunday brought death to three of the guests and made several others seriously ill. The drinks are believed to have contained wood alcohol, a deadly poison which is sold in this city without any label or warning to indicate its dangerous nature. Because of its cheapness and its close resemblance to the potable grain alcohol, unscrupulous dealers often use this poison to adulterate cheap whiskies, and in the manufacture of fruit extracts, medicines, and barbers' supplies. Unsuspecting consumers buy it in the belief that it is "good" alcohol, and use it at home in the preparation of wines and cordials.

During 1912 four persons in this city were killed and thirteen were blinded for life by wood alcohol. In the varnishing trades especially, where workmen are compelled to breathe the poisonous fumes in close or confined spaces, the number of accidents is large. For several years the New York Committee for the Prevention of Blindness has been trying to secure legislation that would prevent this unnecessary waste of life and sight. The committee has drawn up a bill which provides that wood alcohol shall be sold only in packages plainly marked "poison" and bearing the familiar skull and crossbones; that its use shall be forbidden in any food, drink, or mixture intended for internal use; and that adequate ventilation shall be required in all shops and workrooms where wood alcohol is used. The same recommendations are made by Prof. BASKERVILLE in his report to the State Factory Investigating Commission. A law embodying them should be passed by the Legislature without delay.

THE BLEACHED FLOUR DECISION.

The violent poisons of the oxids of nitrogen may be introduced into flour in an artificial process to make it whiter, but if it cannot be proved in a specific case that the poisonous ingredients are in sufficient quantity to be harmful, the practice must be permitted. That is the ruling of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Bleached Flour case, Justice DAY writing the opinion.

This appeal was not brought and financed by the millers, but by the company that controlled the manufacture of the bleaching machinery. It was not pretended that the artificial whitening of flour did it any good. It was admitted that the added ingredients were essentially poisonous, the only contention being that they were used in very moderate quantities. The Government, on the other hand, contended that the use of the poison permitted the treated flour to be sold for an increased price to the prejudice of the deceived or unwitting consumer, and it argued that harmful quantities might be used even in cases when it could not be legally proved that they were harmful.

Reasoning by analogy is of little force in law. Lawyers would say that the Northern Securities case, in which the Judges held that, although there was no evidence that harm had been done, yet possession of the power to do harm was unlawful, has nothing to do with the Bleached Flour case. The Harvester Trust was declared a malefactor in Missouri, though the court said that it had been of positive benefit to the farmers of the State; it was outlawed because it might in the future harmfully affect trade. Laymen will wonder why the courts are so jealous to secure unrestricted competition in trade, branding as criminal combinations that may in future restrict it, yet require that the consumer's stomachic pains be connected definitely with the admittedly poisonous ingredients in the bleached flour put into his bread.

If the poisonous acids of nitrogen can be introduced into food under the Federal law, the adulterators who use alum, arsenic, lead, phosphoric acid, saccharin, benzoic acid, and many other harmful chemicals may snap their fingers at the food inspectors. Poisonous substances which are not introduced in quantities to hurt certain healthy adults may harm others, and may seriously injure invalids, children, and the aged. It will hardly do to say that the public can protect itself against these chemicals by refusing to buy the manufactured foods in which they are used. It cannot detect them. Since the Supreme Court of the United States has given the benefit of the doubt in such cases to the commercial vendors, the Pure Food laws should be amended in behalf of human stomachs. It is possible explicitly to forbid the putting of chemicals in foods where their use might be harmful and might be dispensed with.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Uselessly Raking Cold Ashes.

Whatever may be thought about Admiral VON DIEDERICH's explanation of what happened while he and Admiral DEWEY were in Manila Bay, there will be, or at least there ought to be, general sympathy with his regret that the trouble which marked their relations should have been dragged out of the forgetfulness into which it was fast falling. Nobody now cares very much for a determination of just where lay the responsibility for the irritation then felt by each of these officers against the other. It all ended without resort by either to measures at all desperate.

The controversy has started, however, and little by little, probably, all of the facts so long and so carefully suppressed will be disclosed. Even then, nobody will be much surprised or disturbed. For most people, the only result will be a replacing of belief with proof that the Germans tended to side with the Spanish, the English with the Americans, and as that was not denied at the time by either, and has not been denied since, except in what may be called purely official ways, further details as to how the two interested watchers of our war understood neutrality will arouse but mild emotions in any mind at this late day. The futility of discussing the possible consequences of things not done was recognized long ago.

Of the statements made by the two commanders, that of Admiral DEWEY is by far the less provocative, since he doesn't even go so far as to admit that a serious difference of opinion regarding naval proprieties existed, while Admiral VON DIEDERICH declares that there was one and that the wicked British papers in Shanghai and Hongkong were to blame for it because they misinterpreted and misrepresented the proceedings of the German fleet. The journals referred to won't like that much and are sure to answer back. Probably they will say that they did not have to tell Admiral DEWEY what Admiral VON DIEDERICH did with his searchlights, or where he anchored his ships, or what orders the American commander at last issued on both subjects.

It's all rather remote and trivial, at present, and more provocative of amusement than of rage. The important thing is that Spaniards and Americans, Germans and English, are all at peace and good friends, now. So who cares?

Mysticism as a Detective.

No wonder that some embarrassment is felt by the State Attorney and other officials of Aurora, Ill., as result of the disclosure that they weakly yielded to a grotesquely ignorant demand and photographed the eyes of a dead woman as a means of finding out who killed her.

The belief that a picture of the last person or thing seen by the dying remains somehow imprinted on their eyes and can be seen there is extremely ancient and was once widespread. It is, of course, without the slightest basis of fact, and it could have originated only among people with no understanding whatever of optics, physiology, or the true nature of vision. They had seen, however, little "pictures" reflected from the outer surface of the eye, and, by a mysterious but rather familiar logic, reached the conclusion that though none of these in ordinary circumstances remains any longer than do those in a looking-glass, at death the effect would be different and permanent.

In recent years a like misunderstanding of photography, curiously enough, has tended to perpetuate the superstition in certain minds. This may be due to loose statements as to the likeness between the eye and a photographic camera. The likeness does exist, indeed, but the differences are enormous between the retina and the sensitized silver salt in the gelatin film. People are so apt to forget that seeing is not a matter of pictures, but of drawing deductions from varying excitations of specialized nerve endings. We can, and sometimes do, truly see what does not exist, and what does exist is often invisible to us or is seen all wrong. In no case is there any photograph, in the eye, either permanent or impermanent, and never, never, never, is the picture on the outside of the eye seen in any sense by the eye's owner.

The utter hopelessness of the Illinois experiment is, therefore, obvious, and it is humiliating that it should have been made in a civilized and literate community. One can hope, however, that the thing was done only on the off chance that rumors of it would reach the murderer and so excite his fears as to lead to self-betrayal.

Upheld as Social Protection.

A decision handed down this week by the United States Supreme Court upholds as constitutional an Ohio law forbidding the employment of woman for more than ten hours a day. This is in harmony with the earlier decision by the same court concerning a similar law passed by the Oregon Legislature, and it would seem to make further controversy on the subject impossible.

Upholders of the right of free contract will be grieved by a settlement so contrary to their notions of liberty. They ignore, however, as the Supreme Court does not, the fact that general interests outweigh those of the individual, and that the freedom of the latter is not to injure the community, as women do when they work, no matter how willingly or under the spur of what personal need, long enough to make themselves in time community burdens in any one of many ways. Whether or not ten hours mark the point where the injury begins is a fairly disputable point, but the modern tendency is to regard that period as too long rather than too short.

It has not yet been deemed necessary anywhere to put, for the same reason, a like limitation on the toil of men. They are still allowed to work themselves to death if they choose. This may be due to realization of their less importance or easier replacement, or to a feeling of certainty that the number of them who will resort to that particular form of suicide is so small as to be negligible. The laws regarding hours of labor that men have passed in their own behalf are gladly obeyed, and excite audible protests only from employers.

WEEK-END HOLIDAYS.

Why Not Shift Present Dates to Fridays or Mondays?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is rather a pity that our holidays cannot be more effectively placed. Whoever planned Labor Day very wisely named a specific day of the week instead of a calendar date. With the increasing tendency of making Saturday a non-business day, most people thus secure a three-day holiday in the first week of September. Certainly one of the most important uses of holidays is that of giving opportunities for rest and recreation to the workers, especially those shut up in the great cities.

The observance of a particular day of the month is of little importance compared with having that day one that can be effectively used by the greatest number of people. In fact, when the stated date now falls on Sunday, there is never any demur to its celebration on Monday.

The attempt to celebrate Lincoln Day in February is unfortunate in many ways. February, the shortest month of the year, and one of the busiest, commercially speaking, already has another holiday on the 22d. The consequence is that only a small part of the business world observes the 12th of February. Moreover, the time of year is one that in this part of the country, at least, is not favorable for holiday observance.

If Lincoln Day could be placed on the first Monday in August, (a month without a holiday, and one in which the most benefit could be had, with the least cost to business interests,) most of the workers and office "shut-ins" could plan each year for a three-day outing in the middle of the most trying season.

In like manner, if it were possible to change the celebration of the other general holidays—New Year's Day, Washington's Birthday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas—making each either on a certain Friday or a certain Monday in the month, the result would be a series of three-day "oases" from time to time throughout the year, which in all would amount to twenty-one days. What this would mean to many thousands of people requires little imagination to estimate. IRVING PUTNAM.

New York, Feb. 24, 1914.

WOMAN'S SUBORDINATION

Forced on Her by Man, but Enfranchisement Had Begun.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If Filicity Grey will turn to Sir John Lubbock's "Origin of Civilization" and his "Prehistoric Times," to Tyler's "Primitive Culture," Karl Pearson's "Chances of Death," Spencer's "Sociology," Ward's "Pure Sociology," Letourneau's "History of Marriage," Westermarck's "Origin and Development of Moral Ideas," she will be introduced to a whole library of additional books in which may be found an indisputable array of evidence of wars stretching over possible centuries, not between men and women, but between men of different tribes and races, and in which women were ever the unhappy victims. By means of these wars women were reduced to the double humiliation of slavery and compulsory wifehood. It was this "marriage by capture" which, as all the world ought to know, robbed women of property, children, name, and independence.

This condition became permanent and superstition riveted a belief in its divine origin upon the human mind. Men accepted the subordination of women as final evidence of their natural inferiority; women, hearing and knowing of nothing different, humbly acquiesced in the theory. The emergence from that subjection has taken many centuries and a weary struggle is still ahead before it shall be complete. The opposition to votes for women harks back a hundred thousand years to a time when men with clubs in their hands seized women by the hair of the head and haled them off to camp. The plea for political justice is the perennial cry of protest which has echoed down the ages since that self-same time.

CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT.

New York, Feb. 24, 1914.

COAL DELIVERY DIFFICULT.

Those Who Can Should Buy Early in the Season.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

At this time, which is the worst since 1888 for the delivery of coal, it may not be amiss to say that a large part of the inconvenience and trouble which consumers are suffering is due to their own carelessness and indifference in failing to order their coal far enough in advance and in sufficient quantities to provide against such conditions as prevail to-day. If all the people who have the room and the means to pay for at least one month's supply purchased it in time and kept a stock on hand the dealers even at such a time could take care of the rest of their customers, who, through lack of money or space, require quick delivery of small quantities.

With the streets in their present condition, no dealer can deliver more than one-third of his normal output, and it is hardly reasonable to suppose that he could triple his facilities if he tried, especially in view of the fact that all the available horses and trucks are hired by the Street Cleaning Department for hauling snow. Humane reasons alone should be sufficient to prompt people to put in an adequate supply of coal early in the season. If consumers are indifferent to pecuniary loss sustained by the dealers, they might at least consider the unnecessary hardship and suffering imposed upon men and horses in delivering coal in zero weather and snow-blocked streets.

ARTHUR F. RICE,
Commissioner Coal Merchants' Association.
New York, Feb. 24, 1914.

Refuse Thrown Into Streets.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I call the attention of your readers to a condition of things in this city which seems to me a danger to health?

Since the snow came, more than a week now, it has been the daily practice of the private ashmen to empty their cans of ashes, and more or less garbage, into the streets. To-day I have seen as many as six cans entirely emptied in the snow drifts near my house. A TAXPAYER.

New York, Feb. 22, 1914.

THE CHILDREN'S BILL.

Proposed Federal Law Responds to the Nation's Sentiment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A Federal child labor law would be an expression of the moral conscience of the whole nation as affecting the protection of children. The introduction of the Palmer Federal Child Labor bill indicates the accumulation of public sentiment as already represented in the legislation of various States; this will tie them all up together in a national sentiment. When the majority of the people of the States have declared themselves and have secured legislation in their States it is fitting that it should be expressed nationally.

We see a striking analogy in the establishment of the Federal Children's Bureau. Only after many States had declared themselves as interested in the problems of childhood could it be established. Ten years ago such a bureau would not have been possible, because the whole United States did not care enough, the individual States were not awake to the need of information and education. The Palmer Federal Child Labor bill applies to those engaged in the production of goods for interstate commerce, merely the principles of child protection already adopted by a majority of the citizens in a majority of the States. It sets a 14-year age limit for factories—forty States have done the same. For mines and quarries it fixes a 16-year age limit; fifteen States have such a limit for mines or mines and quarries; ten States have a 16-year limit for other dangerous occupations, and of the remainder there are five States employing each less than 1,000 persons of all ages in mines. Children under 16 may not work at night, a provision already in force in thirty-four States. And the working day of children under 16 is limited to eight hours; all the States but six have limited the working hours of children. They do not agree on the length of the working day, but eighteen have fixed it at eight hours, and the principle has been adopted by all the States which are industrially developed except West Virginia.

The Palmer bill is stronger than any former Federal bills in that it enters definitely into the question of hours and occupations as well as age. The bill is comprehensive enough to arouse enthusiasm, and it is significant that such an organization as the National Child Labor Committee has indorsed it. I am glad that the author has presented a bill which is so simple in its form and method and which holds responsible, not the carriers, as other Federal bills have done, but those who are responsible, namely, the employers of children.

Of course, a Federal law will directly affect only those children involved in manufacturing for interstate commerce, but it will be a stimulus to backward States. It will call to the attention of well-meaning employers who may not have given thought to the subject the wrong done to children by premature employment. And the nation will set a standard below which the individual States will be ashamed to fall.

LILLIAN D. WALD,
President and Head Worker The Henry Street Settlement.
New York, Feb. 25, 1914.

HIS HIGHNESS THE JANITOR.

Despite Easy Work and Good Wages, He Does Not Stay Long.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As one of many unfortunate "alleged" owners of apartment houses, permit me to call your attention to our partners, the janitors, for, in many instances, they get more out of the property than the worried, over-assessed, over-taxed, over-mortgaged, burdened "owners."

We must have janitors. It is not hard work. Most of them get their rent and gas free, with $30 to $50, according to their ability. The average "professional" seldom has a reference, except a written one, given to him to get him off the premises. He usually lies about his ability in regard to repairs, coal economy, &c., and when he lands on the job, with his goods and chattels, begins to assert his authority over both tenants and owners.

His first search when he lands in a new job is to get the measure of the several tenants, in order to find out the liberal tipper, and these people are to blame, in many instances, for inefficient janitors. The janitor will neglect the regular work to get the tip. This leads to beer drinking and general inattention to general duties, until, after repeated warnings, he is bounced. Few owners care to change janitors frequently; it means trouble in breaking in, &c., so that they will prefer to have the devil they know than the one they don't.

Any owner will welcome a novice who is not afraid of a little work, and will cheerfully pay a good salary in proportion to the man's mechanical abilities. Many a mechanic makes much less than a janitor, and has all the worries and cares in searching for work day after day, while the janitor is keeping warm in his snug quarters, with little or nothing to do most of the time. Give us some of the unemployed who are now walking the streets day after day in search of work, and we will gladly put the professional janitor where he belongs.

APARTMENT HOUSE.
New York, Feb. 24, 1914.

Intermarking Library Books.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A rather prevalent nuisance which has come to my notice with more force than ever of late leads me to think that some public protest will meet the approbation of your readers. I refer to the marking of books in our public libraries, not the willful disfiguring and destroying of public reading matter that seems the work of degenerates, but the underlining and other marking that is so often seen on the pages of books that plainly are not read by persons of the type which takes delight in destroying property.

EARL STAFFORD.
Essex Fells, N. J., Feb. 23, 1914.

Our Sundays Too "Blue."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Anglo-Saxon Sunday is nothing short of an anachronism. In Catholic countries like France, Spain, and Italy the day is one of joy and recreation, not too sacred even for the holding of elections and kindred civic functions. Protestant Germany and Scandinavia are equally liberal and enlightened, while in America we even postpone the celebration of a national holiday to the next day, and the ordinary Sunday is a day of misery, hampered by blue laws and all manner of ridiculous restrictions.

ROBERT BLOOMFIELD.
Jersey City, N. J., Feb. 22, 1914.

AT THE KENNEL CLUB SHOW.

Tessie's dog has won a prize.
What is that to me?
Tessie is just jubilant—
Hugs her pet in glee.
'Spose I should look proud and gay—
"Love me, love my dog," they say!

Tessie clasps Tot to her heart,
Gurgles in her joy.
All her interest bestows
On her "precious boy."
Silent, stolid, I must stay.
"Love me, love my dog," they say!

Tessie calls him "honey boy";
Kisses his cold nose.
Quite indifferent he seems,
No emotion shows.
Oh, the rôle I'm forced to play!
"Love me, love my dog," they say!

Should Tess kiss me—on the nose—
Think you I'd demur?
I must watch her lavish love
On that pampered cur!
When it comes to Tessie May—
"Love me, HATE my dog," I say!

ELLA A. FANNING.

HECKLE BRYAN ON TREATY.

Senators Find Denmark Agreement Allows Arbitration of National Honor

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Secretary Bryan's plan for treaties with all the world providing for a year's breathing spell for investigation and reflection as to the cause of the trouble before two powers go to war received a reverse in the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations this morning. Senators familiar with the general outline of Mr. Bryan's plan were surprised to find appended to the treaty with Denmark a sweeping provision for the arbitration of all disputes, and objections focussed against that provision.

Mr. Bryan himself appeared to plead for a favorable report on the treaty. As Senators understood the convention, it would provide for the arbitration equally of questions of national policy, national honor, and territorial integrity. A similar provision in the treaties negotiated with Great Britain and France in President Taft's administration caused the Senate to modify the conventions beyond recognition, and the ratifications never were exchanged.

Senators were amazed by the casualness with which Mr. Bryan presented the important aspects of the treaty. One Senator reminded him that Denmark had islands in the West Indies that might prove a grave strategic menace to the Panama Canal should they come into the possession of a first-rate maritime power. The United States, the Senator pointed out, heretofore had maintained the position that these islands must not be sold without the approval of the United States.

The question finally put to Mr. Bryan was whether he would consent to the arbitration of the principle of the Monroe Doctrine as involved in the sale of the islands in the event of their being sold by Denmark. Mr. Bryan's reply was not disclosed, but Senators got the impression that he had not previously accurately assessed the relationship of the Danish West Indies to the Panama Canal.

Mr. Bryan asked the committee to report favorably the bill raising the American Legation at Buenos Aires to an embassy. The committee will do so.

MING JARS SOLD FOR $630.

Top Price at Sale of Carvalho Porcelains—Day's Returns $12,740.

Edson Bradley gave the high price at the Carvalho sale of Chinese blue and white porcelains at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, $630 for a pair of heavy stone weight porcelain jars (Ming) decorated in blues shading from pale cobalt to purplish, with four medallions inclosing cloud forms, flying cranes and peacocks. A buyer giving the name of Mrs. Franklin paid $500 for a 44-inch tall, oviform, hat-shaped jar (K'ang-hsi) with an elaborate decoration of domestic and garden scenes; $305 for a 13-inch blue and white temple jar of the same period, ovoidal with short neck, decorated with a scene of a grand ceremonial, and $245 for a tall cylindrical club-shaped blue and white vase, (early K'ang-hsi.)

Mrs. Orme Wilson paid $220 for a pair of tall beaker-shaped vases, decorated with leaf forms and conventionalized lotus flowers; a pair of Hawthorne temple jars with Mandarin covers, 17½ inches, (K'ang-hsi,) went to Edward Goetz for $540; Benton paid $554 for a tall, slender, graceful vase with a figure design, a beautiful maiden kneeling before a distinguished personage surrounded by warriors; Bernet, agent, paid $450 for a tall double gourd shaped vase (Ming) stone weight porcelain, the decoration showing the philosopher Lao-tze and the eight Taoist immortals; Russell gave $325 for a tall egg-shaped vase with a deep spreading foot, (Ming) flying storks, cloud scrolls and seal characters in the decoration. A blue and white Hawthorne jar, 8¼ inches, went to Bernet for $320, and Jacob Ruppert, Jr., gave $210 for a grand blue and white temple jar, oviform, hat-shaped cover, the cover surmounted with the figure of a lion in carved and gilded wood.

To-day will be the third of the sale of blues and whites. Other porcelains will be sold to-morrow. The returns for the day were $12,740.

SEEK PLAYGROUND FUND.

$10,000 Gift Is Contingent Upon Contributions of $40,000.

H. S. Braucher, Secretary of the Playground and Recreation Association of America, announced yesterday that a friend of the association had agreed to give $10,000 to it provided four other men or women would contribute like amounts. With the $50,000 thus provided year-round playgrounds would be made possible for at least 1,000,000 children who have no playgrounds now. Less than 8,000,000 of the 30,000,000 children in the country have such playgrounds.

Among the leaders in the movement are Joseph Lee of Boston, Charles W. Eliot of Cambridge, Henry P. Davison of New York, and John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education at Albany.

C. P. ROOS BOOKS SOLD.

Merwin Disperses Collection of Art Books and Standard Sets.

The collection of art books and standard sets, owned by Christian P. Roos of Brooklyn and others, was sold by the Merwin Company yesterday. Curtis Walters paid $65 for "The Novels of James Fenimore Cooper," illustrated by F. O. C. Darley. The New York Public Library obtained for $32 "The Story of Emma, Lady Hamilton," by Julia Frankau, London, 1911. Dr. E. B. Krumbarr of Philadelphia gave $40 for "The British Poets," edited by Prof. Child, Boston, 1854-59. Maurice Sloog paid $30 for a work on architecture by Jacques Barozzio, published in Paris in 1767.

The sale will be ended to-day.

PROUTY FOR THE SENATE.

Vermont Republicans Say He Is Willing to be a Candidate.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Feb. 25.—A party of Republicans from Orleans County visited Charles A. Prouty to-day and afterward announced that the Interstate Commerce Commissioner had expressed a willingness to become a candidate for the United States Senate. The term of Senator Dillingham will expire on March 4, 1915.

Sometime ago it was reported that Mr. Prouty was considering an offer to become the candidate for the Senate on the Progressive ticket. But he issued a statement saying that he was a Republican and that if he was nominated it would be on that ticket.

Capper for Governor of Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 25.—Arthur Capper, publisher of Topeka Capital, to-day announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for Governor of Kansas. Two years ago Capper was the Republican candidate for Governor and was defeated by George H. Hodges by twenty-nine votes.

Asher C. Hinds May Run Again.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 25.—Congressman Asher C. Hinds, who recently announced that he would not be a candidate for re-election, has reconsidered and says he will leave the matter to the decision of the Republican voters of his district.

Moving Pictures in Court.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Would any one, before the occurrence, have conceived it possible, even in these days of laxity in matters of common decency, that a Federal court room could be the theatre of such a performance as took place last week at Concord, when a moving picture camera was operated throughout the hearing of the Thaw case before Judge Aldrich? That it did take place would seem to go far to explain, if not to justify, the prevailing want of respect for our courts and Judges.

DISGUSTED.
New York, Feb. 23, 1914.

SOCIETIES TO PUT UP A 12-STORY BUILDING

League for Political Education, Civic Forum, and Economic Club to Invest $1,200,000

NEAR UPPER TIMES SQUARE

Large Auditorium to Seat 1,500, Many Small Lecture Rooms and Offices Included in Plans.

A twelve-story building which has been designed primarily as the permanent home of the League for Political Education is soon to be erected on a large plot near the upper section of Times Square. The officers of that association with the co-operation of the Civic Forum and the Economic Club have obtained an option on a plot now occupied by seven old houses at 108 to 120 West Forty-ninth Street, between Sixth Avenue and Broadway. It is on the south side of the street, close to the Fiftieth Street stations of the both the elevated and Subway lines and has a frontage of 157 feet.

The option, it was said yesterday, has been taken merely as a preliminary step toward closing up a few details. The building has been completely designed and arrangements are being made to begin building operations this Spring so that the new structure may be ready for use by the Spring of 1915. The property is held at close to $500,000 and the cost of the new building will bring the total investment up to $1,200,000, making it one of the largest operations in the Times Square district.

The owners of the Forty-ninth Street property are Samuel K. Jacobs and the Century Holding Company, composed of Lee & Fleischman. When the deal is closed title to the property will be taken in the name of the Societies Building Realty Company, composed of the officers of the League for Political Education, with many members as stockholders and the officers of the other societies which are planning to establish their homes there. The League for Political Education is controlled by nine trustees, with Dr. E. R. L. Gould as Chairman, and the architect of the City & Suburban Homes Company, of which he is the head, have designed the building. The other trustees of the League are Robert G. Mead, Treasurer; A. S. Frissell, President of the Fifth Avenue Bank, Secretary; Prof. John Bates Clark of Columbia University, John Martin, Mrs. Henry E. Alexander, Miss Spence, Miss Laura B. Day, Mrs. Robert Abbe, and Robert Erskine Ely.

The League for Political Education was organized twenty years ago. Its offices are in the Berkeley Lyceum, in Forty-fourth Street, and its lectures have been held in the small theatre there and in the Hudson Theatre. Both of these places have been too small to accommodate the members, and the crowning feature of the Forty-ninth Street building will be a large auditorium on the ground floor with a spacious gallery capable of accommodating more than 1,500 persons.

Besides the societies mentioned, all of which will have their homes in the new structure, the general plan of the promoters is to make the building the headquarters in New York City of most of the societies whose interest is directed toward some phase of social service.

The structure will be known as the Societies' Building. Above the auditorium, which will take up practically all of the lower three stories, will be nine stories devoted to offices and small lecture rooms with a roof garden on top of the building. The façade will be in the style of the Spanish Renaissance, treated in light gray granite, limestone and glazed terra cotta. In the basement will be a gymnasium with swimming pool and baths, including therapeutic apparatus. Particular attention has been given to the auditorium, which will have nine exits from the ground floor and thirteen from the balcony, a number in excess of the legal requirements and which, in case of danger, will permit the occupants to leave in the shortest space of time. Four small stores will be installed on the ground floor.

Before determining upon the purchase of this large Forty-ninth Street plot the officers of the League for Political Education took the rather unusual step of asking several leading real estate men their opinion regarding the financial success of such an undertaking. The men whose advice was sought were Alfred E. Marling, President of Horace Ely & Co., Robert E. Simon, President of the Henry Morgenthau Company, William H. Wheelock, Vice President of the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, Walter Stabler, Controller of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, and Joseph P. Day. Their report, just presented to the officers of the league, after pointing out the facilities for renting offices, says that after providing for a twenty-year amortization of a $500,000 mortgage a 4 per cent. net return may be reasonably expected on an equity of $700,000.

TWO CLAIMED DRAFTS.

Interocean Oil Company Explains the Hampel Attachment.

The attachment obtained by William Hampel against the Interocean Oil Company was not due to any inability or refusal on the part of the Interocean Oil Company to pay its drafts.

Ownership of the unpaid drafts upon which this attachment was issued is claimed by William Hampel, representing the Dresdner Bank in Hamburg, and by the International Banking Corporation. The claims of these two parties being adverse, the Interocean Oil Company could not, it contends, pay the drafts to either of them with safety to itself.

Early in December, 1913, the Interocean Oil Company deposited the amount due upon the drafts with the Importers and Traders Bank in a special fund to await the outcome of the controversy between these parties. The attorneys for the parties had agreed to take the deposit, place it in a trust company and relieve the Interocean Oil Company from liability, determining the question of ownership of the money in a suit between the claimants; but in violation of this agreement, it is asserted by the oil company, the attorneys for Mr. Hampel issued the attachment. The Interocean Oil Company proposes to pay the money into court and ask the court to decide which of the claimants is the owner of the fund.

CITY NEEDS EFFICIENCY MAN

Bruere Defends Bill Changing Qualifications of Accounts Commissioner

The Board of Directors of the New York State Society of Certified Public Accountants sent yesterday to the members of the Legislature copies of a resolution adopted at a meeting on Feb. 13 protesting against the proposed bill to amend the city charter to provide for changing the office of Commissioner of Accounts to the Commissioner of Administration and making it unnecessary that the Commissioner should be a public accountant. When Chamberlain Bruere was told of the society's action, he said:

"Eight or ten years ago the certified accountant represented all that the Commissioner of Accounts need be. But things have changed, and to-day it is not enough to be a certified accountant to hold that important place. The man who holds that position must be an efficiency engineer—a new profession and a big one. The ordinary accountant does not possess sufficient knowledge of the technique of administration, and, therefore, he is not fit for the work."

FRANK CRAVEN IN INGENIOUS COMEDY

The Erstwhile Jimmy Gilley Funny in His Own Play of Too Much Advice.

TALK—BUT AMUSING TALK

The Progress of "Too Many Cooks" Hampered by Too Much Unity of Space and by Inadequate Cast.

TOO MANY COOKS, a comedy in three acts, by Frank Craven. At the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre.

Alice Cook	Inez Plummer
Mrs. Cook, her mother	Mattie Keene
Mr. Cook, her father	Martin Mann
Louise Cook, her aunt	Jennie Weathersby
Emma Cook, her aunt	Bessie Osmond
Bertha Cook, her sister	Virginia Erwin
Mary Cook, her sister	Bessie Fischer
Walter Cook, her uncle	Charles Fischer
Joe Cook, her brother	Phillip Bern
Louis Cook, her brother	Phillip Hillman
Ella Mayer, her friend	Eva Condon
Albert Bennett, her fiancé	Frank Craven
Frank Andrews, his friend	John Cromwell
George Bennett, his uncle	Edward McWade
Simpson	Jonathan Kieff
"Uncle" Ben Wilson	George Williams
Pete	Ralph Howard
Bill	Ford Wilson
Tom	George Stillman
Minnie Spring	Gladys Coburn

Frank Craven, the inimitable Jimmy Gilley of "Bought and Paid For" memory, has written a play for himself and he started out with fine capital in the form of an original idea. That is why "Too Many Cooks," which opened last evening at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre, is something just a little different from anything else that the season has brought to Broadway. It is a two-story comedy in the suburbs, and on the framework of his idea Mr. Craven has placed some exceptionally amusing dialogue. "Too Many Cooks" is as shrewd, as slangy and as true as a fable by George Ade. And it is just about as dramatic.

This is the idea—to let the building of the comedy show the building of a house from the time there is nothing save the brick foundations till the time when the lace curtains show behind the new green blinds. The building of it is hampered and distracted, by meddling neighbors and friends and relatives of the highest advisory capacities till, what with the strike of the carpenters, the young home builder finds he can finish it only by doing the job himself. Just so he and the girl he is to marry are hampered in their wedding plans by her people and by his people until they find that they must do the job themselves.

"What?" she cries, with much feeling when the realization comes to her, "what, leave my father and mother?"

And he answers, dryly, but with all the feeling in the world:

"Leave them flat."

So that is what they do, and that is why the final curtain finds them alone together on their own front porch, with the fireflies twinkling in the rose bushes and the organ-grinder paying for them at the gate.

That is Mr. Craven's idea, but he had to pay his price for it. This business of having three-quarters of the stage taken up by a six-room cottage that rises as the play advances leaves precious little space for the players, and those who spoke Mr. Craven's lines last evening had just about as much room as the vaudeville pair who play "in one"—that is, come out to the footlights while the front drop is down for the setting of the next act. They have room to do little more than talk, and "Too Many Cooks" is mostly talk—too much talk, for all that the greater part of it is genuinely amusing.

And these same limitations of space and action produced the most mechanical series of exits and entrances that a writer of plays could well contrive.

There is much fun in "Too Many Cooks," and most of the fun is Frank Craven. In Jimmy Gilley, Mr. Broadhurst wrote for him a part that fitted him to perfection, and he has done nearly, if not quite as well for himself. As the young home-builder he is capital, and out of the very bright lines he has written for himself he quietly and effectively brings all the humor. As much cannot be said for the rest of the cast. With the exception of Mr. McWade, none of the other players shone, and some of the lesser ones were very amateurish.

The amusement that is to be found in "Too Many Cooks" is in its dialogue, and the fun in this is all real. It should be noted gratefully that Mr. Craven, in writing his little comedy of the suburbs, has not clipped and pasted from the comic journals of the last twenty years. His comedy is dependent on none of the suburbanalities.

FAVERSHAM IN VAUDEVILLE.

Will Appear in a Version of "The Squaw Man" in Keith Theatres.

William Faversham, who recently appeared in Shakespearean productions, yesterday signed a contract with E. F. Albee for a tour of the Keith vaudeville houses of the country in a condensed version of his former success, "The Squaw Man." He will make his vaudeville début at the Colonial Theatre a week from next Monday.

Mr. Faversham left last night for Darien, Conn., to confer with Edwin Milton Royle, author of "The Squaw Man." The sketch is built around the stable scene in the third act of the play. In this form it was originally produced at a Lambs Gambol and later made into a longer play. Mr. Albee said last night that Mr. Faversham would be paid the highest salary ever given a male star in vaudeville.

GIVE LAST OF TEA DANCES.

Mrs. Robert G. Ingersoll and Mrs. W. H. Brown Entertain at Home.

Mrs. Robert G. Ingersoll and Mrs. Walston Hill Brown gave yesterday afternoon at their Gramercy Park home the last of their receptions and tea dances for this season. Mrs. Ingersoll and Mrs. Brown received alone.

The guests included Mr. and Mrs. J. Norton Griffith of London, Mrs. Alexander Duer Irving, Mr. and Mrs. William Curtis Demorest, Mrs. Lincoln Grant, Miss Miriam Way, Mrs. Lovell H. Hall Jerome, Mrs. Stephen C. Millett, Mrs. Legg Howard, Mrs. Alexander von Gontard, Dr. Louis Livingston Seaman and Mrs. Seaman, Mrs. Charles Swan, the Misses Douglas Bosworth, Dorothy Legg Howard, Eva Ingersoll Brown, Marjorie Cleveland, Georgiana H. Owen, Beatrix Buel, Marjorie Smylie, Thomas Bowen, Neal Swasey, Charles Requa, Carl Springer, and Robert Ingersoll Brown.

Mrs. Ingersoll will be at home informally on Wednesdays in March.

Our Newest Pattern

The Cromwell, here shown, is one of real beauty, simple and without unnecessary ornamentation. Like all

1847 ROGERS BROS.

"Silver Plate that Wears"

it is made in the heaviest grade of plate. Absolutely guaranteed.

Sold by Leading Dealers

CAPITAL NOT TO KEEP LENT.

Mrs. Wilson to Give Musicales and Dances to Continue.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Washington does not propose to "keep Lent" this year. Dinners and dances, the latter frequently in the name of some fashionable charity, will continue without even the twenty-four-hour intermission of Ash Wednesday.

Russian Ambassador and Mme. Bakhmeteff, who observe the Lenten season of the Greek Church, entertained a large dinner company this evening in honor of the Vice President and Mrs. Marshall. The latter, being Presbyterians, are not abridging their engagements in any way.

Those members of the fashionable world who have heretofore welcomed the Lenten season as a time of much needed rest will this year take their rest elsewhere. Mrs. Wilson will give several evening musicales between now and Easter, while dinner parties of a formal character will be quite as frequent as in the last two months.

INSPECTOR HENRY MARRIES.

Police Official Weds Miss Crittenden, Ex-Public School Teacher.

Acting Inspector Dominick Henry of the Police Department and Miss Mary Crittenden were married Tuesday noon at the Church of St. John the Evangelist in East Fifty-fifth Street, the Rev. Father Karn, P. O. P., officiated, assisted by Chaplain Sullivan of the Police Department, Mons. Murphy, and Father J. D. O'Reilly. Lieut. Richard Enright was the best man.

Mrs. Henry is a niece of the late Deputy Chief Kehoe of the Fire Department, and has been a teacher in the public schools. The wedding breakfast was at the Waldorf-Astoria. The newly married couple left Tuesday night for Palm Beach.

MISS MELBOURNE'S WEDDING.

Attendants for Her Marriage to James Vail Converse on March 10.

The wedding of Miss Nadine Melbourne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Melbourne of Whitestone, L. I., and a niece of Mrs. E. Berry Wall, to James Vail Converse, son of Mrs. G. Vail Converse of this city, will take place on Tuesday afternoon, March 10, at 4 o'clock, in All Saints' Church, Great Neck, L. I.

Miss Melbourne has chosen the Misses Dorothy Merritt of this city and Lee Rochester of Whitestone, L. I., to be her attendants. William S. Fairchild, Jr., is to be best man for Mr. Converse, and his ushers will be Talbot Taylor, Converse Pierce of Philadelphia, William Prime, Jr., and Montague Mostyn.

A reception is to be held after the church ceremony at the residence of Mrs. Clarence M. Busch at Great Neck for the relatives and intimate friends, and will be small owing to illness in the family.

Mr. Converse and his bride are to spend their honeymoon in Europe, and will reside at 24 West Fifty-ninth Street on their return. His mother and sister, Miss Grovene Converse, are now in Paris.

Miss F. E. Wheeler Weds R. N. Lee.

Miss Florence Ella Wheeler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Wheeler, was married at her parents' home, 107 North Broadway, Yonkers, last night to Robert Nelson Lee of Yonkers. The Rev. Dr. Frank L. Wilson, pastor of the First Methodist Church, officiated. Miss Gertrude Heath was the maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Ruth W. Richards of Brooklyn and Miss Louise S. Peene, Gladys Peck, and Mabel E. Quick of Yonkers. John Sowdon of Yonkers acted as best man, and the ushers were Orlando Richards of Brooklyn, Francis Q. Wheeler and Herbert Seitz of Yonkers and John Willoughby of Newark. The bride's father, who is Secretary and Treasurer of the People's Savings Bank here, gave her in marriage.

Mrs. White to Wed F. S. Hutchins.

The engagement of Mrs. Raymond S. White of 10 East Sixty-third Street to Francis S. Hutchins of 137 East Thirtieth Street is announced. Mrs. White is the widow of Raymond S. White, who died about ten years ago. Mr. Hutchins is the son of the Rev. Dr. R. Grosvenor Hutchins, and is a member of the law firm of Baldwin & Hutchins of 27 Pine Street. He was graduated from Williams College, class of '00, and belongs to the Automobile and Republican Clubs. No date has been set for the wedding.

WEINBERG—ELKAN.

Announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Arline Elkan, daughter of Mrs. Edward Elkan of Atlanta, Ga., to Bernard H. Weinberg of this city, which took place on Tuesday. After a short trip through the West Mr. and Mrs. Weinberg will reside in New York.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Cedric and Barbarossa—Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

CEDRIC (Liverpool)—Miss Marjorie Allan, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Brower, H. T. Clark, Miss E. Douglas, Miss Corrine Ediss, Mrs. Louise Edirna, George English, J. Norton Griffiths, M. P.; George Grossmith, Mr. and Mrs. Imre Kiralfy, J. H. Lister, Major and Mrs. W. W. Rhodes, Miss Madeline Seymour, and J. A. Swords.

BARBAROSSA (Bremen)—Mrs. A. Danneel, Miss Caroline Fricke, Mr. and Mrs. G. Hane, Mr. and Mrs. W. Kruse, J. H. Latky, and F. Otten.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

MINNEWASKA (London)—Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Alves, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Buffum, Mrs. M. L. Cooper, E. H. Dodd, R. Hamilton Edwards, Mrs. H. Fisher, Miss M. B. Flint, F. M. Grant, Mrs. M. C. B. Hoover, W. R. Matthews, Miss B. M. Pickering, E. R. Wakefield, and Miss M. Wakefield.

CALIFORNIA (Glasgow)—H. R. Cowper, W. Fenwick, A. Hutchinson, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Nelson, Edwin Stevenson, M. S. Sutherland, and William Paterson.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Belden, M. Burrey, J. B. Craven, J. Delmont, Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Elliott, Miss C. Gaylord, and Miss A. Eversman.

ROCHAMBEAU (Havre)—Mrs. M. Andre, J. Burkhard, M. Carrand, Hung Moon Chun, M. F. Dumas, J. D. Harris, Mrs. A. Mack, Count de Malherbe, A. W. Smith, J. Pesant, and Miss C. Thomas.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

James K. Hackett yesterday arranged to appear as Othello at the Greek Theatre at the University of California on Sept. 5. Following that performance he will present the play in the West and then bring it to New York. Mr. Hackett will bring into play the services of several hundred actors, all of whom will be engaged in New York and taken to the coast.

Elsie Ferguson has been selected by Klaw & Erlanger for the role of Lady Fredericka in Atherton Brownell and William Young's play, "The Unseen Empire," which will be produced next month. Lady Fredericka is the sole proprietor of the great Stahlstadt Gun Works, which she has inherited from her father, and is known to her workmen as "Our Lady of the Cannon." The character was suggested by Bertha Krupp, daughter of the German ordnance manufacturer.

The Arabian Nights Ball will take place at the Folies Marigny, atop of the Forty-fourth Street Theatre, this evening. The principal actors and actresses from "The Whirl of the World" at the Winter Garden, "The Midnight Girl" from the Forty-fourth Street Theatre, "High Jinks" at the Casino, "Omar the Tentmaker" at the Booth Theatre, and "A Thousand Years Ago" at the Shubert Theatre will be present in costumes worn in these plays.

Instead of closing their New York engagement on Saturday night of this week, Dorothy Donnelly with Lou Tellegen and the company which has been appearing in the Longacre Theatre in "Maria Rosa" will play a week's engagement at the Royal Theatre in the Bronx, beginning next Monday evening.

Gertrude Vanderbilt and Oscar Odee will appear in their new vaudeville sketch at the annual benefit for the Hebrew Infant Asylum at the Casino Theatre on Sunday night. Harry Leone and Anna Dale will also be on the bill, presenting a musical sketch, "A Lesson in Opera."

On Friday night, March 6, Henry W. Savage will produce for the first time in America a new operetta by Franz Lehar and Victor Leon, the authors of "The Merry Widow," under the title of "Maids of Athens." The first performance will be given at the Apollo Theatre, Atlantic City.

To-night Miss Billie Burke and the company appearing with her will celebrate the hundredth performance of W. Somerset Maugham's play, "The Land of Promise," at the Lyceum Theatre. To-night, too, by a coincidence "The Land of Promise" will have its first performance at the Duke of York's Theatre, London, with Irene Vanbrugh and Godfrey Tearle in the chief parts.

MRS. GILMAN TILTS AT MODERN WOMEN

They Are Far Behind Men as Human Beings, She Tells "Larger Feminists."

CALL TO A NEW FREEDOM

Woman Must Be Economically Free, She Insists—Drubbing for the Household Drudge.

Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman, speaking on "The Economic Relation of Men and Women—the Effect of Making Marriage a Profession," to some 300 women interested in the "larger feminism," at the Hotel Astor yesterday, destroyed both houses of the human race in rapid succession with a few sharp words, and then analyzed the results of such a dire and hypothetical catastrophe. She found that the destruction of Mrs. Man would leave the world's business in much the same condition as before—"with a little brief wailing and momentary wearing of mourning hatbands, but with all the richness, and especially all the fun, of old." But the destruction of the tribe of Mr. Man, she declared, would be a veritable annihilation of human civilization, with all its multitudinous activities and business wiped out at one fell blow—except the sale of crepe veils and powder puffs for red eyes and tear-stained cheeks.

And then Mrs. Gilman, after the fashion of the good old Duke of York, having marched her women up Manslaughter Hill, marched them down again, and restored the human race to its present-day existence, in order to heap upon the one half of it the reproaches of the overbearing and tyrannical, and to sound to the other half her clarion call of awakening to a New (and Female) Freedom.

Mrs. Gilman asserted that, as a creature of sex, woman was superior to man, an assertion that provoked no word of protest from the three men present, each one of whom seemed smilingly to admit that as a female he was infinitely inferior to the surrounding women folk. But as human beings, said Mrs. Gilman, the women were far inferior to the male of the species. Civilized man could do thousands of things which the savage man could not, but could civilized woman do many more things than savage woman? Some thought she could not do as many, said Mrs. Gilman savagely.

"We have not kept pace with the male of the human species," she said. "We are not as human as he. There is nothing a he-bear can do as a bear which Mrs. Bear cannot do as well or better. In human society alone the he can do everything and the she nothing."

Man Has Gone Forward.

Only one woman in every sixteen to-day, said Mrs. Gilman, even kept a servant; all the remaining fifteen-sixteenths were still doing housework—for the young working girls who weren't hoped to do so as soon as they could land a husband. While woman had thus remained stationary as a household drudge, man had gone forward developing all the arts and sciences and industries of human civilization.

"Now," Mrs. Gilman pointed out, "all creatures adapt themselves to their environment, and what most modifies them is what they do for a living. The tendency of the he-peacock to increase the glory of his splendid tail-feathers for sex attraction is checked, when the tail becomes very unwieldy, by natural selection; he never lets his selection interfere with his getting a livelihood. In our race alone you find the human female economically dependent on the male and fed by him. The nearest parallel to this in Nature is the case of the she-hornbill, who, while in her nest, is all walled in by mud, with only her big beak protruding; and into this the he-hornbill puts the food to sustain her. But that's only while she is in the hole. After her functions of motherhood are over she takes care of herself; and she doesn't ask for alimony if he leaves her. We women alone have the ignominious distinction of being always fed by the male of the species.

"As a result, cut off from the operation of the manifold forces developing man, the modifying force of natural selection is denied women, and nothing remains save sex selection without anything to check it. So that whereas in other species the female selects the best male and raises the quality of the race thereby, in the case of human females the selection of a mate has come to be no longer this clean and healthy choice of the best male, but a choice of a male through whom she can get a living.

"And so in human animals the sex order of nature has become reversed: in all other animals it is the male who carries the sex decoration to attract the female; in human society alone the female wears the sex decoration. They tell us the new woman will tend to be unsexed. Instead, woman is already unsexed—we have adopted the man's decoration.

Human Race Over-sexed.

"The human race is over-sexed simply because half of us make our living through that commodity. We have the harshest condemnation for the open, glaring sale of it, and for monetary marriages if they are glaring. But we do not yet condemn the condition itself. While woman as a class depends on man as a class economically, some women will necessarily make monetary matches. It can't be helped. But as soon as all women become economically independent, and with the cooling of the race, there will be an end to this condition."

The primordial duty of women as females, said Mrs. Gilman, was undoubtedly to be mothers. But as human beings their duty was far outside that—even a kitten could be a mother. She continued:

"Men have taught themselves to believe that because we're females we can be nothing else. Now we tell them we are females, but also human beings. The news hurt them; it dislocates their previous underlying ideals. But it can't be helped. Women are beginning now to develop race characters as well as mere sex characters."

In the entanglement of sex and business, Mrs. Gilman said, woman had brought her sex energies into business in order to get a male, and man had brought his business into his sex energies in order to get a living and thereby his female. Both sex and work had thereby been degraded and the highest human relations desecrated. The economic relations of man and woman must be disentangled first, she said, before their sex relations could be disentangled.

"Man has deliberately bred the pretty, gentle little type of female in his choice of a mate, for her sex qualities alone, because that timid type is the easiest to handle," said Mrs. Gilman. "Most of us women to-day boast, actually boast, of being afraid of mice! I have told women that the mouse is a harmless little animal, and has very sweet and agreeable fur. I've felt it. Timidity is only another word for cowardice. We have every right to be as courageous as men, and we need to be."

Party for "Grumpy" Juvenile Cast.

Thomas Benton Carnahan, Jr., who recently played the title rôle in the children's performance of "Grumpy," will have a party this afternoon at the Lyceum Theatre. At the invitation of Mrs. James Speyer and through the courtesy of Daniel Frohman, the cast of the children's performance will see Billie Burke in "The Land of Promise." After the matinée Mrs. Speyer will entertain the children in Daniel Frohman's studio in the Lyceum Theatre. The children include Sibylla Bauhan, Richard Cubitt, Thomas B. Carnahan, Jr.; Robert Barber, Jesse and Paul Kelly, Maurice Farrel, Roy Desmond, Raymond M. Ellis, Harold Brooks, Gladys A. Conterno, and Florence Ware.

Plays for College Settlement.

"The Man of Destiny" and "Nance Oldfield" will be presented to-morrow night at the Aerial Theatre, on the roof of the New Amsterdam Theatre, by the New York Branch of the Associate Alumnae of Vassar College for the anniversary fund of the New York College Settlement, at 95 Rivington Street. Mrs. Inez Milholland Boissevain will play the title rôle in the latter play.

BEETHOVEN CONCERT.

New York Symphony Gives Good Performance—Seagle Sings.

The programme for the third concert of the Beethoven Festival by the New York Symphony Orchestra at Aeolian Hall last night consisted of the fourth and fifth symphonies, separated by a group of songs sung by Oscar Seagle, baritone. There was a large audience, and it gave frequent manifestation of pleasure.

The fourth symphony suffers by being placed on the same programme with the fifth, as the latter work looms so large. The former symphony was played well last night, but nothing like as well as the fifth. Both conductor and orchestra approached the playing of the fifth, as musicians do everywhere, in the spirit that it was to be an event out of the ordinary.

The feeling of taking a long breath before the plunge was almost a tangible thing. The same atmosphere of devotion to the task continued throughout the work, and the result was a performance of a vitality that made itself felt with thrilling effect. The orchestra was heard to good advantage, the qualities of finish, variety, and flexibility being evident under the directing hand of Mr. Damrosch. Both the ensemble and the individual playing was a factor in the general result, under the latter head being considered such contributions as that of the first oboe player, who managed several short solo phrases with exquisite gradation of tone quality.

Mr. Seagle's fine resonant voice and taste in style made the songs a number that was a distinct gain to the programme. If he did clip his phrases a trifle in the first song, "Lied aus der Ferne," he more than made up for it by the noble delivery of the last, "Die Ehre Gottes." Coenraad U. Bos made a feature of the accompaniments as usual.

AID TUBERCULOSIS CLINICS.

Paderewski to Give Concert in Carnegie Hall on March 7.

The Women's Auxiliary of Tubercular Clinics of the Health Department of New York has bought for reselling the boxes and orchestra seats for Paderewski's concert on the afternoon of March 7 in Carnegie Hall. The proceeds are to be used by the Auxiliary in its work in preventing tuberculosis and its spread.

The organization is represented in each of the tubercular clinics of the Health Department. Mrs. Hermann A. Biggs is Chairman of the West Side Clinic; Mrs. Charles A. Frank is Chairman of that on the east side; Mrs. Oren Root is Chairman of the Harlem Clinic dealing with Italians, and Miss Katharine McClure is Chairman of the Bronx Clinic. All are Vice Presidents of the Auxiliary and each has nurses under her direction who visit families and look into the sanitary conditions, the food and care of patients, and the protection of the other members of the families.

Miss Beatrice Bend is President of the Auxiliary, succeeding in January, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman; Mrs. Albert H. Harris is Treasurer; Miss Helen Brice is Secretary, and Miss Ruth Twombly is Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee.

Boxes and seats may be had from Mrs. Joseph A. Earle Stevens, 71 Park Avenue, and also from any member of the committee, which is made up of Mrs. George C. Clark, Jr.; Mrs. Gifford A. Cochran, Mrs. Grenville Emmet, Mrs. Reginald Fincke, Mrs. J. Arden Harriman, Mrs. P. Stuyvesant Pillot, Mrs. William Ross Proctor, Mrs. Robert Pruyn, Mrs. Fuller Potter, Mrs. Oren Root, Miss Ruth Twombly, and Miss Bend.

Fete of Association for the Blind.

The eighth annual fête of the New York Association for the Blind will be held at the Hotel Astor on April 14. Novel features are being planned, after which there will be dancing. Gov. Glynn and Mrs. Glynn and Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel are to open the fête. The list of patronesses will be headed by President and Mrs. Woodrow Wilson. The Committee on Invitation includes Mrs. Lawrence L. Gillespie, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mrs. Richard Irvin, Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, Jr., and Miss Winifred Holt. Tickets may be obtained from the Executive Secretary, Mrs. M. R. Sherman, at The Lighthouse, 111 East Fifty-seventh Street.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Albert H. Gallatin has postponed the tea dance which she was to have given at Sherry's on March 14 owing to a death in the family.

Mrs. A. Holland Forbes and her daughter, Miss Natalie Forbes, have gone to the Kirkwood Hotel at Camden, S. C., to spend a month.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth B. Schley of 845 Fifth Avenue are at the Hotel Gotham for a brief visit.

Mrs. Arthur J. Slade of 172 East Seventy-second Street is entertaining Miss Janet Richards of Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff are giving a dinner to-night for ex-President William H. Taft at their house, 965 Fifth Avenue.

Commander Henry H. Hough, U. S. N., and Mrs. Hough, who are arriving to-day on the Olympic, are to be at the St. Regis for a few days. Commander Hough is returning to Washington from his post as Naval Attaché to the American Embassy in Paris.

Capt. Fillippo Camperio and Mrs. Camperio (Miss Eleanor Terry) are being congratulated upon the birth of a daughter on Sunday at their Washington, D. C., residence. They have a son 2 years old.

Mrs. Samuel C. Van Dusen is at home on Wednesdays at 132 East Thirty-fifth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer have been occupying their new home, 1,058 Fifth Avenue, since early in January.

Mrs. M. Orme Wilson will entertain at dinner this evening at her residence, 4 East Sixty-fifth Street.

Carl J. Blenner will give a reception this afternoon at 58 West Fifty-seventh Street for Miss Lucrezia Bori of the Metropolitan Opera Company.

Mrs. Joseph T. McLean of 223 East Seventeenth Street is giving a reception this afternoon for Mrs. Ian Forbes-Robertson and Mrs. Beatrice Forbes-Robertson Hale.

The Rev. Percy Stickney Grant will give this morning at the residence of Miss Grace Wilkes, 16 North Washington Square, the first of a series of lectures.

Mrs. Jacob L. Phillips of 49 East Sixty-seventh Street will have at her house this morning the first meeting of the sewing class in aid of the Catholic Institute for the Blind. Mgr. Lavelle will give a brief address.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Lewisohn of 2 East Sixty-seventh Street will give a dance at the Plaza on March 18.

Entertainment for Maggie Teyte.

An after-theatre entertainment and dance is to be given to-night in the Della Robbia Room of the Vanderbilt for Miss Maggie Teyte, who is leaving shortly for the Pacific Coast. Among the artists who will take part will be Cyril Maude and Miss Laurette Taylor, in a new sketch; Miss Clara Fargo and Robert Breese, society amateurs, in special dances; Frank Pollick and Andrea de Segurola of the Metropolitan Opera Company.

Judge James S. Young.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 25.—Judge James S. Young, of the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, died suddenly at his home here to-day. He was born in Pittsburgh on Dec. 3, 1848. He attended Washington and Jefferson College, from which he received degrees of A.B. and LL.D., and was admitted to the bar in 1872. He practiced in Pittsburgh until 1902, when he was appointed United States Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania. He held this position for three years. In 1905 he was appointed Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in Allegheny County, Penn., and served until 1908, when he became United States District Judge. Judge Young was married to Lida J. Baldwin, daughter of Dr. J. D. Balwin of Oil City, Penn., in 1873. He was a Republican and a member of the Union and University Clubs.

MISS WILSON BELLE AT GREENWICH PARTY

President's Daughter Drops In on a Neighborhood Gathering in the Old Village.

DANCES TWO-STEP GAILY

Compliments the Girls' Cooking and Chats with All—Is the Life of the Party.

Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the President, was the belle of an old-fashioned Greenwich Village party last night. She went to the party, which was held in the assembly hall of Public School 41, at 36 Greenwich Avenue, in a big limousine; but once she entered the room and mingled with the Greenwich villagers she seemed to forget that there were such things as automobiles.

She entered fully into the spirit of the neighborhood gathering, which Charles A. Bohen, President of the Greenwich Commonwealth, had planned for her. She danced the two-step with young and old men, who clustered about her, eager to dance not only with the President's daughter, but also with the most vivacious partner of the evening. She participated in rollicking "Dan Tuckers," laughing freely at its surprises.

Boyd Fisher, an efficiency engineer of 41 Park Row, who came with Miss Wilson, claimed her for the first dance and got a share of the others, but the rivalry of the Greenwich Village swains was far too keen to permit him a monopoly.

Then Miss Wilson sampled the refreshment which the Greenwich Village girls had prepared and paid Greenwich Village cooking the compliment of taking repeated helpings. She distributed her time among the two hundred men and women, boys and girls, at the party so evenly that when it was over she had exchanged a few words with every one of them

The party came as a surprise to Miss Wilson. She has always taken a great interest in settlement and social centre work, and especially in the Greenwich Commonwealth, one of the liveliest and most unaffected in the whole city. She had written to Mr. Bohen that she was going to be in the city on Wednesday evening and would like to meet the members of the Commonwealth. Mr. Bohen then hit on the idea of giving an old-fashioned party.

No modern dance was seen on the floor last night. The "two step" was the most recent that appeared on the programme, and Miss Wilson danced it without a suggestion of "the modren influence." She expressed herself as delighted with the party, and as she left with Mr. Fisher in her automobile, she left behind her the impression of having herself been the chief factor in the evening's success.

REV. J. P. CALLAGHAN DEAD.

Rector for 21 Years of Our Lady Help of Christians Church.

The Rev. John P. Callaghan, for the last twenty-one years rector of the Catholic Church of Our Lady Help of Christians in East Orange, N. J., died in the rectory yesterday from paralysis. Born in Newark fifty-nine years ago, Father Callaghan received his early education in the parochial schools of that city. He was graduated from Seton Hall College, South Orange, with honors in 1874. In the same year he was sent to the Catholic University of Louvain in Belgium with his classmate, the Right Rev. John J. O'Connor, present Bishop of the diocese of Newark.

Father Callaghan was ordained a priest in Mechlin, Belgium, on Dec. 22, 1877. Returning to this country he was appointed a curate in St. Mary's Church, Jersey City. Later he went to the Church of Our Lady of Grace, Hoboken, and in 1893 to the parish of Our Lady Help of Christians, to act as administrator during the illness of the rector, the late Rev. Michael J. Kirwin. When the latter died a year later Father Callaghan became rector.

Through the efforts of Father Callaghan the present church, built of marble and costing $200,000, was completed. For years out of his own pocket he had annually sent a boy from the parochial school to St. Francis Xavier College, New York, to complete his studies.

Capt. Horace P. Clark.

Capt. Horace P. Clark, former general Eastern representative here of the Atlantic Coast Line, with which he was connected for 38 years, died yesterday at his home, 316 West Ninety-third Street. He was born in Georgia and was educated in the public schools here and at New Haven, Conn., where he was graduated from a military academy. He served in the civil war with the First Georgia Regiment, part of the time as Adjutant, and retired with the rank of Captain. Capt. Clark married Miss Mary Herrick of Burlington, Vt., who survives him with a daughter, Mrs. Brodhead, wife of Dr. George L. Brodhead, 144 West Fifty-eighth Street, and a son, J. Stedman Clark.

Arthur Shadwell Martin.

Arthur Shadwell Martin, a writer who assisted the late Dr. Samuel Binton in his translation of "Quo Vadis" and did some original work of his own besides, died yesterday at 93 Sixth Avenue. Although he at one time brought himself to comfortable circumstances by his pen, Mr. Martin died in poverty, and will be buried to-day by the New York Press Club. Mr. Martin was 52 years old and a graduate of Oxford University. He wrote a book on parody which was published by Henry Holt & Co., and collaborated with Miss Esther Singleton in producing several books on art and history.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. JOHN PRINGLE, a prominent physician of East Newark, N. J., died in his home at 49 Sherman Avenue there yesterday of pneumonia developing from a cold which he contracted while making a sick call. Dr. Pringle, who was 68 years old, was born in Glasgow and came to this country thirty years ago. He was a graduate of the University of Glasgow. Dr. Pringle was President of the East Newark Board of Health since its organization a few years ago. He left a family.

EDWARD DUDLEY PHILLIPS, 55 years old, since his youth associated with the banking house of J. & W. Seligman & Co., 1 William Street, died yesterday at the Hotel San Remo. Mr. Phillips was born in New York City. He was unmarried, and is survived by a brother. Mr. Phillips was a Director in the Aztec Land and Cattle Company.

Mrs. MARY T. MANDEVILLE-JOHNSTON, widow of Edward W. S. Johnston, for many years a practicing attorney here, died on Tuesday at her home, 52 East Seventy-fifth Street. Mrs. Johnston was the daughter of the late Dr. Frederick B. and Sarah T. Mandeville of Newark, N. J.

Ex-Mayor CONRAD RICHTER of New Brunswick, N. J., who had been an invalid with heart disease for five months, died yesterday at his home in Milltown, N. J. Mayor Richter organized the Volunteer Fire Department, started the movement for the new water and sewerage systems, and established the electric lighting system for the borough. He left a wife and four sons.

Mrs. AMANDA VERITY, said to have been the second oldest resident of Greenport, L. I., is dead at her home on the North Road, Greenport, aged 95 years. She is survived by a number of grand and great-grand children, a sister, Mrs. Emily Wetmore, and a brother, Thomas Verity.

WILLIAM HARBOURNE, a retired merchant, died at his home in Flushing, L. I., yesterday, aged 58 years. He was born in Manhattan, and had been a resident of Flushing for forty years. He is survived by his wife and two children, Mrs. Millie Elizabeth Bennyhoff and William Henry Harbourne, both of Flushing. Mr. Harbourne was a member of the Flushing Methodist Church and the Royal Arcanum.

Mrs. JULIETTE FERRINGTON MEADE, wife of James E. Meade, died yesterday at her home, 82 Valley Road, Montclair, N. J. Mrs. Meade was formerly of Brooklyn, and had lived in Montclair for the last sixteen years. She was a member of the First Baptist Church and of the Woman's Guild of that church.

OAKES AMES, President of the Lamson Company and Vice President of the American Pneumatic Service Company here, died on Tuesday at his home in Milton, Mass. Previous to his business here he had been President of the Massachusetts Telephone and Telegraph Company.

LENOX G. STUART, who left here several years ago to represent the Pearson Syndicate in Spain and Portugal, is dead at his home at Barcelona, Spain.

Mrs. SOPHRONIA W. CLARK, widow of George Clark and daughter of Jacob A. Westervelt, Mayor of New York in 1853-55, died on Tuesday at her home, 130 West Seventy-third Street. Her father was one of the leading shipbuilders at this port. The sloop of war Brooklyn, of Admiral Farragut's fleet was built in his yards.

WILLIAM F. KELLY, foreman in the printing house of Price Brothers, is dead at his home, 590 Crescent Street, Brooklyn, aged 45 years.

Miss FRANCIS M. SABINE, daughter of the late Dr. Gustavus A. Sabine, died on Tuesday at her home, 960 Madison Avenue, in her seventy-fourth year. For many years she had contributed to charities.

EDWARD A. SARGENT, architect, who made the plans for the Ninth Regiment Armory, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Edward Johnson, at Rosebank, S. I., aged 72 years. He constructed the country home for John Wanamaker at Philadelphia, and was the architect for four public schools and 300 houses and cottages on Staten Island. His wife, who died two years ago, was Miss Mary Augusta Doubleday, daughter of Col. Thomas Doubleday. Mr. Sargent left four daughters, Mrs. Charles Turner, Mrs. William Merrick, Mrs. Johnson, and Mrs. William Rockstrole, Jr., and a son, Alfred B. Sargent.

CHARLES A. BANKS, 63 years of age, died on Tuesday at his home, 485 Ridgewood Avenue, Brooklyn. He was a member of Council No. 108, O. U. A. M.

Mrs. AGNES H. YOUNG, wife of George A. Young, is dead at her home, 1,613 Tenth Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 44 years. She was a member of the Olive Branch Council, D. of L.; Court Friendship, O. G. S.; Star of Independence Lodge, S. of B., and Chinquiliar Council, Degree of Pocahontas. Besides her husband she left four sons.

WILLIAM REIS, head of the firm of William Reis & Son, wholesale confectioners, died Tuesday at his home, 31 Chester Street, Brooklyn, from diabetes. He was 58 years old, and was a member of the Twenty-third Assembly District Democratic Club and a Past Chancellor of the Stella Lodge, K. of P.

SCHMITT EDGAR GEORGE, expert accountant, died on Tuesday at his home, 268 Albany Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 31 years. He was connected with Flower & Co., 49 Broadway, at the time of his death. His wife survives him.

Mrs. EMMA S. HILL died suddenly yesterday morning at her home in Roanoke Avenue, Riverhead, L. I. She was the widow of Frank R. Hill and was a lifelong resident of Riverhead. She left two daughters, Mrs. Archibald Hallett and Bertha Hill.

GEORGE A. STILLWAGON, a resident of Flushing, L. I., for seventy-six years, died yesterday at his home, 74 Barclay Street. He was born in this city in 1825, and in early life was a builder. His widow, two sons, and a daughter survive.

Mrs. MARY CLOSS, widow of George Closs, a manufacturer of musical instruments, is dead at her home, 39 Stagg Street, Brooklyn, aged 73 years. Her husband died two years ago. Mrs. Closs is survived by four daughters and three sons.

CHARITIES.

N. Y. HOUSE AND SCHOOL OF INDUSTRY

120 West 16th Street.

Orders taken for finest hand sewing and Embroidery, Trousseaux, Layettes, Children's Dresses. On sale; Calico dresses, wrappers, sheets, pillow slips, pantry towels, aprons, at one-third reductions.

Best Hand Laundry. Workroom training for poor women with pay. Children's Sewing School. Patronage and donations urgently needed for one of New York's oldest charities. Established 1850. Visit the building to see the fine Colonial mantelpieces from the mansion formerly on the site. Checks payable to N. Y. House and School of Industry.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

FINE.—To Mr. and Mrs. Julius Fine, 790 Riverside Drive, Feb. 23, a daughter.

MENDELSON.—To Mr. and Mrs. Percy Mendelson of 22 West 72d St., Manhattan, a son.

REICH.—To Mr. and Mrs. Alexander D. Reich, nee Minnie Gottlieb, 640 West 139th St., on Feb. 25, 1914, a son.

Married.

BROWN—LANGDON.—Tuesday, Feb. 22, at the Church of the Redeemer, Morristown, N. J., by the Rev. Barrett T. Tyler, Helen Montgomery, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Woodbury Gersdorf Langdon, to Thomas Ellis Brown, Jr., of New York.

Brooklyn.

ALTREUTER—CLARK.—Feb. 24, Mabel Clark to Royal W. Altreuter.

BRADY—BRENNAN.—Feb. 24, Sarah A. Brennan to Frank A. Brady.

Newark.

CURRAN—BLACK.—Feb. 23, Hazel K. Black to Thomas L. Curran.

DONALDSON—FAY.—Feb. 23, Helen Fay to Leo Donaldson.

HOOKWAY—BAGLEY.—Feb. 23, Louise Bagley to Charles Hookway.

Died.

ADRIAN.—On Feb. 25, 1914, Emma, beloved wife of John J. Adrian. Funeral Friday, 8:30 A. M., from her late residence, 604 West 135th St.; thence to Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, 142d St., near Convent Av. Interment at St. John's Cemetery.

ALCOCK.—On Wednesday, Feb. 25, 1914, Ellen Alcock, beloved mother of Eveline V. Alcock and Mrs. J. H. Rollins. Funeral services at her late residence, 343 East 58th St. Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment Saturday, 10 o'clock.

BACON.—In Brooklyn, N. Y., suddenly, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. W. Nichols, Jr., on Wednesday, Feb. 25, Irene S. de Baun, wife of Earle C. Bacon, in her 66th year. Services at 1,036 Bergen St., on Friday, Feb. 27, at 11 o'clock.

BIESER.—On Feb. 24, Wendel Bieser, beloved husband of Margaret Bieser, in his 76 year. Funeral services on Friday evening at 8 o'clock, at his late residence, 2,006-2,008 Amsterdam Av. Interment private.

BODEN.—In Westfield, N. J., Benjamin, beloved husband of Nellie D. Boden, after a long illness, Feb. 25. Funeral from his late residence, 526 Lenox Av., Westfield, Saturday, Feb. 28, at 11 o'clock A. M. Carriages will meet the 9:45 A. M. train from foot of Liberty St.

BRONSON.—Thomas A., at the New York Yacht Club, on Feb. 24, 1914. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th St., near 5th Av., on Friday, Feb. 27, at 11 o'clock. Interment at St. Peter's Churchyard, Philadelphia, on the arrival of the 1 o'clock train from New York.

CLARK.—On Feb. 25, 1914, at 316 West 93d St., Horace P., beloved husband of Mary Herrick Clark. Funeral service on Friday, Feb. 27, 1914, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. George L. Brodhead, 144 West 58th St., at 11:30 A. M. Augusta (Ga.) and Burlington (Vt.) papers please copy.

CLARK.—On Feb. 24, at her late residence, 130 West 73d St., New York, Sophronia Westervelt, widow of the late George Clark. Funeral services at her residence, Friday, the 27th inst., at 11 A. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

CORWITH.—Suddenly, at Tarpon Springs, Fla., Sunday, Feb. 22, 1914, Annie V. Corwith, beloved wife of William F. Corwith, in the 56th year of her age. Funeral services will be held Friday afternoon, Feb. 27, at the late residence of the deceased, No. 75 Cathedral Av., Hempstead, L. I., at 2 P. M. Interment Saturday morning in family plot in Cypress Hills Cemetery. Conveyances will meet all those wishing to attend services at Hempstead Depot for train leaving Flatbush Av. Station at 12:28 and Pennsylvania Station at 12:28.

CROSBY.—John Sherwin. Born 1842, died Feb. 24. Funeral service at his late residence, 150 West 82d St., on Thursday at 10 o'clock in the morning. Western papers please copy.

CROSBY.—John Sherwin. Resolved: The Woman's Democratic Club hereby express their deep sorrow at the death of the Hon. John Sherwin Crosby and tender to his widow, the President of the club, sincere sympathy. Members are requested to attend the funeral at his late residence, 150 West 82d St., at 10 A. M., Feb. 26, 1914.

DEWSON.—Harvey Field, son of Edward H. and Maude D. Dewson, suddenly, in his twentieth year at Quincy, Mass., on Feb. 24.

DOYLE.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Feb. 25, 1914, William J., beloved husband of Elizabeth Lawlor Doyle. Funeral from his late residence, 118 Fenimore St., Brooklyn, Saturday, Feb. 28, at 9:30 A. M., and thence to the Church of St. Francis Assisi, Nostrand Av. and Lincoln Road. Interment Holy Cross.

DURACK.—John H., on Feb. 24. Funeral from residence of his brother, 143 81st St., Brooklyn, on Feb. 26, 10 A. M.; thence to Church of Our Lady of Angels, 4th Av. and 74th St.

FLESHER.—Mina, beloved mother of Ferdinand, Morris, Berthold, Robert, Herman, Milla Oppenheimer, Louise Siegler, Elsie, Arndt, Irma Weill. Funeral will take place from her late residence, 229 West 110th St., Thursday, Feb. 26, 1 P. M.

FOLK.—Suddenly, Feb. 25, Deborah Katherine Folk, widow of Jesse E. Folk. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HAINES.—On Monday, Feb. 23, at her late residence, 5 East 45th St., Mary Richings, wife of Ernest D. T. Haines. Funeral service at St. George's Chapel, East 16th St., on Thursday, Feb. 26, at 11 A. M.

HALL.—Amanda L., wife of Hiram N. Hall, aged 78 years, Tuesday, Feb. 24. Funeral services at her late home in Crestwood, N. Y., Thursday at 8 P. M. Interment Friday at 10:30 A. M. in Mount Hope.

Died.

HARBOURNE.—On Feb. 24, 1914, William, beloved husband of Jennie Harbourne, aged 58 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 273 Lincoln St., Flushing, L. I., on Friday, Feb. 27, at 8:30 P. M.

HEMMER.—At Riverside, Conn., on Feb. 25, 1914, Auguste E., widow of Frederick A. Hemmer, in her 79th year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Harry Everett Montague, on Saturday, Feb. 28, on arrival of train leaving Grand Central Depot, 9:18 A. M. Interment private.

JOHNSTON.—Suddenly on Tuesday, Feb. 24, 1914, Mary Mandeville, widow of Edward William Scudder Johnston. Funeral services at her late residence, 52 East 75th St., on Thursday, the 26th inst., at 12:30 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

KENNEDY.—Suddenly, Feb. 23, Hannah J., widow of John G. Kennedy. Funeral services at her late residence, 155 Overlook St., Mount Vernon, N. Y., Thursday, 26th, at 3 o'clock. Interment at Toronto, Canada.

KNAPP.—At Haverstraw, N. Y., on Tuesday, Feb. 24, 1914, George E. Knapp, in his 57th year. Funeral service at his late residence, Hudson Av., Haverstraw, N. Y., Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

LAWRENCE.—In Groton, Mass., Feb. 24, James Lawrence, son of the late James and Elizabeth Prescott Lawrence, aged 60 years, 11 months. Funeral services will be held at the Chapel of Groton School on Friday, Feb. 27, at 11:15 o'clock. A special car will be attached to the train leaving the North Station, Boston, at 9:30 A. M., Friday, for Ayer, Mass.; returning, will leave Ayer at 12:49 P. M.

LEVY.—Henrietta, in her 79th year, wife of Louis, mother of Emanuel, Samuel, and Mrs. Nettie Altschul. Funeral from residence of Mrs. Altschul, 973 Whitlock Av., Bronx, Thursday, 10 A. M. Interment Washington Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers. Automobile cortege.

LOORAM.—On Feb. 23, Catherine Looram, beloved sister of Mathew M. Looram and Mrs. Thomas Kane. Funeral Thursday, Feb. 26, from 874 Lexington Av., to St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Lexington Av. and 66th St. Requiem mass 10 o'clock.

MARTIN.—Arthur. Services, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, West 23d, (Campbell Bldg.,) Thursday evening, 8 o'clock. Motor cortege.

MARTWICK.—On Wednesday, after a long illness, Esther A., wife of William J. Martwick. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services at her late residence, No. 1,515 45th St., Brooklyn, on Friday at 8 P. M.

McNAUGHT.—On the afternoon of Feb. 24, in the ninth year of his age, Roy Pinckney McNaught, son of Roy Hyde and Ellen Gould McNaught. Funeral at Tarrytown, N. Y., this day. Charleston, S. C., papers please copy.

MULLER.—At East Orange, N. J., Feb. 23, 1914, Franz Muller, husband of Charlotte R. Dreyer, in his 66th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 58 Park Av., East Orange, Thursday evening, Feb. 26, at 8 o'clock. Interment in Hoboken Cemetery, Hoboken.

MURRAY.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Feb. 25, 1914, Henry J. Murray, beloved husband of Jennie S. Murray and son of the late Capt. L. N. Murray. Notice of funeral later.

NASH.—At Lebanon Hospital, on Feb. 22, 1914, Amelia Sarah, beloved daughter of Calvin and Amelia Nash, in her 17th year. Funeral from her late residence, 2,384 Creston Av., Bronx, Feb. 26. Services at St. Augustine's Chapel, 11:30 A. M. Interment Evergreen.

OLLESHEIMER.—On Tuesday, Feb. 24, Richard S., beloved son of Julius and Bianca S. Ollesheimer, in his 22d year. Funeral private. Berlin papers please copy.

PEYSER.—Mary, wife of Max and mother of Michael, Morris, Henry, Nathan, Annie, Julius, Samuel, and Walter, on Wednesday, Feb. 25, 1914. Funeral private.

PHILLIPS.—On Wednesday evening, Feb. 25, 1914, at the Hotel San Remo, New York City, Edward Dudley Phillips, aged 55 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SABBATON.—On Tuesday, Feb. 24, 1914, at the residence of her nieces, 3 Windle Park, Tarrytown, N. Y., Jane A. Sabbaton. Funeral private.

SABINE.—On Feb. 24, 1914, Frances Milner, eldest daughter of the late Gustavus A. Sabine, M. D., and Julia Tufnell Sabine. Funeral services at 960 Madison Av., on Friday, Feb. 27, at 10 A. M.

SARGENT.—On Wednesday, Feb. 25, Edward Alfred Sargent, beloved husband of the late Mary Augusta Doubleday, in the 72d year of his age, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Edward F. Johnson, 33 Bay View Av., Rosebank, S. I. Funeral service at St. John's Church, Clifton, S. I., at 2:30 in the afternoon. Interment private. English papers please copy.

SQUIRES.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, Feb. 24, 1914, Lewis Squires, in his 33d year. Services at his late residence, 732 Dixie Lane, Plainfield, on Friday, Feb. 27, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in Hillside Cemetery.

TAYLOR.—Feb. 23, 1914, Ernest Campbell, beloved husband of Elizabeth Reid Taylor of 505 West 140th St. Funeral services Thursday, 1:30 P. M., at Gribbin's Parlors, 184th St. and Wadsworth Av. No flowers. Chicago (Ill.,) Houston (Tex.,) Edinburgh (Scotland) papers please copy.

TAYLOR.—On Feb. 25, 1914, Sara M., (nee Holmes,) wife of William E. Taylor, at her residence, 422A Hancock St., Brooklyn. Service Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment at Evergreens on Saturday morning.

VINCENT.—At Catskill, Stanley Vincent, M. D., aged 57 years. Funeral Friday afternoon, 3 o'clock, from late residence. Interment at Freehold Saturday.

VOGEL.—In Orange, N. J., Feb. 24, Esther Katzenstein, age 33 years, beloved wife of Robert Vogel. Funeral services at her late residence, 88 Oakwood Place, Orange, Thursday, 9:45 A. M. Interment Machpelah Cemetery, Cypress Hills, New York. Remains will be shipped on the 10:23 train from Orange, N. J., via D., L. & W. Railroad.

WARING.—Sarah E., suddenly. Funeral services at her late residence, 1 Gouverneur Place, Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment at Mt. Kensico, 11:27 A. M. train from 138th St.

WHEELER.—Suddenly, Sunday morning, Feb. 22, Andelucia E., wife of the late Hayden W. Wheeler. Funeral services from her late residence, 274 Washington Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, the 26th, at 2 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

WHITING.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Feb. 24, 1914, Charlotte E., widow of David G. Whiting, aged 68 years. Funeral service at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. John H. Scofield, Wild Cliff, New Rochelle, on Thursday, on the arrival of the 2:15 P. M. train from Grand Central Station. Carriages in waiting.

BOYD.—Agnes T., 2,814 Morris Av., Bronx, Feb. 24, aged 19. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

BROSE.—Friedericke, 251 East 57th St., Feb. 24, aged 90. Funeral private.

CAMPION.—Elizabeth, 1,115 Southern Boulevard, Feb. 24, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

COLVIL.—A. Campbell, Tompkinsville, S. I., Feb. 24, aged 54. Funeral private.

CONNELL.—Timothy, 1,001 Intervale Av., Bronx, Feb. 24. Funeral Feb. 28.

CUMMINS.—Catherine, 229 West 142d St., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DOYLE.—Andrew, 121 Varick St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-day, 9:45 A. M.

DUKE.—Irene, 579 East 161st St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.

DUNLEA.—Mary I., Port Richmond, S. I., Feb. 23.

DUFFY.—Helen C., 889 East 176th St., Feb. 24.

EBERLE.—John, Feb. 23, aged 37. Funeral 911 2d Av. to-day, 2 P. M.

FEELEY.—Bridget, 311 West 90th St., Feb. 24.

GALLAGHER.—Jennie, 612 West 143d St., Feb. 23, aged 15.

GALLAGHER.—Thomas, 882 6th Av., Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

GIBSON.—George H., 409 9th Av., Feb. 24, aged 42. Funeral service to-day.

GUMPERT.—George, Feb. 23. Funeral 239 Lenox Av.

HORSFORD.—Marie, 138 West 132d St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

JACOBUS.—Sarah E., 270 West 11th St., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

JONES.—David H., 343 West 21st St., Feb. 24. Funeral Feb. 28.

KELLY.—Alice, 1,156 Stebbins Av., Bronx, Feb. 23. Funeral to-morrow.

KOHLES.—Annie, 115 West 96th St., Feb. 23. Funeral private.

LEIB.—Henrietta, 991 Boston Road, Feb. 24. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

LEVY.—Caroline, 439 East 58th St., Feb. 23.

LOWRY.—James L., 307 West 41st St., Feb. 24. Funeral notice later.

LYNCH.—John, 409 West 54th St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McCANN.—Albert T., 525 West 36th St., Feb. 23.

McLOUGHLIN.—Frances, 652 Amsterdam Av., Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

McMANUS.—Michael J., 411 West 41st St., Feb. 23. Funeral 1:30 P. M.

McQUADE.—Margaret, West New Brighton, S. I., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MARINO.—Louise, Feb. 22, aged 69. Funeral 171 8th Av.

MATTINORE.—Lizzie, Feb. 24. Funeral 2,160 8th Av., to-day, 1 P. M.

MEREDITH.—Maurice, 248 East 94th St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MERINO.—Carmine, 58 Elizabeth Av., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day.

MOORE.—Elizabeth, 88 1st Av., Feb. 24. Funeral notice later.

MURPHY.—Maurice, 326 West 17th St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

NELSON.—Sanna, 220 9th Av., Feb. 24, aged 58.

OEHLER.—Amelia, 544 East 183d St., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

REARDON.—John F., 417 West Broadway, Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

RINGLEIN.—Ida, 303 West 122d St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

ROACH.—Ann, 901 Elton St., Bronx, Feb. 24. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SCHEEL.—Henry, 209 East 101st St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

SCHILD.—Henry, Stapleton, S. I., Feb. 23, aged 37. Funeral private.

SHAUGHNESSY.—Bridget, 366 West 151st St., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

TRINGLE.—Hannah, 33 Lewis St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

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White Plains, N. Y.

Died.

WOLF.—Gertrude, 2,311 Prospect Av., Bronx, Feb. 24. Funeral private.

Brooklyn.

AUGUSTEIN.—Gottlieb, 1,720 Bergen St., Feb. 24. Funeral Feb. 28.

BANKS.—Charles A., 485 Ridgewood Av., Feb. 24, aged 63. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BEACHAM.—Sarah A., 381 Grand Av., Feb. 24.

BURKE.—Joseph P., 262 10th St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow.

BERGEN.—Garret S., 130 Kenilworth Place, Feb. 25.

BEER.—Margaret, Feb. 22. Funeral 1,404 Putnam Av. to-day, 10 A. M.

BEHAN.—Michael T., 22 Ten Eyck St., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CORCORAN.—Michael, 98 Rapelyea St., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

CONTONE.—James, 179 Richards St., Feb. 23.

CRAGAN.—Christopher, 29 Ashland Place, Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow.

CUMMINS.—Eleanor, 413 Clinton St., Feb. 24, aged 86. Funeral to-morrow.

DALTON.—Henry J., 92 East 5th St., Feb. 24, aged 74. Funeral to-day.

DOHERTY.—Philip, 707 St. John's Place, Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

FARRELL.—Bridget, 21 St. Mark's Av., Feb. 25. Funeral notice later.

FRANCIS.—Mrs. H. L., 265 Van Siclen Av., Feb. 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HAETER.—Catherine, 246 Pearl St., Feb. 23, aged 67. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HALLIGAN.—Richard, Otisville Sanitarium, Feb. 23, aged 38. Funeral to-day.

HANLEY.—Daniel J., 283 Central Av., Feb. 24, aged 36. Funeral Feb. 28.

KORN.—George, 478 Grove St., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LOWERY.—John, 236 Front St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

LYON.—Anna E., 144 Rodney St., Feb. 24. Funeral service to-morrow.

McGRATH.—Daniel L., 364 4th St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-day.

McKNIGHT.—Matthew, 272 Cooper Av., Feb. 24, aged 67.

MARTIN.—Sarah, 875 New York Av., Feb. 23, aged 62.

MICHEL.—Barbara, 25 1st Place, Feb. 25, aged 64. Funeral notice later.

MENICHINO.—Joseph, 150 Ashford St., Feb. 23, aged 51.

MOTZ.—August, 45 Melrose St., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

MULLIN.—Catharine, 429 Berry St., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

NUBEL.—John R., 257 Humboldt St., Feb. 23, aged 50.

PROFFE.—Margaret, 310 Menehan St., Feb. 24, aged 75.

PARK.—Clara B., 15 Greene Av., Feb. 24. Funeral service to-morrow.

PULDA.—John, 915 55th St., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

QUINN.—Brigid A., 781 Charles Place, Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

REARDON.—John J., 433 44th St., Feb. 23. Funeral to-day.

REIS.—William, 31 Chester St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SCHMITT.—Edgar G., 268 Albany Av., Feb. 24, aged 32. Funeral notice later.

SCHNEIDER.—Caroline, 449 Graham Av., Feb. 23, aged 76. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SCHNETZ.—Charles, 233 14th St., Feb. 24, aged 71. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SHACKLEFORD.—Mrs. Shirley, 162 Columbia Heights, Feb. 24. Funeral to-day.

SPARRENBERGER.—Charles P., 3,195 Fulton St., Feb. 24, aged 69. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

TILLION.—William, 192 South St., Feb. 24, aged 79. Funeral service to-day.

TOSNEY.—Patrick, 675 Franklin Av., Feb. 23, aged 59. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

TOOLEY.—Emily, 98 Tillary St., Feb. 24, aged 74. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

VAUGHAN.—Annie M., 2,074 Eastern Parkway, Feb. 25, aged 57.

VIEHMANN.—John, 1,737 Dean St., Feb. 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WELBY.—Bernard, 94 Wythe Av., Feb. 24, aged 48. Funeral to-day.

WUEBBER.—Helene, 1,031 Flushing Av., Feb. 24, aged 73. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BRINCKMANN.—Etta C., 34 Bidwell Av., Jersey City, Feb. 24.

CANNON.—John, Hoboken, Feb. 22.

CANNON.—John, 514 Rand St., Hoboken, Feb. 24, aged 80. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

CORT.—William H., 459 Grove St., Newark, Feb. 24, aged 39. Funeral to-morrow.

FAHEY.—Thomas, 696 Market St., Newark, Feb. 24. Funeral notice later.

FITZGERALD.—James M., 505 Grand St., Hoboken, Feb. 23, aged 16. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

GRANT.—Robert, 702 Grand St., Hoboken, Feb. 23, aged 53.

HARRIS.—Ellen, 233 Bay St., Jersey City, Feb. 23. Funeral private.

HELMSTAEDTER.—Adam, 45 Durand St., Newark, Feb. 24. Funeral notice later.

HIRSCH.—Johanna, 241 Van Vorst Place, Jersey City, Feb. 23, aged 29. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

HUBERT.—Theodore, 240 Woodside Av., Newark, Feb. 24, aged 54.

LEE.—I. Frank, 379 South 10th St., Newark, Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow.

LEMKUHL.—Mary E., 329 Academy St., Newark, Feb. 25. Funeral Feb. 28.

LIEB.—Kunigunde, 719 Savoye St., West Hoboken, Feb. 23. Funeral to-morrow.

McCARTHY.—Patrick J., 86 Ferguson St., Newark, Feb. 24. Funeral to-morrow.

McGOVERN.—Ellen, 284 Monmouth St., Jersey City, Feb. 24.

McMANUS.—Mary, 351 Lafayette St., Newark, Feb. 24. Funeral Feb. 28.

O'CALLAHAN.—John, 70 Sussex St., Jersey City, Feb. 24.

PRINGLE.—John, East Newark, Feb. 25. Funeral notice later.

RUH.—John, 217 1st St., Jersey City, Feb. 23, aged 47.

SCHWEITZER.—Emil, 70 Stuyvesant Av., Jersey City, Feb. 24. Funeral to-day.

SENZEK.—Gottlieb, Hoboken, Feb. 22, aged 50.

STRAY.—Mary, 788 Hunterton St., Newark, Feb. 24, aged 38.

WATERBURY.—Cornelia E., 183 Randolph Av., Jersey City, Feb. 24, aged 70.

YOUMANS.—Aaron W., 49 Jefferson St., Jersey City, Feb. 23, aged 71. Funeral to-day.

ZIEME.—Karl, 308 Sherman Av., Jersey City, Feb. 22, aged 69.

Long Island.

ARMSTER.—Philip, Middle Village, Feb. 23, aged 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BARTIENEK.—Joseph, Astoria, Feb. 23, aged 25. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BLACKLOCK.—Martin S., Hauppauge, Feb. 23, aged 67. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DOESCHE.—John, Woodside, Feb. 22, aged 72.

HILL.—Emma S., Riverhead, Feb. 25, aged 64. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

PETERS.—Gustave, Dutch Kills, Feb. 22, aged 39. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Westchester County.

BARGER.—Otto W., Oscawana Lake, Feb. 22, aged 3 months.

CROSBY.—J. B., Ossining, Feb. 24, aged 73.

DOSCHER.—Meta, Scarsdale, Feb. 23, aged 93. Funeral to-day.

LYON.—Stephen D., Peekskill, Feb. 22, aged 56. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MONTGOMERY.—Letitia H., Peekskill, Feb. 22, aged 92.

NELSON.—Sarah A., Peekskill, Feb. 23, aged 77.

In Memoriam.

TRIER.—In constant and loving memory of our dear mother, Emily Miller Trier, died Feb. 26, 1908.

BRISCOE.—John, mass, St. Michael's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 7:30 A. M.

DOYLE.—John, mass, St. Rose of Lima's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

McHENRY.—James, mass, St. Agnes' Church, to-day, 9 A. M.

REILLY.—Bridget and Terence, mass, St. Bernard's Church, to-day, 9 A. M.

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RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE REV. SAMUEL McCOMB, D. D., of Emmanuel Church, Boston, Thursday, Feb. 26, at 8 P. M., holds a service and preaches at St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie, 10th St. and 2d Av.

KING GEORGE V. TO SEE GIANTS PLAY---SLUMBER CHAMPION DOG

M'GRAW ILL WITH COLD; GIANTS FETED

Americans and Britons Honor Ball Players at Luncheon at Savoy.

BY JOHN J. McGRAW,
Manager of New York Giants.

Copyright 1914, by John J. McGraw.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—It was with deep regret that I was forced to be absent from the luncheon and reception given to our baseball party at the Hotel Savoy to-day. I contracted a severe cold in the damp, foggy weather here and thought it best to stay indoors in order that I might be able to attend the game at the Chelsea Football Grounds to-morrow. King George is to attend, and I am anxious to be on hand to show His Majesty what a great game baseball is. Unfortunately, Mr. Comiskey was also indisposed and was unable to be present.

I understand that although King George is an ardent admirer of football and cricket he has never witnessed a baseball game between high-class teams. To-day the King notified us that he would surely be present with his suite. A number of prominent personages will follow His Majesty's lead and attend the game. The entire American colony, together with the staffs of the American Embassy and Consulate General, will also attend.

Our party attended the Prince of Wales Theatre last night, where the ballplayers were the centre of attraction. The theatre was filled to capacity. This morning many members of the party visited the Houses of Parliament, and later all attended the reception and luncheon at the Savoy. This was a great affair and was attended by more than 300 persons. After everybody had chatted for awhile in the reception hall a luncheon was served, at which Consul General John L. Griffith presided. He made a fine speech, welcoming in the warmest terms the players, their friends, and also the two umpires, Jack Sheridan and Bill Klem. His talk about the umpires was greeted with much laughter. He offered the hospitality of the city to the party. Mr. Griffith remarked that the historic city was full of glorious memories and splendid inspirations and that the time of the coming of the American baseball party was felicitous, as the anniversary of one hundred years of peace was soon to be celebrated, and that the visit would emphasize the comradeship and sportsmanship and increase the feeling of fraternity between the two peoples.

The Consul General then spoke of England's large expenditures in the cause of sports and quoted a statement recently made that hundreds of millions are being spent annually to carry out the adage that the "meet shall rule the earth." He expressed the idea that sports in the schools and colleges of England produced those qualities requisite in statesmen, citizens, and soldiers, just as American national sports develop those qualities essential to national greatness—such as patience, courage, prompt initiative, obedience, and subjection of personal interests to the common good.

Mr. Griffith further said that all sport was democratic and reduced all to a common level, from the peer to the butcher. All sham is exposed by true sport, because men must prove their words by deeds.

The speaker compared cricket and baseball, indicative of the temperament of the two countries. Cricket permits a recess for tea. "But imagine such a condition in baseball," said Mr. Griffith, "yet both games build up a people from whose loins spring men of greatness."

He then went on to picture the last half of the ninth inning of a baseball game with the score even, and the home team at the bat, with two out and three balls and two strikes, and a man at third when the batsman hits the ball.

"While the result is impending," continued the Consul General, "a man may be pardoned for forgetting his home ties, the names and ages of his children, and even his own name or whether he is married or single." In conclusion the speaker said: "In all things play the game fairly when we can, then realize that we have done our part to preserve the tradition of our common Anglo-Saxon race."

Telegrams of regret were read from Lord Lonsdale, regretting his absence from London; also from Lord Montague. Sir Herbert Tree sent word that he was sorry a matinée performance prevented his attendance. Lord Desborough made a speech of welcome, stating that King George would attend the game to-morrow at Chelsea Grounds. He spoke of His Majesty as a great judge of sports, an announcement which was greeted with prolonged applause. He regretted the short stay of the Americans, and hoped that they would stay longer the next time.

Mr. Griffith then announced the regrets of the American Ambassador, Walter Page, who was forced to be absent owing to official business. Sir George Riddle made a happy speech in which he spoke of the characteristic modesty of the players, who came almost unannounced. He expressed the hope that before leaving they would receive a fitting tribute of the hospitality which the English possess.

James J. Callahan responded in behalf of the tourists in a speech in which he emphasized the regrets of Mr. Comiskey and myself. Mr. Callahan thanked his hosts profusely, and related several humorous stories appropriate to the situation. He thanked those who have been giving the players a continuous round of entertainment and hospitality, and in conclusion paid a glowing tribute to the sportsmen of England.

Joseph Farrell and "Ted" Sullivan of Chicago also made speeches of appreciation of the King's desire to witness to-morrow's game.

London is very enthusiastic over the event, and, judging from the conditions to-night, the weather to-morrow will be favorable, and a large crowd is expected. To-night we were the guests at a theatre party given at the Queen's Theatre by Walker Whiteside, the American actor.

KING TO SEE GAME.

American Ambassador to be in Great Crowd at Chelsea Grounds.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Official announcement this afternoon that King George would attend the ball game here to-morrow had an almost magical effect in London, which has a real touch of baseball fever. It was the chief topic of conversation not only at the American bars of big hotels, but even where Englishmen gathered around for their 5 o'clock teacups. The newspapers all featured the King's graceful tribute to Americans and the national sport. Every reserved seat had been sold within two hours after it had become known that the King was going to be a fan.

The management of the Chelsea Football Club continues besieged with demands for tickets, and practically everybody who telephoned demanded seats right back of the catcher. With King George will be the American Ambassador, Mr. Page, and Embassy staff. Mr. Page will throw in the first ball. Lord Granville, Sir Colin Keppel, and Sir F. Ponsonby will be in personal attendance on His Majesty. Mr. Page as soon as the royal party is seated will present Comiskey, McGraw, and Callahan to His Majesty.

There is seating and standing accommodation for 90,000 in the ground, and for sixpence it will be possible to secure a good view of the game. William Klem, the umpire, will have sole authority on the grounds as soon as the game starts. He will stop the game instantly if spectators attempt to encroach on the ground. Ample police protection is being provided. Papers are printing lengthy descriptions of baseball in order that Englishmen may recognize the fine points of to-morrow's game.

WARM AT MARLIN AGAIN.

Young Giants Had Their First Real Practice in Texas.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, Feb. 25.—Fine baseball weather favored the New York Giants this afternoon, and they had their first real practice. The cold snap vanished as suddenly as it came, and it was no longer necessary to practice Winter sports bundled up in mackinaws. Handball was the prescription ordered by Coach Kinsella in the morning, but in the afternoon there was a lively session lasting about an hour and a half.

Ten pitchers scattered themselves around as soon as the afternoon business began and joined with all the others in playing catch for a few moments. That was followed by a siege in which different pitchers, under the eye of Kinsella, had a chance to loosen up their arms. Meyers and Johnston did the catching for this squad, which was composed of Priest, Westerwick, Williams, Herring, and Ritter. Schupp and Drucke also tried their hand but were content with short and easy work.

There was the same freedom and snap in Schupp's delivery as last year, the short time he was at it. Herring and Ritter showed an overhand delivery, the former having a long, free swing. Westerwick was inclined to put on speed and after a little of that Meyers called a halt.

There was batting and fielding practice for everybody after the pitching drill, and the following boxmen were called on in turn to lob the ball to the batters: Westerwick, Williams, Drucke, Schauer, Spencer, Herring, and Ritter. Jordan was at first base with Dyer at third, surplus pitchers filling in the intermediate positions. Piez, Herring, Harrison, Schupp, and Johnston played the outfield when not otherwise engaged. Several of the players started out to circle the bases at speed after hitting the ball, but a couple of times around was enough for the men's enthusiasm, and after that first base was about as far as anybody traveled. The hardest hitters of the afternoon were the two catchers, Meyers and Johnston.

Palmero, the Cuban pitcher, was expected to-day, but did not arrive. He wired from New Orleans that he would be here this afternoon. The train on which he was supposed to arrive was disabled by an accident three miles out of town, and automobiles went out to get the Marlin-bound passengers. The New York Club officials who went out to welcome Palmero had their trouble for nothing, as Palmero has yet to grace the training camp with his presence.

TAFT TURNS DOWN OFFER.

Behan Syndicate's $700,000 Bid for Chicago Club Rejected.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 25.—After a very brief talk with Louis J. Behan of Chicago, an attorney representing a syndicate which desires to purchase the stock in the Chicago National League Club held by Charles P. Taft of this city, Mr. Taft definitely refused the offer of $700,000 made by Mr. Behan, and the latter immediately left for Chicago.

Mr. Taft to-night declined to make public any statement as to the amount he was offered for his stock, nor for what he would be willing to sell it, but it seemed probable that control of the Chicago Club will remain in his hands for some time.

Mr. Taft had not received word to-night that any other representatives of syndicates to buy the club were on their way to negotiate with him. Nothing has been done in selecting a President of the club, and it is believed that no appointment will be made until Mr. Taft decides whether he will retain or sell his stock.

Montreal Club "Shot to Pieces."

MONTREAL, Feb. 25.—Word has been received from Manager Bransfield of the Montreal International League Club, who is scouting across half the continent after reported jumpers to the Federal League from the Montreal Club, that Pitchers Jean Dale and Emil Richter, Third Baseman Boyle, and First Baseman Hugh Miller will again sign Montreal contracts. Bransfield confirms the reports that Pitchers Frank Smith, Mattern, Mullin, and Imlay, Infielders Lennox, Walsh, and Esmond, and Outfielders Almeida and Duncan have jumped or will jump to the Federals. Outfielder Hanford, Third Baseman Art Griggs, and Pitcher Del Mason are now the leading hold-outs on the Royals' reserve list.

Lafayette Wins at Basket Ball.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Penn., Feb. 25.—In a fast and well-played game of basket ball Lafayette defeated Lebanon Valley College here to-night by the score of 40 to 21.

Barnard Boys Beat Hamilton.

The basket ball team of Barnard School for Boys yesterday defeated the Hamilton Institute quintet in a fast game on the former's court by the score of 27 to 10.

'MATTY' UNLIKELY TO DESERT GIANTS

Pitcher Says He Is "Confident of Coming to Terms with New York Nationals."

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 25.—Christy Mathewson, the New York National League pitcher, who has been offered the berth of manager of the Federal League club of Brooklyn, left here to-day for Marlin Springs, Texas, the Spring training camp of the New York Giants. He carried with him his unsigned contract to play with the Giants, and while reiterating his intention to consider seriously the Federal offer, declared he was confident of coming to terms with the New York National League team.

Jeff Tesreau, another Giant pitcher, also left for Marlin Springs to-day. He likewise has been offered a Federal League berth, and was quoted as saying that he would jump organized baseball if the Giants did not meet his terms.

McGRAW NOT WORRIED.

Believes Matty Will See Him Before Going to Federal League.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 26.—Manager John J. McGraw of the Giants looked neither surprised nor worried when he was informed of Christy Mathewson's statement shortly after midnight as he sat in the lobby of the Hotel Cecil. He said: "There is really nothing I can say, the main end of the matter being on the other side. You can say this, however: Mathewson is a straight, square fellow, and I feel confident that he will do no business with the Federals without first seeing me, as he says."

REPORT DISCREDITED HERE.

Even President Gilmore Does Not Believe He Will Desert Giants.

President James A. Gilmore admitted last night before leaving New York for Buffalo that he did not think there was the slightest chance of Christy Mathewson deserting the Giants to manage the Brooklyn Federals. The "outlaw" leader said he had sent a telegram to Mathewson a couple of days ago as the result of a jest made by a newspaper reporter that the Federals had overlooked "Big Six" in their raid on the National League.

Mr. Gilmore's telegram to the pitcher was: "If you have not signed, would you consider an offer to manage the Brooklyn Federals?" Matty has not even answered the telegram. Mr. Gilmore didn't expect one.

Secretary John B. Foster of the Giants said yesterday that the New York Club was not worrying in the least about Mathewson deserting. "We sent him a contract," said Mr. Foster, "which was left blank, and told Matty to fill it out to suit himself. He has a perfect understanding with the club and I believe this story of his considering a proposition to jump was started simply to give the new league more publicity. As was mentioned in THE NEW YORK TIMES last Sunday, the New York Club will give Mathewson a contract for life any time he wants it, and Matty knows it, so there is no reason why he should even consider leaving the club."

Mathewson has been doing business for the Giants among the other players on the Coast during the last few months. It was Matty who dissuaded Jeff Tesreau from going to the Feds. Chief Meyers was also approached, but Wilson deserted because he could not see where he would get much of a chance with the team while Meyers and McLean were able to catch. Mr. Foster stated that the club has not been expecting Mathewson's contract and did not plan to have him sign it until he got to Marlin Springs. The last communication Mr. Foster had from the pitcher stated that he would be in Marlin on Saturday of this week.

START FEDERAL PARK WORK

Brooklyn "Outlaw" Baseball Plant to Cost About $200,000.

The Federal League commenced work on their grounds at Washington Park yesterday. The work consisted of shoveling the snow away and sounding the foundations. President Gilmore said that the Wards' new grandstand would cost about $200,000. They expect to have the plans finished in a few days.

John Montgomery Ward, Secretary and business manager of the Brooklyn Feds, started yesterday for Columbus, Ga., to find a training camp for the club. The Newark Club is training at Columbus, and the reports are that it is a favorable place for training purposes. Mr. Ward will choose a training place for the Brooklyn Feds before he returns.

When asked when the name of the manager of the Brooklyn Federals would be announced, Mr. Gilmore stated that it would not be until the world's tourists returned next week. Mr. Gilmore said that he had received an invitation to the home-coming banquet for the Giants and White Sox from the Chicago delegation and that he might attend, but he wasn't sure. Mr. Gilmore is confident that he will be able to sign Mike Doolan of the Phillies, Speaker of the Boston Red Sox, and Sam Crawford of the Detroit Americans.

The Federals will hold a league meeting in Chicago Saturday, when the make-up of the different teams will be decided upon. President Gilmore stated that before the Wards decided to take the Brooklyn Club they received assurance from the other club owners that the players would be pooled and that Brooklyn would get a high-class team. By distributing the playing strength evenly Mr. Gilmore says that the result will be a closer and more exciting race than in the National League. Mr. Gilmore also announced that the Federal League would make no further effort to get Catcher Ed Sweeney of the Yankees.

YANKEES GO SOUTH TO-DAY.

Entire Squad Will Be Mustered at Houston for Spring Work.

The Yankees will start for their training quarters at Houston, Texas, this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The players going from this city are J. Eschen, C. Quinn, F. Ruddy, F. Maisel, Tra[illegible] Charley Barrett, Business Manager Arthur Irwin, and Assistant Secretary Mike Bergen. They will be joined in Cincinnati by L. Boone, Gilhooley, Channell, Gossett, Peckinpaugh, Jimmy Walsh, J. Sullivan, L. Brown, M. White, W. Hutchinson, Ray Fischer, and J. Rogers.

The players who will go direct from their homes to Houston are Roy Hartzell of Denver, G. Cooper and T. Thompson of Atlanta, W. Holden of Albany, Ga.; J. Pieh of Madison, Wis.; L. Cook of Lynnville, Tenn.; H. Williams of Omaha.; A. Burr of Chicago, and Manager Frank L. Chance of Glendora, Cal.

The pitchers now at Hot Springs in charge of Tom Daly will go to Houston on March 1. They are Caldwell, Keatnig, McHale, C. Rose, D. Criss, W. Reynolds, L. Cole, A. Schulz, and J. Warhop.

Chicago Federal Club Incorporated.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 25.—The Federal League Baseball Club of Chicago was incorporated to-day with capital stock of $250,000 by W. M. Walker, J. A. Gilmore, and Charles H. Weeghman.

BEDFORD WINS POLO GAME.

Durland Outplayed, Loses One-sided Contest, 10 Goals to 4.

Supported by a big crowd of followers, the Bedford Polo Club of Brooklyn last night overwhelmed the Durland team at Durland's Riding Academy, Sixty-sixth Street and Central Park West, by the score of 10 goals to 4. The Brooklyn trio played a splendid combination game and rode off their opponents in excellent style. The result was a surprise to the big crowd of society persons present, owing to the excellent showing made by the Durland team last Monday at West Point. It was an interesting exhibition of indoor polo, and, although the arena was strange to the Brooklyn team, they displayed both skill and strategy.

Four heavyweight saddle horses were judged by Ambrose Preece of London, who exhibited a number of horses at the last National Horse Show at Madison Square Garden. The class was restricted to amateur riders and the entries were judged according to performance. Mr. Preece was thorough in his ring work and put the horses through their paces, requiring them to walk, trot, and canter. The class brought out keen competition, the riders bringing out all the best points of their mounts. The final selection narrowed down to O. J. Gude's chestnut gelding Tommy Tod, and George Crouch's Marmon. There was very little to choose between the pair, and the British judge was for a time undecided in his selection. Mr. Gude, however, rode his entry in splendid style and captured the Durland Cup. It was Mr. Gude's first victory of the season, and the result found favor with the big crowd of spectators. Mr. Crouch's Marmon was second, and Mrs. N. H. Hess's Dr. Garner and E. Griffith's Hopfield third and fourth, respectively.

In the jumping class D. Hanssen's chestnut gelding Reve d'Or carried off the honors, with H. N. Hess's Cadbury second and Miss Leslie's Blackbird third.

Twenty-five couples took part in the music ride, led by Mrs. Edward Keyes and Randall Barry, and commanded by Charles T. Krauss. The summaries:

Heavyweight Saddle Horses, (up to carrying 200 pounds, 15.2 hands and over.)—Won by O. J. Gude's ch. g. Tommy Tod; G. Crouch's b. g. Marmon, second; Mrs. H. N. Hess's b. g. Dr. Garner, third; E. Griffith's Hopfield, fourth.

Jumping Class, (over regulation jumps.)—Won by D. Hanssen's ch. g. Reve d'Or; H. N Hess's b. g. Cadbury, second; Miss Leslie's b. h. Blackbird, third.

POLO.

Durland's.	Position.	Bedford
Dr. E. Bier	No. 1.	C. Lang
T. A. Cawthra, G. Sherman	No. 2	E. Vogt
H. A. Guggenheimer	Back	W. Bartle, Jr

Goals—Lang, (4,) Vogt, (3,) Bartle, (3,) Dr. Bier, (2,) Sherman, (1,) Guggenheimer, (1.) Referee and timekeeper—Charles Trustton. Time of periods—Ten minutes.

RIDERS IN POTATO RACE.

W. C. Woodward Wins Novel Contest—Reds Best at Polo.

Twenty-eight new potatoes, 7 tin buckets, 7 horsemen, and 7 wooden spears constituted the necessities for a potato race, and a two-period polo game furnished a later attraction last night at the weekly music ride of the Central Park Riding Academy. The potato race resulted in some lively competition, in which the seven contestants held the tanbark for a period of twenty minutes in getting the potatoes out of a tub at one end of the ring and dropping them carefully into the buckets at the other end. When the whistle blew ending the contest W. C. Woodward was adjudged the winner, he having speared four potatoes and delivered them to his bucket. F. C. Weeks was second and H. K. Richmond third. Each of the winners received ribbons.

In the polo game of two five-minute periods the Reds, composed of E. Maher, T. Giblin, and M. Wilder, defeated the Whites—W. Gilman, R. Morgan, and O. W. Coleman—5 goals to 3.

These events followed the weekly ride, in which about thirty-five couples participated.

To-night the Sixth Company Riding Class of the Seventh Infantry, N. G. N. Y., will hold its annual equestrian events, at which Major William A. Bryant, First Squadron Cavalry, N. G. N. J., will review the soldiers.

Dundee to Box Kilbane.

After dickering several months for a return match with Champion Johnny Kilbane, "Scotty" Montieth, manager of Johnny Dundee, the local lightweight, yesterday completed arrangements with the management of Olympia, Philadelphia, for a six-round bout on March 11. Montieth has been in communication with the Philadelphia promoters for some time, but could not bring them to terms. He received a telegram yesterday stating that he could have 30 per cent., to which he immediately replied with the stipulation that Kilbane make 126 pounds ringside. Jack Hanlon, matchmaker of the Quaker City club, is representing Kilbane, and articles of agreement will be forwarded to Montieth immediately. Dundee will show himself in Philadelphia on Saturday night, when he boxes Eddie Moy of Allentown at the National Athletic Club. Both bouts will be for six rounds.

Football Work at Princeton.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 25.—Twenty men reported for the first indoor football practice of the year to-night to Harold R. Ballin, Captain of next Fall's Tiger eleven, and "Heff" Herring, who will direct the work until a coach is selected for next season. The number was made up mainly of members of the freshman team last Fall. Capt. Ballin outlined the plans to the men. Passing the ball, forward passing, defense formations for kicks, and the proper way of receiving the ball is to be the order of the work. Mike Boland took the men in hand to show them his style of clutching the ball on the forward passes. The squad will practice the first three nights of each week in the gymnasium and will go out of doors as soon as possible.

Columbia Assistant Managers.

Three assistant managers for athletic teams were chosen at Columbia University yesterday by the Athletic Managers' Election Committee. The three men selected on the basis of the merit of their work as second assistant managers are E. N. Edinger, '15, swimming; M. A. Bridges, '15, lawn tennis, and H. C. Lauver, '15S, fencing. By the scheme under which all athletic managerships are awarded, these three will be managers of their respective teams next year.

Snow Stops Superbas' Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Feb. 25.—Instead of constant rains and the rising river holding up the work of the Superbas, like last year, snow to the depth of four inches covers the streets to-night. Sleighing, for the first time in fourteen years, was indulged in by the citizens of Augusta. This will put Manager Robinson back a few days, as he may have to go to the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium for practice. Should the field not be in condition for practice the men may be able to use the handball court and throw the medicine ball to keep them from becoming stiff. None of the older members of the team has arrived. Pitcher Smutz, a recruit, was reported to have left his home in Seattle over a week ago en route for Augusta.

Kid Elberfeld, the Superbas' coach, has taken Mowe and O'Mara, the candidates for short stop, in hand. If Elberfeld can develop one of these players into as good a short stop as he was when a member of the Yankees the fans in Brooklyn will forget all about the Tinker affair.

Dinner to Harlem Yacht Crew.

Saturday night the Harlem Yacht Club will give a testimonial dinner to Commodore John A. Crowley and his crew who won this year for the club the Brooklyn Yacht Club Ocean Challenge Cup. The dinner will be held at Shanley Brothers', 117 West Forty-second Street, and a large attendance is promised.

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OLD ENGLISH SHEEP DOG BEST IN SHOW

Mrs. Tyler Morse's Champion Slumber Most Perfect of Any Dog at Palace.

Champion Slumber, an old English sheepdog owned by Mrs. Taylor Morse, was the choice of the judges for best dog of any breed exhibited at the Westminster Kennel Club Show at the Grand Central Palace yesterday. Upward of fifty winners opposed Slumber in the contest for the highest honor, and, as one of the close followers of the dogs expressed it, Slumber won "hands down." Vickery Fast Freight, a wire-coated fox terrier owned by the Vickery Kennels, won the second highest award.

The same winners were entered in the variety class for champion dogs and bitches of any breed that have won the title of champion under the American Kennel Club rules, and they were placed in the same order by Midgley Marsden, the noted English judge. At the conclusion of the judging of the variety class Mr. Marsden paid a remarkably high compliment to Slumber. He declared that this old English sheepdog was undoubtedly the best dog of this type that ever lived and supplemented this declaration by saying that Slumber came closer to the accepted model of perfection than any dog he had ever seen. The choice was decidedly popular, despite the fact that the sheepdog was opposed by some of the most consistent winners at shows both here and abroad.

Strathtay Prince Albert, the bulldog owned by Alex H. Stewart of Chicago, which was adjudged best dog in the Westminster show a year ago, and picked on Tuesday as the monarch of all of its type at the present show, was among the long list of winners that had to bow to Slumber in the class for winners. Prince Albert attracted considerable attention in the ring and easily ranked above most of the winners, but fell somewhat short of the general class of Slumber. The placing of Vickery Fast Freight ahead of Strathtay Prince Albert was by a narrow margin, and Mr. Marsden declared that the 1913 champion was entitled to third honors.

Matford Vic, the wire-haired fox terrier which was recently brought from England with an unbeaten record and added to its previous triumphs at Boston, failed to qualify for a place in the final judgment for the best dog of the show. Matford Vic had gone through the bitch classes of wire-haired terriers, but in the special competition for the Challenge Cup had been beaten by Vickery Fast Freight and thereby eliminated from the "big stake."

In speaking of the English champion at the close of the judging, Mr. Marsden declared that in his opinion Matford Vic was a fine specimen of the breed when properly shown, but considered that the dog has not been perfectly right during the present show. He added that Matford Vic would eventually defeat Vickery Fast Freight, which twice got the award in yesterday's competitions.

A recent decision at the Pomeranian show at the Waldorf was made in the class for toys, champions barred, which was one of the variety specials. Young Gold Spec, from Swiss Mountain Kennels, was placed above Mrs. J. L. Pultz's St. Julien. The winner is of wolf sable, with fine head, small ears, immense coat, and short back. The face is a little too dark, but in every other point St. Julien won handily.

The heaviest winnings in poodles went to the Red Brook Kennels of the Misses Grace and Alger, with their entries of the big, racy type of poodle, which has not the true curly coat. The old-fashioned curly coat was seen in the entries from H. G. Trevor's Meadowmere Kennels, which in the days of the champion Milo was the strongest of the breed. While these dogs excelled in color and texture of coat, they were excelled by the wonderfully sound legs and feet, long, clean skulls, and alert expression of the Red Brook entries. Orchard Snowstorm was the winner in dogs, while Orchard Columbine defeated the Trevor entry in the class for bitches of this breed.

A remarkable Russian wolfhound, direct from the hunting ground of the Grand Duke Alexis, in Russia, won first honors in dogs of this type, but only after a vigorous struggle on points with the American-bred puppy, Defiance o' Valley Farm. Postrel of Woronzova, the importation which carried off the first award, is a huge red-shaded fawn and scored in legs, feet, shoulders, and quarters over the puppy. Both were entered from Valley Farm. The bitches in this class also brought out some high class entries, with Dr. De Mund's Champion Belkis finally getting the award.

Harrison Van Schaick made good a prediction he made last year after he had failed to win with two imported West Highland white terriers. He promised to win in this class this year and his newcomers of this breed won both the team and brace classes from the entries of Mrs. R. A. Rainey. Mr. Van Schaick's Harrison May Beauty was winner in bitches and later won the cup for the best of the breed, the list of defeated including Coneje Checkmate and other famous champions. The winners' awards were:

Airedale Terriers, Winners, Dogs.—Won by A. H. Stewart's Ch. Abbey King Nobbler; A. Albright, Jr.'s, Ch. King Oorang, reserve. Winners, Bitches.—Won by Harold Ober's Ch. Bingley Blossom; Vickery Kennels' Vickery Soubrette, reserve.

Dalmatians, Winners, Dogs.—Won by Windholme Kennels' Ch. Windholme Jumbo; Rocksticus Kennels' Penwortham Bosco, reserve. Winners, Bitches.—Won by Windholme Kennels' Windholme's Fanny; Windholme Kennels' Ch. Windholme's Jane, reserve.

Scottish Terriers, Winners, Dogs.—Won by Walter T. Stern's Early Bird Troubadour; Walescott Kennels' Walescott Daredevil, reserve. Winners, Bitches.—Won by Walter T. Stern's Bapton Beryl; Walter T. Stern's Early Bird Olina, reserve.

Russian Wolfhounds, Winners, Dogs.—Won by Valley Farm Kennels' Postreal; Valley Farm Kennels' Orlit, reserve. Winners, Bitches.—Won by Lorraine Kennels' Ch. Belkis; Valley Farm Kennels' Rebecca, reserve.

English Setters, Winners, Dogs.—Won by Robert West's and E. Willman's Mallwyd Edward; E. B. Chase's Bob White My Choice, reserve. Winners, Bitches.—Won by Meadowview Kennels' Ch. Wyoming Valley May Belle; E. B. Chase's Bob White Lena II., reserve.

Boxers, German, Open, Dogs.—Won by Nathan Straus, Jr.'s, Rolf von Neapel. Open, Bitches.—Won by H. H. Lehman's Molly.

Welsh Terriers, Winners, Dogs.—Won by Miss Maud Kennedy's Senny Spinner; Miss Maud Kennedy's Longmynd Taffitus, reserve. Winners, Bitches.—Won by the Misses de Coppets' Ch. Windermere Winsome; the Misses de Coppets' Aberdare Betsy, reserve.

Chow Chows, Winners, Dogs.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Ch. Eastern Star; Greenacre Kennels' Dinkee of Newlands, reserve. Winners, Bitches.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Ch. Hildewell Chief; Mrs. M. C. Van Buren's Cliff Eyrie Bluey, reserve.

Schipperkes, Winners, Dogs.—Won by Col. Denny's Ch. Blacko; Col. Denny's Woton, reserve. Winners, Bitches.—Won by Col. Denny's Ch. Katrina; D. Wark's Watland Witch, reserve.

Gordon Setters, Winners, Dogs, and Bitches.—Won by W. I. Shrader's Shrader's Silk; Mrs. C. C. Shannon's Ch. Trampus Schannon, reserve.

Irish Setters, Winners, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. E. Alban Sturdee's Richwood's Boy; Muskerry Kennels' Muskerry Fen, reserve. Winners, Bitches.—Won by J. C. Hanna's Ch. Lansdown Ruminanthy Rhu; J. C. Hanna's Nora Law, reserve.

Toy Poodles, Open.—Won by Mrs. W. J. Sullivan's Sully's Belle.

Yorkshire Terriers.—Winners, Dogs, and Bitches.—Won by Mr. and Mrs. George E. Peabody's Ch. Duero Prince; William Cummings's Teddy, reserve.

Maltese Terriers, Open, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. K. P. Newbold's Tiny Chum. Open, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. Carl Baumann's Ch. Dyker Dolly II.

Toy Black and Tan Terriers, Open, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. R. T. Harrison's Leader. Open, Bitches.—Won by Mme. Rose Carreno's Karno Daisy II.

Samoyedes, Winners, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. Arthur L. Carm's Koslov; Greenacre Kennels' Zuroff, reserve. Winners, Bitches—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Greenacre Zembla; Greenacre Kennels' Greenacre Heckla, reserve.

Doberman Pinschers, Winners, Dogs and Bitches.—Won by Henry G. and William F. Piel's Senta Von Rheinhof; same owners' Gerhilde, reserve.

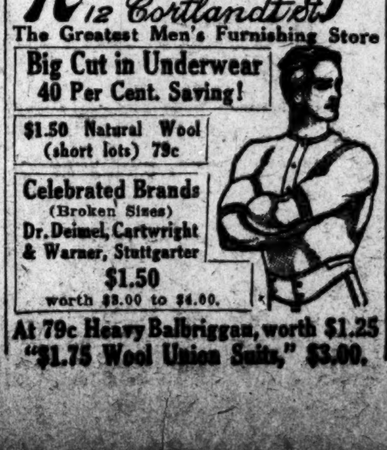
Mastiffs, Winners, Dogs and Bitches.—Won by Kinnelon Kennels' British Monarch; Kinnelon Kennels' Bernice, reserve.

Bedlington Terriers, — Winners, Dogs and Bitches.—Won by M. Robert Guggenheim's Champion Firenze Catcatcher; M. Robert Guggenheim's Champion Firenze Givemhel, reserve.

Dandie Dinmont, Terriers, Winners, Dogs.—Won by Killearn Kennels' Killearn Hawick Masher; F. S. Delafield's Alpin Recorder, reserve. Winners, Bitches—Won by Killearn Kennels' Killearn Snowdrop; Potford Kennels' Potford Pinafore, reserve.

Syke Terriers, Winners, Dogs and Bitches.—Won by Miss Theodora Wilbour's Cock of Weybourne.

Dachshunds, Winners, Dogs.—Won by Rosemont Kennels' Champion Fritz Ferst; Mrs. C. H. Lester's Schleif-Ein Ingo, reserve. Winners, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. A. Hungerford's champion Antye V. Lichenstein; Rosemont Kennels' Lulu Frankonia Jaegerlust, reserve.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"$1.75 Wool Union Suits," $3.00.

Y. M. C. A. SWIMMERS WIN.

Lothian Leads Sprinters in Sportsmen's Show Tank.

Samuel Lothian of the West Side Y. M. C. A. was the best of the swimmers who took part last night in the 80-yard handicap event in the aquatic series which is being held in conjunction with the Sportsman's Show in Madison Square Garden. The Y. M. C. A. lad, who was in receipt of 12 seconds allowance, was an easy winner of his trial and semi-final heats, which he supplemented by taking the prize-winning race in 52 seconds.

L. Conroy and Frank Fay, both unattached, off the 16-seconds mark, finished second and third, respectively, almost aligned, but several yards back of the winner. In the real race Conway made the pace for his fellow handicap men to the third turn, where Lothian got up, and, making by far the speediest push off for the final length of the tank, found little trouble in annexing the honors. Lothian's actual time for the distance covered, 80 yards, was 48 seconds, a creditable performance.

During the trap shooting, in which both amateurs and professionals were engaged, it remained for a young amateur, Emil Von Lengerke, to make a record run of breaks for the week when he "killed" 50 straight, which made him high gun for the day and for the tournament. Two other amateurs, A. L. Burns and Z. C. Offutt, managed to break 49, and placed themselves on a par with the best of the professionals, Neaf Apgar. Hank Stevens, another "pro," tallied 48, as did the following amateurs: P. Von Boeckman, D. Wadsworth, Frank Stephenson, G. W. Lembeck and N. L. Herrick, while H. O. Allyn and Charlie Newcomb, of Philadelphia, were compelled to be content with 47 each.

Mrs. Vogel and Miss Jessie Thorpe were placed on an equality at the end of the day's doings, when as the result of the best work of each at 50 "birds" 37 was the total for each. Miss Houghton, who was making her fourth essay at the traps, managed to make the creditable showing of 26 "kills."

In the range shooting for schoolboys the feature match was for the Du Pont trophy, teams of four. This resulted in a tie between Morris High and Curtis, each tallying 253. Starke of Morris was "high gun" with a score of 65, while Reppert, a team mate, scored 64. Kerr accounted for 63, but Daly's 61 only warranted them in getting a dead heat against their opponents, three of whom tallied 63 each, while the fourth lad shot 62. Manual Training High School scored 249 and finished third, while De Witt Clinton was fourth with 248. A score of teams competed. Summary of the swimming:

Semi-Finals.—First Heat—Won by L. Conroy; H. Knecht, second; time, 0:57 2-5. Second Heat—Won by S. Lothian, F. Fay, second; time, 0:52 2-5. Third Heat—Won by E. Hanscom; Rex Cropsey, second; time, 0:57 2-5.

Final—Won by Samuel Lothian, West Side Y. M. C. A., (12 seconds;) L. Conroy, unattached, (16 seconds,) second; Frank Fay, unattached, (16 seconds,) third. Time—0:52.

HOPPE EASY VICTOR.

George Sutton Overwhelmed in 18.2 Billiard Championship.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Willie Hoppe to-night defeated George Sutton in the last 500 block of their 1,500-point 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament, 500 to 160, making the total score, 1,500 to 734. Hoppe's grand average was 55 15-27 against Sutton's 28 6-26. Hoppe's average to-night was 50, his opponent averaging 17 7-9. Score by innings:

Hoppe—119, 5, 156, 18, 116, 27, 28, 17, 11, 3. Total—500. Sutton—15, 86, 0, 14, 14, 1, 0, 7, 23. Total—160.

The ball was still in Hoppe's play last night when he reached 1,000 points after a run of 86. He took up the play to-night with a run of 119, crediting him with a 205-point run.

Weeks Appeals for Swimmers.

It was announced yesterday that Justice Bartow S. Weeks, Chairman of the Legislation Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union, had interceded with the South Atlantic Association of the A. A. U. in behalf of the New York A. C. swimmers, who were recently suspended for six months for taking part in an unsanctioned series against the Naval Academy swimmers.

Townsend Harris Swimmers Win.

Townsend Harris Hall H. S. swimmers defeated the team representing Brooklyn Naval Y. M. C. A. last night in the City College pool by a score of 47 points to 15, seven events being contested.

Teachers Win Trial Game.

The third and deciding game of the annual series of basket ball games between the Teachers College and Barnard College teams was won yesterday in the Columbia University gymnasium by the former by the score of 13 to 8. Each team won one game of the first two played and unusual interest was shown in the deciding contest. The rival teams played on even terms up to the beginning of the second half, when the passing of the Teachers College players enabled them to win. The line-up:

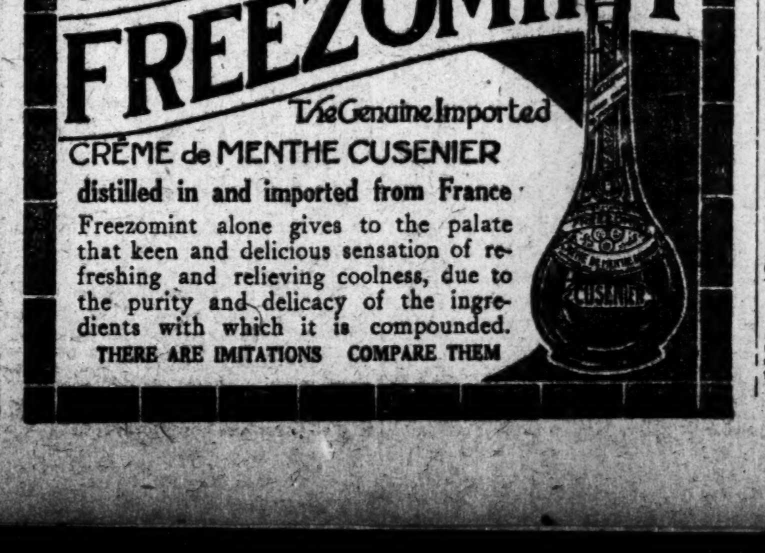
Teachers.	Position.	Barnard.
Miss Edgerton	Left forward	Miss Alexander
Miss Jellerson	Right forward	Miss Mayer
Miss J. Montgomery, Miss D. Auske	Centre	Miss L. Petri, Miss W. Boegehold
Miss M. Smith	Left guard	Miss L. Lawrence
Miss H. Lord	Right guard	Miss Bauch

Goals from field—Miss Edgerton, 3; Miss Jellerson, 2; Miss Alexander, 2; Miss Mayer, 1. Goals from foul—Miss Edgerton, 3; Miss Alexander, 2. Referee—Mr. Williams, Oberlin. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes.

Lehigh's New Track Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., Feb. 25.—R. E. Michel of Trenton, a senior at Lehigh University, was to-day elected Captain of the 'Varsity track team. Michel succeeds R. H. Sproul, who has left college. The new Captain holds the Lehigh record for the mile.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Freezomint alone gives to the palate that keen and delicious sensation of refreshing and relieving coolness, due to the purity and delicacy of the ingredients with which it is compounded.
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CUSENIER

Now Ready
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On Draught and In Bottle Everywhere
BEADLESTON & WOERZ, Brewers and Bottlers, New York.

VANDERBILT CUP AUTO RACE TO-DAY

Harry Grant's Car Breaks Down and He May Not Be Able to Compete.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 25.—Harry Grant, driver of the No. 1 Isotta car in the Vanderbilt Cup race at Santa Monica track, may not be able to compete to-morrow. Grant's car broke a piston as he was speeding near the Ocean and Nevada Avenue curve this morning in practice, necessitating its hurried removal to Mayor Dudley's garage for repairs. Grant sent the piston into Los Angeles to be welded, but expressed doubt as to whether it can be repaired in time for the race to-morrow morning.

"It looks pretty bad," said Grant to-day. "I do not know whether it can be fixed in time for the race. If it cannot it means that I will not compete."

Another near-tragedy occurred when Joe Rimann, driving his Touraine 90 miles an hour, ran over a pebble and burst a rear tire. The car first leaped sideways, then turned around on two wheels, and finally landed against the curb. No one was hurt. Tetzlaff, following Rimann, made a hair-raising turn and just managed to miss the unruly Touraine.

Only one driver failed to appear for practice this morning, Verbeck in the Fiat, who was kept in the shop with engine trouble.

Although drivers established no high marks in practice to-day, several close brushes were held on the home stretch. In one of these Carlson, in a Mason; Oldfield, in a Mercier, and Jeanette, in his Alco, came down the entire home stretch within a few inches of each other, taking the Nevada Avenue turn almost together. Carlson nosed out the others and headed east on Nevada Avenue in the lead.

Drivers, mechanicians, and race officials met at the Los Angeles race headquarters at 10 o'clock this morning, where final instructions were given for the Vanderbilt Cup race. Mechanicians were ordered to keep their eyes continually behind the machine so drivers might give pursuing drivers opportunity to pass if unable to hold the lead.

WORK ON CUP DEFENDERS.

Bristol Yacht 45 Per Cent. Completed—Ready in April.

BOSTON, Feb. 25.—Work on the three seventy-five-foot sloops being built in New England for a chance to defend the America's Cup is reported to be progressing satisfactorily, with the Bristol boat 45 per cent., the Bath boat 20 per cent., and the Neponset yacht about 10 per cent. completed. The Bristol yacht is well plated up, and the bronze company which rolled the plates has completed its consignment. The masts and sails are also well in hand, and her builders and owners look for a launching by the middle of April.

Work is being rushed on the Defiance, designed by George Owen and built for a syndicate of New York, Philadelphia, and Boston yachtsmen. Her masts are completed at East Boston and will be shipped to Maine early next month. She will probably go overboard early in May.

Details of the work on the yacht being built at Neponset for A. S. Cochran are carefully guarded. It is known, however, that the lead keel has been run, two masts, one of wood and another of steel, started, and some of the steel frames received. Yachtsmen hope that the boat will be ready for the preliminary races in the Long Island Sound early in June. Mr. Cochran is in Europe, and is not expected back until some time in April.

High Schools' Swimming March 13.

The Public Schools Athletic League will conduct the high schools indoor swimming championships on Friday evening, March 13, at the City College Natatorium. Swimming has become one of the major sports in the high schools. Through the present Winter season a swimming tournament was held among the nineteen public high schools and a feeling of intense rivalry existed throughout the tournament. High School of Commerce team won the series by a small margin. Since the close of the tournament all of the other high schools have strengthened their teams and the reports received by Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Secretary of the Public Schools Athletic League, are favorable to spirited and exciting competition at the championship meet between the schools for the city championship trophy presented to the school scoring the largest number of points at this meet.

Annual Dinner for Cyclists.

The fourteenth annual dinner of the Century Road Club Association will be held on Saturday night at the Gerard Hotel. Many cyclists of prominence will be on hand, and covers will be laid for 150. An informal dance will follow the dinner.

Dartmouth Elects Hockey Captain.

HANOVER, N. H., Feb. 25.—Leon P. Tuck of Winchester, Mass., was elected to-day Captain of the Dartmouth hockey team for next season. He is a junior, and has played centre on this year's seven.

Brown Watermen Beat Harvard.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 25.—The ability of the Brown University swimmers to win the 200-yard relay race gave them the victory over Harvard by a score of 34 to 19 to-night in the dual swimming meet held in the Colgate Hoyt swimming pool. Capt. Smith of the Brown team forged ahead of Wentworth in the last twenty-five yards and won by two yards. Had Harvard won this event the score would have been Brown 26, Harvard 27. Brown won, besides the relay, the fifty-yard dash and the diving contests, having won well up in the first three in the other events.

National Sporting Club Bouts.

An all-star card of three ten-round bouts will be put on to-night at the National Sporting Club. The main event will bring together Pal Moore of Philadelphia and Johnny Dundee of this city. Sapper O'Neill of England and Billy Bennett, the Irish lightweight, will come together in the semi-final, and Jimmy Lambert will oppose Bull Thompson in the opening ten-round bout.

'VARSITY FOURS TO RACE.

Harvard and Yale to Retain Event in New London Regatta.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 25.—The programme of the Harvard-Yale Regatta on the Thames River at New London, June 18 and 19, announced by the Crimson management to-day, includes the usual race of 'Varsity fours as the opening feature of the second day. A suggestion that this race be eliminated was advanced recently, but apparently did not find favor.

After the fours finish the freshman eight-oared race will be rowed in the morning. The big race of 'Varsity eights will be held in the afternoon.

An afternoon race of freshman fours is the only event announced for the first day.

Winners with the Cue.

C. Barnett defeated B. H. Blank last night in the amateur Class C 18.2 balk line billiard tournament for the championship of Harlem at the Morningside Billiard Academy by the score of 100 to 99.

Alfred de Oro, three cushion billiard champion, who is to defend his title against Fred Eames of Denver next month, played two games at Doyle's Forty-second Street Academy yesterday. In the afternoon he defeated Henry Frazen, 50 to 44, in sixty-two innings. At night he won from Robert Smith, 50 to 33, in sixty-four innings.

Hal A. Coleman, former title holder, defeated Charles P. Conway last night in the amateur handicap 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at Keeney's Academy in Brooklyn by the score of 250 to 164 in thirty-seven innings. Both contestants were handicapped at 250 points.

Milburn in Class A Billiards.

Eugene L. Milburn of Memphis, Tenn., sent in his entry yesterday as a competitor for the National Class A 18.2 balk-line amateur championship tournament, which will begin at the Amateur Billiard Club of New York, Seventy-fourth Street and Broadway, on March 9.

This advertisement is supposed to have a psychological effect!

You look at the cut, and at once have a longing for Spring and the Spring and Summer bargains among our markdown suits.

Then you decide that in spite of the weather you'll "buy to-day for to-morrow." $15, $20 and $25.

Great nights for "Fiala" sleeping suits.

Keep you warm as toast in coldest weather.

Sizes for men, women and children.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

Clearance Sale
Rebuilt Pierce-Arrow
LIMOUSINES

Prices on all enclosed cars now in our hands for sale have been revised in order to close them out quickly for the owners.

With two months of enclosed car weather in prospect this is an unusual opportunity to purchase a fine Pierce-Arrow limousine at a very favorable price.

Extra touring bodies for Summer use can be furnished if wanted.

Every car is in perfect mechanical condition, refinished and guaranteed as we do new ones.

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1912 48 Six Pierce-Arrow
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1911 36 Six Pierce-Arrow
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All but two are fitted with Electric Lighting generators, or starters, or both.

We also offer several limousines of other makes at $400, $750 and $1,000.

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416 Central Ave., Newark. Tel. 6671 Market.
New Jersey Agents for Pierce-Arrow Cars.

USED MOTOR TRUCKS

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Garford, 5 ton (guaranteed)	Alco, 3½ ton
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Saurer, 4 ton	G. M. C., 5 ton
Mack, 3 ton & 5 ton	Universal, 3 ton
Packard, 3 ton	Argus, 6 ton

DELIVERY WAGONS

Autocar	Buick	Overland
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Prices from $300 upwards. Easy Terms.

R. & L. Co., Garford Agents,
Broadway, Cor. 62d St., New York.

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1913—38 H. P. Landaulet and Touring.
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1912—30 H. P. Town Car, Overhauled.
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Send for our Exchange Car Bulletin.
We guarantee overhauled Locomobiles
J. A. MELLISH, Mgr. Exchange Car Dept.,
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REPAIRS

We make a specialty of repairing automobiles; in addition to our facilities for doing fine coach work, we have a well-equipped machine shop to overhaul motors. Established 1834

J. M. QUINBY & CO.
NEWARK, N. J.

MAKE POST ROAD STATE HIGHWAY

Hearing on Bill to Continue Broadway from Yonkers to Albany.

RELIEVE THE TAXPAYERS

Would Make Road the Most Important in the State if Bill Is Passed.

Representatives of those who favor the preservation of the Albany Post Road by having it designated as a State highway for its entire length from Yonkers to Albany had a hearing yesterday at Albany before the Senate Committee of Internal Affairs, of which Senator Loren H. White is Chairman. The specific subject of the hearing was the Herrick-Fish bill, introduced by Senator Walter R. Herrick and Assemblyman Hamilton Fish, Jr., which provides that the road be designated as State Highway, to be known as Route "1-a."

The contention of those favoring the bill was that, as 60 per cent. of the famous old road was at present State highway, it was only proper that the remainder be so designated; that the road was bordered by property valued at about $100,000,000; that the taxpayers along the route should not in fairness have to bear the burden of keeping the road in repair for an enormous traffic, 90 per cent. of which was through traffic, and that the taking over of the whole road by the State would safeguard the future of the most important road in the State and the only direct link between New York City and the capital on the east bank of the Hudson.

Those who favored the project before the Senate Committee were Paul N. Hays, one of the Governors of the Sleepy Hollow Country Club, who was present in the capacity of a taxpayer of Scarborough and also as the representative of his neighbors all along the route of Broadway below Ossining, including some of the wealthiest men who hold property in the vicinity of New York; Courtlandt Smith of Dobbs Ferry, representing the Broadway Defense Association; Garrett Mott, Secretary of the Greystone Association of North Yonkers; N. F. Towner, representing the Automobile Club of America, and G. E. Higgins, representing the estate of Joseph Eastman of Tarrytown. As against the project of making the Post Road a State highway there appeared F. R. Pierson, President of the village of Tarrytown, who contended that the village would not gain anything by having the State take over the two miles of Broadway which lay within that village, and T. G. Barnes, counselor of the village of Ossining, who voiced the fear that the passage of the law in question might interfere with the laying of trolley tracks on Broadway, which, he said, the sentiment of his community favored.

There is, however, another bill pending, the Healy-Law bill, which is in repeal of the so-called "Burns law," which has long been in force to prevent the laying of trolley tracks on this stretch of road. The matter has been fought over annually for some years, the landholders along the Post Road successfully contending thus far that no tracks should be laid. A referendum is to be held in several towns and villages of Westchester County on March 17 on this very question, and the Healy-Law bill will wait on the result of this vote. Senator White, who conducted yesterday's hearing, said that it was the desire of the administration to have no more highway bills reported out of committee for the present.

It was pointed out at the hearing that the making of the Post Road a State highway wouud not interfere with the placing of trolley tracks upon it should that subsequently be decided on. It was also brought out that it was contrary to the State's whole road policy that the most important road in the State should not be completely within the highway system. The road is under constant heavy use. For instance, in a census taken in front of the Sleepy Hollow Club last Summer, 7,000 automobiles passed the gates on a single Saturday and 11,000 on Sunday. The upholders of the Herrick-Fish bill maintain that a road of such importance has passed beyond the stage where it can properly be maintained piecemeal or by separate localities. The new portion of the bill reads:

Route 1A—Starting at the dividing line between New York City and Westchester County, thence northerly over location of the old Albany-New York Post Road, through Glenwood and Hastings, then bearing to the river, then easterly to Dobbs Ferry, thence north through Abbots Ford-Irvington, Irving, Tarrytown, Scarboro, Ossining, thence bending northwesterly to the river, through Croton, Oscawana, Buchanan; thence easterly and northerly through Peekskill, Gallows Hill, through Little Fort Hill, Denning Hill, Fort Defiance Hill, Travers Corners; thence bearing westerly through Nelson Corners, Cat Hill, McKee Corners, Fishkill, Fishkill Village; thence bearing westerly and northerly through Wappinger Falls; thence bearing a little westerly through Channingville, Mine Point, Fox Point, through Poughkeepsie, Hyde Park, Staatsburg, Rhinebeck, and at a distance of about one mile crossing the Philadelphia, Reading & New England Railroad; then bearing easterly and crossing the railroad about two miles further; then bearing westerly through Red Hook, Upper Red Hook, and still continuing easterly, through Nevis, Claremont, Blue Stores, Livingston, Humphreysville, Claverack, through Stuyvesant Falls; then bearing westerly through Kinderhook, and then easterly through Schodack Depot and Schodack Centre; thence westerly through East Greenbush, through Greenbush, to Albany.

COOPER TRIAL DROPPED.

Illness of Juror Blocks Hearing in Alleged Real Estate Frauds.

Judge Hollister announced yesterday that the trial in the Federal District Court of William H. Cooper, the former President of the New York Central Railway Company, must be decided a mistrial. James C. Byrnes, one of the jurors, is seriously ill in the Washington Heights Hospital, and as no date can be set for his return to his Court duties the trial has had to be abandoned.

The alleged frauds on which the indictment was based amounted to $470,000 and two of the defendants indicted with Cooper, Claude J. Van Slyke, the present President of the concern, and James A. Robinson, the Treasurer, pleaded guilty at the commencement of the proceedings on Feb. 10. Robinson has taken the stand as a Government witness.

It is charged that Cooper and his associates represented to investors that the New York Central Realty Company had assets worth $3,000,000, whereas they only possessed a third interest in a piece of real estate worth $15,000 at Rye, N. Y., and tax receipts for Hackensack meadow land.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Lt. Col. E. T. Wilson, C. A. C., Canal Com., to W. Reed Hosp., D. C., for treat.

1st Lt. J. S. Hatcher, Ord. Dept., will visit Bethlehem Steel Wks.

Maj. E. D. Bricker, Ord. Dept., four visits to General Electric Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Capt. W. M. Craigie, Q. M. C., to Hot Springs, Ark., A. & M. Hosp., for treat.

Capt. C. Deems, Jr., 1st F. A., Letterman Hosp., San Fran., to regt.

1st Lt. R. D. La Garde, to 9 Inf.

Leaves—1st Lt. D. Whiting, 24 Inf., 1 mo. ext., then to W. Reed Hosp., for treat.

Navy Orders.

Lit. W. W. Smith, resignation accepted.

P. A. Surgs. R. F. Sheehan, Adv. Base Brig., Atl. Fleet, to orders; J. P. Haynes, to Great Lakes, Ill.; E. L. Woods, Indian Head, Md., to orders.

Chapl. M. F. McGinty, the Tenn., to the Minn.

P. M. Clerk W. D. Chace, to Ozark.

Marine Corps Orders.

Capt. H. Lee, to 2 Adv. Base Regt.

1st Lt. H. M. Smith, the Phil'p'ns, to the Galveston.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Arethusa at Port Arthur; Orion at Hampt. R'ds; New Orleans at Acapulco.

Sailed—Paxutent, Guantanamo for Port-Au-Prince; Celtic, Guacanayabo Bay for Guantanamo; Mayflower, Norfolk for Vera Cruz; Calif., San Diego for Mazatlan.

Marietta, now at Hoboken, ordered to the New York Yard for repairs.

Gun. P. Doherty, retired, died at B'klyn, Feb. 23.

OFFER FOR SIEGEL CLAIMS.

Realization Corporation Would Pay 32 1-2% Cash; 67 1-2% Notes.

Depositors of the defunct private bank of Henry Siegel & Co. received a definite offer for their claims yesterday afternoon from the Depositors' Realization Corporation of 42 Broadway. The offer was submitted in writing to Henry Melville, 45 Cedar Street, receiver of the bank, and copies of it were sent to John P. Murray, counsel for the original Committee of Ten, representing a large number of depositors, as well as to Joseph M. Hartfield, counsel for the mercantile creditors.

On condition that a reorganization of the Siegel Stores is brought about, the Depositors' Realization Corporation proposes to pay the depositors for an assignment of their claims—32½ per cent. in cash and 67½ per cent. in notes. In the event that there should be no reorganization it offers a cash payment of 30 per cent., and 70 per cent. in notes.

In addition to an assignment of the claims of the depositors, the Realization Corporation also asks for the transfer to it of all the assets of the bank, including cash in the hands of the receiver, proceeds of a bond executed by the United States Fidelity & Guaranty Company for $100,000, and claims against the Siegel enterprises. It offers to pay for the assets of and claims against the bank, $450,000 in cash. In lieu of making the cash payment to the receiver of the bank for the bank's assets, the proposal is made to pay to each creditor of Henry Siegel & Co. 15 per cent. of his claims in cash. An additional cash payment of 17½ per cent. is offered to those who assign their claims within four months. Notes for the balance mature at the end of five years, and they are to be secured by the deposit of at least $4,000,000 of the stock of the Siegel Stores Corporation, guaranteed by Henry Siegel and his partner, F. E. Vogel, who are pledged by the Depositors' Realization Corporation to execute an agreement that they will not take advantage of any present or future bankruptcy or insolvency law with respect to their guaranty of said notes.

The offer is to become effective on approval by the United States District Court. Ten days is allowed within which the offer may be accepted. It was signed for the Depositors' Realization Corporation by William H. Caldwell, President. A delegation of depositors, to whom a copy of the offer was shown yesterday afternoon, said that it would not be accepted by a majority of their number.

WOMEN FOR BELLEVUE.

Two More Win Appointments, Beating Men in the Examinations.

Two young women physicians competed successfully with men in the recent examination for internes of the Second Division of Bellevue Hospital and will be appointed to the hospital's medical staff. Both are graduates of the medical school of Cornell University. They are Miss Mary Walker, who was third in the list of successful candidates, and Miss Geraldine Watson, ninth in the list. Miss Walker will begin her duties on July 1 and Miss Watson on Jan. 1 next.

Two other women, Miss Helen Pallser and Miss Anna Tjohnlands, both of the Cornell Medical School also, were appointed last week as internes of the Fourth Division. Their service will begin on July 1 next. It was said last night at the hospital that all of the young women would do ambulance work and perform the other duties required of men.

Miss Walker, it was announced, made the highest average ever made by a woman in the examinations. Each of the women will serve for eighteen months.

NEWARK SHORT OF COAL.

Dealers Caught Napping by Cold Snap—Oranges Hard Hit.

The shortage in the coal supply became serious yesterday in Newark, when many wagons sent to the railroad yards to cart loads of coal had to return empty. It was said by some of the dealers that the shortage was the most serious since the blizzard of 1888. The majority of dealers had let their supply run low because the early part of the Winter was so mild.

While the dealers have not been without coal, many of them have been forced to fill their orders short and subject to delay. The scarcity has been felt mostly in egg, stove, nut, and pea and the steam sizes, buckwheat and rice.

In some instances managers of Newark factories and other industrial plants told the coal dealers that if a supply of coal was not obtained the works would have to close. In these cases the coal dealers made every effort to supply some of the needed coal. In extreme cases one plant supplied coal to another.

It was said yesterday that the shortage would not last long, as a big supply is coming in on the railroads. The coal trains, the dealers say, have been delayed by the heavy snowstorms.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 25.—Not since the blizzard of 1888 has there been such a shortage of coal as exists to-day in the oranges. Factories are burning more expensive grades than they usually employ in heating their boilers, and houses in the outlying districts and particularly in the Orange Mountains are going unsupplied.

For South American Trade.

Louis Gutman, Chairman of the Foreign Trade Committee of the Cotton Garment Manufacturers' of New York, in answer to a request from the Department of Commerce of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce at Washington, on the question of obtaining business in the foreign markets has written for details on the grades and prices of merchandise in demand in these countries, together with terms of sale, freightage, charges, &c. The committee's work involves gathering material on business conditions in foreign markets, especially the South American countries, for the purpose of exploitation.

Foreign Trade Opportunities.

Further information may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch office, 315 Custom House, by giving the number of the item referred to:

12,578. WHARF IMPROVEMENTS.—Specifications have been received for the construction of wharf improvements at Riviere-du-Loup and Grosse Isle Quarantine Station, Province of Quebec, Canada.

12,579. MOTORS, ENGINES, WINDMILLS, AND MACHINERY OF VARIOUS KINDS.—A mechanical engineer desires to represent Am. concerns mfg. motors of all kinds, stationary engines and boilers, cereal and rice mills, windmills, iron and wood working mach., and machines for colonial industries.

12,580. MINING MACHINERY, AUTOMOBILES, &c.—A graduate engineer desires to secure an agency in Germany for Am. mining and other machy., also automobiles and accessories.

12,581. PITCH-PINE RIFT FLOORINGS.—A lumber-importing firm in a European country is desirous of getting in touch with large producers in the U. S. of pitch-pine rift floorings of 1 inch thickness, 3 and 4 inches in width, and 10 to 20 feet in length.

12,582. CATALOGUES OF SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, AND UNIVERSITIES.—An Am. Consul in a Latin-American country would be glad to receive for his files catalogues of Am. schools, colleges, and universities.

12,583. OAK BARREL STAVES.—An importing firm in Europe wishes to import direct from the U. S. barrel staves of oak, cylindrically sawed, 19 to 20 centimeters (0.75 to 0.79 inch) thick, 4 inches wide, and 60 to 61 centimeters (23.6 to 24 inches) long.

12,584. BROOM-MAKING MACHINERY.—An Am. Consulate in Mexico has an inquiry for the names of Am. mfrs. of broom-making machinery.

12,585. MACHINERY.—A resident of a European country desires to become the representative of Am. mfrs. of machinery, but before appointment would like to spend two years in the U. S. in the factories, the products of which he will later sell in Europe.

12,586. AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY.—Three firms are interested in Am. agricultural implements and machy. of all kinds.

12,587. HARDWARE AND TOOLS.—A graduate of an Am. school, living abroad, desires to represent Am. firms selling hardware and tools.

12,588. AUTOMOBILES, AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, &c.—A firm in Europe is interested in automobiles, harvesting machinery, and other agricultural machinery and implements, motors, and machines of all kinds.

DR. BALLARD FIGHTS FOR CAMP MEETING

Will Take Incorporation of Ocean Grove to the Courts, He Says.

OPPOSES BOROUGH BILL

Republicans at Trenton Have Killed It Often, but Fate Is in Doubt This Year.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 25.—Having come to the State House to-day in the belief that the Senate would take final action on the Assembly bill providing for the incorporation of Ocean Grove as a borough, Dr. Aaron E. Ballard, the aged head of the Camp Meeting Association, which controls the famous Methodist resort, served notice that if the Legislature enacts the measure and it is signed by the Governor the new law will be immediately attacked and, if necessary, the fight will be carried to the highest Federal court. This action, he said, would be taken on the ground that the Legislature could not abrogate a contract.

"We believe the courts will be with us," he continued, "because they generally have held that a contract cannot be invalidated by a legislative act."

The bill was laid over until next Monday evening. In recent years, the same bill has passed the lower House several times, but has always been beaten in the Senate by Republican votes. This year, however, the minority members have not taken any stand, and Senator Read of Camden, the Republican floor leader, said to-day that each Republican Senator would vote individually on the question.

"If Ocean Grove is to be killed as it has existed for long years," said Dr. Ballard, "I want to be here at the funeral."

With State officials lined up in favor of the bills and cities and automobilists opposing them, there was a lively hearing in the Assembly in the afternoon on the two bills exempting motor vehicles from personal taxation and increasing the registration fees on a new basis of horse power combined with weight. Should the measures become law, the State would receive more than $300,000 a year in increased revenue, while the motorists would have to pay more and the cities would lose the right to assess the machines as personal property.

Bills in the form of amendments to the collateral inheritance tax laws and which are designed to increase the State's income more than $500,000 a year were introduced in the Assembly. Bequests to charitable and religious organizations are exempted from taxation under the new acts, as are estates amounting to only $5,000, and collateral inheritances up to $500.

The Assembly passed the bill taxing every female cat $1 a year and the bill authorizing fourth-class cities bordering on the Atlantic Ocean to assess for the purpose of advertising such places as seaside resorts.

Senator Hennessy of Bergen County is preparing a bill that will apply the preferential primary principle to elections in cities under commission rule. It would eliminate primaries in such municipalities and would have the election of Commissioners on a preferential basis. Each voter would have four choices for each officer to be elected.

BANKRUPTCY NO DEFENSE.

Brokers Held Responsible for Use of Customer's Securities.

The Court of Appeals, in a decision just handed down, holds that a discharge in bankruptcy is no defense in an action brought against a broker for conversion of the property of a customer. The case was that of Frederick W. Kavanaugh, who sued John G. McIntyre and associates for an equity of about $27,000 in securities held by the defendants' firm. In May, 1908, Mr. Kavanaugh had an account with A. O. Brown & Co. This firm was carrying for him stocks worth about $35,000, on which $3,853 was due.

George Ryan, a member of the firm of T. A. McIntyre & Co., it was alleged, induced Mr. Kavanaugh to transfer his account to the McIntyre concern, promising, if he did so, that the firm would pay the balance due on the stocks and that the debt could run at the convenience of Mr. Kavanaugh. It was charged that the next day McIntyre & Co. began selling the stocks and placing the proceeds to the credit of the firm. In June, 1908, the McIntyre concern went through bankruptcy proceedings. A demand was made by Mr. Kavanaugh for his property, and when no response was made suit was begun in Saratoga County. Mr. Ryan was not included in the suit because he was not a party to the bankruptcy proceedings.

Ex-Senator Myer Nussbaum is counsel for Mr. Kavanaugh.

TRAVELING MEN ORGANIZE.

They May Appoint a National Council on Salesmen's Grievances.

Representatives of several traveling men's associations, appointed at a meeting in the Hotel Martinique last night, a committee to consider the establishment of a central or national council to take up the grievances of salesmen with regard to such matters as railroad and baggage rates, mileage, and transportation.

The committee will meet next Monday night at the rooms of the Garment Salesmen's Association. It consists of Archie E. Folse, President of the Associated Traveling Salesmen of New York, Incorporated, and Albert Levy, counsel; E. V. McDonald, President of the Fur Salesmen's Association; Arthur J. Lewy, President of the Southern Travelers' Association, and John E. Roeser, counsel; Harry Stenge, Secretary of the Far Western Travelers' Association, and Louis B. Eppstein, counsel; Maurice H. Mann, President of the Garment Salesmen's Association, and Samuel Blumberg, counsel; M. E. Heise, President of the Associated Commercial Travelers of America, and Meyer Steinbrink, counsel.

Concert for Red Cross Hospital.

A concert will be given at Carnegie Hall to-morrow evening for the benefit of the New York Red Cross Hospital under the auspices of the Ladies' Auxiliaries and the officers of the hospital. The artists who will appear are Mme. Olive Fremstad of the Metropolitan Opera Company, Miss Carolyn Beebe, pianist, and the New York Little Symphony, consisting of members of the Symphony Orchestra under the direction of George Barrere. Among the patronesses are Mrs. Adam Batcheller, Mrs. Henry E. Cobb, Mrs. Carl A. De Gersdorff, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. Frederick Trevor Hill, Mrs. Wilbur Larremore, Mrs. V. Everit Macy, Mrs. Charles W. Ogden, Mrs. Lansing P. Reed, Mrs. John Harsen Rhoades, Mrs. Charles P. Roe, Mrs. Rudolph E. Schirmer, Mrs. Samuel Sloan, Mrs. Francis Lynde Stetson, Mrs. Lindsley Tappin, Mrs. Thomas D. Thacher, Mrs. W. V. S. Thorne, Mrs. G. K. B. Wade, and Mrs. Allen Wardwell.

Throw Out Powder Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 25.—After more than twenty-six hours' of deliberation, a jury in the United States Court in the case of the Buckeye Powder Company against E. I. Du Pont De Nemours Company and others returned a verdict late this afternoon of no cause for action. The Buckeye Company sued to recover $4,800,000 from the Du Pont Company on the charge of restraint of trade.

Roads Must Recognize Jersey Passes

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 25.—Persons who have had pass certificates issued to them by the Secretary of State are not obliged to pay railroad fare, and the Controller is not warranted in reimbursing them if they do, Attorney General Westcott decided to-day. He held that those State officials who had passes were entitled to them by law, and that the railroad companies could not refuse to give them free transportation.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Decisions on Fabrics, Printed Matter and Calendar Rolls.

A controversy between the Government and Stern Brothers, New York, relating to the classification under the old law of Jacquard figured upholstery material, was yesterday decided by the Board of United States General Appraisers adversely to the importers. Collector Malone held the goods dutiable at 50 per cent. ad valorem, under Paragraph 326, as cotton tapestries. Among the claims made by the firm for lower rates were: 47½ per cent. as pile fabrics under Paragraph 325; 9 cents a square yard and 25 per cent. ad valorem, or 12 cents per square yard and 25 per cent., under the same paragraph, or at the appropriate rate as countable cotton cloth under Paragraphs 315 to 320. The board was unable to find error on the part of the Collector.

Fancy cotton fabrics imported by Brown & Boese, New York, were admitted at lower duty. The goods were returned for duty at 60 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 339, Tariff act of 1897, as etamines or as articles in imitation of lace or in part embroidered. Judge Cooper has held some of the fabrics dutiable at 25 and 30 per cent., under Paragraph 305, and the balance at the additional rate for extra threads provided for in Paragraph 313.

James P. Smith & Co., New York, failed in a protest objecting to the assessment of a 25 per cent. duty on diaries and Christmas books imported for general distribution as advertising matter. The books were claimed free of duty under Paragraph 517, act of 1909, as "publications of individuals for gratuitous private circulation." The board held that the books are merely trade publications, dutiable as printed matter.

Calendar rolls for use in finishing the surface of paper are properly dutiable at 45 per cent. ad valorem under the old law as manufactures of metal. W. N. Proctor & Co., Boston, claimed that paper predominated in the make-up of the rolls and that the tax should have been 35 per cent.

Olive oil has been imported in tins, supposed to contain five gallons, and it has been the rule for customs officers to determine the amount of the contents of a tin by weight upon the basis of a standard weight per gallon. As there is a difference of 10 cents per gallon duty between five-gallon lots and less than these, and as the higher rate was assessed in these cases, the importers objected. Yesterday, the Board of General Appraisers decided the Government method was a wrong one, that weight could not be used as a basis for determining the quantity of oil, and that the tins must be accepted as containing five gallons, because they are so sold and accepted by the trade. The Government will take the case to the Court of Customs Appeals.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.

The wheat market gave further evidences of inherent strength and new high records for the movement were again established. Prices were 2 cents a bushel above those of the first of the present month. The advance was due largely to reports of export sales, which were placed at about 650,000 bushels during the past two days.

Bradstreet's visible showed a decrease of 1,794,000 bushels east of the Rockies, compared with a decrease of 2,982,000 last year, while stocks in American and in and afloat for Europe decreased 945,000, compared with a decrease of 1,582,000 a year ago.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at $1.01⅝, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive; No. 2 red, $1.04, elevator, domestic; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.05¾, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.05⅝, free on board, afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May..	1.03 5-16	1.02 15-16	1.03⅛	1.03	99⅞
July..	..	..	97½	97⅝	98½

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May........	95	94½	94⅞	94⅝	93⅞
July........	89⅞	89¼	89⅝	89⅝	91⅝

CORN.

Prices in the corn market were firm, closing at an advance of ¼@⅜c on active buying. Bradstreet's visible supply showed a decrease of 56,000 bushels, compared with an increase of 2,488,000 a year ago.

In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 70⅝c, c. i. f., to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	67⅛	66⅝	67⅛	66⅝	55⅛
July	66⅜	66	66⅜	66	54½
September	66⅛	65½	65⅞	65⅝	..

OATS.

Oats was moderately active, and prices were steadier. The local cash market was firm; standard white being quoted at 46 to 46½c; No. 2, 46½c to 47c; No. 3, 45½c to 46c; No. 4, 45 to 45½c; ordinary clipped white, 45 to 47½c; fancy clopped white, 46 to 48½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

Oats—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	40⅝	40⅜	40⅝	40⅜	34⅝
July	40⅛	40	40⅛	40⅛	34¾

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was rather quiet, but prices were steadier, owing to an advance in the principal hog markets and in sympathy with the firmness in corn. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 28,000; estimated for Thursday, 28,000; Kansas City received 6,500 and Omaha 14,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May.....	10.80	10.77	10.77	10.72	10.65
July.....	11.00	10.95	10.97	10.92	10.67
Ribs—					
May.....	11.60	11.57	11.57	11.52	10.52
July.....	11.75	11.70	11.72	11.67	10.52
Pork—					
May.....	21.70	21.65	21.67	21.62	19.82
July.....	21.72	21.72	21.72	21.65	19.72

COTTONSEED OIL.

Prices ruled steady, closing at 1 to 3 points net higher. Crude oil was not pressed for sale.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.00@7.50	7.10
February	..	..	7.05@7.50	7.10
March	7.14	7.11	7.12@7.14	7.11
April	..	..	7.22@7.25	7.21
May	7.31	7.31	7.31@7.33	7.29
June	..	..	7.41@7.44	7.38
July	7.53	7.51	7.51@7.53	7.49
August	7.62	7.62	7.61@7.62	7.58
September	..	..	7.66@7.67	7.61

COTTON.

The cotton market showed a tendency to ease off yesterday. Closing prices were barely steady at a net decline of 2 to 7 points.

The local certificated stock now amounts to about 67,000 bales. Southern spot markets were generally unchanged, Houston being 1-16c lower, while one of the markets was ⅛c higher, with sales small at all points.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 13c for middling upland.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	12.20	12.20	12.16@12.19	12.21
March	12.23	12.19	12.20@12.21	12.24
April	12.02	12.02	11.98@12.00	12.05
May	11.93	11.88	11.88@11.89	11.95
June	..	..	11.83@11.85	11.86
July	11.85	11.81	11.82@11.83	11.87
August	11.69	11.66	11.65@11.67	11.70
September	..	..	11.47@11.50	11.49
October	11.44	11.41	11.42@11.43	11.44
December	11.50	11.46	11.47@11.49	11.49
January	11.40	11.40		

COFFEE.

The market opened with a decline of 7 to 8 points, but hardened and closed steady with net losses of 3 to 4 points. Havre closed at a net decline of ⅛ to ¼ franc, while Hamburg was ¼ to ½ pfennig lower.

The local spot market was inactive and unchanged with Rio 7's quoted at 9⅛c.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	..	..	8.72@8.73	8.75
March	8.75	8.68	8.72@8.73	8.75
April	..	..	8.82@8.84	8.85
May	8.95	8.89	8.93@8.94	8.96
June	..	..	9.01@9.03	9.05
July	9.15	9.09	9.11@9.13	9.15
August	..	..	9.19@9.21	9.23
September	9.29	9.23	9.27@9.29	9.31
October	9.33	9.31	9.31@9.34	9.36
November	9.35	9.36	9.37@9.39	9.41
December	9.41	9.39	9.40@9.41	9.44
January	..	..	9.44@9.46	9.48

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

390—People of Porto Rico, petnr. in error, vs. Bonacio Ramos. Submitted.

78—Carondelet Canal & Navigation Co., petnr. in error, vs. Louisiana. Assigned for argument March 16.

553—Wirt Franklin, petnr. in error, vs. C. S. Lynch et al. Submitted.

639—Geo. G. Henry, appel't, vs. Wm. Henkel, U. S. Marshal, &c. Argument continued for appellee and concluded for appel't.

727—USA, plff. in error, vs. Willis N. Birdsall;

728—Same vs. Thos. E. Brents, and 729—Same vs. Everett E. Van Wert. Argument commenced for defendant in 727 and concluded for the plff. in error.

470—St. Louis S. W. Ry., plff. in error, vs. Arkansas ex rel. Hal. H. Norwood, Atty. Gen. Argument commenced.

Call for Feb. 26: 470, 389, 450, (and 451,) 354, 691, 615, 816, 425, 679, 823, 696, 529, 648, 767, and 795.

District Court.

DISTRICT COURT—Hazel, J.—Jury.

Hedden<US Fid & G.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.

Hawk & Wetherbee<Gaynor.
In re CNY, 26 W'd, Brooklyn.
People ex rel Newspaper Trans Co<State Tax Bd, CNY.
People ex rel W'ch'r St R R<P S Com.
People ex rel Meeks<Drummond.
People ex rel N Y C & H R R Co<Walsh, (Sterling Creek.)
Same<Walsh, (Fox Ridge.)
In re Dee.
L S & Mich So Ry<Crandall.
Town of Cheektowaga<Abendschein.
In re CNY<Wantagh.
Trustees of Snug Harbor<Carmody.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cohalan, J. Litigated motions.

NY, W & B Ry<CNY.
E Mach Co<Security.
Same<Same.
Colt<Koehler Sport Goods.
Juk<Mason & Hanger.
Wood Mfg, &c<LIRR.
Robert<Benner.
In re CNY (White Plains Rd.)
McCormack<Sosson.
In re Davis.
Silberfeld<Kohn.
Lieberman<Lieberman
Gannon<Gimbel Bros.
Blankfeld<Regenbogen.
Canet<Smith.
In re CNY (Blondell Av.)
People<Lutz.
Pohle<Pohle.
Harris<Oscar Daniels.
Willard<Gen Redrct'n
Shearer<Shearer.
Macauley<Press Pub.
State Bank<Cohen.
Hess Bldg Co<ConGas.
Chevalier<Biograph.
Levine<Essex & Lee Co.
Squibb<Neuburger.
Schwartz<Mandel.
Feldstein<McDonough.
Walter<Garland Auto.
Watts<Adler.
De Cicco<Greco.
Holtorf<Brinckmann.
Savage<Savage.
Kitson<Lester Fellows Co.
B'nai B'rith<Bello.
People ex rel Rutheiser<Morrow.
Schlichter<Mitchell.
Thomas<James Auto Scale.
Allegro<Linch.
CNY<Lerner.
Lawrence<Morris.
Same<Same.
Stam<Sternfeld Bldg.
Eneman<Eneman.
Katz<Katz.
In re Conti.
Justice<Justice.
Stevenson—Brookheim.
Haeberle<Haeberle.
In re Hollander (Voton.)
Hancox<Hancox.
In re CNY (W 179 St.)
Galant<Goldstein.
Chapman<Ludvigh.
Harris<Gt EasternCas.
People<Swersky.
Victor Hotel<McKay.
Cong & Shebra, &c<Schiff.
Brill<Brill.
Lichtenstein<Bernheim.
Coulon<Marsh.
Singer<Mark.
Hevenor<Hevenor.
Vanderveer<Hardie.
People<Zilbert.
Valentine<Maximos.
Union Trust<McMann.
Same<Sutphin.
Pointdexter<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins.
Dolan<CNY.
Slocum<Zanetti.
In re CNY(CrugerAv.)
In re Bonavia (Pleasant Av.)
O'Hara<Roosa.
D'Oller<Leoni.
Abbott<Faversham.
In re Kurian (Bergenfeld.)
Hastorf<Hennen.
Jones<Powers.
Donohue<Johnson.
Mandel<Hopkins.
In re CNY (BeachAv.)
Writing<Whiting.
Hampel<Inter Oil Co.
Herzig<Harper.
Fowler<Fowler.
Shaw<Shaw.
In re Rector, &c, Trinity Church.
Nat Bridge<Murtha.
Silverberg Import Co<Marlowe, &c.
Barkin Const<Hirshfield.
Posner<Lederer.
Faversham<Faversham.
Hevenor<Hevenor.
Vikberg<Snadstrom.
In re Grupe.
In re Chamberlain.
Stimson<Post.
Gluck<Auto Ins Co.
Title Guar<Hotel Rector.
Jacobson<Schlesinger.
Schlesinger<Jacobson.
Broadhurst<Broadhurst.
Trantor<Trantor.
Morris<Cahn.
Dupey<Galbind.

PART II.—Bijur, J.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Page, J.

Daly<Daly.
Carlson<Carlson.
Silverman<Silverman.
Greenberg<Greenberg.
Dikum<Dikum.
Preferred cause:
Farley<Tobin.
General calendar:
Kuhn<Colenter.
Ashley<Excelsior Sav Bank.
Hall<Hall.
Bronx Art Stone Wks<Knopp.
St John<Reiss.
Gerwig<Gerwig.
Tachtadji<Marcoglou.
Kahn<Frank.
Schumacher<Burke & Sons Co.
Treutler<Catholic B L.
Forster<Kalderberg.
Charles<Abbe Eng.
Childs Co<McNulty.
Todd<Todd.
Purcell & G<Rodgers.
Witmark & Sons<Peters.
Zimmerman<Zim'man.
Roth<Roth.
Dreyfuss<Valentine.
Deutsch<Deutsch.
Tax Lien Co<CNY.
Hammer<Hammer.
Underhill<Burton.
Teeter<Daniel.
Kandel<Kandel.
Williams<Williams.
Prensky<Alpert.
Berger Bros Tea Co<Schnitzspahn.
Altman<Howell.
Weidhorn<Rieger.
Heinsheimer<Steinreich.
Fox<Moore.
Rozell<Rozell.
Dorland<Fidelity Dev. Co.
Lyman<Interstate Mort, &c.
Undefended divorces:
McCarthy & Bro<Lyons.
Holorowski<Czelada.
Hellman<Thompson Av Realty Co.
Keeley<Fach.
Maloney<Oliver & B.
Brass<Sup Ridge Rlty
Schildenecht<Jones.
Fox<Rose.
Bowen<Bowen.
Menken<Rochelle Roofing Co.
Erie RR<Vessella.
Hevenor<Hevenor.
Leonori<Leonori.
Carrigan<Carrigan.
Whalen<Whalen.
Rachman<Rachman.
Tur<Arrue.
Equitable Tr<Disbrow
Belmont<Belmont.
Skannell<Beach.
Rosen<Rosen.
Rosenthal<Rosenthal.
Giovanna<Kreitzer.
La Sala<Hope Con Co.
Masi<Perri.
Tilton<Gans.
Schiey<Coler.
Goodwin Const Co<Vt. Hyg.
Corrao<Corrao.
Weiss<Weiss.
Gilon<Gilon.
Galveston Bldg Co<Weiler.
Hochstein<Leider.
Birch<Farson.
Cohen<Alvord.
Carden Rlty<Siviglia.
Wade<Wade.
Lasker<Block.
Baruch<Baruch.
Norton Co<3 Av & 23 St.
Wrightsville H'ware<Assets, &c.
Mari<Mari.
Case on.

PART IV., case on; V., case on; VI., case on; VII., case on; VIII., case on.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Davis, J. Recess.

PART II.—Whitaker, J.

Ambrose<Smith.
Kerr<Cheney.
Am Steel & W<Heisler
Harrington<Stallo.
Clear.

PART III.—Platzek, J.

Ricciardelli<N Y C, &c., RR.
Godleyki<Pietrowski & Konopleo.
Case on.

PART IV.—Lehman, J.

Case on—O'Connor<N Y Rys.
Case on, Romolo<Traitel Marble.
No day calendar.

PART V.—Benton, J.

Hennessy<Armour & Co.
Kravitz<C RR of NJ.
Burnett<Erie RR Co.
Daino<Savini.
Todaldi<Hitchcock.
Wersall<Knoff.
Leone<NY Rys.
Ziegler<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Cor.
Benisch<Pitts Contr.
Linde<28 St & 7 Av Rlty Co.
Gensler<Freeman.
Becker<CNY.
McGarry<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Cor.
Deutsch<Greenwald.
Schonbraun<Goasberg.
Martin<Lesser.
Beros<Doll.
Lindholm<Adams L'd & Bldg.
Case on.

PART VI.—Weeks, J.

Murven<Renard Co.
Newman<Mason Seaman Transp.
Oddue<N Y, N H & H R R R.
Case on.

PART VII.—Dugro, J.

Slaviz<N Amst Gas.
Hunsberger<Guar Tr.
O'Leary<Linch,
Allinet<Morrison.
Harris<Steel & Mas.
Smith<CNY.
Colton<Roman Baths.
Case on.

PART VIII.—Adj. for term.

PART IX.—Donnelly, J.

Gugig<Froltch.
Dunn<same.
Mason<Shapiro.
Robinson<NY, NH, &c
Jagoda<Trenbig.
Riccombein<N Harrison Realties.
Kennedy<Hud Nav.
Schmer<Goldschein.
Redner<Puff.
Fisher<Int R T.
Benderman<Glassberg.
Van Slochem<Villard.
Schkopp<Cohen.
Wildman<Miller.
Schneider<Schlang.
Lehman<Parisette.
Fagan<Bradley Const.
Garfinkle<Block.
Same<same.
Case on.

PART X.—Adj. for term.

PART XI.—Philbin, J.

Weldner<CNY.
Rader<Landau.
Stump<Burns.
Demas<Even Journal.
Wondrich<McGovern.
Giordano<East Brew.
Brown<Un Cigar Mfg.
Kelly<CNY.
Duffy<same.
Wolkowitz<Blecher Bros.
Dalbec<Goldsmith.
Faucett<Seipp.
Taylor<NY, NH, &c.
Weyell<W'chester Co Brewing.
Sanderowitz<Canarsie Amuse.
R Sanderowitz<same.
Markart<CNY.
Gugig<Lempert.
Case on.

PART XII.—Pendleton, J.—No day calendar.

PART XIII.—Van Kirk, J.

H. Cohen<Rosenwasser.
C. Cohen<same.
Hindler<Elsler.
Freise<Ronsenwasser.
Murtha<Delmel.
Milligan<Zibelli.
Ledden<Welles.
Case on.

PART XIV.—Erlanger, J.

CNY<Alcatraz Asphalt
Sure Seal Co<Loeber.
Ungerich<Nor Bk, NY
Schurmacher<H'burg-Bremen F Ins.
Waldt<Goodwin Mfg.
Farley<Barrick.
Case on.

PART XV.—Ford, J.

Clark<Met Life.
Case on.
No day calendar.

PART XVI.—Emerson, J.

Brady, Adler & Koch Co<Hochstadter.
Bierman<Tiernan.
Riviera Rlty<Ill Sur.
Reilly<Burkelman.
Wilczek<Frohman.
Higgins<Everard's Breweries.
Case on.

PART XVII.—Newburger, J.

Conway, Jr.<McRae.
Margolies<Ariz Turq.
Rotherosen<Rosenberg
Morgan<Ben Bon Co.
Ringler & Co<Weiss.
Minzesheimer<Walker.
NY Assets R<Demar'st
Boedicker<Sack't & W
Curtin<G Ringler & Co
Nat City Bk<Hartm'n
Thomas<J Thomson & R Thomson.
Gallin<Allemania F I.
Miller<Miller.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Greenbaum, J.

Taub<Schiessel.
Mergentine<Seidt.
Weinstein<Stern.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS.—Cohalan, S.

Wills for probate:
Mary Becker,
Francis C. Youlin,
E. A. Penniman,
C. F. Pepe,
E. R. Holden,
Leonard Cohen,
Mary Cannon,
Israel Altmayer,
Josephine Stein,
Ernest Sundmeier,
C. F. Hawley.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.

Contested will:
Johanna Strauss.

City Court.

PART I.—McAvoy, J.

Friedrich<Phusing.
Mokette<Rlty Hold.
Finkelstein<Selwitz.
Birnbaum<Doktor.
Reidy<Campagnie Gen Trans Co.
Cowley<Burns Bros.
Ellis<Robison.
Green<Int R T Co.
Same<same.
Van Heaton<Lamparrelli.
Limato<Indelli & Conforti Co.
Same<same.
Huntzer<N Y Rys.
Karp<L I R R.
McCarthy<O'Connor.
Essig<Cohen.
Bellport<Polifeine.
Levy<P Hano Co.
Rosen<Tremont I Wks
Lloyd<Pitts Con.
Rosenberg<Weissberg Mach.
Harrington<Bradley C
Mullins<same.
Duncan<Sirk.
Solomon<Comedy Amus.
Logan<Stuffer.
Lauber<Mayer.
Pfifer<O'Brien.
Singer<C R Co.
Duncan<Sirk.
Sissman<Salter.
Same<same.
Eggers<Andrews.
Salter<Koeches.
Cohn<Thorman.
Epstein<Isseks.
Schachter<I R T.
Same<same.
Bergman<Polstein.
Rosenzweig<Kilpel.
Erie R R<El Auto RR
McKnight<Snare & T
Treiman<Singer.
Brett<Curry.
Ford<Fox.
De Castanzo<C R R of N J.
Sokolski<Hohenstein.
Same<same.
Same<same.
Wagman<Marco.
Weinstock<Hyman.
Rosofsky<Harlem Garage.
Barberi<Muzanti.
Arnold<Schneidler.
Miller<O'Connor.
Joseph<Haas.
Case on.

PART III., clear; IV., clear; V., clear; VI., clear; VII., case on; VIII., case on.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—O'Dwyer, C. J.

Blitzen<Jackmowitz.
Schwartz<Minsker Rlty
Empire Trust<Geering.
Horowitz<Oleo Shock A Co.
Tanenbaum<Levy.
Haber<Levy.
Aaron<Royal Ins.
Nissenbaum<Un Amus.
Schneider<Delman.
Froment<Morrissey.
Neustetter<Weinberg.
Sterngold<Levine.
Marx<Greystone Hold.
Hechinger<Fox.
Bremer<Moses.
Taylor<Thos Nolan & Sons.
Schlesinger<Royal Antiseptic.
Mackin<Rothschild.
Kopf<Montiii.
Isaacs<Kobore.
Gens<Reibstein.
Wormser<Deeches.
Schwartz<Kaminsky.
Smith<Medi C Goods.
Abrams<Rubenstein.
O'Beirne<Greenberg.
McKinley Sq Theatre<Cunningham.
Hennessy<Willoughby.
De Groot<Brinkerhoff.
Atkinson-Morse Dest Co<Morse.
Cohn<Cohen.
Abramowitz<Blumberg.
Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J. Motor Car & Equipment Co<Halisberg—Eugene F McGee.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J. Central Mtg Co<J Strufer (4)—Henry M Goldfogle. Pfeiffer<Mahew—John Boyle, Jr. Pfeiffer<Mahew—Joseph M Herzberg.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J. Wood<Levine—Edward H Kelly. Madigan<Greenfield—Philip J Britt. Levine<Fagan—Nathan Burkan. Dickey<Varnum—Michael J Egan. Bohland<Wolf—Phoenix Ingraham. Alkier<Wolf—Morgan J O'Brien, Jr. U S Trust Co<Harris—Chas D O'Connell. American Sav Bank<Randrup—Robert H Berman. In re Beck—Irving Washburn.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur J. Frederick R Coudert<Edward Fagan—Arthur N Giegerich. People<Monaton Realty Investment Corp—Max Morgenthau.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J. Charles T Dottler<Sarah McCormick—Patrick A Gaynor. Harriet B Piester<Stanley Gollick Co—Benjamin H Irving. Julia W Little<John J Kirby—James E Landy.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM.—Part I., Kapper, J.; II., Van Siclen, J.; III., Clark, J.; IV., Kelly, J.; V., Manning, J.; VI., Aspinall, J.; VII., Crane, J.

Curley<Bradley et al.
Bateman<C I & B RR.
Millner<B H RR.
Howe<Nassau RR.
Friedman<Bklyn E D Terminal.
Nobis<CNY.
Tuohey<Shults Bread.
Finn<Hoe & Co et al.
Dougherty<Clrker.
Barkelow<C I & B RR
Johnston<B H RR.
Osterlund<Ritchie & Co
Kettler<Rosenblatt.
Patterson<Benziger.
Roma<Atl Stevedoring
Peristein<Dennett Coff
McNally<Nordenholt.
Thompson<Bklyn R T.
Comer<C I & B RR.
Journeay<Hitchings.
Zemel<Arthur.
White<Robins D Dock
Fremont<Kene.
Carl<C I & B RR.
Jensen<Berger.
Taxter<CNY.
Mallom<Thomas.
Hoban<B H RR.
Zabrowski<Nassau RR
Devoe<B H RR.
Binns<CNY.
Stothard<Nassau RR.
Nassauer<B, Q C & S RR.
McClintock<CNY.
Lazarus<Bord C Milk.
Leidi<St John's Cem.
Brown<CNY.
Jackson<Braboff.
Frohn<Nassau RR.
Heiberg<Norweg Turn

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:

Larson<McMyler & an
Fulcher<C I & B RR.
Selig<Wirsum.
Freytag<Losee.
Lieberman<Rose.
Horton<Kent.
Erkus<Onkin.
Mummery<Carswell et al.
Fierro<Flanagan.
Quinn<B H RR.
Sherr<CNY.
Munch Brew<Schramm
Sperano<Transit Dev.
Peck<Cook et al.
Lazett<Krantz Mfg.
Holland Laund<Travelers' Ins.
White<Nassau RR.
M Caul<Carrizo & Co.
Stolz<Nassau RR.
Kravczak<Trans Dev.
Parkinson<B U E RR.
Scott<CNY.
Peterson<Lehrfeld.
Malles<Farrell.
Whiting<Medbury.
Casey<CNY.
Beadle<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins.
Mintz<Board of Ed.
Kelly<B H RR.
Heckman<Fettes.
King<Gollick & Smith.
Cody<B H RR.
Goldberg<B U E RR.
Barr<Gruhn et al.
Marala<Quinn.
Lewis<Petchesky.
Von Elterlein<B of Ed.
Morrow<Middendorf.
Mason<Roach.

Highest number reached, 3019.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Blackmar, J.—Litigated motions.

Schmidt<NY&QCo Ry.
In re Olson (Capparucci.)
Shulik<B'klyn Auto Livery.
Wallach<Moore R'lty.
Queck-Berner<Ward Baking Co.
Wood<L I RR.
Hecker<Ocean El RR.
Rock<L I RR.
Bruckman<L I RR.
Glasser<L I RR.
Murtha<Amal Paint.
McBride<Morse D D.
Callaghan<Same.
Behrman<Seitz.
In re Paerdegat Basin (Campbell.)
Buzz<B Q Co & SRR.
Kosinski<Knick Ice.
Kosinski<Same.
Paynter<Chatterton.
Pajk<Kempf.
Schachner<Dunlef et al.
Peo ex rel Papo<Bd of Edu.
Sedarquist<Beaver Eng.
Brown & ano<Olsen.
Warth<Kastriner & ano.
Rosenson<Zekind.
McKee<B,QCo & SRR.
Kayata<Ontra.
Kerold<Adams.
In re Val Stream Lds for Water Supply.
Vanderveer<Aviden et al.
Nash<Nash et al.
Sexton<Manhasset-Lakeville Water.
De Filippo<TermMCo.
Flory<Davis et al.
Union Bank<Benueta.
People<Lecompton.
Salerno<Salerno.
Trautwein<Helmken et al.
Nash<Nassau El RR.
Law<Mech'y Exch.
Hingle<Blaut.
Ray<Ray.
Sabella<Thomson.
Decker<Vreeland et al.
Warner<Star Co.
Hoch<Chester.
Schaeffer<Jones.
Cohen<B'Natl Biscuit.
Cohen<Same.
Korff, Adm'r of Dukotker<Nichols Cop.
Korff, Adm'r of Dukbitsky<Same.
Walker<Horton I C'm.
Trautwein<Helmken et al.
Hure, Lily<Hure.
Wright<Ramapo Mfg.
Lawyers Title, &c<Singer Dev.
Thomson<Lawyers Title, &c.
NY Municipal Ry<Parkhill et al.

SPECIAL TERM—(Trials)—Scudder, J.

Hayenga<Manning.
Patchen<Dts of Isabella.
Weisman<Weisman.
Ball<Garvey.
People ex rel Roebuck<W S & W S Co<Purdy, Com.
Felino<Felino.

The remaining causes marked ready on the reserved calendar will appear on March 2 on the regular calendar for trial.

Highest number reached, 705.

SPECIAL TERM—Maddox, J.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV.—Southard, J.

Milner<B H R R.
Ferraio<same.
McDermott<C I & B R R.
Ewlesion<Schneider.
Kopolowitz<Nas E RR
Docknell<N Y & B Br
Rosenthal<Rachlin.
Wranda<Bender.
Ryan<Canavan.

Reserved calendar marked ready and passed until March 2.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR—Part I.—Dike, J.

Wm. Coakley,
Harry Werner,
Louis Rosenbaum,
Thos. Sorrentino,
Nicola Santellino,
Ralph Nate,
Julian Wojtkiewicz,
Peter Jiurklewicz,
Giovanna Medolla.

PART II.—Nye, J.

Samuel Glickman,
Harold J. Friedman,
Charles Napoli,
Anthony Deandrea,
Giuseppe Lomino,
John Colvitto,
Sabino Carmilio,
Frank Ryan,
Fred Hartman,
Salvatore Marino,
Francesco Luparello,
Louis Norvaski,
Charles E. Scouten.

PART III.—Tiernan, J.

John Sargh,
Abraham Rosenblatt,
Frank W. Anthony,
Frank Erick,
Charles Pasquale.

Surrogate's Court.

WILLS—Ketcham, S.

Annie Graham,
Louis Goldstein,
Wm. Weisgerberg,
Henry Seibert,
Katarzyna Borgerkis,
Edw Blaisdell,
Acc'ting in ests. of—
Wm. Frohwetter,
Henry Wellbrock,
Theresa Simowiatz,
Jeronimus Underhill,
Charlotte Wilson,
Michael McEvoy,
Wm. Rothaeiker,
Josephine Phillips,
Constance Cook,
Liddia Redding,
John Shielly,
Amelia Achussler,
Estates of—
Henry Wellbrock,
Thomas Winter,
Mary Haviland,
Giuseppe Monaco,
Leopold Klein,
Contested calendar—
Will of John Flack.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Garretson, J.; II., Benedict, J.

Halgren<Halgren.
Fislowitz<Tint.
Reddy, an infant<Otis Elevator.
Peterson<Jamaica Est.
Spiroff<Freewald.
Brennan<N Y & Q E L & P Co.
Usher<Norton & Gorman.
Donnelly<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Remlinger<Neptune Meter Co.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:

Marray<B H RR.
Russell<L I RR.
Tully<Guthy.
Roberts<B H RR.
Klee & an<Otterbein.
Vetter<Chandler.
Radiban<Nichols Cop.
Gach<L I RR.
Powers<Weisbaer Co.
Konszlewski, an inf<Capen.
C Trautman<Metzger.
Selvaggi<Tisdale Lumber Co.
Wilson<Imperial Auto & ano.
Franklin, an infant<NY & Q Co Ry.
Klingenberg<CNY.
Conway<McGuire.
Stines<B, Q Co &SRR.
Harrington<B H RR.
Moran<Newton Gas.
Walsh<Nichols Copper
Ryan<B H RR.

Highest number reached, 400.

County Court.

CRIMINAL TERM—Humphrey, J.

People<Luke Moore.
People<Ralph Curtis.
People<L Passarello, R Passarello, and V Pino.
People<L Passarello, R Passarello, and V Pino.
People<C Malloy and J Solon.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Platt, J.

People<Chas Benfield.
Same<F Washington.
Same<Paul Lebek.
Same<Mack Donald.
Same<McO Courpo, H. Druker, I. Goldstein, and L. Poviovitz.
Same<Dan Nappa.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BORDMAN, SUSAN I., (Dec. 14,) $5,000 personalty to Herbert F. Bordman, son.

DE VINNE, THEODORE L., (Feb. 16,) more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty; $7,000 to Daniel S. De Vinne, brother; $7,500 each to Charles D. and Grace De Vinne, grandchildren; $15,000 in life estate to Emma and Frances De Vinne, sisters; $6,250 in life estate to Mary De Vinne; $1,000 each to Augusta L., Augusta C., Jessie, Anna, and Sarah De Vinne, nieces, and Florence and Ruth Whitlock; $250 to Frank De Vinne, nephew; $1,500 to Isabelle G. Richardson; residue and remainder from life trusts to Theodore B. De Vinne, son.

DOOLITTLE, ELIZABETH, (Dec. 31,) about $3,000 personalty; about $1,400 each to Cora D. Langdon, sister, and Estelle S. Haines, niece; $25 to Lucy A. Howe, cousin; $5 each to Ethel Tomlinson, granddaughter, and Gertrude Haines, niece; about $200 to Woodlawn Cemetery.

MORRIS, EMMA, (Feb. 10,) $5,000 personalty; $100 each to Dorothy, David, Elliot, and Marcella Goldsmith, Mildred Vorzimer, and Miriam and Bertram Brown, grandchildren; $1,000 and one-half residue to Annie B. Morris, daughter; specific bequest and one-half residue to Celia Morris, daughter.

TAFT, NELLIE B., (Nov. 25,) $3,000 personalty; specific legacies to Albert Davis, Agatha O'Neale, Annie E. Fitch, Annie R. De Voe, Mary Ann Faughnan, Mary Conrad, Mollie Palmer, David Costelo, Stella Carpenter, Mary McQueeny, Mollie Cline, and Philip W. Taft, husband.

TRIPP, SARAH ELIZABETH, (Jan. 23,) less than $2,500 personalty to Jacob W. Tripp, husband.

WALKER, JAMES V., (March 19,) $1,800 realty and $150 personalty; $750 to Mary J. Walker, wife; residue in equal shares to Charles, Estelle, and Anna Walker, children.

WALSH, JOHN, (no petition,) entire estate to Ellen M. Walsh, daughter, during her life; remainder to surviving children.

WILMERDING, ELEANOR E., (Feb. 10,) $14,000 realty and $700 personalty to Joanna M. and Julia L. Wilmerding, sisters.

DIVIDENDS.

THE AMERICAN COAL COMPANY OF ALLEGANY COUNTY,

No. 1 Broadway, New York, Feb. 9, 1914.

The Board of Directors of The American Coal Company of Allegany County, (New Jersey,) have this day declared the Regular Semi-Annual Dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at this office on Monday, March 2, 1914, to stockholders of record at 12 o'clock M. February 28, 1914.

The Transfer Books will not be closed.

GEORGE M. BOWLBY, Treasurer.

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.

New York, February 25, 1914.

COMMON CAPITAL STOCK
DIVIDEND NO. 46.

A dividend of One-half Per Cent. (½%) on the Common Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Wednesday, April 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business Tuesday, March 10, 1914.

Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

S. S. DELANO, Treasurer.
WM. M. HAGER, Secretary.

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.

New York, February 25, 1914.

PREFERRED CAPITAL STOCK
DIVIDEND NO. 60.

A dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Wednesday, April 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business Tuesday, March 10, 1914.

Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

S. S. DELANO, Treasurer.
WM. M. HAGER, Secretary.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRE CO.

A quarterly dividend of 1¾% has been declared on the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company, payable April 2, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 20, 1914. The Preferred Stock Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the close of business, March 20th, 1914, to April 6, 1914.

FREDERICK A. SEAMAN, Secretary.
New York, January 30, 1914.

United Traction and Electric Co.

Coupons due March 1st 1914, from First Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Gold Bonds of this Company, Providence and Pawtucket issue, will be paid on and after March 1st, 1914, on presentation at the office of the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 54 Wall Street, New York. Checks for interest on registered bonds will be mailed.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

Borden's Condensed Milk Company.

Preferred Stock Dividend No. 49.

A regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable March 14th, 1914, to stockholders of record March 5th, 1914. Books close March 5th, 1914, at 3 P. M. and open March 16th, 1914, at 10 A. M.

F. D. SHOVE, Treasurer.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PATRICK J. BYRNES, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, March 10th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all the right, title, and interest of the Trustee in and to the following property:

All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate at Westhampton, County of Suffolk, State of New York, and known and designated as lots numbers 7 to 30, inclusive, and 151 to 175, inclusive, in Block C, on a certain map entitled "Plan of Property at Westhampton, Suffolk County, Long Island."

Certificate No. 41,173 for $2,000 of Knights of Honor, standing in the name of Charles Neuendorfer.

Certificate No. 206 for 80 shares of Gold Point Hydraulic Mining Company standing in the name of Charles Neuendorfer.

Certificate No. 119 for 10 shares of Gold Point Hydraulic Mining Co. standing in the name of Louis Wendell, Jr.

Note bearing date December 28th, 1908, signed by Elizabeth Appleton, to the order of Patrick J. Byrnes, in the sum of $100; note dated May 5, 1906, signed by J. A. Spitz, to the order of Patrick J. Byrnes, for $35; note dated May 25, 1906, signed by Henry F. Kainsberg for $100 to the order of Patrick J. Byrnes; note dated May 25, 1906, signed by Henry F. Kainsberg, to Patrick J. Byrnes, for $110; note dated April 28, 1906, signed by Jeremiah J. Horley, to the order of Patrick J. Byrnes for $175.

All the book accounts set forth in the schedules of the bankrupt.

CHARLES BROOKHEIM,
100 Broadway, New York City,
Attorney for Patrick J. Byrnes, Bankrupt.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Esq.,
67 Wall Street, Referee.
HOUSE, GROSSMAN & VORHAUS, Esqs.,
115 Broadway, New York City, Attorneys for Trustee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL WEINSTEIN, trading as THE INDEPENDENT GARMENT CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Feb. 26, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 32 West 20th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of manufactured and unmanufactured wash dresses, wash fabrics, laces, embroidery, cutting machines, cutting tables, plain and fancy sewing machines, office and factory fixtures, safe, &c. WILLIAM D. BRUSH, Receiver.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Receiver,
309 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEVI ZEILER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, March 4th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 163 Greene St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cotton goods, piece goods, satins, linings, partitions, safe, office furniture, fixtures, &c.
JOHN D. DANIEL, Receiver.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Receiver,
309 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

TRUSTEES' NOTICE OF SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Middle Division of the Northern District of Alabama.—In the matter of ATLANTIC & GULF PORTLAND CEMENT CO., Bankrupt.—No. 143.—In Bankruptcy.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale made by the court in said proceeding February 5, 1914, the undersigned, as Trustees therein, will, on Wednesday, the 20th day of May, 1914, beginning at 12 o'clock noon, at the Third Avenue front door of the Jefferson County Court House, in Birmingham, Alabama, sell, subject to the confirmation of said court in said proceeding, upon the terms prescribed in said order of sale, all of the right, title, interest, and estate of said Atlantic & Gulf Portland Cement Company and of the Fidelity Trust Company, as Trustee under deed of trust recorded in the Probate Office of St. Clair County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record Book No. 45, Pages 123 *et seq.*, and in the Probate Office of Calhoun County, Alabama, in Book 135 of Mortgages, Page 14 *et seq.*, in and to the property described in said trust deed and all other assets and property of said bankrupt and of said estate in bankruptcy, both corporeal and incorporeal, and wheresoever situated, and of the business of the bankrupt and of said Trustees in bankruptcy as such—all as a going concern, as a whole and as an entirety, with the good-will, name, franchises, rights, privileges, easements, stocks, bonds, patents, licenses, copyrights, trade-marks, trade-names, and intangible property and assets of the bankrupt, including all contracts and bills, accounts, claims, and demands receivable of the receivers and of the Trustees in bankruptcy as they exist at the date of sale, except only cash or its equivalent on hand and in bank and in the mails upon the day of sale which is expressly exempt from the said sale.

No bid will be received or entertained unless the bidder shall have deposited with the said Trustees prior to the commencement of the sale $25,000.00, in cash or check, drawn or indorsed to the order of the Trustees, certified by responsible and reliable bank or trust company having a capital and surplus of at least $200,000.00, or bonds issued under said trust deed aggregating $62,500.00 face value.

W. S. LOVELL,
J. H. McQ. CARTER,
H. C. STILES,
Trustees in Bankruptcy of said Estate.
PERCY, BENNERS & BURR, TILLMAN, BRADLEY & MORROW, THOMAS J. WINGFIELD, J. T. STOKELY, Birmingham, Alabama; GEORGE WHITELOCK, Baltimore, Md.; FREDERICK M. LEONARD, Philadelphia, Pa., Counsel.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of NATIONAL LUNCH CO., Alleged Bankrupt.

Please take notice that the undersigned, receiver in bankruptcy of the above-named bankrupt, will sell to the highest bidder at private sale on written competitive sealed bids all the assets of the above-named bankrupt now located at Nos. 823 Sixth Avenue and 987 Sixth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, consisting of tables, chairs, fixtures, utensils, glassware, crockery, silverware, and plate ware, and all appurtenances necessary for the carrying on of up-to-date and completely fitted lunch-rooms, and also all the receiver's right, title, and interest in and to the unexpired term of certain leases of the aforementioned premises.

All bids must be submitted to the receiver at his office, No. 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before Thursday, February 26th, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., and should be marked "bids in the matter of National Lunch Co.," at which time and place said bids will be opened. All bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check for at least 10% of the amount of the bid.

The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids; should the receiver accept a bid the successful bidder will be called upon to pay the balance of the purchase price within 24 hours after acceptance; should the receiver fail to accept any of the bids made the property will then be offered for sale at public auction on February 28th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M. at No. 823 Sixth Avenue, New York City, and immediately thereafter at No. 987 Sixth Avenue, New York City.

HAMILTON M. DAWES, Receiver,
2 Rector Street, New York City.
H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver,
320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GREENBERG BROTHERS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, March 4th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies', children's, and misses' coats, trimmings, furs, wadding machines, fur machines, safe, office fixtures, &c.

Inspection March 2d and 3d between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

ISIDOR GRAYHEAD, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SANITARY BEDDING CORPORATION, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Feb. 26, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 142 Brown Place, between 134th and 135th Sts., Borough of Bronx, at the garage of Geo. W. Cochran, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a McIntyre power automobile truck, 1½ ton.

OSCAR TIGSTAEDTER, Receiver.
BLAU, ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 141 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of SOLOMON HOROWITZ, trading as STERLING SKIRT CO., Bankrupt.—No. 18,791.

Notice is hereby given that Solomon Horowitz, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 27th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 30th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated February 25th, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of SOPHIE DIAMOND, Bankrupt.—No. 18,262.

Notice is hereby given that Sophie Diamond, bankrupt, has filed her petition, dated July 7th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all her debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 30th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated February 25, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JACOB HALEM, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated February 24th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 30th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Feb. 25, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL DAVIS, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Sam Davis, alleged bankrupt, has filed his petition, verified February 16th, 1914, praying for a confirmation of composition in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 9th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the alleged bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, February 25, 1914.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—MEYER RUBIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated February 21st, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 30, 1914, at 10.30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Feb. 25, 1914.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 25, 1914.—Notice is hereby given that public hearing will be held here at 2 P. M., March 4, 1914, respecting locations and conditions under which permits for construction and maintenance of fish pounds in Atlantic Ocean off coasts of New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia may be issued without endangering navigation interests. All parties interested are invited to be present and to submit their views respecting same. It is requested that these views be also submitted in writing, if practicable. E. N. Johnston, Capt., Engrs.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Break on Mexican Uncertainties and on Foreign Selling.

A selling movement which brought declines of considerable proportions in a large number of issues, broke yesterday the monotony into which the stock market had fallen. Selling from abroad contributed to the decline, but it was only when this foreign liquidation was supplemented by a good deal of local trading pressure that prices yielded to any substantial extent. Here it was upon the Mexican situation that the greatest stress was laid, but the selling from the other side did not appear to be based solely or even chiefly upon the graver aspect which has lately been given to our relations to affairs in Mexico. Selling from Paris, where market conditions were unsettled, accounted in no small manner apparently for the London liquidation of American stocks. Amsterdam was also reported as contributing to the day's supply of pressure from abroad, thus giving pretty wide scope to the foreign selling which this market had to encounter.

Opinion differed widely in the financial district regarding the question whether recent events would lead to an enforced change in the programme which this Government has been pursuing in respect to happenings in Mexico. Some saw no reason for expecting any departure from the policy which has heretofore been adhered to, while others talked of possible developments which would in effect amount to armed intervention. But when all was said and done the reaction in stocks might well have been accounted for by more technical consideration than these. The market had been growing duller and duller and had reached a condition which no doubt invited a good deal of selling by the trading element. It had for some time seemed plain that the support which the public gave to the stock market during January was no longer being extended to it. With that back-log of support removed it had been found that the market lacked forward initiative. Fortunately no such impairment of the position of the bond market has occurred for there are no signs that there was any over-buying of bonds during the expanding movement which took place during January. Trading is much lighter, but there is no appreciable selling pressure upon the market, and quotations are fairly well maintained. Even in the stock market the reaction has not gone beyond what may be regarded as normal proportions in view of the sharpness of the January rise.

There seems to be no question of the genuine investment character of the bond demand which has been experienced since the beginning of this year. Apparently the stock of bonds in dealers' hands is no larger to-day, if as large, as at the close of last year. Indeed, the output of securities has been smaller than was to have been expected in view of the excellence of the demand. Both in January and so far in February the new issues have fallen much short of the corresponding period last year. The uniform success of the new issues shows that the market has not been overfed with them, as has happened in London, where several recent issues have met very poor public response. There are a variety of reasons for the reduced output of securities, one of which no doubt is that plans for fresh expenditures are still being laid with very considerable caution. Industry seems to be moving in the right direction, but it is moving slowly, which has this compensation at least, that the ground work thus laid is likely to prove all the more lasting.

New orders appear to be coming to the steel trade more slowly than during the earlier weeks of this month, but with the United States Steel Corporation at least the output of the mills has been further increased. The Iron Age reported yesterday that the corporation's plants are now being operated at 82 per cent. of ingot capacity. This suggests an output of 36,000 to 37,000 tons a day. At that rate if the new orders in the second half of February hold their own, as compared with output, there should be shown a substantial increase, possibly as much as 200,000 tons, in the unfilled orders at the close of this month, compared with the end of January. It must, of course, be taken into account that a considerable amount of the business taken by the steel mills was entered at figures showing relatively small profits, but lately the tendency in prices as well as in output has been upward. An unfavorable showing was made in the statement of several important railroads for the month of January issued yesterday.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1¾	2	2
A year ago	3	2½	2½	3
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period, 1913	5	2¼	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2½@3	3@3¼	3¼@3½
Commercial paper (prime bills)	..	3½@4	3¾@4¼

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$322,066,650	$19,899,307
Sub-Treas. debit balance		150,478

Banks lose since Friday, $7,820,000.

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London
Berlin	3½	2⅞	20 m 44 pf
Paris	2¾		25 f 20½c
London	2 7-16@2½	1¼@1½	..

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8585	$4.8570	$4.8585
A year ago	4.8755	4.8745	4.8755
Since Jan. 1	4.8695	4.8535	......
Same period 1913	4.8780	4.8570	......

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8585	$4.8605
Paris	5.18¾–1-32	5.18¾+1-32
Berlin	95+1-16	95⅛
Switzerland	5.18¾–1-16	5.18¾
Holland	40.26	40.28
Paris	5.21¼	5.20⅝–1-16
Berlin	94⅝	94⅞
Belgium	5.21¼+1-32	5.20⅝–1-32

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.83¼	$4.82½
Paris	5.21¼	5.22½–1-16
Berlin	94⅞	94¼

Commercial Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.83¼	$4.82¼
Paris	5.21⅞	5.23⅛
Berlin	94⅝	94¼
Amsterdam	39.93	39.80

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	20c	San Francisco	50c
St. Louis	25c	Montreal	15⅝c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26 9-16d per ounce, off 1-16d; New York, 57⅝c, off ⅛c.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

H. E. Ramsey has been elected a member of the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Five applications for membership are pending.

Jay Cooke of the banking firm of C. D. Barney & Co. has been elected a Director of the American Ice Company to succeed the late William H. Taylor.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Dutch Losses on Our Stocks.

After prices began to drop toward noon yesterday it was reported on the Exchange that considerable selling pressure was coming from abroad. Arbitrage brokers estimated at the close of the day that sales by cable exceeded purchases by about 25,000 shares, and that most of these had been disposed of after the European markets closed. The decline of Missouri, Kansas & Texas and Rock Island issues was said to have been furthered by liquidation of Dutch holdings. In other years the shares of these companies were placed in Holland in substantial blocks at prices much higher than those prevailing now. Reports that sales on the local board originated in Amsterdam aroused conjecture in commission houses yesterday as to the extent of the losses the Dutch have met in recent years on their purchases of our low-priced railroad and industrial stocks. No accurate estimates could be made, but it was figured that in Steel alone investors in Holland have a profit. The Dutch bought heavily of Steel common in the periods when it was quoted between 20 and 40.

⁂

An Argument for Higher Rates.

"The best argument that I can give in favor of increasing railroad freight rates," said a prominent manufacturer and shipper yesterday," is the probability that an advance would bring in, indirectly, to my firm $100,000 more business a year than we are doing now, and our freight costs would increase $10,000 a year. If the roads receive the help they are asking for, an impetus will be imparted to all the industries of the country, in my opinion. The expenses of shippers will increase, but at an inverse ratio to their expansion of gross business."

⁂

The Underwriter and His Risk.

The course of Western Union has given opponents of the underwriting of sales of securities something to think about. It might have been felt when the stock was selling around 66 that the American Telephone & Telegraph Company needed no help from bankers in distributing their Western Union shares among other stockholders at 63, the price fixed by the underwriters. The promise of a higher dividend might have been considered as an important factor making the shares desirable. Changed market conditions, altered the complexion of the transaction. The stock yesterday sold down to 63⅝, at the close, and the subscription price did not look so attractive as it did before. The risk of the underwriters, in consequence of the recession, was naturally much increased.

⁂

The Lackawanna's Earnings.

The Lackawanna makes more money for that property with less pleasure in doing it than is conceivable, probably, to the management of its neighbor, the Erie. Mr. Truesdale's road earned last year a surplus equivalent to 38.4 per cent., which compares with 39 per cent. earned in 1912. As usual, the President's remarks accompanying the annual report are interesting, particularly those explaining the Lackawanna's failure to make a better showing. Of the parcel post Mr. Truesdale remarks:

"All railways in Eastern territory carried the increased mails without any remuneration whatever from Jan. 1 to July 1, and about August 1 the Post Office Department extended the parcel post by increasing the size and weight of packages handled. This increased service was thrown upon the railways immediately after the quadrennial weighing of mails, and under existing regulations the railways will be compelled to provide cars and other facilities for handling this large increase of parcel post merchandise absolutely without remuneration during the ensuing four years.

⁂

Other Troubles of the Lackawanna

But the mail regulations were not the only troubles that harassed the Lackawanna management last year in its efforts to make a respectable showing for the stockholders. "The various elements which combine to make up the cost of maintaining and operating the railways steadily continue to increase in price from year to year, and were, without important exception, higher during the year just closed than ever before," says the report. And further: "Excessive demands for increased wages were made by several classes of employes who are strongly organized, and persisted in to the point of strikes being called." The roads agreed to arbitration, and a considerable advance was allowed. Also: "The requirements of new laws continually being enacted also impose burdens in the way of increased expenditures without commensurate benefits to any appreciable extent to the railways." On the subject of the public's solicitude over the carriers' interests, Mr. Truesdale remarks as follows: "The people of the country, while most reluctant to permit any increase whatever in the rates from which the railways obtain their revenues, appear to be entirely unconcerned over what their representatives in Congress, the Legislatures, and City Councils do in the way of appropriating their money, raised by taxation, and witness with apparent indifference the voting of millions upon millions of dollars every year for the most wasteful and unnecessary extravagances imaginable." As to the future: "The present outlook for the year 1914 appears to be somewhat uncertain, not to say discouraging, to the railway interests and those more or less dependent on them for their prosperity. Of course, if later in the year the prospects for abundant crops appear to be good, conditions may change very much from what the present outlook promises."

⁂

January Earnings Off.

Two more of the larger roads reported their January earnings yesterday, and in both cases decreases in gross and net were promptly seized upon by traders as a partial justification for the weak market. Atchison did $1,157,000 less gross last month, and, though it made heroic efforts to keep up the net by cutting expenses wherever opportunity offered, the balance after taxes was reduced $225,000. For the seven months this year the company is running $2,206,000 behind last in net. The Baltimore & Ohio had a decrease of $1,107,000 in its revenues for January, with a loss of $461,000 in net.

⁂

New Securities in February.

New security issues so far announced for February by railroad and industrial corporations aggregate $146,748,200, a decrease of $196,503,500 as compared with the full month last year, according to the Journal of Commerce. The output in February, 1913, was, however, on an exceptionally heavy scale. Industrial concerns accounted for $87,866,000 of bonds; notes and stocks, considerably more than half of the combined total. Issues maturing in March amount to $53,283,772, against $41,570,000 last March and $28,416,000 in the same month of 1912.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Prices Lower on the Curb, with Some Sharp Declines Among the Oil Stocks.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 101,286 shares of stock, and $38,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 10,915; oils, 2,966; mining 87,405. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	A. Drug. Syn.	15	15	15	15
540	Br.-Am. Tob.	23⅝	†24¼	23¼	23¼
400	B.-A. tob. new	23¾	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
15	Kel. Spfd. Ti.	56	56	55	55
550	Man. Tran.	1 1-16	1¼	1 1-16	1¼
400	Marconi of A.	4½	4⅝	4½	4½
200	Max. Motors	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½
125	M. Mot. 1st pf.	28½	28½	28	28
75	M. Mot. 2d pf.	9⅞	9⅞	9½	9½
500	*Mays Oil	22	22	22	22
500	Pueb. S. & R.	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2⅝
4,000	Riker-Heg.	7¾	7¾	7⅝	7⅝
300	Savoy Oil	12¼	12¼	12	12¼
210	Tob. Prod. pf.	85	85	†84½	85
2,500	Un. Cig. St. Co. of A.	92	92	90¼	90⅝
300	Willys Over.	68	68	67	67
100	Willys Ov. pf.	94	*94	94	94

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
1,200	Anglo-Am. Oil, new	17	16¾	16¾	–½
6	Atlantic Refg.	694	685	686	–7
70	Continental Oil	222	219	219	..
10	Eureka P. L.	303	301	301	–2
10	Gal.-Sig. Oil	187	186	186	..
20	Indiana P. L.	133	133	133	+1
10	Northern P. L.	120	120	120	+1
70	National Tran.	42½	42	42	..
160	Ohio Oil	160	158½	158½	–1½
75	Pierce Oil	102	99	99	–2
45	Prairie O. & G.	520	514	514	–8
5	Solar Refg.	354	354	354	+1
75	So. Penn. Oil	350	342	345	–5
150	St. O. of Cal.	325	321	322	..
320	St. O. of Cal. rts.	22½	22	22	+½
22	St. O. of Ind.	573	561	561	–11
28	St. O. of Kan.	493	486	486	–4
35	S. O. of Ky. new	270	266	266	–9
90	St. O. of N. J.	415	410	411	–5
300	St. O. of N. Y.	200	196	197	–3
35	St. O. of Ohio	425	420	420	–6
60	Union P. L.	97	96	96	–2
150	Vacuum Oil	216	214	214	–2
20	Wash. Oil	62	62	62	..

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Un. Pac. rts.	28⅝	28⅝	28½	28½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	*Atlanta	16½	16½	16½	16½
1,500	*Beaver Con.	31	31	30	30
500	*Big Four	15	15	15	15
200	Boston Mon.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
300	Braden Cop.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
5,000	Brit. Col. C.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
700	Buffalo Mines	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
300	*Carl. Cobalt	72	72	72	72
500	*C. O. D. Con.	5	5	5	5
1,000	*Comb. Frac.	10	10	10	10
200	Con. Ari. S.	½	½	½	½
1,000	Crown R.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16
2,000	*Dia. Field D.	4½	4½	4½	4½
130	Dome Mines	17¼	17¼	16¾	16¾
100	El Paso, new	2½	2½	2½	2½
100	First Nat.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1,100	*Florence	53	56	53	55
6,000	*Gold Hill	45	47	42	45
500	Goldfield Con.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
500	Gold. Merger	12	12	12	12
100	†Greene-Can., new	39	39	38	38
15,000	*Greenwater	7	7	7	7
4,000	*Jumbo Ext.	22½	23¼	22	23
200	*Keene Wond.	33	33	33	33
1,100	Kerr Lake	4 15-16	4 15-16	4⅞	4⅞
1,500	La Rose Con.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
3,000	*MacNamara	9	9½	9	9½
100	McK.-Dar.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
400	Man. Big Four	15	15	15	15
1,200	*Nevada Hills	39	39	37	37
150	New Bal. C.	2 7-16	2 7-16	2 7-16	2 7-16
200	*New Utah B.	48	48	48	48
700	Nip. Mines Co.	6¾	6¾	6⅝	6⅝
4,200	North Star	38½	40	38½	39
7,000	*Oro	13	14	13	13
1,500	*Peterson L.	41	41	40	40
200	Stand. Sil.-L.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
600	Stewart	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
125	Tonopah Ext.	1 7-16	1½	1 7-16	1½
4,600	Tono. Jim B.	98	106	98	103
7,600	*Tono. Mer.	60	63	60	62
1,000	Ton. Mid.	39	39	39	39
1,400	Tono. Mizpah	49	49	49	49
200	Tono. Nevada.	6 15-16	6 15-16	6 15-16	6 15-16
500	Tularosa	9-16	9-16	½	½
2,800	Union Mines	5	5	5	5
3,500	W. End Con.	1 5-32	1 3-16	1⅛	1 5-32
1,000	*W. End Ext.	3	3	3	3

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$13,000	Can. Pacific 6% notes	103¾	103¾	103½	103⅝
1,000	Cuban 5s, new	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
4,000	N. Y. City 4½s, 1962	101	101	101	101
15,000	So. Ry. 5% notes	99½	99½	99½	99½
5,000	West. Pac. 5s	67	67	67	67

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex dividend.

Note.—Feb. 20, not reported, 20 Willy Overland at 69½.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Anglo-American Oil	16½	17	16¾	17¼
Atlantic Refining	680	690	685	695
Borne-Scrymser	295	305	295	305
Buckeye Pipe Line	163	167	163	166
Chesebrough Mfg.	670	680	670	680
Colonial Oil	110	120	110	120
Continental Oil	215	220	215	225
Crescent Pipe Line	53	58	54	59
Cumberland Pipe L.	58	62	58	62
Eureka Pipe Line	295	305	295	305
Galena-Signal Oil	185	189	186	189
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	138	142	138	142
Indiana Pipe Lines	131	133	132	134
National Transit	41	43	42	44
New York Transit	295	305	300	310
Northern Pipe Line	117	122	118	122
Ohio Oil	158	160	159	161
Prairie Oil & Gas	512	516	518	522
Solar Refining	345	350	350	355
Southern Pipe Line	232	237	232	237
South Penn. Oil	340	347	350	355
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	150	155	150	155
Standard Oil (Cal.)	320	323	321	323
Stand. Oil (Cal.) rts.	21	23	21	23
Standard Oil (Ind.)	558	564	570	575
Standard Oil (Kan.)	485	495	490	500
Standard Oil (Ky.)	265	270	272	276
Standard Oil (Neb.)	445	455	445	450
Standard Oil (N. J.)	410	414	412	415
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	196	198	198	200
Standard Oil (Ohio)	415	425	420	430
Swan & Finch	270	280	270	280
Union Tank Line	95	97	95	97
Vacuum Oil	212	215	214	217
Washington Oil	60	65	61	65
Waters-Pierce Oil	3,600	..	3,600	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Feb. 25. Bid.	Feb. 25. Asked.	Feb. 24. Bid.	Feb. 24. Asked.
American Cigar	143	148	143	148
American Cigar pf.	97	100	97	99
Am. Mach. & F'dry	85	90	85	90
British-Am., new	23½	23¾	23⅝	24
Conley Foil	270	285	270	285
Johnson Tin & M.	175	195	175	195
J. S. Young	140	150	140	150
MacA. & Forbes	183	187	183	185
MacA. & Forbes pf.	95	100	95	100
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	215	225	212	222
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	125	135	125	135
R. J. Reynolds	255	265	255	265
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip	101	103	101½	103
Tobacco Products pf.	84½	85½	84½	85½
United Cigar Stores	90	91	92	95
Unit. Cigar Stores pf.	111	114	112	115

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Electric Power	15	17
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	47	50
American Gas & Electric	81	83
American Gas & Electric pf.	47	48
American Light & Traction	352	356
American Light & Traction pf.	106	108
*American Power & Light	72	74
American Power & Light pf.	82	84
American Public Utilities	50	52
American Public Utilities pf.	73	75
Appalachian Power Co.	8	10
Appalachian Power Co. pf.	20	30
Cities Service	95	[illegible]
Cities Service pf.	75	77
Colorado Power Co.	16	18
Colorado Power Co. pf.	87	90
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	58½	60
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	80	82
Denver Gas & Elec. gen. 5s	92	95
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	66	70
*Electric Bond & Share Co. pf.	98½	100
Empire District Electric 5s	77	82
Empire District Electric 5s pf.	74	77
Federal Light & Traction	23	25
Federal Light & Traction pf.	71¼	74
Gas & Electric Securities	110	125
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	83	88
Lincoln Gas & Electric	29	32
Montana Power Co.	44⅞	45
Montana Power Co. pf.	101½	103
Northern Ontario L. & P.	14	18
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf.	60	64
Northern States Power	18	19
Northern States Power pf.	78	79
Ozark Power & Water	32	39
Pacific Gas & Electric	44⅞	45¼
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	87½	87⅞
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	18¼	[illegible]
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	74	76
Southern California Edison	87½	89
Southern California Edison pf.	98	99½
Standard Gas & Electric	8¼	9¼
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	28½	30
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	[illegible]	16
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf.	68½	70
United Light & Rys.	81	83
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	77½	79
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	73	75
United Utilities Co.	28	30
*United Utilities Co. pf.	97½	101
Utah Securities	19	21
Western Power	22½	23⅝
Western Power pf.	82½	83½

*Ex dividend.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
55	Augusta-Aiken pf	32	32	32
10	Cigar Machine	2¼	2¼	2¼
125	Con. Power	103¼	103	103¼
511	Con. Power rights	35c	35c	35c
340	Fairmont Gas	24	23¾	24
20	Fairmont Gas pf.	45	45	45
310	Houston Oil ctfs.	16½	16½	16½
90	United Rys. & Elec.	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝
5	Wash., Balt. & A. pf.	33½	33½	33½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Annapolis & Pot. 5s	99½	99¼	99½
5,000	Arundel Sand & G. 6s	99	99	99
5,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
5,000	Con. Gas 4½s	93¾	93¾	93¾
1,000	Fair & Clark Tr. 5s	101½	101½	101½
1,000	Ga. South. & Fla. 5s	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜
1,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾
1,000	M., E. R. & L. ref. 4½s	92½	92½	92½
1,000	Mt. V.-W. Cot. Duck 5s	37	37	37
1,000	Norfolk Ry. & L. 5s	97½	97½	97½
16,000	Unit. Rys. & E. 1st 4s	83½	83½	83½
500	Va. Midland 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼
1,000	Wilm. & Weldon 5s	106½	106½	106½

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Ahmeek	295	295	295
20	Algomah	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
190	Allouez	41½	41	41½
100	Am. Zinc	19½	19½	19½
1,850	Arizona Com.	5 3-16	5	5
300	Butte Balaklala	3⅜	3	3¼
2,930	Butte & Superior	36⅜	35⅜	35⅜
465	Calumet & Arizona	67¾	66¾	66¾
20	Calumet & Hecla	440	435	435
15	Centennial	17	17	17
310	Copper Range	38½	38	38
215	East Butte	11⅝	11½	11½
1,130	Franklin	5⅝	5¼	5¼
825	Granby	85¾	84¾	85¼
25	Hancock	21	20	20
55	Indiana	6	5½	5½
13	Island Creek pf.	87	87	87
230	Isle Royale	21½	21	21
1,900	Keweenaw	4¼	4	4
70	Lake	9	8¾	8¾
15	La Salle	5¼	5⅛	5⅛
415	Mass Consolidated	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝
20	Mayflower	7½	7½	7½
70	Miami	23½	23¼	23½
60	Michigan	1¼	1¼	1¼
40	Mohawk	45	44½	44½
420	New Arcadian	4 1-16	3⅞	3⅞
60	Nipissing	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
1,200	North Butte	29⅜	28⅞	28⅞
5	North Lake	2¼	2¼	2¼
162	Old Colony	4½	4¼	4½
185	Old Dominion	52	52	52
175	Osceola	81	81	81
140	Pond Creek	19	18¾	18¾
120	Quincy	66	65	65
285	Shannon	7	6½	6½
200	Shattuck	28¾	28½	28½
185	St. Mary's Land	40	38	38
930	Superior & Boston	2½	2¼	2¼
100	Superior Copper	30¼	29½	29½
720	Tamarack	41⅞	39½	40
130	Trinity	4¼	4⅛	4¼
130	U. S. Smelting	42	42	42
140	U. S. Smelting pf.	48¼	48	48⅛
250	Utah Apex	2¼	2	2
40	Utah Copper	54	53⅞	53⅞
200	Victoria	1¾	1 11-16	1 11-16
1,155	Winona	4⅞	4¼	4¼
75	Wolverine	46¼	45	45
60	Wyandotte	95c.	95c.	95c.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
66	Boston Elevated	82¼	81⅞	82
191	Boston & Maine	43½	42½	42½
30	Fitchburg pf.	88	88	88
15	Maine Central	96	96	96
5	Mass. Electric	11	11	11
20	Mass. Electric pf.	61	61	61
20	West End St. Ry.	72	72	72
12	W. End St. Ry. pf.	93	93	..

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
205	Am. Agr. Chem.	55	54	54
101	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	95½	95	95
25	Amoskeag pf.	99	98¾	99
100	Am. Pneu. Service	3½	3½	3½
50	Am. Pneu. Svce. pf.	21	21	21
174	Cumberland P. pf.	96	95½	96
5	East Boston Land	13	13	13
25	Edison	258¼	257	257¼
10	Edison rects. f. p.	256	256	256
821	Gal.-Hous. Elec. rts.	1.30	1.25	1.30
315	Mass. Gas	93⅞	93	93¾
140	Mass. Gas pf.	93¾	93	93
20	Miss. River Pow. pf.	69	68½	68½
20	New Eng. Tel.	138½	138½	138½
10	Pacific Mills	110½	110½	110½
49	Swift & Co.	107¼	105⅞	107
70	United Fruit	168	168	168
550	United Shoe Mach.	54½	54	54¼
105	Un. Shoe Mach. pf.	28½	28¼	28½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	89	89	89
1,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	97	97	97
1,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	66½	66½	66½
10,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	K. C., F. S. & M. 6s	111	110⅝	111
1,000	Miss. River P. 5s	84	84	84
4,000	N. E. Tel. 5s	101	101	101
1,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, '23	95¾	95¾	95¾
1,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, '25	95½	95½	95½
1,000	Western Tel. 5s	97½	97½	97½

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
30	American Radiator pf.	132¼	132	132¼
85	Booth Fisheries	39	39	39
75	Booth Fisheries pf.	78	76	76
20	Chi. Pneu. Tool	58	58	58
100	Chi. Rys., Series 2	32¾	32½	32½
170	Com. Edison	136⅝	135½	135½
70	Diamond Match	99¾	99	99½
25	Hart, S. & M. pf	105	105	105
20	Illinois Brick	65	65	63
215	Montgomery Ward pf.	112¾	112	112
10	Carbon pf.	117	117	117
10	Pacific Gas	44¼	44¼	44¼
50	Swift	107⅞	107¼	104¼

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
18	American Rys.	39	39	39
22	American Rys. pf.	101½	101¼	101¼
862	Cambria Steel	50	49⅝	49⅝
70	Electric Stor. Bat.	53½	52⅞	52⅞
50	General Asphalt	41	41	41
1	General Electric	149	149	149
25	Ins. Co. of N. A.	22½	22½	22½
50	Lake Superior	22	22	22
135	Lehigh Nav. ctfs.	83	82⅝	82⅝
130	Lehigh Valley Tran	19	19	19
27	Lehigh Valley Tran pf.	32¼	32¼	32¼
265	Phila. Electric	26¾	26⅝	26⅝
99	Phila. Co.	43	42½	43
322	Phil. Co. 6% cum. pf.	45⅛	44⅝	44⅝
150	Phila. R. T. ctfs.	18	18	18
1	United Gas. of N. J.	230	230	230
95	Union Traction	46	45⅞	45⅞
157	United Gas Imp.	84	83⅝	83½
50	Penn. Steel pf.	66	66	66

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am. Sewer Pipe	17¾	17¾	17¾
50	Columbia Gas & E.	12¼	12¼	12¼
25	Con. Ice	7½	7½	7½
460	Crucible Steel	16½	16¼	16¼
30	Crucible Steel pf.	94	93⅞	94
50	Harb. Walker pf.	99	99	99
20	Ind. Brewing	5¼	5¼	5¼
340	La Belle Iron	44⅛	44	44⅛
160	Nat. Fireproofing	7	6⅞	6⅞
30	Nat. Fireproofing pf	26¾	26⅜	26¾
90	Ohio Fuel Supply	42¾	42½	42¾
40	Oklahoma Gas	59½	59½	59½
15	Pitts. Brewing	11	11	11
25	Pitts. Brewing pf.	28	28	28
60	Pitts. Coal pf.	92	91	91
420	Pure Oil	15¼	15¼	15¼
130	Westinghouse A. B.	130	129	129

BOND.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Ind. Brewing 6s	75	75	75

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper	5	Mar. 15, '15	100⅜	100½	4.40
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	99⅞	100¼	4.60
Austrian Gov.	4½	July, 14-15	99⅞	100¼	4.30
B. & Ohio	5	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅝	3.12
Boston & Me.	6	June 2, '14	..	96	18.50
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅝	99⅞	5.15
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2, '24	103¼	103¾	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June, 1914	100	100⅛	3.65
Chatt. R. & L.	5	June, 1917	96	97⅛	7.00
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sept. 1915	99⅝	99⅞	5.10
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1914	97¼	98	10.60
Con. P. (Minn.)	6	May, 1917	96⅛	98	6.65
Erie R. R.	5	Apr. 8, '14	100⅛	100¼	3.00
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1914	100	100¼	4.30
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	99⅞	100	5.00
Fed. Sugar	5	Nov. 1, '14	99⅝	99⅞	5.60
Gen. Electric		Apr. 16, '14	3.75%	2.75%	
Gen. Motor	6	Oct., 1915	100⅞	101	5.35
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	98⅞	99⅛	5.15
Hock. Valley	5	Nov., 1914	100⅛	100⅜	4.05
Ill. Central	4½	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅜	4.05
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug., 1914	97	97½	10.25
Int. Harvest	5	Feb. 15, '15	100⅜	100⅝	4.35
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	97¾	98⅝	6.40
L. S. & M. S.	4½	Mar. 15, '14	100	100⅛	2.00
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar., 1914	100	100⅛	1.75
Minn. & S. L.	6	Feb., 1915	97½	98	7.00
Mo., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	99¾	100	5.90
Mo. Pacific	5	June, 1914	97¾	98¼	12.00
M. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	99⅞	100⅛	5.80
N.Y.C. & H.R.	4½	Apr. 21, '14	100⅛	100⅛	2.75
N.Y.C.&H.R.	5	Sep. 15, '14	100⅜	100⅝	3.60
N.Y.C.&H.R.	5	Nov. 5, '14	100⅜	100⅝	4.05
N.Y.C. & H.R.	4½	May, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	4.30
N.Y., N.H.&H.	6	May 18, '14	98¾	98¾	11.00
Nor. Pacific	6	July 9, '14	100⅞	101⅛	3.20
Pac. G. & E.	6	June 25, '14	100⅝	100⅞	4.55
Seaboard A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	99½	100	5.00
So. Pacific	5	June 15, '14	100⅛	100⅜	3.35
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99⅝	100	5.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	99¼	99¾	5.20
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	99⅞	100⅛	5.95
State of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	100¼	100⅜	3.70
U.S.S.,R.&M.	5	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅜	4.20
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15, '16	97½	98	6.05
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	101⅞	102⅛	5.25
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	100¾	101¼	5.55
West. E. & M.	6	Aug., 1915	101⅛	101½	4.95
Western Md.	5	July, 1915	98	98½	6.15
Western Pow.	6	July, 1915	97	100	6.00

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.
B. & O. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.60%	4.40%
C.&N.W. eq. tr.	4½	July, 1914-23	4.60%	4.40%
Erie eq. tr.	5	July, 1914-23	5.00%	4.75%
H. Val. eq. tr.	5	Aug., 1914-23	4.80%	4.60%
Ill. C. eq. tr.	4½	Aug., 1914-23	4.60%	4.40%
I.&Gt.N. eq. tr.	5	Aug., 1914-23	5.75%	5.25%
N.Y.C.L. eq. tr.	4½	Jan., 1915-28	4.65%	4.50%
Penn. eq. tr.	4	May, 1914-23	4.50%	4.35%
S. A. L. eq. tr.	5	Feb. 15, '14-22	5.05%	4.85%
So. Pac. eq. tr.	4½	Mar., 1914-23	4.60%	4.45%

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Feb. 24.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$429,680	$13,895,521	$195,900,445
Int. rev. ord.	630,557	17,056,200	205,582,886
Corp. tax	28,868	440,809	3,757,423
Miscellaneous	144,558	3,241,539	35,040,483
Total recs.	1,224,664	34,634,070	440,281,238
Expenditures	2,351,820	42,676,212	[illegible]
Deficit	1,127,155	8,042,142	[illegible]

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London Market Dull and Easy in Most Departments—Paris Prices Weak.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Money and discount rates were dearer to-day.

Oil shares and Russian mines were bright and active features on the Stock Exchange, but otherwise the market was dull and easy. Consols declined under realizing prior to the settlement and to meet new issue calls. Paris offered its favorites and copper shares were heavy. Brazilian stocks closed a fraction harder.

American securities opened steady and a fraction higher, but turned easier during the first hour. Later New York and Amsterdam sold and the list continued to sag under the lead of Denver & Rio Grande and Missouri, Kansas & Texas. The closing was easy.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—Prices were weak on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 86 francs 95 centimes for the account.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.—Trading was quiet and price changes were narrow on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	75⅝	..	..	–3-16
Consols account	75⅝	..	..	–3-16
Amalgamated	76⅝	74⅝	73¼	–⅝
Atchison	100	97⅛	97¼	–⅛
Balt. & Ohio	94½	91⅝	92⅛	–⅜
Can. Pacific	219½	212⅞	213⅝	–¾
Ches. & Ohio	65⅝	63⅝	63⅞	–⅛
Chi. Gt. West.	14	13⅝	13	+⅝
St. Paul	105	102	102⅝	–⅜
Denver	12¼	12	13	–1
Erie	30¼	29¼	29⅛	–¼
Erie 1st pf.	47⅝	46⅛	46½	–⅛
Illinois Central	113	110⅛	..	..
Louis. & Nash.	139¾	136	..	..
Mo., K. & T.	19	18½	20	–1½
N. Y. Central	92¾	90⅛	90	+⅛
Norf. & West.	107½	104½	104⅜	..
Ont. & West.	29	28¼	..	..
Pennsylvania	57½	111⅝	112	–¼
Reading	86	167⅛	167	+⅛
Southern Ry.	26¼	25⅝	26¼	–⅜
South. Pacific	98½	95⅜	96⅛	–⅜
Union Pacific	165⅛	161	161⅛	–⅜
U. S. Steel	67¼	65¼	65⅝	–⅜
Wabash	1¾	1⅝	1⅞	+¼

BANK OF GERMANY.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Cash in hand increased	50,557,000
Loans decreased	3,570,000
Discounts increased	13,277,000
Treasury bills decreased	18,507,000
Notes in circulation decreased	90,953,000
Deposits increased	128,739,000
Gold in hand increased	27,980,000

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	80.93	79.78	79.95	–1.18
Industrials	59.97	59.16	59.21	–1.02

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Feb. 18	71.64	70.73	71.23	+.24
Feb. 19	71.49	71.10	71.19	–.04
Feb. 20	71.46	71.11	71.26	+.07
Feb. 21	71.08	70.84	70.92	–.34
Feb. 23—Holiday.				
Feb. 24	70.91	70.57	70.68	–.24
Feb. 25	70.45	69.47	69.58	–1.10

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Feb., 1914	73.14	Feb. 4	69.47	Feb. 25	69.58
Feb., 1913	77.30	Feb. 3	71.51	Feb. 25	73.39
Feb., 1912	76.61	Feb. 20	75.24	Feb. 1	75.84
Feb., 1911	82.60	Feb. 6	78.87	Feb. 24	80.05
Yr. to date	73.30	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3	72.97
Year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.06
Year 1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
Year 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the third week of February show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being stated separately:

One road	$349,489	+$19,369
Six roads	3,760,700	–748,200
Seven roads	4,110,189	–728,831

ATCHISON for January—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Mileage	10,873	10,737	10,706
Gross	8,541,419	9,698,890	8,333,262
Net after tax	2,012,599	2,236,782	1,821,794
7 mos. gross	66,447,695	70,927,249	63,270,046
Net after tax	19,041,446	21,248,326	18,292,577

BALTIMORE & OHIO for January—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	7,296,161	8,404,005	6,570,123
Net	1,639,099	2,100,015	1,298,228
7 mos. gross	59,950,125	60,853,343	53,492,506
Net	16,225,881	18,124,243	16,161,822

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gr. op. rev.	40,784,147	37,564,511	36,586,563
Operating exp.	25,573,841	24,146,423	22,318,652
Net oper. rev.	15,210,306	13,418,088	14,267,911
Outs. op. net	511,800	561,622	408,705
Total net rev.	15,722,106	13,979,710	14,676,616
Taxes	1,980,000	1,771,980	1,834,640
Operating inc.	13,742,106	12,207,730	12,841,976
Other income	4,328,094	5,334,354	4,595,781
Total income	18,070,201	17,542,084	17,437,757
Int., rent, &c.	6,491,010	5,779,316	5,605,087
Balance	11,579,191	11,762,768	11,832,670
Addit. & bet.	1,879,576	1,720,698	2,200,628
Surplus	9,699,615	10,042,071	9,632,042
Dividends	6,028,800	6,028,800	6,028,800
Surplus	3,670,816	4,013,271	3,603,242

Before deducting additions and betterments the surplus, $11,579,191, is equal to 38.24 per cent. on stock.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.05	Justice	.06
Alpha Con.	.04	Mexican	1.10
Best & Belcher	.04	Occidental Con.	.70
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.54
Caledonia	1.10	Overman	.29
Chollar	.02	Potosi	.03
Confidence	.04	Savage	.07
Con. Cal. & Va.	.14	Seg. Belcher	.08
Con. Imperial	.03	Sierra Nevada	.05
Gould & Curry	.02	Union Con.	.14
Hale & Norcross	.07	Utah Con.	.04
Julia	.03	Yellow Jacket	.44

TONOPAH.

Belmont	7.85	Comb. Fraction	.08
Jim Butler	1.02½	Diamondf. Daisy	.04
McNamara	.09	Diamondf. B. B.	.02
Midway	.38	Florence	.55
Mizpah Ext.	.47	Goldfield Con. M.	1.67½
Montana	1.00	Goldfield Merger	.11
North Star	.39	Jumbo Ext.	.22
Rescue Eula	.14	Lone Star	.01
Tonopah Ext.	1.45	Silver Pick	.07
Tonopah Merger	.61	Vernal	.05
West End	1.15	Nevada Hills	.38
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.40
Atlanta	.16	**MANHATTAN.**	
Booth	.04	Manhattan Con.	.03
C. O. D.	.05	Manhat. Big F.	.15

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6¼	6¾	Jackpot	5¾	7
Elkton	45	45½	McKinney	56	58
El Paso	245	250	Old Gold	1	2½
Findlay	1¾	2½	Portland	104	106
Gold Dollar	5	5¾	Vindicator	85¾	89
Isabella	10	10¾	Rav. B. H.	3	4

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was weak, at recession of ⅛c. in the bid and ¼c. in the asking price. Tin was also weak, at a recession of ⅝c. Other commodities were unchanged.

Closing quotations for standard copper and other metals were:

Copper—	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Spot	13.25	14.25	Spelter	5.30	5.40
Feb.	13.25	14.25	Zinc	5.30	5.40
March	13.25	14.25	Lead	3.95	4.05
			Tin	37.90	38.20

London copper market yesterday was firm, with spot showing a net decline of 6s. 3d., and futures being 3s. 9d. lower. Tin was weak, spot being down £2 5s. and futures showing a decline of £1 15s.

Copper—	£	s.	d.	Tin—	£	s.	d.
Spot	64	6	3	Spot	173	15	0
Futures	64	18	9	Futures	175	15	0

The market ended steady. Spanish pig lead, £19 2s. 6d., up 5s. Spelter, £21 10s., unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 50s. 4½d., down 3d.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

			Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
4½s	March	1963	106⅛	106½	106⅛	106½
4½s	May	1957	106⅛	106⅜	106⅛	106⅜
4½s	Nov.	1957	106⅛	106½	106⅛	106⅝
4½s	May	1917	101⅛	..	101⅛	..
4½s	Nov.	1917	101⅛	..	101⅛	..
4¼s	March	1930-60	101¼	101⅝	101¼	101⅝
4¼s	March	1962	101	101⅝	101⅛	101⅝
4¼s	Sept.	1960	101	101⅝	101	101⅝
4s	May	1959	97½	97¾	97½	97¾
4s	Nov.	1958	97⅝	97¾	97⅝	97¾
4s	May	1957	97⅝	97¾	97⅝	97¾
4s	Nov.	1956	96¾	97	96¾	97
4s	Nov.	1955	96¾	97	96¾	97
4s	Nov.	1936	96⅛	..	96⅛	..
4s		1918-1919	99⅞	..	99⅞	..
3½s	Nov.	1954-5	86⅝	86⅞	86⅝	86⅞
3½s	May	1954	86⅝	86⅞	86⅝	86⅞
3½s		1950-1954	86⅝	86⅞	86⅝	86⅞

NEW INCOME TAX RULING.

What Mortgage Interest Real Estate Corporations May Deduct.

J. H. Haffner of this city has received from L. F. Speer, Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue, a ruling in regard to real estate corporations, defining the deductions that may be made in making returns of income under the income tax law. Mr. Speer says:

"This office is in receipt of your letter of Feb. 9, making inquiry as to whether a real estate corporation whose business is buying and selling real estate is allowed under Subdivison G, Paragraph (b) of the income tax law, to deduct all interest on mortgage indebtedness, and also whether all the interest can be deducted in the return of a company formed for investment provided the corporation is not liable to pay the mortgage indebtedness; that is to say, that the corporation has purchased a piece of property subject to a mortgage, and is not liable for the principal of said mortgage, but simply has to pay the interest out of its rent collections.

"As to the first inquiry, you are advised that the deductible interest of a corporation buying and selling real estate cannot exceed the interest actually paid on one-half of the sum of the interest bearing indebtedness and the paid-up capital stock at the close of the year. The sub-section of the act to which you refer applies to cases of investment bank brokers who deal in money and cash items, issuing to their creditors their own obligations in form of indebtedness secured by collateral, the subject of sale, in the ordinary course of business.

"With respect to your second inquiry, it is the ruling of this office that interest paid pursuant to contract on an indebtedness secured by mortgage on real estate which the corporation has purchased is the payment of interest on an obligation of the corporation, even though the corporation is not liable for the principal of the mortgage indebtedness beyond the equity which it has in the property, and the interest deduction is governed by the rule set forth above; that is to say, the principal of the mortgage must be considered interest bearing indebtedness of the corporation, in that the corporation has purchased and has an equity in the real estate, and the deductible interest cannot exceed the interest actually paid on one-half of the sum of the total interest bearing indebtedness and the paid-up capital stock of the corporation outstanding at the close of the year."

WOULD RESTORE ARBITRAGE

Petition Signed by 700 Members Sent to Stock Exchange Governors.

A petition signed by about 700 members of the New York Stock Exchange was presented to the Board of Governors yesterday asking that arbitrage trading between this city and London be restored to its status of three years ago. In April, 1911, the Governors amended the constitution of the Exchange to exclude the maintenance of joint accounts by brokers in New York and London.

It was argued that these joint accounts permitted non-members of the board to enjoy an advantage in commissions charged on transactions which belonged only to members. In other words, a London broker having a joint account with a member of the local Exchange could get his business done here at $2 a hundred shares instead of $12.50 a hundred, the commission demanded of outsiders.

After the new rule was put into operation there was a marked decline in arbitrage transactions between the two centres, and the movement to have the order rescinded is for the purpose of improving business. For days at a time last year there was practically no trading over the arbitrage rail on the Exchange, and even with the activity of business last month, little effort was made to profit from the price differences in the same securities at the same time in London and New York.

President Mabon of the Exchange decided yesterday to appoint a committee to study the question before action was taken on the petition. Some of the Governors are in favor of altering the by-laws to admit to membership members of the London Stock Exchange, a step that would meet the situation by making the brokerage charge of $2 a hundred shares permissible in joint accounts between members of both Exchanges. At present memberships on both the New York and London Exchanges are limited to citizens of the two countries, respectively. The chief reason for this restriction is that the civil laws are so different in England and the United States that much confusion might arise over suits at law resultant from transactions in securities if a litigant was a member of both Exchanges.

SLUMP IN GOULD ROADS

Brings a Denial That They Are to Drop Wabash Holdings.

Marked weakness in Denver & Rio Grand common and preferred stock, Missouri Pacific, Missouri, Kansas & Texas, and other railroad issues started fresh rumors yesterday of trouble over early maturities. Practically all of the non-dividend paying railway issues closed considerably lower.

A report that the Missouri Pacific management had decided to throw overboard the Missouri Pacific and St. Louis & Iron Mountain's investment in the Wabash, rather than pay the companies' share of the assessment proposed in the tentative reorganization plan formulated for the Wabash, brought an authorized denial from George Gould. The two companies hold a total of $12,652,000 Wabash preferred and common stock, while the Iron Mountain has in addition $2,913,000 of the refunding and extension bonds. It has been proposed that the Wabash stock pay an assessment of $20 a share to supply cash for reorganization.

Kingdon Gould, speaking for his father, said that there was no intention of letting the Wabash securities go, and that if necessary the family itself would provide money to enable the Missouri Pacific to pay any assessment agreed upon. He also stated that there was no question about the provision for the Missouri Pacific's $25,000,000 of three-year 5 per cent. notes, which fall due on Jan. 1. Mr. Gould said that it was probable that the Iron Mountain 6 per cent. bonds deposited under the notes would be offered in exchange to note-holders, who would have the option of taking cash. An additional amount of Iron Mountain bonds would be created under this plan, based on betterments and improvements, to make up the $25,000,000.

Third Avenue Line Offers Bonds.

The Third Avenue Railroad Company will receive on or before noon of March 10 sealed bids for $4,000,000 first refunding mortgage 4 per cent. gold bonds, due on Jan. 1, 1960. In making allotments stockholders on the record books on March 5 will receive preference. The proceeds of the sale will be used to pay off two notes of the company aggregating $2,939,787, and for corporate purposes. The issuance of the bonds was recently approved by the Public Service Commission. For the last two calendar years the earnings of the company, after paying interest on $15,790,000 other bonds and setting aside $500,000 in cash for depreciation, amounted to $2,079,000.

Asked to Favor Rate Increase.

Stockholders of the Central Leather Company at their annual meeting yesterday discussed a resolution presented by J. Stevens Ulman, a prominent leather manufacturer, that the Interstate Commerce Commission be urged to grant the request of the railroads for an increase of 5 per cent. in freight rates. As the shareholders had not been notified in advance that such a resolution would be brought forward, it was decided not to take formal action on it. A movement was started to have the Western Association of Tanners act on a similar proposal at a meeting to be held soon. Retiring Directors were reelected.

27 Engines for Southern Railway.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 25.—Fairfax Harrison, President of the Southern Railway, authorized to-day the expenditure of $500,000 for twenty-seven large locomotives to be built here and $250,000 for the construction of new freight terminals here to relieve congestion of vastly increased business.

Bank of France's Metal Holdings.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—The weekly statement of the bank of France when issued to-morrow will show an increase in gold in hand of 9,950,000 francs and a decrease of 1,476,000 francs in silver.

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200 Ward Baking Common Stock

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50 American Coal Products Com. Stock
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50 Biograph Company Stock
100 Detroit Edison Stock
50 Montana Power Common Stock
35 New York Curtain Stock
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 25, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Feb. 25, 1914	397,813
Same day last year	404,799
Total year to date	15,579,196
Same period last year	14,743,327
Average closing prices 50 stocks, with day's net change	69.58—1.10
Same day last year	72.92+1.01

	High.	Low.
This year's range to date	73.30 Jan. 31	67.50 Jan. 3
Same period last year	79.10 Jan. 9	71.51 Feb. 25
Range year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
21¼	21½	200	Alaska Gold Mines	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	— ¾
13	13⅛	300	Allis-Chalm. Mfg	13⅛	13⅛	13	13	— ½
47½	48	400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	48	48	48	48	— ¾
73⅜	73½	27,300	Amalgamated Cop.	75⅛	75⅛	73¼	73⅜	—1⅞
94¾	95½	210	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	+ ¼
22½	22¾	50	Am. Beet Sugar	22½	22½	22½	22½	...
95½	98½	100	Am. B. S. & Fdy.	97	97	97	97	+ ⅛
29	29⅛	9,400	American Can	30⅜	30⅜	28⅞	28⅞	—1⅝
91¼	92	900	American Can pf.	92	92	91½	92	...
49⅞	50⅛	1,500	Am. Car & Fdy.	50⅝	50⅝	49¾	49⅞	—1⅝
42½	44	400	Am. Cotton Oil	44	44	43	43	—1¼
4⅝	4¾	100	Am. Hide & Leath.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
20¼	21	200	Am. H. & Lea. pf.	21½	21½	20¼	20¼	—1½
28½	28¾	1,500	Am. Ice Securities	29⅝	29⅝	28⅝	28⅞	— ⅜
28	28¾	300	Am. Linseed pf.	30	30	28½	28½	—2½
33¼	33½	600	Am. Locomotive	34	34	33⅜	33⅜	— ⅞
101½	102½	300	Am. Locomotive pf.	102	102	102	102	...
48½	50	100	American Malt pf.	50	50	50	50	...
101½	102	360	Am. S. & Ref. pf.	67	67	65⅝	65⅝	—1⅝
65½	65¾	1,000	Am. S. & R. xd	101¾	101¾	101⅝	101⅝	— ⅝
160	167	100	American Snuff	165	165	165	165	—3
105½	107	25	Am. Sugar Refining	106½	106½	106½	106½	...
112⅞	113	20	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	113	113	113	113	...
120¼	120½	700	Am. Tel. & Tel.	120¾	121	120¼	120½	+ ¼
245	247	500	American Tobacco	247	247	245¼	245½	—2
76½	77	200	Am. Woolen pf.	77	77	76¾	76¾	— ¾
35⅜	35⅝	2,152	Anaconda Cop. Co.	36¼	36¼	35¼	35½	—1
22½	24⅛	100	Assets Realization	23½	23½	23½	23½	— ½
96⅝	96¾	3,500	Atch., T. & S. Fe	97	97⅛	96⅛	96⅝	— ⅝
123	124	200	Atl. Coast Line	124	124	123½	123½	...
106⅝	107	100	Baldwin Loco. pf.	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	— ⅛
91⅝	91½	4,200	Baltimore & Ohio	91⅞	91⅞	91¼	91⅝	— ¾
1	1⅜	200	Batopilas Mining	1⅛	1⅛	1	1	...
36⅝	37	600	Bethlehem Steel	37¾	37¾	37⅛	37⅛	—1¼
75½	77	300	Bethlehem Steel pf.	78	78	76½	76½	—2
92	92¼	7,200	Bklyn. Rapid Tran.	93⅛	93⅜	92	92	—1
125¼	126	200	Bklyn. Union Gas	126¼	126¼	125¾	125¾	—1
7	8½	400	Brun. T. & Ry. Sec.	7¾	7¾	7½	7½	— ½
25½	26½	1,000	Cal. Petroleum	27⅞	27⅞	25	26	—2
211	211¼	15,000	Canadian Pacific	213⅜	213¾	210⅝	211⅛	—2½
30⅛	30¼	6,500	Cent. Leather Co.	31	31⅛	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅞
98	100¼	100	Cent. Leath. Co. pf.	100	100	100	100	...
62¾	62⅞	2,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	63¾	63¾	62¾	62⅞	—1
12½	13	300	Chi. Great Western	13	13	12¾	12¾	— ⅝
30	31	300	Chi. Great West. pf.	30	30	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
101¼	101½	3,500	Chi., M. & St. P.	102⅜	102¾	100¾	101	—1⅜
134½	134¾	400	Chi. & Northwest'n	135	135	134¾	134¾	—1¼
40¾	41	2,700	Chino Copper	41½	41¾	40¾	40¾	—1
64	70	100	C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	64½	64½	64½	64½	—5½
67	70	100	Cluett Peab'y & Co.	68½	68½	68½	68½	—1½
31	31½	300	Col. Fuel & Iron	32	32	31½	31½	— ¾
24	25	350	Colorado Southern	25	25	23⅞	23⅞	—2
54	57	100	Col. South. 1st pf.	55	55	55	55	—2
132¼	133	650	Consolidated Gas	133	133	132¼	132¼	—1
10¾	11	854	Corn Prod. Ref.	11⅛	11½	10⅝	10⅝	—1⅛
67½	68	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾	— ¾
95	96	200	Deere & Co. pf.	95¼	95¼	95	95	—2
152⅛	156	200	Dela. & H. ex. div.	152¾	152¾	152¾	152¾	—1⅝
390	392	340	Dela., L. & West.	393	393	392	392	—3
10½	10¾	1,300	Denver & Rio Gran.	12½	12½	10½	10½	—2½
20	22	935	Denv. & R. G. pf.	23	23	20¾	20¾	—3¼
18¼	18¾	700	Distillers' Securit's	18¾	18¾	18⅜	18⅜	— ⅜
5	7½	50	D., S. S. & Atlantic	6	6	6	6	...
9	12	210	D., S. S. & A. pf.	11	11	11	11	...
28⅞	29	10,400	Erie	29⅜	29½	28⅞	28⅞	— ⅝
45½	46	600	Erie 1st pf.	46⅛	46⅛	45⅝	45⅝	— ⅞
37	37¼	200	Erie 2d pf.	37½	37½	37⅜	37⅜	+ ¼
108½	110	110	General Chem. pf.	108½	108½	108½	108½	...
147½	148½	500	General Electric	148⅞	148⅞	148	148	—1
67	68¼	1,180	General Motors	69½	69½	68	68¼	—1¼
90½	91½	400	General Motors pf.	91¾	91¾	91¼	91¼	— ¾
22	22¼	2,800	Goodrich, (B.F.,) Co.	23	23	22	22	—1
126½	126¾	3,800	Great Northern pf.	128⅛	128⅛	126⅝	126⅝	—1¾
36	36¼	1,000	Gt. N. C. for O. P.	36⅞	36⅞	36	36	—1⅞
50¾	51¼	700	Guggenheim Exp.	51¾	51⅞	50¾	50¾	—1
82½	86	20	Hav. El. Ry. & L.	82½	82½	82½	82½	...
109¾	109⅞	100	Illinois Central	110	110	110	110	— ½
16⅝	16¾	1,000	Inspiration Copper	16⅞	16⅞	16¾	16¾	— ¼
14½	14¾	1,900	Int-Met. V. Tr. ctfs.	15⅛	15⅛	14½	14½	— ⅝
59⅝	59⅞	2,700	Int.-Met. pf.	60⅞	60⅞	59¼	59¼	—1⅞
102½	103½	300	Inter. Harv., N. J.	103⅛	103¼	103	103	—1½
102⅞	103½	200	Int. Harv. Corp.	103¾	103¾	103½	103½	—1¼
25	27	800	Kan. City South.	25¼	25¼	25	25	— ⅞
60½	62	100	Kan. City South. pf.	60	60	60	60	— ½
99	104¾	700	Kresge, (S. S.) Co.	101	105	101	102	+ ⅝
148½	149	7,000	Lehigh Valley	150⅛	150¼	148½	149	—1¼
219	223½	200	Liggett & Myers	224	224	223	223	—5⅞
34	36	100	Long Island	35	35	35	35	— ¾
135⅞	136⅛	100	Louis. & Nash.	136	136	136	136	—1
69	70	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	70	70	70	70	...
130½	133	400	Manhat. Elevated	131⅛	131⅛	131⅛	131⅛	...
63½	64	5,200	Mex. Petroleum	65½	65½	63⅛	63½	—2⅜
23⅛	23⅜	2,000	Miami Copper	23½	23½	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅝
30	40	25	Minn. & St. L. pf.	34	34	34	34	...
132	134	250	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	134	134	132	132	—3
18⅛	18¼	4,400	Mo., Kan. & Texas	19½	19½	17⅞	18⅛	—1⅞
54¼	55¼	1,210	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	56⅜	56⅜	54⅛	54½	—4
24	24¼	6,500	Missouri Pacific	25¼	25¼	23¾	24⅛	—1⅜
110	115	130	Montg. Ward pf.	110	110	110	110	...
128	129	920	Nat. Biscuit Co.	131	131	129	129	—1½
11	11½	400	Nat. En. & St. Co.	12⅜	12⅜	11¾	11¾	—1⅛
49⅝	50½	150	Nat. Lead Co.	50	50	50	50	...
10¼	10⅝	800	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	11½	11½	10⅜	10⅜	—1⅜
15⅞	16	400	Nevada Con. Cop.	16	16⅛	15⅞	15⅝	— ¼
62	67	100	N. Y. Air Brake	65	65	65	65	—4
89⅜	89¾	3,400	N. Y. Central	90	90	89¼	89⅜	— ⅝
67½	67¾	6,694	N. Y., N. H. & H.	68½	68⅞	67¼	67½	—1¼
27	27⅝	400	N. Y., Ont. & West.	28	28	27½	27½	—1¼
..	37	100	Norfolk Southern	37	37	37	37	—2¾
103⅞	104¼	900	Norf. & Western	104¼	104¼	103⅞	103⅞	— ⅝
69⅝	70	200	North American	70	70	70	70	+ ¼
113⅝	113¾	3,150	Northern Pacific	114⅞	114⅞	113⅛	113⅝	—1⅜
83	90	100	Pacific Coast 2d pf.	83	83	83	83	+1
24⅛	25	300	Pacific Mail	25½	25½	24½	24½	—2⅛
27½	28	100	Pacific T. & T.	28	28	28	28	...
111⅜	111½	3,438	Penn. R. R.	111⅜	111⅞	111⅜	111½	— ½
121	122	100	People's Gas, Chi.	122	122	122	122	— ⅛
90⅜	91	200	Pitts. Coal pf.	91½	91½	91	91	— ⅝
42	42½	1,770	Pressed Steel Car	43⅛	43⅛	41¾	42⅛	—1¼
103	104	100	Pressed Steel C. pf.	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	— ¾
154½	156	10	Pullman Co.	154⅝	154⅝	154⅝	154⅝	...
26⅝	27½	2,110	Railway Steel Sp.	28	28	26¾	26¾	—1¼
98	100	200	Railway St. Sp. pf.	98¼	98¼	98	98	—3
19⅝	19¾	2,200	Ray Con. Copper	20	20	19⅝	19⅝	— ½
164⅝	164¾	52,100	Reading	166⅞	167	164⅝	164¾	—2¼
24	24½	1,400	Rep. Iron & Steel	25⅛	25⅛	24⅛	24⅛	—1⅛
88	88⅞	700	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	89¼	89¼	88	88½	—1
4¼	4⅝	6,600	Rock Island Co.	4¾	4⅞	4¼	4⅜	— ½
7¾	8	3,800	Rock Island Co. pf.	8⅞	9	7¾	7¾	— ⅞
12½	13	300	Rumely, (M.,) Co.	13	13	12¼	12¼	— ¼
28½	30	100	Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf.	28½	28½	28½	28½	— ⅛
23⅞	24	100	St. Louis Southw.	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅝
60	61	100	St. L. Southw. pf.	60	60	60	60	—2
20¼	20½	100	Seab. Air Line	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	— ⅜
52⅝	53¼	1,850	Seab. Air Line pf.	54	54	52¾	52¾	—1¾
184	189	300	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	186¼	186¼	185	185	—2
95	95⅛	12,100	Southern Pacific	96⅛	96⅛	95⅛	95⅛	—1
..	..	910	So. Pacific rights	17-32	17-32	½	½	—1-32
25	25⅛	4,120	So. Railway ext.	26⅛	26⅛	25	25	—1⅛
82⅛	83¼	400	So. Railway pf. ext.	83	83	82½	82½	— ⅝
33	34¼	300	Standard Milling	34¼	34¼	33¼	33¼	—1⅝
26½	27	200	Studebaker Co.	27½	27½	27	27	...
81	83	235	Studebaker Co. pf.	83	83	82½	82½	— ⅛
34⅝	34⅞	1,100	Tennessee Copper	35½	35½	34½	34⅝	—1¼
146	146¼	1,400	Texas Co.	147	147	146	146¼	— ⅞
13½	15	100	Texas & Pacific	14	14	14	14	—1⅝
42½	43	1,550	Third Avenue	43¾	43¾	42¼	42¼	—1½
106	107¾	100	Twin City R. T.	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	— ¼
7¼	7½	700	Union B. & P. Co.	7½	7½	7⅜	7½	— ½
29	33	100	Un. B. & P. Co. pf.	31	31	31	31	—1
159¾	159⅞	28,075	Union Pacific	161⅛	161⅛	159⅝	159⅞	—1⅝
85	85⅜	300	Union Pacific pf.	85½	85½	85⅜	85⅜	— ⅛
21	22	100	Un. Rys. Invest.	21½	21½	21½	21½	—1
44½	45	400	Un. Rys. Invest. pf.	45	45	45	45	— ½
12	13½	350	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	13¼	13¼	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅞
44	47	100	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf.	47	47	47	47	—1
53	55	100	U. S. Express	54	54	54	54	—1½
58¼	58⅜	3,750	U. S. Rubber	60	60	58¼	58½	—1¼
101¼	101¾	1,100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	102	102	101¼	101¼	— ⅜
64⅛	64¼	72,400	U. S. Steel	65½	65½	64⅛	64⅛	—1¼
109⅝	110¼	1,900	U. S. Steel pf.	110	110	109⅝	109¾	— ½
53⅝	54	2,300	Utah Copper	54½	54¾	53½	53⅝	— ⅞
30¼	30½	500	Va.-Car. Chem.	30½	30¾	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅜
50	55	25	Va. I., C. & C.	52	52	52	52	...
1¾	2	1,700	Wabash	2	2⅛	1⅝	2	+ ⅝
5½	5⅞	800	Wabash pf.	6	6	5⅜	5⅞	+ ⅛
63⅝	63¾	1,300	West. Union Tel.	63⅞	64	63⅝	63⅝	— ⅜
69⅞	70¼	1,900	Westingh. E. & M.	71⅛	71⅛	70	70	—1
16½	16¾	300	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	16½	16⅝	16½	16⅝	+ ⅝
41	48	100	Wisconsin Central	45	45	45	45	—3
98	99	525	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co.	99½	99½	98	98½	— ¾
116¾	117	150	Woolworth pf.	116¾	116¾	116¾	116¾	+ ⅝

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

As prices broke on the Consolidated Stock Exchange in the afternoon business expanded heavily. More than two-thirds of the day's total was done in the last two hours of trading. The market evinced a tendency to work lower from the opening at 9:30 o'clock, but at first the weakness was largely concentrated in particular stocks. Later on, however, the movement spread to the entire list. The list was a broad one, fifty-five different stocks being represented by transactions, with commission houses handling a big volume of odd-lot orders. On the 9:30 o'clock opening call the majority of the over-night price changes represented declines.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
3,360	Amal. Copper	74¾	75⅛	73⅜	73½
20	Am. B. Sug.	23	23	23	23
2,720	Am. Can	30⅜	30⅜	28⅞	29
20	Am. Car & F.	50	50	49⅞	49⅞
10	Am. Cot. Oil	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾
540	Am. Ice	29¾	29⅝	28⅞	28⅝
380	Am. Smelt	67	67	65⅝	66
250	Anacon. Cop.	35⅝	36	35⅛	35½
110	A., T. & S. F.	97	97	96⅝	96⅝
120	Balt. & Ohio	92	92	91½	91½
1,020	Brook. R. T.	93⅛	93⅛	92	92
50	Calif. Petrol.	27	27	25⅝	25⅝
1,150	Can. Pacific	213¾	213⅝	210⅝	211½
320	Cent. Leather	31⅛	31⅛	30⅜	30⅜
200	Ches. & Ohio	63⅞	63⅞	62⅞	63
150	C., M. & S. P.	102⅜	102¾	100⅞	101
10	Chino Copper	41	41	41	41
70	Col. F. & I.	31⅝	31⅞	31½	31½
50	Corn Prod.	11⅛	11⅛	11	11
20	Den. & R. G.	10⅝	10⅝	10½	10½
10	D. & R. G. pf.	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
60	Distill. Sec.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜
320	Erie	29⅛	29⅛	28⅞	28⅞
20	Gen. Electric	148⅜	148⅜	148⅜	148⅜
90	Good. Rubber	22¼	22¼	22	22
180	Gt. Nor. pf.	128½	128½	126⅝	126⅝
270	Int.-Met.	15¼	15¼	14½	14½
780	Int.-Met. pf.	60⅞	60⅞	59⅝	59⅝
1,830	Lehigh Val.	150⅛	150⅛	148	148⅝
620	Mex. Petrol.	65¼	65⅝	63¼	63⅜
270	Mo., K. & T.	19¼	19¼	17⅞	17⅞
820	Mo. Pacific	25½	25½	23⅞	24⅛
620	N. Y. Cent.	90	90	89⅛	89⅜
340	N. Y., N. H. & H.	68⅜	68⅜	67⅝	68⅛
80	North. Pac.	115	115	115	115
20	Pacific Mail	25¼	25¼	24½	24½
360	Pennsylvania	111⅝	111⅝	111⅜	111⅜
110	Press. S. Car	43¼	43¼	42	42⅛
20	Ry. St. Sp.	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜
11,920	Reading	166⅝	167	164⅝	164⅝
10	Rep. I. & S.	25	25	25	25
320	Rock Island	4⅝	4⅝	4⅜	4⅜
490	Rock Isl. pf.	8⅝	8⅝	7⅞	7⅞
620	South. Pac.	96	96	95⅛	95⅛
210	Southern Ry.	26	26	25	25⅛
10	South. Ry. pf.	82⅝	82½	82½	82½
60	Tenn. Copper	35⅝	35⅝	34⅝	34⅝
180	Third Ave	43¾	43¾	43	43
20	Union Bag	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
6,440	Union Pac.	161⅛	161⅛	159⅜	159⅞
470	U. S. Rubber	59⅞	59⅞	58⅝	58⅝
12,820	U. S. Steel	65⅜	65⅜	64⅛	64⅛
10	U. S. Steel pf.	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞
90	Utah Copper	54⅛	54⅛	53⅞	54
40	Va.-C. Chem.	30⅝	30½	30⅜	30½
20	Wabash pf.	5⅞	6	5⅞	6
51,670					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Belmont	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
200	Con. Virginia	.20	.20	.20	.20
500	Florence	.53	.53	.53	.53
225	Goldf'ld Con.	1.62½	1.65	1.62½	1.65
300	Gold. Merger	.12	.12	.12	.12
1,200	Jim Butler	.98	1.02½	.98	1.02½
100	Jumbo Ext.	.22	.22	.22	.22
400	Midway	.39	.39	.39	.39
500	Oro	.15½	.15½	.15½	.15½
500	Ton. Merger	.62	.62	.62	.62
800	West End	1.17½	1.17½	1.12½	1.12½
5,125					

LULL IN STEEL MARKET.

Specifications Now Placed Against Old Contracts.

The placing of specifications against old contracts is reported as more of a feature in the steel trade this week than new buying. The market for finished material continues dull. The Iron Age says:

> Reports from the large steel companies emphasize the good rate of specifications more than that of strictly new orders. Chicago notes an appreciable lull in new business in steel products, as well as pig iron; at Pittsburgh, recent conditions are practically unchanged both as to mill operations and new bookings.
>
> The extent to which manufacturing consumers have caught step with the rolling mills is a matter on which steel makers are seeking light in determining how far the restocking movement of recent weeks will have the backing of expanding industry. The coming month may make this clearer. Foundries have shown practically no increase in their melt of iron and in machinery lines there has been no real movement thus far.
>
> Developments in most finished lines have been meager. The mills are quite well sold for March, but here and there an order comes up that is eagerly competed for, as is to be expected with existing slack in capacity.
>
> Buying in a small way for shipment to the United States is reported in Belgium and German finished material markets, and German steel bars are being offered at more attractive prices on our Atlantic seaboard, though without sales. There has been some inquiry also on American account for continental semi-finished steel of special analysis.

The Iron Trade Review says:

> New buying of finished steel products in general is lighter than during the recent weeks of improvement, but consumers having covered their requirements, now are specifying freely with the mills. This drawing against these contracts makes a more favorable mill situation, and operations are well sustained. Makers have accumulated fair order books during the recent buying and are in a better position to await a new buying movement. The steel corporation has pushed its ingot operations this week up to 82 per cent., and as it has absorbed a heavy tonnage of pig iron from stock, since the first of the year, it continues to put in blast furnaces more actively.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Feb. 25, 1914	$2,916,000
Same day last year	2,579,000
Total year to date	151,626,500
Same period last year	97,280,000
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	88.64 —.32
Same day last year	90.62 +.09

	High.	Low.
This year's range to date	89.42 Feb. 4	86.40 Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31 Jan. 10	90.53 Feb. 25
Range year 1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18

U S 4s, reg	
1,000	112⅛
Panama 3s, coup	
10,000	102½
Chinese Rwy 5s	
500	90
Jap Gov 4½s, ster l	
2,000	89⅜
1,000	89¼
3,000	89⅛
Rep of Cuba 5s	
1,000	99⅞
4,000	99¾
N Y State 4½s	
1,000	108½
35,000	108⅝
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs	
1,000	59½
N Y City 4s, 1955, registered	
5,000	96⅝
4¼s, 1960	
3,000	101¼
4s, 1959	
1,000 c	97½
4½s, Nov, 1957	
2,000	106⅝
4½s, 1963	
10,000	106⅝
35,000	106½
Adams Expr 4s	
1,000	78
Alb & Susq 3½s	
1,000	86
Allegheny Val 4s	
10,000	97
Am Ag Ch cv 5s	
1,000	101⅝
Am Cotton Oil 5s	
6,000	93
Am Cot Oil 4½s	
2,000	99
Am Ice Secur 6s	
4,000	88
Am T & T col 4s	
3,000	89
8,000	88⅞
1,000	88¾
conv 4½s	
3,000	96¾
Armour & Co 4½s	
7,000	92⅞
2,000	92¾
1,000	93
1,000	92⅞
A, T & S F gen 4s	
1,000	95½
7,000	95⅜
3,000	95½
7,000	95
5,000	94⅞
5,000	95
conv 4s, 1960	
25,000	96¼
adj 4s, stpd	
1,000	88
500	87½
Trans S L 4s	
1,000	91
Atl Coast Line 4s	
2,000	92⅞
1,000	92½
L & N col 4s	
17,000	93
Atl & Birm 4s	
1,000	85
B & O gold 4s	
5,000	94⅞
1,000	94½
conv 4½s	
8,000	93
89,000	92⅞
3,000	92¾
P, Lake E & W Va 4s	
2,000	89⅛
P, J & M 3½s	
2,000	90
Beth S 1st & ref 5s	
8,000	86⅝
B R T gold 5s	
13,000	102½
5s, 1918	
8,000	99⅜
15,000	99½
1,000	99⅜
ref conv 4s	
3,000	92½
15,000	92⅝
11,000	92½
5,000	92⅜
10,000	91⅞
5,000	91½
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s, stamped	
1,000	101⅞
Bklyn Un Gas 5s	
5,000	106
Cal G & Elec 5s	
1,000	94¼
4,000	94⅛
C of Ga Ry con 5s	
2,000	104½
Cent Leather 5s	
1,000	99¼
16,000	99
5,000	98¾
Cent Pac gtd 4s	
1,000	93
Ches & O con 5s	
16,000	107½
gen 4½s	
1,000	95⅝
conv 4½s	
11,000	84
C, B & Q gen 4s	
2,000	93¾
joint 4s	
10,000	96⅜
16,000	96¼
36,000	96⅛
Ill Div 3½s	
5,000	84⅝
Ill Div 4s	
5,000	95½
Chi Gas Lgt & C 1st 5s	
1,000	102⅝
Chi Gt Westn 4s	
5,000	74⅜
6,000	74½
Chi, Mil & St P 4s, 1934	
1,000	91
gen 4½s	
9,000	103
conv 4½s	
1,000	102⅜
20,000	102¼
30,000	102
1,000	102⅛
C, M & P Sd 4s	
1,000	93½
Chi & N W deb 5s, 1933	
5,000	102¾
con 7s	
2,000	102⅝
C, R I & P gen 4s	
5,000	68⅝
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s	
16,000	79½
9,000	79¼
20,000	78½
deb 5s	
12,000	78¾
12,000	78½
8,000	78
20,000	77¾
9,000	77½
C, R I & P R R 4s	
25,000	47½
14,000	47¼
11,000	47
11,000	46⅞
1,000	46⅝
10,000	46½
2,000	46⅜
8,000	46½
10,000	46⅝
10,000	46⅜
3,000	46½
4,000	46⅜
10,000	46¼
34,000	46⅜
C & W I con 4s	
17,000	86
Cin, Leb & N 4s	
6,000	93⅜
Col & So 1st 4s	
1,000	92¼
ref & ext 4½s	
6,000	92⅛
Cumberld Tel 5s	
5,000	98⅛
D & H deb 4s, 1916	
15,000	98⅝
Den & Rio Gr 1st & ref 5s	
17,000	67¾
3,000	67⅝
7,000	67½
1,000s15f	67½
Den & R G con 4s	
5,000	83½
Detr Edison 5s	
2,000	102
Det Un Ry con 4½s	
2,000	73¾
6,000	73½
Dist Sec Corp 5s	
5,000	65⅜
1,000	65½
7,000	65⅜
11,000	65¼
1,000	65¼
Erie 1st gen 4s	
4,000	74⅝
cv 4s, Ser B	
10,000	74
Flint & P M 6s	
10,000	108
Pt Hur Div 5s	
2,000	90½
Gen Elec deb 5s	
2,000	104⅝
3,000	105
Gen Motors 6s	
5,000	101
5,000	100⅞
Ga Pac 1st 6s	
2,000	108½
Granby Consol cv 6s, Ser A	
5,000	102¼
Ill Cent, Litchfield Div 3s	
2,000	74
Ill Steel 4½s	
5,000	87¾
Insp Con C cv 6s	
10,000	100
Indiana Steel 5s	
1,000	101
Inter-Met 4½s	
16,000	77⅜
11,000	77½
4,000	77⅜
1,000	77⅛
I R T 1st & ref 5s	
25,000	98⅝
1,000	99
Int Paper conv 5s	
1,000	81⅜
Int Stm Pump 5s	
1,000	65½
Iowa Cent 1st 5s	
3,000	93⅛
ref 4s	
1,000	55
Kan City So 5s	
1,000	97⅝
Lacl Gas L of St L 1st 5s	
2,000	101¼
ref & ext 5s	
1,000	100½
Lake S & Mich S 4s, 1928	
2,000	91¾
1931	
7,000	91⅞
Leh Val con 4½s	
5,000	99⅛
Ligg & Myers 5s	
2,000	100
Lorillard Co 5s	
4,000	100
L & N unifd 4s	
2,000	94⅞
Atl, K & C 4s	
4,000	89¾
Mer Mar col tr 4½s	
20,000	55
Milwauk Gas 4s	
1,000	90⅝
Mo, K & T 1st 4s	
6,000	90⅝
s f 4½s	
25,000	84
1st & ref 4s	
1,000	70¼
1,000	70½
Mo Pac 5s, 1917	
2,000	97⅝
conv 5s	
1,000	71⅝
Mut Fuel Gas 5s	
1,000	100½
N Y Cent gen 3½s	
5,000	83
1,000	82¼
L S col 3½s	
5,000	83
5,000	82¾
5,000	82½
N Y, Chi & St L 1st 4s	
8,000	97
N Y G, E L, H & Pow col tr 5s	
3,000	104⅝
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s	
8,000	114½
3,000	114⅝
N Y Rys ref 4s	
1,000	78¼
adj 5s	
53,000	61
10,000	61⅛
10,000	61¼
10,000	61⅜
37,000	61½
11,000	61⅝
12,000	61¼
5,000	61⅞
12,000	62
10,000	61⅞
25,000	62
5,000	62⅛
7,000	62
13,000	61¾
2,000	61⅝
2,000	61¾
3,000	61⅞
5,000	61⅝
21,000	61½
N Y Teleph 4½s	
1,000	97¾
2,000	97½
1,000	97⅝
N Y, W & Bos 4½s	
5,000	79½
2,000	79¾
Norf & W con 4s	
10,000	94⅜
conv 4½s	
5,000	103½
Pocah C & C 4s	
1,000	89½
Nor Pacific 4s	
5,000	94¾
15,000	95
6,000	94⅞
Nor Pacific 3s	
500	68
500	68
1,000	67¾
1,000	67½
Ore R & N con 4s	
4,000	93¾
10,000	93½
Ore S L 1st con 5s	
3,000	107¾
1st 6s	
1,000	110½
Ore-W R R & N 1st & ref 4s	
4,000	91¼
Pac Tel & Tel 5s	
9,000	98⅛
5,000	98
Penn conv 3½s	
3,000	98⅜
4s, 1948	
5,000	100½
Peop Gas & C of Chi ref 5s	
7,000	100⅝
1,000	100½
Pub Serv C s f 5s	
2,000	90⅝
Ray Cons 1st 6s	
31,000	109
Reading gen 4s	
9,000	94⅞
5,000	95
10,000	94⅞
Reading, Jer Cent col 4s	
1,000	95
Ren & Sar 1st 7s	
1,000	115½
St L, I M & So gen 5s	
2,000	103
St L & S F Ry gen 5s	
8,000	102⅛
St L & S F R R ref 4s	
1,000	77¼
23,000	77
St L S W con 4s	
1,000	76½
10,000	76
St Paul, M & M, Mont Ext 4s	
5,000	95
2,000	95⅝
San A & A P 4s	
1,000	83
Scioto V & N E 4s	
2,000	92⅞
Seaboard A Line gold 4s, sta	
20,000	85⅝
5,000	85¼
adjustment 5s	
10,000	77¼
1,000	77
1,000	76⅞
ref 4s	
12,000	77
So Pac conv 4s	
11,000	88
3,000	87⅞
4,000	88
So Pac conv 5s, when issued	
75,000	102⅝
575,000	102½
79,000	102⅜
So Pac 1st ref 4s	
2,000	92¼
15,000	92⅛
2,000	92
So Ry 1st 5s	
3,000	105½
So Ry gen 4s	
3,000	75⅛
23,000	75
3,000	74⅞
11,000	75
M & O col 4s	
3,000	83
Stand Gas & El conv 6s	
2,000	92¼
Tex Co cv 6s	
8,000	105
20,000	104¾
10,000	104½
1,000	104¼
35,000	104
2,000	104¼
Third Av ref 4s	
12,000	83½
Third Av adj 5s	
2,000	82⅜
9,000	82½
500	83
2,000	82½
2,000	82¼
Tol, St L & Wn col 4s, 1917	
1,000	50
Tri City 5s	
1,000	96⅞
Un Pac 1st 4s	
8,000	96½
1,000	96⅜
30,000	96⅛
Un Pac conv 4s	
4,000	91⅛
1,000	91¼
8,000	91⅛
3,000s20f	90⅞
1,000	91⅛
12,000	91
500	91⅛
5,000	90⅞
25,000	90¾
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s	
6,000	93⅝
38,000	93½
United Railroads of San Fr 4s	
4,000	58½
U S Rubber 6s	
3,000	103⅛
1,000	103
1,000	102⅞
U S Steel Corp s fund 5s	
19,000	102⅝
12,000	102½
1,000s5f	102⅜
1,000	102⅝
2,000	102½
Va-Car Ch 5s	
8,000	96
Va Ry 1st 5s	
3,000	99⅜
1,000	99⅞
Wabash 1st 5s	
1,000	104¼
2,000	104
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s	
2,000	57¾
Cent Tr ctfs of deposit	
5,000	55½
Wab, Pitts Ter 1st 4s, Cent Tr ctfs	
5,000	11
2,000	11⅜
Wab, Tol & C 4s	
1,000	71¾
Western Elec 5s	
5,000	101¼
3,000	101
W U Tel col tr 5s	
1,000	98½
West Shore 4s	
3,000	93½
Westingh E & M 5% notes	
3,000	97

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98¾	99¼
2s, c, 1930	98⅞	99½
3s, r, 1918	102	103
3s, c, 1918	102	..
4s, r, 1925	111¾	112¾
4s, c, 1925	112	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96⅝	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101⅝	102⅝
Pan 3s, c, 1961	102	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	88	95
Am Ag C.	53	54½
A B S pf.	..	73½
A B S & Fdy pf.	144	144¾
A C & F pf.	115½	118
Am Cities	36	36½
Do pf.	61¾	62½
Am Coal	80	110
Am C Pr.	83	84¾
Do pf.	104	105
A C O pf.	96	97
Am Exp.	101½	105
Am Lin.	10½	11½
Am Malt.	7½	9
A S pf. B.	82	85
Am S pf.	102	104
Am St Fd.	35½	36
A T & C.	55	60
Am T pf, new	105	106½
Am Wool.	15¼	16½
A W P pf.	14	16½
A. T & S F pf.	101	101½
Bald Loc.	42½	43½
B & O pf.	82	83
B, R & P.	107½	113½
Do pf.	116¼	135
But'k Co.	27¾	28½
Cal Pet pf.	..	64
Canada So.	60¼	75
Case (J I) pf.	87	89
C R R of N J.	305	325
C & S A Tel.	108	160
Chi & Alt.	9⅝	14
Do pf.	12	19
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C, M & St Paul pf.	139¾	140½
C & N W pf.	171¼	181¼
Chi, St P, M & Om.	125	130
Do pf.	135	150
C, C, C & St L.	..	38
Cluett P pf	103	105
Col F & I pf.	..	190
Col & S 2d pf.	42½	50
Crex Carp.	70	82
Cub-Am S.	..	30
Do pf.	..	84
D M & Ft D.	3	10
Do pf.	..	28
Det Ed.	114	116
Det & M.	85	..
Do pf.	85	..
Det U R.	72	75
Du P de N Pow pf.	87½	89
F M & S.	10	17
Do pf.	35	40
Gen Ch.	..	179
G'drich (B F) Co pf.	88	90
Granby C.	83	87
Hack Wat.	110	..
Hav E R, L & P pf	94	95
Helme (G W) Co.	160	180
Do pf.	112	116
Hock Val.	116	120
Inger-R.	120	..
Do pf.	92	..
Int Agric.	7	9½
Do pf.	25	36
Int H pf.	115½	..
I H C pf.	113½	..
Int Paper.	9⅜	10⅛
Do pf.	38	39
Int St P.	5¼	8
Do pf.	24	29
Iowa Cent.	7	8
Do pf.	14	15
K C, Ft S & M pf.	66	70½
Kayser (J) & Co.	85	87
Do 1st pf	104	108½
K & D M.	4½	..
Do pf.	40	..
Kresge (SS) Co pf.	102½	105
Lack Steel.	35	38½
Lacl Gas.	98	101
L E & W.	6¾	7
Do pf.	16¼	20
Lake Sh.	475	500
L & M pf.	114	120
L-W Bis.	32	34
Do 1st pf	100	105
Do 2d pf.	90	99
Loril Co.	165	170
Do pf.	112½	..
M'kay Cos.	86	86½
M Dep Sts.	61½	63½
Do pf.	100⅝	101⅜
Mer Mar.	2⅝	3
Do pf.	10¼	11¼
Mex P pf.	75	85½
Mich Cent.	..	190
M & St L.	12	17
M, St P & S S M pf.	142½	150
Do l l.	84	85¼
M P 1st pf.	103	..
N.C. & St L.	135	140
Nat B pf.	120⅞	122
Nat En pf.	78	88
Nat L pf.	106	109
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	28	33
N Cent C.	40	60
N O M & C pf.	..	25
N Y, C & St L.	38	43
Do 1st pf	82	..
Do 2d pf.	53	85
N Y Dock.	5	20
Do pf.	24½	42
N & W pf.	86¼	88½
N O T & Light	63	66
Ont Min.	2½	3
Pabst B pf.	104½	107
Pac Coast	82	90
Do 1st pf	80	95
P T & T pf.	86	90
Peo & E.	6	10
Pett-Mull.	26	29
Do 1st pf	91	99
Phelps-D.	183	..
Phila Co.	86	92
Do 6 p c pf	89	92
P, C, C & St L.	88	90
Do pf.	101	108
Pitts Coal.	20½	21⅛
Pitts S pf.	90½	94
Pub Serv.	112	..
Quicksilver	2	2⅝
Do pf.	2¾	4
R R Sec I C stk c.	..	78
Rdg 1st pf.	88	90
Do 2d pf.	90	92
St L & S F 1st pf.	13	16
Do 2d pf.	7¾	8
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs.	6	16
Sears-R pf.	124	124½
S-S S & I.	32	32½
Do pf.	91	97
So P R S.	..	65
Do pf.	..	103
So R, M & O ctfs.	73	77
Stand M pf	63	66
T P L Tr.	96	102½
T, St L & West	10	10¼
Do pf.	20	22
T C R T pf.	127	..
Und Type.	80	85
Do pf.	108	111
Un Cig M.	49	49½
Do pf.	100	103
Un Dry G.	87	93
Do pf.	98⅜	101
U S I A.	21	33
Do pf.	83	87
U S R & I.	52	54
Vand R R.	..	85½
Va-Car Ch pf.	104	105
Va R & P.	53	55¼
Do pf.	95	..
Vulcan Det	6	14
Do pf.	..	40
W F Exp.	80	83
West Md.	30⅝	33⅝
Do pf.	59	69
W E & M 1st pf.	116	119
Weym-B	215	230
Do pf.	112	120
W & L E.	3¾	4
Do 2d pf.	6⅞	7

THE CITY'S FINANCIAL OPERATIONS.

Temporary Financing, Feb. 14 to 21, Inclusive, as Shown by the Controller's Books.

	Corporate Stock, Notes.	Revenue Bonds and Bills.	Special Revenue Bonds.
Outstanding Feb. 14, 1914	$64,469,172.34	$61,320,730.16	$5,268,525.00
Net increase	1,902,014.71	2,979,635.69	....
Outstanding Feb. 21, 1914	$66,371,187.05	$64,300,365.85	$5,268,525.00
Cash Balance Feb. 21, 1914	8,194,105.85		
Net obligation	$58,177,081.20		

PEORIA & EASTERN SHORT.

Can't Pay Interest on $4,000,000 Bonds from Earnings.

Directors of the Peoria & Eastern, a subsidiary of the Big Four, have decided not to pay any interest on the company's $4,000,000 income bonds out of last year's earnings. In 1909 and 1912 the company failed to pay this interest, which has been paid otherwise continuously since 1902.

Spring floods last year caused a big increase in expenses, so that net earnings after taxes fell from $808,000 to $455,000. The company did not earn its fixed charges in 1913.

To List Consumers' Company Stock.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Fred W. Upham, President of the Consumers' Company, says that the company is preparing to list the capital stock of the corporation on both the New York and Chicago Stock Exchanges. The issues consist of $3,948,000 par value of preferred stock outstanding and $6,000,000 par value of common stock outstanding. The bonds of the company already are listed.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

$4,000,000
THE THIRD AVENUE RAILWAY CO.
First Refunding Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds
Due January 1, 1960

The Third Avenue Railway Company offers for sale $4,000,000 of its First Refunding Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds, due January 1, 1960, secured by its First Refunding Mortgage made to the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee, dated December 20, 1911.

This Mortgage was approved as to form by the Public Service Commission, by an order dated February 3, 1912, after the right to make the Mortgage had been established by the Courts under date of November 29, 1911, and December 4, 1911.

$15,790,000 of the bonds secured by this Mortgage have already been issued in pursuance of the Plan and Agreement for Reorganization of The Third Avenue Railroad Company, dated December 2, 1909, and the order of the Commission dated January 17, 1912. For the calendar year of 1913 the earnings of the Company, after paying the interest upon the last-mentioned First Refunding Mortgage Bonds already issued, and after setting aside $500,000 in cash for depreciation, amounted to $2,079,000.

The proceeds of the bonds now offered for sale will be used to pay two notes of the Company for $1,000,000 and $1,939,787.44, respectively, representing the residuum of the purchase price of the securities of the New York City Interborough Railway Company and of the Belt Line Railway Corporation, both of which purchases were authorized by the Public Service Commission, and for certain other corporate purposes.

On the payment of these notes, $1,750,000 First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds and $734,000 of stock of the Belt Line Railway Corporation, and $1,702,000 Bonds and $4,221,000 stock of the New York City Interborough Railway Company will pass under the lien of the said First Refunding Mortgage. The annual interest charge on the bonds now offered for sale will be $160,000, whereas the annual interest charge on the notes to be paid off is $176,000. The issue of these $4,000,000 bonds is expressly authorized by the Public Service Commission by order dated February 20, 1914.

Sealed proposals for the purchase of the whole or any part of these bonds will be received on or before twelve o'clock on Tuesday, March 10, 1914, at the office of the Company at 130th Street and 3rd Avenue, on which date the bids will be opened and allotment made. Accrued interest will be added to the prices bid. The Company reserves the right to reject any or all of such proposals. 25% of the purchase price will be payable at the Central Trust Company of New York, No. 54 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on acceptance of any proposal and allotment by the Company, for which the Trust Company will give a temporary receipt, and the balance of the purchase price will be payable at the Central Trust Company of New York, at the call of the Company on 5 days' notice, when the bonds are ready for delivery, or payment may be made in full when allotment is made.

Failure to make final payment as called will operate as a forfeiture of all rights in respect to the subscription and of the payment already made.

In making allotments to subscribers, stockholders of record of the Company on March 5th will be given the preference. The books of the Company will be closed from the 5th to the 11th of March.

THE THIRD AVENUE RAILWAY CO.
FREDERICK W. WHITRIDGE,
President.

A Gilt Edge Investment
To Yield 9.6%

WE are offering the unsold portion of an allotment of $250,000 par value of the stock of one of Brooklyn's oldest established manufacturing enterprises on a basis to yield 9.6%. This enterprise was established twenty-five years ago, and has an uninterrupted record of constant growth and success. The investment embodies all elements of safety with generous return.

Particulars upon request
Ask for Circular No. 209.
HARVEY A. WILLIS & CO.
Established 1901
32 Broadway New York, N. Y.

MINING SHARES
as investments offer good opportunities at the present time, both as to yield and security of principal. Our
WEEKLY MARKET LETTER
will keep you fully posted on all active issues. A postal with your name and address will bring it to you regularly.
JONES & BAKER
STOCK BROKERS
44 Exchange Place New York
TELEPHONE 5718 BROAD.
Direct private wires to all markets.

Business man needing cash will sell any part of $20,000 gilt edge 6% mortgage security for 85%. Principal and interest guaranteed. Will net 9% per annum or more. Principals only. Address Business, B 96 Times.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE THAT THE FIRM OF JACOBSON, GREENWALD & GLICMAN, composed of Syman Jacobson and Sol. Greenwald, and Mamie Glicman, doing business at No. 21 West 19th St., Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. C., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Business continues by Jacobson Glicman.

PROPOSALS.

FORT HAMILTON, N. Y., FEB. 20, 1914.—Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received here until 12 M., March 11, 1914, and then opened, for Steam Heating Plant. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Heating Plant," and addressed to Quartermaster.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, Norfolk, Va., Jan. 28, 1914.—Sealed proposals for constructing and delivering pontoons and pipe line for dredge CURRITUCK will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon, Feb. 28, 1914, and then publicly opened. Information on application. E. EVELETH WINSLOW, Lt. Col. Engrs.

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.

REFUNDING MORTGAGE FIFTY YEAR GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Trustee, dated September 1, 1911, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $10,000, in the year 1913, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, subject to the provisions of the mortgage in respect thereof, to the amount of $10,282.43, in the Sinking Fund.

Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the twenty-eighth day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock, noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Pacific Electric Railway Company's Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds."

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Los Angeles, Cal., February 1, 1914.

TO HOLDERS OF NORTHWESTERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST AND REFUNDING 4½ PER CENT FIFTY-YEAR BONDS.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, under the First and Refunding Mortgage or Deed of Trust of the Northwestern Pacific Railroad Company, dated March 1, 1907, in accordance with the provisions thereof, hereby invites written offers and tenders for the surrender to said Trustee, on or before 12 o'clock noon on March 2, 1914, at its office, No. 16 William Street, in the City of New York, of bonds secured by said First and Refunding Mortgage or Deed of Trust, at prices to be named in such offers, but not in excess of 110 per cent. of the par value of such bonds, as shall not exceed the sum of $10,985.25, being the amount now held in the sinking fund in said mortgage or deed of trust provided, by the use of which said sum such bonds will be so redeemed.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

Dated New York, February 21, 1914.

Any ownership certificates which may be necessary under the Income Tax Treasury Regulations should accompany current coupons.

LOST—$2,000 Pennsylvania Railroad Company convertible 3½% bonds, maturing Oct. 1, 1915, Nos. A-24,170 and A-62,989 for $1,000 each, with Coupons No. 17, due Dec. 1, 1913, and subsequent attached; transfer of these bonds has been stopped, and cause should be shown why new securities and coupons should not be issued. Blake Bros. & Co., 25 Broad St., New York City.

TO FINANCIERS.
Require place large bond issue, important coal consolidation. For interview write B 57 Times Annex. No agents.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

STUYVESANT INSURANCE CO.
111 William Street,
New York, February 19, 1914.

The annual meeting of the stockholders for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, No. 111 William St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on Thursday, March 5, 1914.

Polls open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M.

C. A. GARTHWAITE, Secretary.

NEW AMSTERDAM GAS COMPANY.
22 E. 22nd St., N. Y., Feb. 18, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that the annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of the Company, 22 East 22nd Street, New York City, on Thursday, March 5th, 1914, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

MALCOLM M. GRAHAM, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS of the Association for Stamp Exhibitions, Inc., will be held Monday, March 2, 1914, at 8 o'clock P. M., at the Collectors' Club, 30 East 42d St., New York City, for the purpose of electing Directors and transacting such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

JOHN A. KLEMANN, Secretary.

5½% GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES
ON NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE
Legal investments for Trust Funds and Trust Estates. Tax exempt in New York State. We are under the supervision of the State Banking Department.
Our Booklet "A" Explains
Sent Upon Request.
FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Bridge Plaza, N., L. I. City, N. Y.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CITY INVESTING COMPANY,
165 Broadway, New York.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the City Investing Company for the election of a Board of Directors and appointment of inspectors of election and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company, No. 165 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, February 18th, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon. Polls open from 12 to 1 P. M.

GEORGE F. GUNTHER, Secretary.

Referring to the foregoing, notice is hereby given that the transfer books of the preferred and common stock of the City Investing Company will be closed from the close of business on Saturday, February 14, 1914, until the opening of business on Friday, February 20, 1914.

GEORGE F. GUNTHER, Secretary.

By a unanimous vote of the Stockholders of the City Investing Company, present or represented at a meeting held pursuant to the above notice, the meeting so called for in the said notice was adjourned to Wednesday, March 4th, 1914 at the same time and place. Pursuant to law and a resolution duly passed at said meeting, the transfer books of the preferred stock and common stock of said Company will remain closed until March 6th, 1914.

GEORGE F. GUNTHER, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Archer Coal Depot Company, Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, Room K-1, Number One Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, March 12th, 1914, for the purpose of hearing and acting upon the reports of Officers and Committees and of electing Directors for the next succeeding year and for the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the meeting.

RAFAEL RIOS, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Windward Islands Estates Company, Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, Room K-1, Number One Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon of March 12th, 1914, for the purpose of hearing and acting upon the reports of Officers and Committees and of electing Directors for the next succeeding year and for the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the meeting.

RAFAEL RIOS, Secretary.

New York, N. Y., February 25th, 1914.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held on Monday, March 9th, 1914, at eleven o'clock A. M., at the office of the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung, 182 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

JOSEPH E. RIDDER, Secretary.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.......3¾@4¼% for the best names
Tuesday.........3¾@4¼% " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Good Trade in Neckwear.

Neckwear manufacturers are congratulating themselves on a very successful business for the Easter season. House trade is good and the tendency is toward the higher priced silks, with a sprinkling of knit goods of the better grades. One manufacturer reports very good business on ties with a Scotch plaid design woven into a broad stripe. The plaid effect is produced on a special machine.

Gray Goods Market Spasmodic.

Trading was rather spasmodic in the gray goods end of the local cotton goods market yesterday, with about the only feature lying in increased sales of 39-inch; 68-72s, which moved at 5⅝ cents. There was a fair call for heavy drills seen in some quarters of the market, but, while there were indications of more interest on the part of the buyers, the amount of business transacted was not great.

Ribbons an Index to Trade.

Hesitancy on the question of caraculs and plushes is given by silk manufacturers as the reason why orders are not coming in as briskly this year as last. While the retail trade in various centres, and especially in Chicago, has been far from satisfactory, a good business is still predicted for silks. The demand manifested for ribbons at present is given as the basis for this prediction. It has been found in past years, it is said, that good business in ribbons has always been the forerunner of a good season generally. Tango shades prevail, but it is said that their popularity will run them to death and that sapphire will be a welcome change.

Hosiery Distributors Not Busy.

There is not a great deal of business going on at the moment in the primary end of the hosiery trade. The cold weather of the last few weeks is said to have come too late to help business for the present retail season, and also to have come just early enough to hold up duplicate orders on Spring goods. These orders were beginning to come in in good volume up to the time of freezing weather. A good advance business has been taken in fleeced goods for the Fall season, but on regular cotton hosiery it is said that there has not been a great deal done as yet. On the whole, however, it is said that the business done so far is better than that of a year ago.

In the Clothing Trade.

While the season with the clothing manufacturers has been admittedly slow, with the advent of the present cold spell conditions have improved. Notably, the education of the retailers throughout the country up to the idea of the English models has brought about a tendency toward the better grades of merchandise. Grays and greens are the predominant colors for Spring and, in overcoats, the double-breasted, form fitting, three-button soft roll collar models have the call. In boys' suits, the popular prices seem to be $3.50 and $4, whereas formerly they were $5.50 and $6. Norfolks and Bulgarians lead in the demand. The buying has been heavy for clearing out sales.

New Rules in Customs Cases.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday issued the revised rules of procedure and practice prepared by Judges Hay, McClelland, and Sullivan. The new rules have been formally adopted by the board to carry out the provisions of the Customs Administrative act of 1890 and the Tariff acts of 1909 and 1913. The code deals with calendar calls, protests, assignment of cases, depositions taken abroad, suspensions, access of attorneys to papers, hearings in reappraisement cases, rehearings, release of merchandise, and many other features connected with the administration of the customs tribunal. The rules will be published in pamphlet form and distributed among importers, attorneys, and others interested.

The Duty on Cheap Chains.

The Treasury Department has decided that chains valued at less than 30 cents a yard intended for use in the manufacture of jewelry articles are properly dutiable under the last section of paragraph 356 of the new Tariff law at 50 per cent. ad valorem. The Treasury's ruling was made as the result of a discovery that at some ports officials were returning the chain at 15 per cent. under paragraph 114 as "other wire not specially provided for." Assistant Secretary Hamlin, in a letter to Collector Malone, says that while the proper classification of merchandise of this character is not free from doubt, the department concurs in the opinion expressed by Appraiser Higgins that the provision in paragraph 356 is broad enough to include within it chains of the character in question.

Kinks in Men's Wear.

The tango craze has created a big demand for full dress and dinner waistcoats. Fancy waistcoats are again coming into favor and it is expected that by Fall the business booked on them will be normal again. Palm Beach and silk suits are finding a ready sale in the South and the Middle West. It is found, however, that where the climate is such that a warm temperature prevails during the day and the nights are cool, men will not change from a mohair to a woolen suit. One manufacturer has introduced what is called a comfort suit. This garment is designed to take the place of a bathrobe and is constructed along the lines of pajamas but of a material ordinarily put into bathrobes. This idea originated with the French, and the garment proves, it is said, to be a very comfortable lounging suit. This same manufacturer makes a speciality of introducing novelties and reports very satisfactory business on makinaws which have stiff cuffs and collars trimmed with astrachan. Bathrobes and smoking jackets are showing up well in the holiday business.

Corporation Dress Goods Fair.

A fairly active business in Fall dress goods was reported yesterday by representatives of prominent corporations making this merchandise. In each case it was said that the business booked since the beginning of the season compared very favorably with that done immediately after the Spring opening six months ago, but that it by no means equaled the Fall business taken in the corresponding period a year ago this time. Sellers do not seem pessimistic, however, but rather seem pleased that the conservatism of the jobbers under the new tariff had not been more detrimental to the interests of the producers. Wool crepes and serges were said to be the leaders in the demand. One of the smaller corporations, which, it is said, has not many looms devoted to that class of goods, has already sold up and withdrawn its Fall lines of all wool fabrics. Business in the jobbing end of the market is good. One of the prominent dress goods wholesalers is now offering a new fabric for Spring which he calls Balmacaan, and which may be obtained in greens, reds, dark blues, and similar shades, in 54-inch widths, at prices ranging from 72½ to 95 cents a yard.

Fall Styles in Silks.

The incoming of the Second Empire vogue in women's dresses will have the effect of making an unusually heavy demand for warp-printed taffetas this Fall, according to one of the best-posted men in the local silk market. Pompadour effects in that kind of silk will be especially in demand, it is said. With taffetas will come failles and gros de Londres. A big Fall business has already been done on these goods in a quiet way with costumers and the jobbing trade, as well as on heavy silks designed for tailor-made suits and mantles. Heavy business has also been placed on chiffons, messalines, and fancy brocades for lining these garments.

Taffetas are reported in active demand in the market at the moment, and scarce, but despite their adaptability to the prevailing mode because of their natural stiffness they are said by no means to be in the demand just now that they will be this Fall. Earlier retail openings this season are said to have resulted in earlier and freer duplications in this market than for some years. In this repeat business taffetas, moires, and failles are among the most wanted fabrics. The mills, it is said, have not been so active as at present since the record season of 1907.

Linen Business Improving.

Business in the linen trade is improving in a moderate fashion, and there are distinct evidences of better feeling all over the country among buyers of this merchandise. Some of the importers seem disappointed because business does not at once assume boom proportions, but the more conservative members of the trade are pleased with the present trend, in the belief that the slow development will mean good business for a long time. Stocks in sellers' hands are down to a fairly low basis, and the needs of the country are now being reflected in the frequent orders of moderate size which are being placed in this market. The consuming demand is causing this sort of buying on the part of the retailers, which indicates that the underlying conditions affecting the trade are sound. Prices, production, and demand are so evenly balanced at the moment that any increase in the call for merchandise must necessarily result in higher prices, for it is said that present figures represent the absolute bottom of the market. The call for plain goods is just beginning to open up, but the demand for housekeeping goods, which has shown improvement under the new tariff, is heavy, and buyers are seeking prompt delivery on crashes, table damasks, napkins, and towels. Colored dress linens, especially in blues, pinks, and rose, are also in active demand.

About Hosiery Returns.

About six weeks ago one of the prominent knit goods' jobbers in this city held a special sale of hosiery, most of which was seconds. At this sale was the representative of a large retailer in the Middle West. This man bought heavily of women's silk hose, specifying that they must reach him on a certain date. It so happened that on the day the goods reached him, and for a week or two thereafter, the weather was very cold in that part of the country and the consuming demand for silk hose was light. The result was a letter from the retailer to the wholesaler, in which he tried to tell the latter that the goods had been bought on a misrepresentation and that he wanted to return the merchandise because it was not color fast. He said that he had had several complaints from his customers that the hose had not held their color, and argued that the seller should accept a return of the goods and give full credit on them. The wholesaler, sensing that something was wrong, asked that the rejected hose be returned to him, saying that while he could not accept a return of the whole shipment he would make allowances for the goods on which the retailer had really sustained a loss. After much parley the retailer returned two pairs of the hose, with an explanatory note to the effect that he had received many complaints from customers who had not returned the goods. The wholesaler credited the two pairs returned and the matter remained closed until a few days ago, when the retailer wrote to the seller asking him if he didn't have some more of the goods he offered at the sale, as he, the retailer, was about to put on a special sale himself and wanted something to back up his leaders on which he could make a nice profit.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—Forecast:—

N. Car.—Snow, cont'd cold Th. F. fair; mod. n. e. winds.
S. Car.—Snow Th; fair in aft. F. fair, cont'd cold; mod. n. w. winds.
Ga.—Fair Th., snow in early morn. F. fair, cont'd cold; mod. n. w. winds.
Fla.—Fair Th.; colder in cen., prob. freezing temp. in n. F. fair, cont'd cold; mod. n. w. winds.
Ala.—Fair Th., snow in early morn. F. fair; moderate n. w. winds.
Miss.—Fair Th. F. cloudy, warmer; lt. n. winds.
La.—Fair Th., prob. F.; lt. n. winds.
E. Tex.—Fair Th. F. cloudy, warmer; lt. n. winds, bec. s.
W. Tex., Utah—Fair Th., F.
Okl.—Fair Th. F. rain, colder.
Kan.—Fair, warmer Th. F. rain.
Tenn.—Snow Th., fair in aft. F. fair, warmer.
Ky.—Snow Th. F. prob. fair, warmer.
Ohio, Ind.—Unsetl. Th. F. prob. snow; mod. var. winds, mostly s. w.
Ill.—Fair Th. F. snow or rain; mod. var. winds, bec. n. e.
Lower and Upper Mich.—Fair Th. F. mod. s. w. to s. winds.
Wis.—Fair Th. F. mod. s. w. winds.
Kan., Minn.—Fair Th., F.; colder F.
Iowa—Fair, warmer Th. F. snow or rain; colder.
Mo.—Fair Th. F. cloudy, prob. rain.
N. and S. Dak.—Snow, colder Th. F. fair.
Neb.—Fair in s., snow in n.; colder in w. Th. F. [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers,
—WILL SELL—
To-day, Thursday,
February 26th, '14, at 10:30, on premises,
135 West 26th Street, New York,
Entire stock of BEN. S. DEUTCH.
LACES
EMBROIDERIES and SILKS,
MACHINERY, PLANT, and FIXTURES,
Two General Electric Motors. Comprising large lines of high-grade Embroideries in all grades, Vals, Linen and Torchon Laces in large quantities, Charmeuse and Taffeta Silks, etc.
Machinery, Plant and Fixtures.
50 44-13 Singer Machines, 10 44-08 Singer Machines, W. & G. High-Speed Standard Button Sewers, 75 Singer Power Tables, Blower and Irons, two General Electric Motors, 2¼ H. P.; Cutting Tables, Chairs, Baskets, Counters, Tables, Desks, and everything pertaining to above establishment.

To-morrow, Friday, Feb. 27, at 10:30 A. M.,
on premises 1346 5th Av., bet. 112 & 113 Sts., N.Y.
$5,000 Up to the Minute Stock of
Men's, Ladies' and Children's
Shoes and Rubbers,
Elegant Fixtures.
Being the entire brand-new stock of less than one year old of Rosenbaum Shoe Co. The above stock consists of all clean, up-to-date merchandise, being purchased within the past ten months.

Postponement Notice.
LADIES' and GENTS' Furnishings
Sale will be held Tuesday, March 3, 1914,
Instead of Friday, Feb. 27, 1914.
Auctioneers office 15-17 Greene St. Tel. 1056 Spring

A high-grade stock of
LACES
TRIMMINGS,
Allovers, Nets, Real Lace,
Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Waists, &c.
Inventoried at Over $20,000,
will be sold to-morrow,
FRIDAY, FEB. 27, 1914,
commencing at 10:30 A. M., at salesroom,
No. 8 Greene St., near Canal St., N. Y.,
By D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.
Notice.—The staple character of these goods and the quality are rarely met with at auction, and should be attended by buyers of first-class stores. Sale strictly without reserve. For information telephone Spring 4299.

TEXTILE MARKET STRONG.

Spinners and Weavers Determined to Hold the Domestic Trade.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 25.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say to-morrow:

"The much greater strength noted in wools and yarns is having an effect upon prices of cloth, and the advances which many expected to take place from other causes are now being forced by the condition of materials. In quite a number of instances, where manufacturers have enough orders to keep their mills operating at full capacity, a wider distribution of orders now ensues, extending to mills which had not previously secured a full amount of orders. On woolen suitings a rather unsatisfactory condition exists, but some of the enormous takings of serges are hardly appreciated by manufacturers who do not handle them, and the distribution is so great as to cause comment when the figures are presented.

"In women's wear there is every prospect that a good season will ultimately be noted, and purchasers are still questioning as to whether duvetyne or broadcloth will be in demand. The condition on crêpes is as complicated as ever, the sale having been very large, and some orders taken which many believe will be impossible to deliver. The sales of wool in Boston for the week have reached the more than average total of 4,480,000 pounds, and there has been somewhat of a flurry in foreign wools, particularly in various grades of South Americas.

"The sale of various lines of staple cotton goods has been much larger during the past week than for some weeks previous, mainly because sellers were willing to grant concessions of about one-sixteenth of a cent per yard on many large selling fabrics. It is evident that buyers need the goods fully as much as manufacturers need the orders, and hence there has been such extensive purchasing at so slight a decline. In quite a number of lines of fabrics no reduction at all has been noted. The most prominent of such lines of staple character being sateens and similar fabrics.

"Both spinners and weavers in the United States seem determined to leave no stone unturned to hold the domestic market. Recent buoyant influences in the textile industry have been the announcements of large increases of capital by the Cleveland Worsted Mills, the Farr Alpaca Company, and other corporations."

ARTIFICIAL AIGRETTES.

For Dutiable Purposes They Are Artificial Feathers.

Importers doing a large business in supplying artificial aigrettes in place of the natural article, prohibited by the new Tariff act, are likely to continue paying a 60 per cent. duty on the substitute feathers. For some time prior to the enactment of the new law, and since, the importation of imitation aigrettes have been heavy, with indications of steady expansion as the drastic provision of the present act comes to be more generally felt.

Of late importers have been seeking some way to enter aigrettes of this kind through the tariff barrier at less than 60 per cent. ad valorem, which is the rate provided both by the act of 1909 and the existing law. The Theodore Ascher Company of Chicago accordingly went before the Board of United States General Appraisers with the contention that the ornaments were incorrectly assessed under the old law at 60 per cent. as "artificial feathers" and set up the claim that the articles are "manufactures of grass," taxable at only 35 per cent. ad valorem. Under the new act the corresponding rate is 25 per cent.

In affirming the assessment Judge McClelland said:

"It is admitted that the merchandise consists of artificial aigrettes and that is the equivalent of saying that it consists of artificial feathers, and thus the merchandise falls within the specific provision in paragraph 438, unless the provision for 'manufactures of grass,' in paragraph 463, is more specific. We do not think that there is any sound basis for that contention. The term 'manufactures of grass,' in the absence of a narrower provision, is broad enough to take in everything made of grass, whereas the provision for artificial feathers, of whatever materials composed, is sufficiently specific to take artificial aigrettes out of the broader provision for manufactures of grass. We find that the merchandise consists of artificial feathers and hold them subject to the rate of duty assessed by the Collector."

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—Incorporated to-day:

Ideal Barrel Co., Carmel; $100,000; Byron Sutton, Geo. Loblein, C. F. Dean, 240 Echo Pl., Bronx.

Butler & MacLaren, machinery; $100,000; L. C. Butler, A. H. Stephens, J. G. MacLaren, Harrison.

Scientific Sundries Co.; $30,000; Myrtle T. Snell, M. L. De Valencia, P. S. Morgan, Gotham Hotel.

Van Cortlandt Publishing Corp.; $25,000; C. J. O'Brien, R. F. Keogh, D. R. Perazzo, 227 William St.

G't Western Trading Co., brokerage; $50,000; Adolph Schapvia, Manasseh Marcowitz, Harry Schekter, 114 E. 2 St.

Zimmer & Dunkak, dairy, groceries, mdse.; $250,000; Francis Dedek, Oscar Jacker, L. V. Frost, 610 W. 141 St.

Sadiron Utilities Mfg. Co., North Pelham, pressing, sterilizing, sadirons; $100,000; M. C. and H. D. Downs, L. B. May, 1 Mad. Av.

Interstate Leather Co., shoes; $50,000; C. M. Chester, Jr., C. W. Abbott, Emily K. Mainardy, 411 E. 157 St.

Commonwealth Mfg. Co., shoe tops, uppers, "backing"; $50,000; Wilfred Edge, E. O. Garbe, M. L. Einstein, 136 W. 121 St.

Nat'l Rhinestone Trimming Co.; $25,000; A. H. Rees, C. W. Hagen, E. E. Higbie, 150 Nassau St.

J. Thurman & Co., wearing apparel; $10,000; Jos. Feldt, Barney Beldoch, Julius Thurman, 210 W. 136 St.

Wahlbeck Realty Co., construction, &c.; $10,000; A. S. Arnold, Axel Melchior, E. A. Wahlbeck, 471 59 St., B'klyn.

Wm. E. Peck & Son Co., Buffalo, medicines; $10,000; E. L. Waite, W. E. Peck, Arthur Dale, 768 Glenwood Av., B'klyn.

B. Hoersgeng & Co., iron, steel articles; $10,000; G. S. Zahn, G. A. Dugen, Bernard Hoersgeng, 237 W. 107 St.

Whitfield Starter Corp., motor boats, aeroplanes; $12,000; T. M. Day, G. E. Foley, L. F. Metz, 62 Cedar St.

Leland Coal Co., Hamilton; $10,000; Harriet, J. E., and E. C. Leland.

O'Jaffe & Pinkus, Ltd., textiles; $10,000; W. D. Frederick, S. and F. B. Pinkus, 70 E. 56 St.

Progressive Knit & Fur Co., B'klyn, textile; $10,000; Morris Gittleson, S. W. Levinson, I. J. Silbiger, 1,989 Grand Av., N. Y.

Madelyne Developing Co., N. Y., realty, $12,000; Rose F. Verschleiser, J. J. Canning, Isaac Schorman.

Carroll Studios, art goods; $10,000; H. C. Storck, L. L. Gilbert, H. C. Bryant, 9 E. 44 St.

Van Curve Light Co., Green Island, mechanical devices; $10,000; W. H. Babbitt, T. E. Vanderwerker, Rob't Caldwell.

Thomas Smith & Son Corp., brokerage, waste and mill supply, paper stock; $10,000; T. A. and E. J. Smith, G. F. Lamb, 562 4 St., B'klyn.

Behring Dredging Co.; $100,000; A. T. Maurice, J. C. Connell, D. B. Murray, 54 Wall St.

Capital increases: 40 E. 41 St. Co., $10,000 to $500,000; Richmond Borough Dairy Co., Stapleton, $7,500 to $30,000; D. W. Fenton & Co., Middletown, $20,000 to $30,000.

Dissolutions: Cove Chemical Co., N. Y.; Carlton Motion Picture Laboratories, N. Y.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Feb. 25.—Charters filed to-day: Dwyer Wireless Telephone Co., San Fran. and N. Y., $10,000,000; H. P. Dwyer, G. H. Perry, W. H. Schooler, and Lloyd Michaels of San Fran.; Max Oschler, S. E. Loveless, S. M. Oschler, and A. C. Montgomery of N. Y.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The following mill Treasurers were in this market yesterday from out of town: Harold Lawton of the Lawton Manufacturing Company, Plainfield, Conn.; Seth Borden of the Parker-Hargraves Mill, Fall River; A. G. Marble of the Arkwright Mill, Fall River, and Robert Zuille of the Cornell Mills in the same city.

R. W. Jones of Robischon & Peckham, knit goods selling agents of this city, will return to New York Saturday from an extended business trip through the South.

Edward S. Levy of the Bachrach Company, President of the Wholesale Men's Furnishings Association, has returned from a trip that included the Panama Canal and the West Indies.

John F. Ryan will cover Canada for Joseph Skolny & Co. He was formerly manager of the New York office of the Stein-Bloch Company.

Miss F. Tatarsky, buyer of women's waists, underwear, and infants' wear for Mandel Brothers, Chicago, has had her name changed to F. Tarrson. She is now in this market.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

City.

ALCO WAIST MANUFACTURING COMPANY of 164 and 166 West Twenty-fifth Street made an assignment yesterday to Maurice L. Shaine, and a petition was also filed against the company by these creditors: Denzer & Nathan, $490; Haslin Millo, $100, and Frederick R. A. Stiefel, $150. The liabilities are stated to be $25,000.

W. C. DAVIS & CO., INC.—A petition has been filed against W. C. Davis & Co., Inc., interior and exterior decoration, 234 West Twentieth Street, by these creditors: New Jersey Paint Works, Harry Louderbough, Inc., $2,918; Abner Lubelsky, $103, and Isaac Feigel, $101.

SAMUEL COHEN.—A petition has been filed against Samuel Cohen, shoe dealer, 208 Main Street, Yonkers, by Louis M. Taylor, a creditor for $544 on an assigned claim. It was alleged that Cohen made an assignment on Feb. 24 to J. Wattenberg.

JAMES COSTY of 242 West Fifty-second Street, who formerly kept a restaurant, has filed a petition with liabilities $2,063 and no assets.

GEORGE S. WEYGANT, manager, residing at 119 West Seventy-ninth Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities, $1,383, and no assets. He owes $325 to three doctors.

M. SAFRAN & SONS.—Schedules of M. Safran & Sons, restaurant, 250 Fourth Avenue, show liabilities, $94,791, and nominal assets, $77,057. Among the creditors are the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, $38,000; Charles Meyer, $2,500; J. Eichler Brewing Company, $6,300; Adele Safran, $6,512; Verplanck & Co., $6,022, and Conron Brothers, $2,318.

KAHN FEATHER COMPANY.—Schedules of the Kahn Feather Company of 61 East Eleventh Street, show liabilities, $7,952, and assets, $2,400.

KLOPFER & NUSSBAUM.—Schedules of Klopfer & Nussman, dealer in general merchandise, 1,071 First Avenue, show liabilities, $2,283, and assets, $1,500.

UNITED AUTO SUPPLY COMPANY of 88 Chambers Street, has made a settlement with creditors at 20 cents on the dollar, payable 10 cents cash and 10 cents in notes at six and twelve months, and Judge Hand has confirmed the composition. The liabilities were $15,201.

DAVIS & FRIEDMAN, fur manufacturers, of 107 West Twenty-fifth Street, have made a settlement with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar cash, and Judge Hand has confirmed the composition. The liabilities were $20,797.

SAUL GOLDBERG, dry goods dealer, of 274 Bleecker Street, has made a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar payable 15 cents cash and 10 cents in notes at three and six months, and Judge Hand has confirmed the composition. The liabilities were $11,500.

THE GENERAL KOMPOLITE COMPANY, manufacturer of composition flooring and cement tiling, with offices at 516 Fifth Avenue and factory at 99 Kent Avenue, Brooklyn, has made an assignment to Samuel Jaros.

LUDWIG REISSMANN, INCORPORATED, wholesale dealer in yarns, 260 West Broadway, made an assignment yesterday to Harold R. Shore. A petition was filed against the corporation on Tuesday.

Out of Town.

Special Dispatches to The Times.

BOSTON, Mass.—Loomis & Sperry, Inc., proprietors of the Elmwood Pharmack, Holyoke, and the College Pharmacy, South Hadley Falls, against whom a creditor's petition in bankruptcy was filed on Feb. 10, filed to-day a voluntary petition. The liabilities, $12,644; assets, $4,310. Of the liabilities, $10,909 is unsecured among more than eighty creditors.

UTICA, N. Y.—Oneida Milling Company, Oneida, flour and feed; petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $137,262, of which $125,000 in accommodation notes is discounted; assets, $112,467.

MISSOULA, Mont.—Morris Schlossburg, $40,000; assets brought 40 cents on a dollar, making a net loss of $24,000.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—W. H. Star, Waukesha, contractor, petition in bankruptcy; liabilities, $17,171; assets, $943, of which $200 is exempt. Schedule shows indorsed notes to be paid by others amounting to $156,321 and unsecured claims of $1,000.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—The Illinois Trunk and Mfg. Co., voluntary petition; liabilities, $4,096; assets, $4,124.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Nathan Tubbs, building contractor; liabilities, $36,440; assets, $176. Geo. N. Smith, insurance salesman; liabilities, $13,827; assets, $390.

Discharges in Bankruptcy.

Judge Hand in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

BURGE D. CATLIN, salesman, 529 West 145th Street, formerly of Buffalo; liabilities, $2,330.

PHILIP FALK, 601 West 144th Street, formerly clothing; liabilities, $4,084.

RENNAL V. GRABER, grocer, 860 Eighth Avenue; liabilities, $6,085.

HENRY B. KANTER, electrical supplies, 53 West Forty-fifth Street; liabilities, $4,213.

LUSTIG BROTHERS, cloaks, 20 West Third Street; liabilities, $3,115.

SAMUEL SHEINBERG, 57 East Fourth Street, formerly restaurant keeper; liabilities, $10,952.

JOHN H. TRIPLER, clerk, 4,057 Third Avenue, formerly second-hand building materials; liabilities, $20,879.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Austin, Edw. K.—J. E. Alexander, $100,298.
Baldwin, John F.—K. M. Baldwin, $688.
Blumenthal, Clara—City of New York, $274.
Bender, Abraham—S. Becker, $124.
Clancy, Daniel F.—Bosco & Co., $152.
Cooperman, Herbert, and Illinois Surety Co.—People, &c., $1,000.
Cushing, Samuel—Bogert Flour Co., $199.
Corcoran, Wm. A.—J. Mulholland, $117.
Conroy, Joseph—City of New York, $1,098.
Dibono, Antonio—M. Montagnino, $124.
Dolan, Catherine—City of New York, costs, $109.
De Forest, G. B.—F. W. Bruns, $1,664.
Edelstein, Joseph; Boris Thomaschefsky, and Jacob P. Adler—Mutual Alliance Trust Co. of New York, $5,160.
Fields, Lew M.—Hall's Portrait Studio, $641.
Hoppe, Otto, and Christian Hellwarth—C. H. Keys, $268.
Haley, Eliza—W. E. Rabell, $403.
Hearst, William R.—P. Joyce et al., $1,678.
Howe, Archibald—A. Lindquist, $166.
Hertsberg, Charles R.—M. Wolfort, $223.
Johnson, Arland W.—Interstate Tree Treating Co., $264.
Kellogg, F. Laflin—E. S. Clark, $3,061.
Lamb, Arthur—J. B. Thompson, $274.
Le Maire, George—City of New York, costs, $107.
Miller, Hyman—Adolf Prince Co., $200.
Mendham, France, adm—M. A. Isaacs et al., $21,317.
McCarthy, Eugene J.—Gansevoort Beef & Provision Co., $512.
Meyer, Arthur L.—Milton Schnaier & Co., $233.
Martin, James E. J.—D. Keppell et al., $3,731.
Moskowitz, David, and Jacob Kluger—B. Handelman, $111.
Misicki, Thomas—L. A. Parker, $189.
Pearson, Samuel P.—Leonard Sheet Metal Works, $126.
Psiches, George—Crandall-Pettee Co., $202.
Pelser, Isaac and Fanny—L. P. Mendham, $473.
Phillips, Joseph—G. Scheideler, $113.
Rich, Bert A.—J. J. Flaum, $333.
Raculja, Giuseppe—A. Arrigo, $105.
Rothstein, Morris, Gussie, Sadie, and Samuel—S. Lippman, $274.
Stewart, Harrison M.—J. Wolford, $6,152.
Simon, Leon—W. Daniels, $142.
Spengler, E. M.—M. C. Schilling, $144.
Sternbach, Isidor, and Illinois Surety Co.—People, &c., $2,500.
Seligman, Jacob—Knit Goods Exchange, Inc., $151.
Schumacher, Harry S. and Emily—H. Wenderoth, $390.
Scofield, James M.—M. A. Kaufman, $1,851.
Soviner, Max—O. Luttinger, $144.
Salkind, Henry—H. Rabinowitz, $174.
Thorner, Abe, and Max D.—J. Emsheimer, $223.
Whitney, Edward D. W.—Hotel Claridge Co., Inc., $184.
Ward, Horatio J.—Ferguson Bros. & Forshay, $225.
Whatley, George B., Jr.—J. C. Taylor, $119.
Wilkens, John W.—Crandall-Pettee Co., $110.
Wallace, E. J.—City of N. Y., costs, $107.
Zubkoff, William, and Samuel Rauch—People, &c., $2,000.
Acken Nightengale Construction Co.—P. & F. Corbin of N. Y., $854.
Buslik Fur Co., Inc.—M. Dublin et al., $137.
Claremont Lumber and Mfg. Co.—M. Stiglianese, $175.
Comet Film Co.—J. E. Brulatour, $843.
Grand Boarding, Sales and Exchange Stables—Franklin Feed Stores, $1,327.
J. & E. J. Epstein Co., Inc., and Joseph Levine—W. Wolkenberg, $137.
Lehigh Valley Structural Steel Co.—A. M. Haney, $2,946.
L. Lipshitz, Inc.—E. & H. Levy, $276.
London Construction Co.—Lippe Fireproofing Co., $379.
Motor Trading Co., Inc.—F. A. Valisch, $111.
Newfeld-Schwartz Neckwear Co., Inc.—F. Newfeld, $1,111.
National Trading Co., Ltd.—V. W. Bonham Mfg. Co., Inc., $271.
Otis Elevator Co.—J. A. Blake, $750.
Patrick Reddy Cont. Co., Inc.—Bouker Cont. Co., $841.
Travelers' Realty Corp.—Hartwell-Clitter Coal Co., $619.

In Bronx County.

Brenner, Max—Hildreth Varnish Co., $85.
Chernicoff, William I.—M. Syrkin, $71.
Pulici, Salvatore—M. Goodwin, $117.
Poller, Morris, and William I. Chernicoff—M. Syrkin, $79.
Schuessler, John—Sulzberger & Sons Co. of America, $92.
Tesoro, Joseph—The Union Stove Works, $223.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

City of N. Y.—M. L. Ernst et al., June 19, 1912, $600.
Eisler, Davis—Eastern Brewing Co., Feb. 20, 1914, $1,950.
Gordon, Isaac—L. Braverman, Aug. 15, 1906, $177.
Hilscher, Frederick M.—R. Wohlemuth, Jan. 27, 1913, $2,862.
Leitner, Jacob—M. Hirsch, Dec. 23, 1913, $1,540.
Louis Amberg & Son—E. I. Horsman Co., Jan. 9, 1914, $142.
Long Island R. R. Co.—G. J. [illegible], Feb. 16, 1914, $[illegible]
Same—Same, Feb. 5, 1911, $2,159.
N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.—J. A. Kneiriem, Dec. 15, 1910, $2,246.
Same—Same, Feb. 7, 1914, $141.
Same—Same, Dec. 27, 1911, $105.
Stillman, Louis S.—C. T. Paterno, Nov. 16, 1913, $387.
Shaw, Elizabeth D.—Louise & Co., Sept. 9, 1913, $222.
Trubenback Realty and Construction Co. and Blanche Trubenback—Richardson & Boynton Co., Nov. 24, 1913, $441.
Weiss, Maurice—J. Handwerger, Jan. 29, 1914, $274.
De Forest Radio Telephone Co.—G. B. Janson, Feb. 18, 1914, (vacated,) $1,012.
Radio Telephone Co.—G. B. Janson, Feb. 18, 1914, (vacated,) $1,012.
Korn, Louis—Murtha & Schmol Co., June 15, 1911, (canceled,) $1,844.
Same—M. S. Hagar, June 8, 1911, $951.

Bronx County.

Lynch, Joseph A.—P. A. Wirsing, Feb. 18, 1914, $22.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBANY, Ga.—Carter & Reed; W. E. Carter, ready-to-wear; Victoria.
ALMY—Bigelow & Washburn; H. Annable, cloaks, suits, waists, ladies' underwear, sweaters, infants' wear; 2 Walker.
ATLANTA—J. Silvey & Co.; E. M. Roper, notions; 72 Leonard.
ATLANTA—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; L. Goff, millinery; P. Douglass, dry goods; 148 W. 23d; Cumberland.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House, M. G. Frazier, embroideries; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Rosenberg, silks; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; F. E. Pennock, domestics, silks, dress goods; M. McGrath, representing; 214 Church.
BIRMINGHAM—Goldstein Bros.; J. Goldstein, dry goods; Broztell.
BINGHAMTON—Sisson Bros. & Welden Co.; L. R. Marvin, cloaks, suits, waists; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; F. Coleman, dress goods; F. Jury, house dresses; F. A. Fuller, furs; J. T. Hagan, white goods; W. N. London, leather goods, trunks, bags; W. J. Brooks, silverware; Mr. Reid, hosiery; R. J. Tremble, underwear, (basement;) B. E. Taylor, housefurnishing goods, (basement;) Mrs. C. E. Henry, waists, Mrs. Wells, millinery; Miss Snelling, laces, basement; Mrs. Daly, representing; 31 Union Square.
BOSTON—S. Shapiro & Co.; S. Shapiro, cotton crepe novelties; Room 437, 1,328 Broadway; McAlpin.
BOSTON—W. Filene's Sons Co.; H. H. Ellis, hosiery; V. P. Ring, dresses, (basement;) 116 West 32d.
BUFFALO—Clawson & Wilson Co.; J. Wilson, furs; 38 W. 32d.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss M. Lensenhuber, jewelry, silverware; Miss L. Yaeckel, ribbons; 214 Church.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; H. D. Hosmer, carpets; 320 Church.
BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; W. Olmsted, furn. goods; 2 Walker.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; F. E. Hochreiter, furn. goods, clothing; 60 W. 33d.
BUFFALO—Hamlin's; Miss H. Woodell, underwear, waists, corsets, infants' wear; Mr. Gumbride, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
BUFFALO—Hamlin's; M. J. Tubridy, dress goods, wash goods, silks; D. W. Brundage, china, lamps; J. J. Sweeney, furn. goods, hosiery, knit underwear; E. Spreng, housefurn. goods, toys; S. E. Conrad, notions, jewelry, leather goods; F. L. Streuber, laces, embroideries, neckwear, hdkfs., stationery, toilet goods; 105 Grand.
CHATTANOOGA—Knox-Thomas-Spears Co.; W. E. Jordan, dry goods, notions, furn. goods; 350 B'way.
CHATTANOOGA—Miller Bros. Co.; Miss Kelly, ready to wear; 39 W. 32d.
CHICAGO—The Fair; S. Wise, white china; E. G. Parks, ladies' coats, suits, waists, dresses, furs, (basement;) P. J. Kirsh, candies; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss F. Tarrson, waists, muslin underwear; Miss Hayes, waists, muslin underwear; Miss S. Bernstein, ladies' waists, (basement;) Miss Laugel, ladies' waists, (basement;) 15 East 22d.
CHICAGO—The Fair; S. J. Natkin, china; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; A. B. Nelson, knit goods, ribbons; W. H. Bateman, linings; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Hyland Bros.; J. M. Hyland, millinery; 317 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; S. J. Dame, cloaks, suits; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—The Fair; F. Wise, linens, hdkfs.; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Arbetman Bros. & Blair; S. Blair, piece goods; Claridge.
CHICAGO—Herzog Factories; L. Herzog, garments; 438 B'way.
CHICAGO—D. B. Fisk & Co.; W. Jackson, millinery; 29 W. 38th; Pierrepont.
CHICAGO—"Hillman's"; H. M. Hillman and Miss M. Stuart, misses', children's, juniors' coats, suits, dresses; 116 W. 32d.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; B. W. Van Syckle, men's, boys' clothing, hats, caps; 215 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie Scott & Co.; Miss Gill, millinery; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Sopkin & Cohen; M. Cohen, coats, suits, dresses; Prince George.
CINCINNATI—The Fair; Miss Kleisler, representing; 214 Church.
CLEVELAND—Janisfeld Co.; Janisfeld, cloaks, suits; S. Sorg, cloaks; 15 East 26th.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; Mr. Evett, millinery; 37 W. 26th.
COLUMBUS—Green, Joyce Co.; H. J. Page, toys; 43 Leonard.
CUERO—J. A. Graves, general mdse.; St. Denis.
DETROIT—H. Blackwell Co.; J. Liston, laces, ribbons, neckwear; Grand Union.
DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; H. D. Mitchell, laces, embroideries, dolls, jewelry, ribbons, h'dk'fs, neckwear; 200 5th Av.; Hermitage.
ERIE, Pa.—Osborne & Norman Co.; D. Scott, ribbons, fancy goods, notions; 79 5th Av.
HARTFORD—Brown, Thomson & Co.; S. Stern, muslin underwear, corsets, toilet goods; 2 Walker.
HENDERSON, Ky.; Louisville Store Co.; B. A. Frenkel, ready-to-wear; 16 East 18th.
INDIANA, Penn.—Heyman Bros.; H. L. Heyman, clothing, furn. goods; 15 E. 26th.
INDIANAPOLIS—W. H. Block Co.; H. C. Block, hosiery, knit, silk underwear; 1,261 B'way.
KANSAS—R. S. Lipman, millinery; Wellington.
LAWRENCE—Robertson-Sutherland Co.; Miss M. A. Gray, Miss K. A. Dwan, millinery; 55 White.
LEWISTON, Me.—Great Dept. Store; S. S. Peck, millinery, muslin underwear; Park Av.
MASSILLON—H. Baskin, general mdse.; Wallick.
MILWAUKEE—Paris Fashion Co.; G. B. Schoen, junior suits, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
MILWAUKEE—J. G. Kapps, jewelry, leather goods; Miss Pazor, silverware; Mrs. M. R. Collins, waists, corsets, muslin underwear; B'way and 32d.
NEW HAVEN—E. Malley Co.; Mr. Jaffe, optical goods; 320 Church.
NEW HAVEN—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
OGDEN—S. J. Burt & Bros.; W. L. Burt, ready to wear; Murray Hill.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin & Neiman Co.; B. Neiman, Miss O'Brien, Miss Killen, coats, suits, waists, skirts, dresses, petticoats; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Department Store; Miss Gibian, jobs waists, (basement;) 200 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; A. C. Connor, millinery; 37 W. 26th.
PLANT CITY, Fla.—Trefon's 5-10-20c. Stores; T. Constantun, general merchandise; 524 Broadway.
PORTLAND, Ore.—N. & S. Weinstein, clothing; Pierrepont.
PROVIDENCE—Shepard Co.; P. A. Lynch, wash goods; 220 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE—L. Dimond & Sons; W. Schloss, millinery; M. Robinson, ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
QUINCY, Ill.—Kespohl-Mohrenstecher Co.; O. A. Mohrenstecher, dress goods, silks, ladies' ready-to-wear; 315 4th Av.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; H. Eisenberg, notions, toilet, leather goods, fancy linens, laces, furs; 2 Walker.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; H. W. Francis, fancy, holiday goods, novelties; 432 4th Av.
ROCK ISLAND, Ill.—Billings & Herzog; G. B. Herzog, muslin underwear, children's wear, waists, house dresses; 116 W. 32d.
ROCKLAND, Me.—W. O. Hewitt Co.; V. G. Urner, ready-to-wear; 60 West 33d.
SHERMAN, Texas—I. Exstein & Bro.; J. Exstein, notions, furn. goods; Herald Square.
SOUTH BOSTON, Va.—Steffins, Lawson & Sprogins Co.; C. Sprogins, shirts; Herald Square.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Crawford, Plummer Co.; M. J. Cummings, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.
SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Keet & Rountree D. G. Co.; R. Peacher, dress goods, silks, cloaks, waists; 43 Leonard.
SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Keet & Rountree Co.; R. Peacher, dress goods, silks, cloaks, waists, linens; McAlpin.
SPRINGFIELD—Forbes & Wallace; D. P. Birkett, prints; 2 Walker.
ST. LOUIS—Browning, King & Co.; A. P. Kloos, clothing, furn. goods; Cooper Square.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; O. D. Heflin, domestics; 37 W. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney D. G. Co.; L. S. Alden, rugs, carpets; 214 Church.
ST. LOUIS—E. Lipman, millinery; Wellington.
ST. LOUIS—Marquette Cloak and Suit Co.; H. D. Harfield, infants', juniors', ladies', children's Fall coats; 684 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Addison Cloak Co.; Miss Simons, hats, flowers, shapes, feathers; 39 West 32d.
ST. PAUL—Field, Schlick & Co.; C. E. Searing, hosiery, underwear, gloves, furn. goods, umbrellas; 45 E. 17th.
ST. PAUL—Finch, Van Slyck & McConville; Mr. Olsen, dress goods, silks; 320 B'way.
TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; Miss M. Schuller, infants' wear, muslin underwear, corsets; 214 Church.
TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; H. D. Wall, upholstery goods, carpets, rugs; J. H. Hahn, housefurn. goods, china, glass; 214 Church.
TORONTO, Ont.—J. Fale Leather Goods Co.; J. Fale, Jr., leather goods; C. G. Robinson, fancy goods, vanity cases; 43 Leonard; McAlpin.
UTICA—John A. Roberts & Co.; Miss O. E. Shaw, laces, ribbons; Park Ave.
WASHINGTON—Smoot & Jelleff; F. R. Jelleff, laces, ready-to-wear; Hoffman House.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; Miss Eber, millinery; 334 4th Av.
WHEELING—W. H. Colvig, general mdse.; Navarre.
WOONSOCKET—Harris & Mowry; J. Morris, millinery; 75 Spring.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; A. J. Gross, laces, embroideries, h'dk'fs; 2 Walker.

BEDSPREADS---TOWELS
We are offering for Department Store
CUT PRICE SALES
97 Cases Satin Bedspreads
87 Cases Huck Towels
105 Cases Crochet Bedspreads
78 Cases Turkish Towels
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Buyers should see these
SPECIAL VALUES
THE EASTERN MAN'F'G CO.
576-578 Broadway, N. Y.
FELIX TAUSEND

Attention of Buyers
Come and get acquainted with a live-wire house!
We will double your sales and save you time.
1000 Dresses
For Immediate Delivery
All prevailing styles in silk, chiffon, taffeta, crepes, etc.
$3.50 TO $10.00
Globe Dress Co.,
91 Bleecker St.

Great Opportunity
For Department Store Sales
Balance of Salvage Stock of the Well Known Brand of
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At Attractive Prices.
Staple Lines for MEN AND WOMEN
Stock Will Be Sold as Perfect at Wholesale Only.
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Loop Cloth Cotton Voiles
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STANDARDIZED MERCHANDISE
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40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

MANUFACTURERS' AGENCY WANTED for New York or Northern New Jersey, by an experienced business man on a commission basis, or would represent New England or Western wholesale houses; can give entire time. A 351 Times Downtown.

A Brooklyn $9 waist house is open for salesman for East and Southern territory; strictly commission basis; a cracker-jack line for real salesman. Apply 1,161 Broadway, Room 311, New York.

Furs.—Wanted, line of fur collars and trimmings for suit and coat manufacturers of Cleveland; only best wanted. Louis Mielziner, 1,013 Oregon Av., Cleveland, Ohio.

Mr. Merchant, if you wish to increase your umbrella department sales, call 238 4th Av. or phone 5154 Gram. Lycoming Wireless Umbrella Co.

Jobbers looking at new Spring dresses in silk and cotton. Call 8th floor, 28 West 27th, freight elevator.

Jobber looking at muslin underwear and children's dresses. 10 W. 18th St., 3d floor.

Lines Wanted.—Importers and manufacturers desiring energetic and reliable resident representative in Philadelphia may address Commission, B 53 Times.

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NOVELTIES in LAMP SHADES, CANDLE SHADES, FANCY PAPER TABLE DECORATIONS. ON SHOW UNTIL March 15th
ROOM 204. 156 FIFTH AVE

THE WIDEST RANGE AND NEWEST PRODUCTIONS IN
RIBBONS
The H. B. Claflin Company
Worth & Church Sts., New York
WHOLESALE ONLY

BUYERS, ATTENTION!
DRESSES Jos. Wien has winners in Silks, Challis and Wool Crepes $3.75 up. Washable Dresses $1.50 up. The only place that has values. Don't miss us. You cannot afford to do so. 1,200 Fall dresses to be closed out, consisting of Woolen, Evening, Velvet and Corduroy Dresses, at sacrifice prices.
JOS. WIEN, 129-133 WEST 27TH ST.

REDUCED TARIFF
Foreign Furniture at Wholesale
Factories now showing at
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
Merchants & Manufacturers Sales Syndicate, Fourth Floor.

Canaan Advises
you to see his Dresses, $3.75 to $7.50.
Best values in Crepes, Linens and Fancies.
9 WEST 20TH ST.

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DRESSES.
SMART STYLES AND NEWEST MATERIALS
17-19 WEST 17TH ST., NEW YORK.

APRONS Dean's Lockstitched
All kinds
Retail 25c to $3.
W. H. Dean Co., 45 East 17th St.

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SPECIAL SALE—SPECIAL PRICES.
MOORE MANUFACTURING CO., 81 Worth.

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Milbury Ath. Mfg. Co.,
543 Broadway. Phone 7475 Spring.

RALPH WILSON
12 East 33d Street,
COLLIE BRAND,
Ribbons, Silks, and Millinery Findings.

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Arthur Frankenstein & Co., 516 Broadway.
Send for samples of the new 25c. Children's Garter.

TOYS NOVELTIES
& JOKE ARTICLES.
Jobbers Trade our specialty.
HABER BROS., 369 Broadway.

Chiffon CLOTH
An excellent $1.50 retailer for 65 cts.
Oppenheim, Stern & Hacker, 4 W. 16th St.

Ruchings 12-HOUR DELIVERY.
Laces & Embroideries.
GREENSTEIN & PELZ, 16-20 W. 19th St.

DRESSES Sizes 2-6—$1.55 to $3.75 per doz.
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M. KABAT & SON, 452 B'way. Phone 6186 Spring.

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Phil Gill Says:—
I'm a recognized authority on Dresses. I know the Fashions so well that every model I design is sure to be a big seller. Buyers that use my line can't buy wrong.
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Wanted Fur Line.
A successful salesman, sold last season $50,000, wants popular line
For Pennsylvania, N. Y. and Ohio.
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HAIR GOODS—COLORED WIGS
Every shade. Call at the show room and pick them out. Will be shipped on same day as order is received. S. GLEMBY, Inc., 12 East 22d St.

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For Advertising Rates, Telephone Bryant 1000

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Show cards, signs, price tickets, mechanical devices.

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Liberal advances on all kinds of merchandise.

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Accounts of Merchants and Manufacturers Financed.
NATIONAL DISCOUNT CO.,
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J. FEIBEL,
117 Spring St. Tel. Spring 1291.

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MANHATTAN LACE COMPANY,
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AMERICAN RUG & CARPET CO.
House of Bargains. 195-197 Canal St.

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H. GOLDWATER & CO.,
SALESROOM, 1,178 BROADWAY.

COAT SPECIALIST.
BERNARD LEVINE,
3 and 5 East 28th St.

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DURST & RUBIN, 40-46 WEST 25TH ST.
THE "GIANT HOUSE"
for popular priced coats and suits.

KIRSHMAN BROTHERS, 36 West 25th St.—
500 coats to close out; assorted materials.

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CRAVENETTE CO., U. S. A.
Waterproofers of all kinds of textile fabrics.
NEW YORK CITY OFFICES,
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THE GOULD MESEREAU CO.,
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Special values discontinued lines. 50,000 bags and suit cases on hand. Sherman Bros., 9 Desbrosses.

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National Publicity Service, 12 E. 23d St.
Send for Price List. Gramercy 2777.

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A new drive for a Special Sale daily.

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Paris, 4 Cite Paradis. Dresden, 18 Burgerwiese.

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JOHN DRESCHER, 296 Broadway,
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Complete line of the latest designs.

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B. H. Best Hose. All Qualities. Schmied & Rowe, Mgrs.

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Always Prompt in Deliveries.

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Special inducements in curtains & yard goods

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NOTTINGHAM LACE WORKS,
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Eagle Swiss Embroidery Works. Large stock of Domestic Embroideries on hand. Embroideries from 1c. up. Spring, cor. Greene. Tel. 7428 Spring.

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ZURCHER & SEILER,
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SYDNEY M. SCHWARTZ & CO.,
"Blackstone." 12 East 22d St.

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JAMES F. WHITE & CO., 54 Worth St.
Most attractive offerings under new tariff.

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WARE CO., 60-62 Lispenard St.
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MANUFACTURERS' SEWING MACHINES
UNION SPECIAL MACHINE CO.,
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LEVY & JULIUS,
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THE WINDSOR COSTUME CO.,
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MISSES', WOMEN'S, JUNIOR DRESSES.
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Featuring Stouts. 127 W. 26th St.

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Electric Motors for all purposes.
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Largest in the World. 31 W. 27th St.

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Bought and Sold. Tel. 500 Worth.

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ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.

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FREEDGOOD & SWEETGALL,
JOBBERS' PRICES, 43-47 W. 16TH ST.

RETAIN-O HATS PATENTED.
Spring line for advance millinery buyers.
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THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The area of high pressure that has covered the interior valleys during the last forty-eight hours is apparently breaking up, and small whirls are developing on its southern edge.

The latter, in connection with prevailing low temperatures, have caused snow, sleet, and rain throughout the Gulf and South Atlantic States, a condition almost without precedent. In Central Georgia seven inches of snow had fallen up to 8 o'clock Wednesday night. At that hour snow was falling in Tennessee, Northern Alabama, Central and Northern Georgia, and the interior of the Carolinas.

In other portions of the country the weather continues fair and relatively cold, although there has been a change to higher temperatures in the lake region and Ohio Valley. The snow in the South will cease by Thursday morning. In the Ohio Valley and the southern portion of the Middle Atlantic States snow is probable Thursday.

It will continue cold from the Gulf to the South Atlantic States, but more moderate temperatures are indicated for northern districts east of the Mississippi.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate west; Middle Atlantic Coast, brisk northeast, shifting to northwest; South Atlantic Coast, strong northeast to north.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair and somewhat warmer Thursday; Friday unsettled; moderate west winds.

Southern New England—Fair Thursday, with rising temperature; Friday increasing cloudiness; moderate west winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Increasing cloudiness Thursday; probably snow in afternoon or by night; Friday unsettled; moderate and variable winds.

Western New York—Unsettled Thursday and Friday; probably snow; moderate southwest winds.

Northern New England—Fair and warmer Thursday; Friday fair; moderate west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	16	3	4 P. M.	27	24
6 A. M.	14	2	6 P. M.	24	23
9 A. M.	15	5	9 P. M.	21	20
12 M.	22	20	11 P. M.	19	19

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 12; for the corresponding date last year it was 20; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 32.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 3; at 8 P. M. it was 20. Maximum temperature, 24 degrees at 2:20 P. M.; minimum, 1 degree at 6 A. M. Humidity, 59 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 48 per cent. at 8 P. M. The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.59 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.44 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
12:50	404 8 Av.; Kempner & Son	Slight
1:05	22 W. 66 St.; not given	Slight
3:20	595 9 Av.; J. Gerchas	$1,500
4:20	215 W. 63 St.; A. Bowne	Slight
6:25	1,795 3 Av.; J. Karskin	Slight
7:35	1 Greenwich Av.; I. Kassof	Slight
7:40	Spuyten Duyvil Rd. & H. R. R. R. tracks; A. Kerrigan	$5
8:00	49 Worth St.; York Mrfts Co	$500
8:40	54 W. 53 St.; H. C. Smith	Not given
8:45	293 E. Houston St.; I. Goldberg	$10
9:15	216 W. 60 St.; S. Cushman	Not given
9:30	2,088 Daly Av.; C. Herbst	$100
9:40	26 W. 113 St.; M. Greenberg	Slight
11:00	520 W. 162 St.; M. Horowitz	Slight
P. M.		
12:40	53 E. 102 St.; H. Weinstein	Slight
12:45	50 W. 53 St.; C. Ostrander	Slight
1:25	30 Grove St.; not given	$50
1:25	407 E. 60 St.; Mrs. Sopow	Slight
1:55	1,567 Lex. Av.; M. Fiegel	Slight
4:25	109 Broome St.; B. Kerens	Slight
4:30	1,837 Mad. Av.; Mary Rich	Slight
5:05	696 W. End Av.; John O'Connor	Slight
5:30	404 E. 23 St.; W. Belkamp	Slight
6:35	123 E. 39 St.; Jas. Bartley	Slight
6:00	1,570 B'way; Candel Bros	Slight
6:15	32 St. & B'way; Martinique Hotel	Slight
7:15	71 Ridge St.; Lena Singer	Slight
7:25	515 W. 147 St.; Paul Chopok	Slight
7:45	113 Delancey St.; Freedman Bros.	$50
7:50	460 Greenwich St.; A. S. Deckman	$10,000
8:05	333 Madison St.; F. Gersten	Slight
8:50	11 E. 98 St.; A. Budnowsky	Slight
9:00	86 Eldridge St.; C. Rothman	$200
9:33	622 E. 169 St.; J. Mendelwitz	Not given
9:55	111 Division St.; J. Forster	Slight
10:00	159 E. 39 St.; Ida Magnus	Slight
10:00	239 E. B'way; L. Fuchs	Slight
10:50	152 W. 57 St.; F. Gowawrd	Slight
11:20	1,637 Park Av.; R. Smith	$100

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Appointments, Transfers, and Retirements by the Board.

The following appointments, transfers, and retirements of teachers were made by the Board of Education yesterday:

Appointments.

HIGH SCHOOLS.

De Witt Clinton—Edward Fitzgerald, assistant French; Max P. Philbrick, assistant French; Rose K. Pickens, assistant stenography and typewriting.

Julia Richman—Marguerite Mitchell, assistant stenography and typewriting.

Stuyvesant—Chester M. Whitney, assistant joinery; Charles W. Ledley, assistant woodturning and pattern making; Pedro H. Agramonte, laboratory assistant.

Wadleigh—Ethel L. Ellison, clerical assistant.

Washington Irving—Gertrude Louise Cannon, assistant biology; Edyth Freidenrich, assistant German; Bessie C. Stern, assistant German; Harriet M. B. Johnson, assistant sewing and dressmaking; Eligio G. Barberis, assistant Italian; Agnes A. Ennis, assistant stenography and typewriting.

Morris—Helen M. Adams, assistant stenography and typewriting.

Bay Ridge—Margaret Williams, assistant cooking.

Bushwick—Theodora F. Hooker, clerical assistant.

Eastern District—Jeanne Dreyfus, assistant French; Arthur Hirschberg, assistant physics; Benjamin J. Kramer, laboratory assistant.

Erasmus Hall—Lois B. Westaway, junior history; Carrie E. Wendel, junior Latin.

Manual Training—Benjamin Glassberg, assistant history.

Newtown—Fannie C. Peck, assistant stenography and typewriting.

Curtis—Michael Arond, clerical assistant.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

Principal, Francis W. Powers to P. S. 103, Brooklyn.

Assistant to Principal, Rose I. Schmitt to P. S. 192.

Teachers of Shop Work, Vincent A. Campbell and William H. Harris.

Transfers.

HIGH SCHOOLS—ASSISTANTS.

Katherine G. Pipe, Latin, from J. Richman to De Witt Clinton; May E. Brockman, cooking, from Manual Training to J. Richman; Leonie E. Staelin, German, from Bushwick to Morris; Charles R. Osgood, commercial branch, from Eastern District to Bushwick; Maybell P. Perry, cooking, from Bay Ridge to Manual Training.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS—PRINCIPALS—SCHEDULE I.

Catherine Helion, from 23 to 38; Kate McKee, from 65 to 175.

SCHEDULE IB.

William J. Henwood, from 13 to 53; Frank A. Young, from 25 to 52.

TEACHERS—SCHEDULE VII.

Edward D. Callahan, from 27 to 30; Earl C. Conrad, from 128 to 99.

SCHEDULE 2B.

Lizzie M. Palmer, from 153 to 99; Ida J. Guiles, from 27 to 110; Charity F. Roe, from 45 to 159.

SCHEDULE 1B.

Florence E. Black, from 100 to 119; Adele Atwood, from 100 to 119; Alberta Hirschler, from 100 to 119; Pearl Friedelson, from 117 to 159; Eugenie S. Selotaroff, from 54 to 4; Agnes V. Fitzgerald, from 77 to 15; Mary C. Bartley, from 27 to 30; Elsie E. Stammler, from 81 to 77; Henrietta L. Frost, from 80 to 99; Barbara E. McGovern, from 164 to 99; Anna T. Kloster, from 92 to 99; Hazel L. Hill, from 80 to 99; Annie J. von Rodeck, from 153 to 99; Ada Thompson, from 128 to 99; Bessie R. Seaton, from 128 to 99; Edith B. Brainerd, from 82 to 172; Edith W. Halsey, from 136 to 172; Mary A. Meehan, from 91 to 172; Florence Margaret Kaizer, from 10 to 172; Etha T. Anderson, from 136 to 172; Mabel E. Crabbe, from 136 to 172; Belle L. Adair, from 82 to 172; Grace A. McManus, from 82 to 172; Cecilia F. Kelly, from 2 to 172; Mattie W. Looker, from 2 to 172; Georgine O. Kolkebeck, from 136 to 172; Grace M. Guntz, from 136 to 172; Mary E. McCann, from 22B to 172; Loretta M. MacFarland, from 82 to 172; Ada F. Coopern, from 40 to 172; Florence E. Guntz, from 20 to 172; Isabella C. Beggs, from 136 to 172; Ida E. Rosenthal, from 60 to 172.

KINDERGARTNERS—SCHEDULE 1B.

Lilla M. Prince, from 141 to 172; A. Dorothea Casey, from 126 to 80.

Retirements.

HIGH SCHOOLS.

Mary N. Diedrich, Morris; Mary P. Lippert, Morris; Frank W. Freeborn, Boys', Brooklyn; William A. Crane, Curtis, Richmond.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS—MANHATTAN.

Emily A. Keogh, P. S. 73; Marcella McKeon, P. S. 94.

BROOKLYN.

Josephine E. Blydenburgh, P. S. 102; Mary M. Robson, P. S. 102; Mary Tuthill, P. S. 30.

QUEENS.

Nellie T. Husted, P. S. 90; E. R. Murphy, P. S. 58.

History at a glance in THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Published quarterly. Convenient guide to current events of use to professional men and others who need facts without delay. Ready now. $1.50 a copy; bound in cloth, $2. Times Building, New York.—Adv.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Appt'd Prob. Patrol: James Smith, F. R. Siekmann, R. A. Goldman, G. J. Crowley, A. W. Wallander, F. G. Lisa, P. J. O'Shea, M. J. Brick, J. H. McMail, John Kingston, C. H. Kuenemund, Jr., C. A. Motkenbacker, T. C. Dowd, Michael Santaniello, F. J. Spollen, L. F. Schilling, J. A. Hoffman, M. A. Lynch, F. W. Rogers, Edw. Beban, E. L. Holsten, Isidore Stillman, J. F. Walsh, James Dalton, Daniel O'Shea, James Corcoran, Daniel O'Connor, Patrick Byrne, A. P. Millon, L. L. Hanstein, W. E. Rinnsland, R. L. Duffy, Leonard Meyers, J. E. Gordon.

Transfers: Sergts.—John Quinn, 147 to 148 Prect.; W. H. Daly, 150 to 148 Prect.; J. J. O'Sullivan, 174 Prect. to B. H. Sq. Patrol. —J. R. Scott, 1 to 6 Prect.; V. E. Duhamel, 6 to 146; J. P. Soden, 14 to 37; J. A. Dooley, 14 to 31; J. A. McFall, 23 to 5; J. J. Lynch, 25 to 74; D. Zimms, 36 to 160; J. F. Durkin, 147 to 162.

From prects. indicated to 68 Prect.: J. E. Collins, 36; W. C. Ritchie, 43; Wm. O'Neill, 43; J. W. Neggersmith, 43.

To 80: M. H. Gescheidt, 1; Geo. Schnidler, 2; Frank Lynch, 42; Dennis McCarthy, 40; Johnston Humphries, 149.

To 81: R. E. Gonoude, 1; M. J. McKeever, 2; Manning Decker, 6; F. X. Nugent, 31; T. A. Burke, 1; C. C. Joseph, 2; J. J. Doelger, 16; T. B. Crumblin, 31. To 89: H. J. Herzog, 2; W. H. McCarthy, 36.

To 143: R. J. Honan, 6; L. M. Fallon, 6; T. C. Christie, 7; M. A. Olsen, 10; John Ryan, 37; G. H. Plate, 150; F. J. Taylor, 6; Meyer Pollack, 5; T. H. Beresford, 10; A. M. Horn, 37; H. J. Ruane, 146.

To 145: E. A. Schmitt, 10; W. F. Quinn, 18; F. S. Grey, 26; John Ormby, 13; John O'Connor, 36; Michael Walker, 43.

To 147—C. E. O'Brien, 2; J. Litschauer, 5; Wm. Osterburg, 6; J. J. Butler, 26; Wm. C. Chubb, 26; C. J. Johnsen, 28; J. T. S. Lovett, 38; J. J. Cuneo, 42.

To 149—J. H. Guerin, 1; H. M. Mullin, 23. To 150—T. F. McQuillen, 17; F. J. Rauchut, 38. To 151—W. J. King, 5; P. L. Winter, 16; W. H. Cox, 26.

To 152—Wm. Andress, 2; Harry J. McCrossen, 6; Ernest Scharer, 10; J. L. Sullivan, 17; Howard Barrows, 26; R. H. Garman, 38; A. J. Burger, 149; A. J. Webb, 154.

To 153—Philip Miller, 2; A. J. Siegler, 5; J. B. Stevens, 5; Nathan Peckins, 5; W. W. Ruege, 4; F. C. McKay, 22; G. J. Salg, 146; Charles Daly, 150; T. J. Cody, 157. To 154—A. Hirschewitz, 146; H. W. L. Van Gilluwe, 150; F. H. Filler, 150.

To 282—Benj. Cantor, 17; F. E. Green, 31; Frank Yunker, 149; G. H. Nuppenau, 153. To 283—W. J. Verlin, 18; W. J. Clancy, 18; John Larkin, 35; Adam Mangold, 149; John Merwede, 149; P. F. Morris, 153; J. F. Egan, 153.

To 285—J. C. White, 4; J. J. McLean, 17; Peter Begina, 17; J. C. Haggerty, 17; Peter Cassidy, 17; Herman Winters, 23; George Cunningham, 35; J. V. Scully, 35; Neil Gibbons, 36; F. E. Best, 36; Michael Schlichternlein, 39; G. R. Mahr, 39; J. K. Quealy, 150; G. P. Stubenrauch, 150; John Clement, 165. Edward Muratore, 7 to 25; P. R. Bray, 10 to 61; V. F. Durning, 10 to 66; J. J. Rauf, 21 to 157; Jos. Reit, 25 to 63; E. E. Brown, 26 to 153; J. S. Morrisey, 28 to 172; Albert Douglas, 32 to 154; R. A. Fitzpatrick, 26 to 151.

To 23 prect.: Gerald J. Murphy, 1; Andrew T. F. Browne, 7; Harry M. Moniz, 7. To 31: J. J. McCusker, 13; C. A. Oppel, 22; J. J. Tauckus, 13. To 35: Adolph Finken, 18; G. H. Rivers, 21; M. J. O'Connor, 18. To 38: W. L. Mott, 16; I. E. Ettinger, 21. To 43: J. S. Higgins, 16; J. C. J. Carroll, 22; C. H. Lammrich, 18. To 147: J. F. Martin, 28; G. R. Nadler, 28; P. R. Murphy, 28; J. J. Hyland, 29; A. J. Leydet, 28; H. T. Duncan, 28; M. J. Tierney, 32. To 148: Zachary Bates, 26; E. A. Nelson, 29. To 150: P. J. Anderson, 26; O. E. Hansen, 28; Albert Williams, 29; L. F. Sullivan, 32; J. H. Moylan, 28; C. J. Moresco, 29; G. P. Sweeney, 32; G. W. Read, 32.

To 10—F. H. Wilshere, 1; D. Kernon, 1; F. S. Vollers, 1; L. Barbieri, 2.

To 17—F. C. Ecker, 1; C. W. Foeller, 4; S. J. Meindel, Jr., 4; L. O. Hellmuth, 1; J. J. Kircher, 4.

To 23—J. J. Sharkey, 1; J. T. Sheehan, 12; Joseph Fennelly, 4.

To 26—J. J. Ryan, 4; C. A. Ernst, 7; I. J. Shea, 4; G. R. Norman, 13.

To 38—Pasquale Sabatino, 4; H. R. Keepers, 40; H. A. Rame, 40; E. J. Conroy, 15; W. V. Hughes, 40.

To 35—John Stone, 22; J. S. Haughey, 22.

To 39—J. R. Ahern, 4; J. V. McNamara, 4, G. T. Valentine, 4; J. T. Canavan, 7; James O'Brien, 13; T. V. Oswald, 14; J. C. Mangan, 4; F. A. Porter, 4; Christain Winter, 13, Florence O'Sullivan, 14; Timothy Hynes, 14.

To 43—J. H. Hughes, 1; L. J. Fitzgerald, 4.

To 61: E. G. Sager, 16; G. H. Pohmer, 39; Ed. Stauffer, 38; J. J. McLaughlin, 39.

To 63: Fred Reger, 5; J. B. Fisher, 21; P. O. Ziegler, 35; F. X. Knowles, 35; M. R. Sanders, 38; G. T. Chiquette, 39;; John Giba, 42; G. C. Duerholz, 43; Jas. Mannion, 10; Dennie Donovan, 23; P. J. McGuire, 35; Wm. Kavanaugh, 35; Lawrence O'Connell, 38; John Daly, 42; F. C. Hoffman, 43.

To 65: H. A. Kratz, 2; Michael Raferty, 7; W. J. Ryan, 31; Mathias, Caulfield, 36; Thomas Quinn, 38; Wm. Lamond, 38; Thomas Byrne, 38; M. J. Hogan, 39; J. A. Grenning, 43; A. N. McGrath, 43; Godfrey Schlett, 43; P. G. Regan, 7; Albert Manning, 17; Milton Greenbaum, 36; W. B. O'Keefe, 38; B. E. Clarke, 38; G. L. Stevens, 38; E. J. Cleary, 39; J. J. Haggerty, 39; W. F. Reardon, 43; W. T. Menke, 43.

To 66: R. A. Smith, 15; J. A. Haggerty, 39; W. W. Murdoch, 37.

To 155: W. J. Donovan, 5; Ed. Clarke, 17; C. F. Hagen, 146; Henry Howard, 5; Ed. Beron, 17.

To 156: W. A. Grace, 5; J. H. Weber, 13; T. F. Grady, 31; J. F. Burkard, 5; J. A. Foran, 23; W. A. Wohlafka, 150.

To 159: Henry Bestmann, 13; T. F. Custer, 17; J. E. Gerry, 37; F. G. Reiff, 15; J. A. Shittig, 21.

To 161: Chas. Marz, 150; J. J. Carroll, 149.

To 164: Fred. Fleischmann, 145; J. L. Steers, 147.

To 165: Chas. Schneidmuller, 32; L. B. Payez, 150.

To 167: F. J. Dougherty, 2; Fred. Behrens, 13; J. W. Fink, 16; F. C. Bohnsen, 146; J. J. Coleman, 150; E. J. Blaney, Jr., 7; J. T. Delany, 14; W. H. Traendly, 25; I. B. Reeder, 150; Benjamin Dubois, 159.

To 172: U. E. Bortig, 14; G. C. Schlesinger, 145; F. I. Stillwell, 147; J. M. Tubridy, 37; G. M. Krams, 146; J. F. Cantrill, 146.

To 274: T. E. Balbert, 35; J. W. Kuhn, 161.

To 275: Harry Taylor, 39; John Haggerty, 145.

To 276: D. J. Twomey, 2; H. C. Bunn, 23; Jacob Koubsky, 23; Henry Jacobs, 31; Jas. Kiernan, 164; W. F. Sammon, 21; John Faulkner, 23; John Dewey, 23; T. J. Armstrong, 160.

To 277—Patrick Hehir, 25; J. C. Crowly, 35; O. L. Sauer, 39; G. M. Eckert, 162; A. H. Mead, 25; T. E. Crosby, 39; Jeff. Carney, 161.

To 278—J. A. Gates, 5; George Raymond, Jr., 21; Louis Trebing, 31; W. H. Fordham, 35; C. F. Smith, 42; J. W. Brierton, 147; C. J. Wandling, 153; J. J. Sherry, 285; A. T. Rohloff, 10; T. J. Deneen, 22; L. F. Costuma, 81; H. K. Boch, 40; J. T. McCarthy, 42; W. G. Fegar, 152; W. A. Brennan, 164.

To 152—J. L. Hogan, 26; Jacob Kaufman, 28; Gustave Stackhouse, 32; J. J. Fischer, 26; W. C. Stutzenberg, 29; Ray Studwell, 32.

To 156—E. R. Friel, 26; J. J. Robinson, 32.

To 165—G. S. Conway, 26; Alexander Armet, 26; J. H. Oakley, 28; A. F. Rall, 32; F. W. Conrad, 26; Jacob Noll, 28; Jacob Schreiner, 32.

To 167—J. E. Asklund, 6; P. J. Murray, 28. Mutual—J. J. McLernon, 4 to 81; J. F. Lynch, 81 to 4.

Dismissed—Prob. Patrol. Emil Schlegel, 32, and J. F. Lally, 99, at the expiration of their prob. period.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The eligible list for stenographer and typewriter, containing about 1,500 names, has been promulgated by the Municipal Civil Service Commission. The test was held in May and June, 1913. The number of candidates was 1,830. There are more than 100 vacancies in the various city departments.

The first ten names on the women's list are as follows:

Florence C. McClain, 99.40; Julia A. McGowan, 98.90; Reta Welte, 98.80; Charlotte Epstein, 98; Dorothy Quilty, 97.90; Wilhelmina E. Hess, 97.40; Martha Fischer, 96.90; Yetta E. Sheer, 96.60; Lydia M. Brewster, 96.40; Mae M. Eicke, 96.

The first ten names on the men's list are as follows:

George Relf, 98; Herman Schemiber, 97.70; Henry C. Maguire, 96.80; Julian B. Breitenstein, 96.70; Pasquale T. Carbone, 96.50; Louis Frank, 96.50; Charles Leiner, 96.50; Samuel Greenberg, 96; Philip Rodman, 95.90; Herman Blume, 95.90.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission is now advertising that until March 11 it will receive applications for the place of police matron. The changed form of the published announcement is attracting because of its novelty. The notice looks like an ordinary commercial advertisement, and is free from the legal phraseology which formerly characterized the notices of the Civil Service Commission.

United States.

An examination for postmaster, fourth class, will soon be held throughout the country. There are 52,942 places to be filled, of which 17,000 pay less than $500 a year, and 6,000 more than $500. In New York State there are 2,246 offices of this grade. The examination will be open to men and women.

EDUCATION NOTES.

Mary A. Dargin has received an emergency appointment as typewriting copyist in the office of District Supt. McGray.

John F. Canning has been appointed a first grade clerk in the Bureau of School Buildings.

About eighty candidates took the examination yesterday for license to teach shopwork in the elementary schools.

The resignation of Martin E. McDonald, junior architectural draughtsman in the Bureau of School Buildings, has been accepted.

It has been decided to organize Public School 51, the Bronx, as a school for boys and girls from the kindergarten to 4 B and for girls from Grade 5A to Grade 8 B; Public School 52, the Bronx, as a school for boys and girls from the kindergarten to 8 B, inclusive; Public School 25, the Bronx, as a school for boys and girls with grades from kindergarten to 6 B, and Public Schools 50 and 53, the Bronx, as schools for boys and girls with grades from kindergarten to 6 B and kindergarten to 8 B, respectively.

Permission has been granted to the teachers of Public School 159, Manhattan, to give two pictures to the school.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac For To-day.

Sun rises..6:38 | Sun sets..5:49 | Moon sets..5:49

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:38	8:57	2:32	2:50
Governors Island	8:58	9:18	3:04	3:21
Hell Gate	10:48	11:08	4:44	5:01

Arrived—Wednesday, Feb. 25.

SS President Lincoln, Southampton, Feb. 12.
SS California, Glasgow, Feb. 14.
SS Rochambeau, Havre, Feb. 14.
SS Minnewaska, Southampton, Feb. 14.
SS Ultonia, Patras, Jan. 30.
SS Dinnamare, Naples, Jan. 22.
SS Maude, Antilla, Feb. 13.
SS Nueces, Mobile, Feb. 17.
SS Dwinsk, Libau, Feb. 10.
SS Montoso, Porto Rico, Feb. 18.
SS Tyskland, Guantanamo, Feb. 16.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, Feb. 22.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Olympic	Southampton	Feb. 18
Etonian	Antwerp	Feb. 8
Armenia	Lisbon	Feb. 10
Oceania	Palermo	Feb. 13
Principello	Rotterdam	Feb. 14
Francisco	Hull	Feb. 10
Prinz Aug. Wilhelm	Kingston	Feb. 19
Sloterdyk	Rotterdam	Feb. 11
Koenig Albert	Bremen	Feb. 14
Orotava	Antilla	Feb. 22
Noordam	Rotterdam	Feb. 14
Arcadian	Bermuda	Feb. 24
Zacapa	Santa Marta	Feb. 17
Comus	New Orleans	Feb. 21
Verona	Palermo	Feb. 13
Huron	Jacksonville	Feb. 23

DUE TO-MORROW.

Frederik VIII	Christiansand	Feb. 9
Floride	Bordeaux	Feb. 9
Esperanza	Vera Cruz	Feb. 19
Progreso	La Guayra	Feb. 13
Athinai	Patras	Feb. 7
El Alba	Galveston	Feb. 21
City of Columbus	Savannah	Feb. 24

DUE SATURDAY.

Philadelphia	Southampton	Feb. 21
Provence	Havre	Feb. 21
Calabria	Palermo	Feb. 13
Caribbean	Bermuda	Feb. 26
Gothland	Antwerp	Feb. 14
Bristol City	Swansea	Feb. 13
Mayaro	Grenada	Feb. 21
Prins Willem V	Haiti	Feb. 23
San Marcos	Galveston	Feb. 21
Apache	Jacksonville	Feb. 25
Laurentic	Nassau	Feb. 25

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Barbarossa, Bremen	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Morro Castle, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Albingia, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Cedric, Liverpool		12:00 M.
Arkansas, Christiansand		2:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
El Rio, Galveston		12:00 M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
New York, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Nickerie, Barbados	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Bantu, Montevideo	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Scottish Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Yumuri, Santiago		12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Carmania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Koenig Albert, Naples	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saxonia, Madeira	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
California, Glasgow	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Norwenna, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Calamares, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Turks Island	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
President Lincoln, Hamburg		12:00 M.
Dwinsk, Libau		2:00 P.M.
Rochambeau, Havre		3:00 P.M.
Canada, Naples		3:00 P.M.
Verona, Naples		11:00 A.M.
Minnewaska, London		10:00 A.M.
Grayson, San Juan		12:00 M.
Orotava, Jamaica		1:00 P.M.
Nueces, Tampa		1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Denver, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans		12:00 M.
El Valle, Galveston		12:00 M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., FEB. 25.

SS Koenig Albert, Bremen to New York, was 193 miles E. at 2:30 P. M.; due 26th, afternoon. North German Lloyd.
SS Noordam, Rotterdam to New York, was 153 miles E. at noon; due 26th, forenoon. Holland America Line.
SS Gothland, Antwerp to New York, was 1,169 miles E. at 2 A. M. Red Star Line.
SS Lackawanna, Manchester to New York, was 245 miles E. at noon.
SS Provence, Havre to New York, was 1,216 miles E. at 7:15 P. M.; due 28th, forenoon. French Line.
SS Athinai, Patras to New York, was 700 miles E. at noon; due 27th, afternoon. Greek Line.

BROW HEAD, IRELAND.

SS Campania, New York for Liverpool, was 230 miles W. at 11:09 A. M.; due Queenstown 26th, early. Cunard Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, was 260 miles E. of Galveston at noon.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, was 40 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Vigilancia, Guantanamo to New York, was 18 miles N. of Bird Rock at noon.
SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 15 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.
SS San Marcos, Galveston to New York, was 720 miles S. at 6 P. M.
SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz to New York, was 160 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah to New York, was 7 miles S. W. of Lookout at 7 P. M.
SS Zacapa, Santa Marta to New York, was 374 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Arcadian, Bermuda to New York, was 246 miles S. E. of Ambrose Lightship at 8 P. M.
SS Iroquois, Turks Island to New York, was 1,254 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Mayaro, Trinidad to New York, was 831 miles S. at noon.
SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, was 214 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Orotava, Kingston to New York, was 262 miles S. of Ambrose Lightship at noon.
SS El Alba, Galveston to New York, was 165 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 6 P. M.
SS Huron, Jacksonville to New York, was 300 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Suriname, Puerto Barrios to New York, was 1,353 miles S. at noon.
SS Lampasas, Mobile to New York, was 42 miles W. of Egmont Key at noon.
SS Comet, New Orleans to New York, was 200 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

PRIVATE SCHOOL DIRECTORY.

All Hallows Institute, Boys, 13 W. 124th St. Conducted by the Christian Brothers.

DE LA SALLE INSTITUTE.—A school of character for young men and boys. Central Park South.

PACKARD COMMERCIAL SCHOOL 56TH YEAR. 261 Lexington Ave. (35th St.) NEW BUILDING. Every requisite for the safety, health, and comfort of its students. Commercial, stenographic, and secretarial courses. Special Course in Higher Accounting. Cost Accounting and Auditing. Send for Prospectus. No solicitors.

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DRAKE'S EARLY NIGHT SCHOOL. Come direct from business. Tribune Bldg. Tel. 3783 Beekman.

BUCKLEY SCHOOL OF TUTORING. One Pupil only to an Instructor. B. Lord Buckley, A. B., 336 Mad. Ave.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Oceanic, at Southampton, Feb. 25.
SS Christopher, at Para, Feb. 23.
SS Craster Hall, at Antofagasta, Feb. 24.
SS Madawaska, at Montevideo, Feb. 24.
SS Prinz F. Wilhelm, at Plymouth, Feb. 25.
SS Molina, at Cartagena, Feb. 20.
SS Marienfels, at Bombay, Feb. 21.
SS Vancouver, at Hongkong, Feb. 25.
SS Taormina, at Naples, Feb. 20.
SS Antonio Lopez, at Barcelona, Feb. 22.
SS Victoria Luise, at La Guayra, Feb. 24.
SS Italia, at Gibraltar, Feb. 25.
SS Carpathia, at Trieste, Feb. 25.
SS Thyra Menier, at Para, Feb. 25.

Sailed.

SS St. Paul, from Southampton, Feb. 25.
SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., from Southampton, Feb. 25.
SS Campanello, from Rotterdam, Feb. 24.
SS Foxton Hall, from Iquique, Feb. 22.
SS Whitgift, from Swansea, Feb. 24.
SS Patani, from Liverpool, Feb. 25.
SS Nordamerika, from Oran, Feb. 17.
SS Araxes, from Oran, Feb. 20.
SS Madonna, from Madeira, Feb. 24.
SS Tagus, from Southampton, Feb. 25.
SS Grosser Kurfuerst, from Colon, Feb. 24.

Passed.

SS Chicago, New York for Havre, passed Brow Head.

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 26, SS New York.
France—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 26, SS New York.
Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. Feb. 28, SS Saxonia.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Feb. 28, SS Saxonia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. March 2, SS Noordam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. March 3, SS Frederik VIII.
Norway—Close at 10:30 A. M. March 3, SS Bergensfjord, and at 11:30 A. M. March 3, SS Frederik VIII.
Italy—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 27, SS Verona, and at 9:30 A. M. Feb. 27, SS Saxonia.

Transpacific Mails.

Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed,) via Tacoma—Chicago Maru	Feb. 26
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline	Feb. 26
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, and Australia, (except west,) via San Francisco—Moana	Feb. 27
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver)—Empress of India	Feb. 28

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, Jan. 24; Hongkong, Jan. 27; Shanghai, Jan. 30; Yokohama, Feb. 2, and Honolulu, Feb. 17—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Mongolia, were dispatched east at 4 P. M. Feb. 23, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, Feb. 28.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

RESORTS.

FLORIDA.

FLORIDA East Coast. A FEW OF ITS MANY ATTRACTIONS. CLAY-FLOORED TENNIS COURTS and 9 and 18 hole golf links, in perfect condition. Sea shell roads for riding, driving, and motoring. Sailing, surf bathing, fishing, and shooting. These attractions, under perfect Summer conditions, are all within easy access of the sumptuously appointed East Coast Hotels. Superb Pullman service with stop-off privileges at all principal resorts.

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Miami....Royal Palm
Nassau, Bahamas....The Colonial
Long Key....An Ideal Fishing Camp
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Florida East Coast Flagler System. 243 5th Ave., New York. 109 W. Adams St., Chicago. St. Augustine, Florida.

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THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, etc. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

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NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

London—Paris—Bremen
‖Barbarossa (Bremen dir.)..Feb. 26
*Kaiser Wilhelm II.....Mar. 10
§Scharnhorst (Bremen dir.)..Mar. 12
Bremen (Bremen direct)..Mar. 19
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm..Mar. 21
*Kronprinzessin Cecilie..Mar. 24
*Sails at 1 A. M.—§Carries one cabin (II) only—‖Carries (II) and (III) cabin only.

Baltimore-Bremen direct. One cabin (II) Wednesdays.

Sailings on SATURDAY for THE MEDITERRANEAN
Koenig Albert.....Feb. 28
Berlin.....Mar. 14

The North German Lloyd landed more passengers First Cabin, Second Cabin and Steerage in the port of New York during 1913 than any other line, repeating its marvellous record of 1912.

Through rates from New York to Egypt, India, FAR EAST and South America via Europe.

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WHITE STAR PIERS 59 & 60, N.R. 'OLYMPIC' FOR LONDON PARIS Mar. 4 10 A.M.
MARCH 28—APRIL 18—MAY 9
MAY 30—JUNE 20—JULY 11
Via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Southampton.
OTHER SAILINGS:
*New York, Feb. 27, 10am | OCEANIC.....Mar. 18
*ST. PAUL, Mh. 13, 10 AM | *ST. LOUIS...Mar. 20
*American Line Steamer, Pier 62.
New York, Queenstown, Liverpool, (Noon.)
CEDRIC.....Feb. 26 CEDRIC.....Mar 26
BALTIC.....Mar. 12 ADRIATIC....April 2

American Pier 62, N.R., 10 A.M. 23d Street
Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton.
ONE CLASS CABIN (II.) SERVICE. $55 UP.
NEW YORK...Feb. 27 ST. PAUL....Mar. 13
PHILA'PHIA...Mar. 6 ST. LOUIS....Mar. 20

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct, Pr. 58, N.R., 16th St.
Minnewaska, Feb. 28, 10 AM | Minneapolis, Mar. 21
Minnetonka..Mar. 7, 1 PM | Minnetonka..Apr. 4

Red Star Pier 61, N.R., 10 A.M. 21st Street
N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
KROONLAND...Mar. 11 | ZEELAND.....Mar. 21
FINLAND.....Mar. 18 | *LAPLAND....Mar. 28
*From Boston March 29.

SPRING CRUISES
RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Monaco
LARGEST STEAMER in the Trade
Celtic, March 7, 12 Noon
FROM BOSTON.
Canopic, Mar. 14; Cretic, Apr. 2.
Passenger Office, 9 B'way, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
From Pier 64, N. R., (foot W. 24th St.)
GLASGOW via QUEENSTOWN
California....Feb. 28, n'n | Cameronia..Mar. 14, n'n
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Caledonia, Mar. 7, n'n | Columbia, Mar. 21, n'n
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and Upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
Sailing list for 1914 now ready. Apply HENDERSON BROTHERS, 21-24 State St

Russian American Line
To Rotterdam, $60 and up, 1st Cabin; $40, 2d
To Libau, $60 & up, 1st Cabin; $40, 2d
Dwinsk.Mar. 3, 2 PM | Kursk..Mar. 21, 2 PM
Russia..Mar. 10, 2 PM | Czar..Mar. 31, 2 PM
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., G. P. Agents, 27 Broadway, N. Y.
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February 21, March 7.
30 Days or Longer, $325 up.
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TOURS AND TICKETS EVERYWHERE.
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ITALIAN LINES
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE (Fast Italian Line.)
‡ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
To Naples and Genoa direct.
*VERONA.....FEB. 28, 11 A. M.
‡Ancona..Mar. 3, 11 AM | *America, Mar. 25, 11 AM
†Stampalia, Mar. 11, 11 AM | †Europa..Apr. 4, 11 AM
New large twin-screw steamers, all outside rooms
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LV. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., N. Y. Daily at 5:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.
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New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R. ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M. Str RICHARD PECK.
Bridgeport Line. Week days. Lv. Pier 29, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 11 A. M. Str BRIDGEPORT.
Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices and at Piers.
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ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the general assignment of SIMON YOUNG to Sidney J. Loeb. Isidore Simon sells on February 26th, 1914, at 11 A. M., at 446 Fourth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at public auction, assets of above assignor, consisting of stock of stationery, office supplies, books, pens, ink, pencils, fixtures, shelving, etc. SIDNEY J. LOEB, Assignee.
JULIUS J. POPPER,
Attorney for Assignee,
Office and Post Office address,
115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

WEST INDIES CRUISES
PANAMA CANAL ☆ SOUTH AMERICA
NEWEST CRUISING STEAMER
TRIPLE SCREW "LAURENTIC" 14,892 TONS
MARCH 4
29 DAYS $175 and UP
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16 Days ☆ $145. and Up
WHITE STAR LINE 9 Broadway, New York

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Kaiserin Aug. Victoria, Mar. 12, 10 A. M.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 BROADWAY, N. Y.

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For booklets apply to above S. S. Cos. or to Thos. Cook & Son, 245 & 2081 B'way & 264 & 553 5th Ave., Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 5th Ave., or any Ticket Agent.
ST. GEORGE HOTEL, in quaint old town of St. Georges. Address M. Dallman, Bermuda. | HOTEL BELMONT, Bermuda. Hot and cold running water. Telephone in every room. N. Y. Office, 1180 Broadway.

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SAILINGS EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 10 A. M.
NEXT SAILING *La Provence, Wed., Mar. 4.
*LA SAVOIE.....Mar. 11 | *LA PROVENCE.....April 1
*LA LORRAINE.....Mar. 18 | †FRANCE (New).....April 8
*LA TOURAINE.....Mar. 25 | *LA LORRAINE.....April 15
*Twin-screw steamer. †Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK 3 P. M.
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†ROCHAMBEAU.....Feb. 28 *CHICAGO.....Mar. 14
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Splendid 12,500 ton steamers
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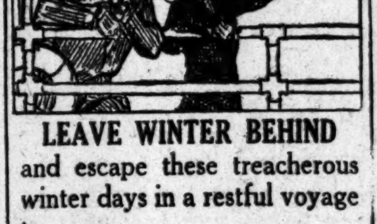
Savannah Line



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LONDON—PARIS—ROTTERDAM.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 10 A. M.
*Noordam....Mar. 3 *Potsdam...Mar. 24
*Ryndam....Mar. 10 †N. Amst'd'm.Mar. 31
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth and Boulogne.

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Delightful Cruises—About 30 Days—New S. S. "GUIANA," March 21st, and other steamers fortnightly, for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbados and Demerara. For full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2,081 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Av., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent.

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and the
Pres. Lincoln....Mar. 2, 3 P. M.
Kais'n Aug. Vic..Mar. 12, 10 A. M.
†§Graf Wald'see..Mar. 14, 11 A. M.
*†§Pretoria.....Mar. 19, 3 P. M.
Imperator.....Mar. 21, 1 P. M.
§2d cabin only. †Hamburg direct.
*Will leave from Brooklyn Pier.
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Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
†S. S. Cincinnati..Mar. 5, 3 P. M.
*S. S. Hamburg..April 4, 3 P. M.
*S. S. Moltke.....April 16, 3 P. M.
*‡S. S. Hamburg..May 19, 3 P. M.
†Will leave from Hoboken Pier.
*Will leave from Brooklyn Pier.
‡Will not call at Madeira or Algiers.
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Fuerst Bismarck.Feb. 27, 10 A. M.
Rhaetia.....March 18, 10 A. M.
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*Carmania.Feb.28,10am | *Franconia.Ap.11,10 am
*Carmania.Mar.25,3 pm | *Campania.Apr.14,6 pm
Lusitania Mar. 31 6 P. M. | Lusitania Apr. 21 6 P. M.
Mauretania Apr. 7 6 P. M. | Mauretania Apr. 28 6 P. M.
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CONTINENTAL HOTEL ROME

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

$1,000,000 Building Operation for Civic Societies Near Times Square—South Street Loft in Trade—Upper West Side Deals—Suburban Buyers—The Leasing Market.

A realty transaction which, with the projected building, will represent over $1,000,000, has virtually been closed in the upper Times Square locality. The property involved includes the old buildings at 108 to 120 West Forty-ninth Street, between Sixth Avenue and Broadway, on which an option for thirty days, dating from Feb. 24, has been obtained from Samuel K. Jacobs, who owns 108 to 114, and Lee & Fleischman, in the name of the Century Holding Company, who own the balance of the plot. The prospective buyer is a corporation known as the Societies Building Realty Company, of whom the chief representatives are the officers and interests connected with the League for Political Education. Affiliated interests are the Civic Forum and the Economic Club.

The projected building, which has been designed by the City & Suburban Homes Company, will be a twelve-story structure, containing a large auditorium, accommodating over 1,500 persons, and offices and smaller lecture rooms for the use of the societies. The property has a frontage on Forty-ninth Street of 157 feet, and the entire cost of the operation is placed at about $1,200,000. For the land itself somewhat over $450,000 will be paid.

South Street Loft in Trade.

A deal in the lower part of the city which involved suburban property in exchange was closed yesterday in the sale of the eight-story loft structure at 84 and 85 South Street, between Burling Slip and Fletcher Street, by the Downing Realty Company. The property, which has been held at $210,000, has a frontage of 35.6 feet on South Street, by 164.8 feet deep, with a rear line of 55 feet. It is leased on a long term to C. C. Hamilton & Co.

The buyer is the Owners' Building Company, of which Samuel A. Herzog is President, and he gave in part payment the Belle Haven property at Greenwich, Conn., recently acquired by him from Frederick Ayer of Boston in the deal involving the Morton business building in Fifty-ninth Street, between Madison and Fifth Avenues. The Belle Haven property has been held at $125,000 and involves several acres.

The brokers in the deal were I. Katz and Charles Field Griffen & Co.

The Golden Rod Sold.

The Golden Rod, a six-story elevator apartment house, at 508 and 510 West 178th Street, has been sold by the McGuire Construction Company to the Brown-Weiss Realties. The structure occupies a plot 75 by 96 feet, located between Amsterdam and Audubon Avenues. A Blumenthal was the broker in the transaction.

A Manhattan-Bronx Trade.

Thomas J. Goodwin purchased from the Hensle Construction Company 15 Arden Street, a five-story flat on a lot 27 by 110 feet. In part payment the buyer gave a lot 25 by 100 feet at the northwest corner of Plimpton Avenue and 170th Street, and a frame dwelling on a lot 25 by 115 on the south side of 217th Street, east of White Plains Avenue, in the Bronx.

The Private Dwelling Market.

Thomas Bradley has purchased for investment from John Duffy the three-family house, 97 Marble Hill Avenue, on a lot 25 by 100 feet. Daniel J. Mahoney negotiated the transaction.

Bronx Sale.

Jackson & Stein have purchased from an estate, 440 to 446 East 186th Street, four two-story brick houses on a plot 80 by 100 feet at the southeast corner of Park Avenue.

Brooklyn.

The Jerome Property Corporation sold 176 Eighth Street, near Fourth Avenue, a three-story and cellar brick three-family flat on a lot 19 by 100 for the Rogers Improvement Company, to a client for investment; also 166 Garfield Place, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, a three-story and basement, stone residence, on lot 20 by 100, for a client of Haviland & Sons, to a client for investment.

New Jersey.

The Clayton and Linton Realty Company, Inc., of Red Bank, N. J., have purchased of Mrs. W. W. Ramsay about eight acres of the Ramsey Homestead property, at Keansburg, the consideration was $1,500 per acre. This acreage lies in the heart of Keansburg and will be sub-divided as bungalow sites. Brown & Kingsland negotiated the sale.

Brown & Kingsland have purchased the William Brown farm of 15 acres at Keansburg, N. J., and also a portion of the Robert L. Brown farm at the same place.

$60,000 New Rochelle Deal.

O'Connor & McCann have sold for D. W. Glasser, the apartment house, known as the Locust on Locust Avenue, New Rochelle, to an investor, who gave a White Plains residence valued at $20,000 as part payment. The New Rochelle apartment house was held at $60,000.

Commercial Leases.

N. Brigham Hall & William D. Bloodgood, Incorporated, leased for the West Eighty-second Street Realty Company, Harry Schiff, President, for a long term of years, a store in the Cleburne, northwest corner of Broadway and 105th Street, to Kathryn Bradford, milliner.

John Peters leased for Louise H. Clausnitzer to Louis Wexler a double store at 272 Third Avenue for a term of five years as a tailoring establishment.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased for H. P. Rice to Frederick A. Smith the store at 1,693 Broadway.

New Midtown Loft.

Hyman & Oppenheim, dealers in human hair goods, have decided to improve their present site at 105 and 107 East Sixteenth Street with a new structure. They have commissioned C. B. Meyers to draw plans for a nine-story building embodying every known improvement necessary for their line of business. The new building will cover a plot fronting 50 feet and having a depth of 100 feet and will be ready for occupancy by about Dec. 1. The four upper floors of this building will be taken by the owners for their business, and the remaining floors and the store and basement will be leased to other concerns in the same line of business.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MARKET CONDITIONS are subject to rapid changes, and the attention of borrowers on mortgage is called to a generally more favorable market, at present, than has existed for many months past.

There is practically no feasible loan that cannot be promptly obtained through this office at current interest rates and at reasonable charges.

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Carstein & Linnekin have been appointed agents.

Real Estate Board Luncheon To-day.

To-day at noon the Real Estate Board of New York will have its monthly luncheon in 115 Broadway. George McAneny, President of the Board of Aldermen, will give an outline of the status of the proposed civic centre. Marcus M. Marks, Borough President, will also give an address.

Real Estate Notes.

A meeting of the West Side Taxpayers' Association has been called for this evening at 267 West Thirty-fourth Street.

The Public Service Commission will authorize bids on Friday at noon for the contract for the first part of the Flatbush avenue extension of the Eastern Parkway subway.

The Washington Heights Taxpayers will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of its organization Friday evening in the new library building at 1,000 St. Nicholas Avenue.

Supreme Court Justice Page has directed Enos S. Booth, as referee in foreclosure, to sell the Clement Court, a seven-story apartment house at the northwest corner of Madison Avenue and Ninety-ninth Street, in a suit brought by the Baron de Hirsch Fund to foreclose a mortgage for $190,000 against Charles E. Jenkins.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY ST.
By Henry Brady.

7th Av, 230, w s, 70 ft n of 23d St, 13.8x80, four-story tenement and store; trustees' sale, estate of William A. Boyd, deceased; to Thomas J. Goodwin for $27,250.

By Joseph P. Day.

144th St, 510 West, s s, 125 ft w of Hamilton Place, 100x99.11, six-story apartment house; adjourned to March 12.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Avenue C, 285, w s, 69 ft s of 17th St, 23x88, four-story tenement and stores; New York Life Insurance and Trust Co. against August Dooper et al., (Action 1;) Emmet & P., attorneys; William Klein, referee; due, $8,353.73; taxes, &c., $222.90; to Charles J. F. Bohlen, for a party in interest, for $7,950.

Avenue C, 289, w s, 23 ft s of 17th St, 33x88, four-story tenement and stores; same against same, (Action 2;) same attorneys; same referee; due, $8,341.12; taxes, &c., $220.90; to Charles J. F. Bohlen, for a party in interest, for $7,700.

AT 3,208 3D AV.
By Joseph P. Day.

184th St, 503 East, n e corner of Bassford Av, 91.4x55.1x93.1x55, five-story tenement and stores; Empire City Savings Bank against Martin Tully Construction Co. et al.; C. W. Dayton, attorney; M. G. Palliser, referee; due, $53,077.44; taxes, &c., $1,143.95; to the plaintiff for $50,000.

Union Av, 1,126, e s, 45 ft n of 167th St, 40x100, four-story tenement; G. B. Lambert against R. & W. Realty Co. et al.; S. T. Carter, Jr., attorney; H. A. Friedman, referee; due, $26,564.62; taxes, &c., $1,529.93; to the plaintiff for $25,000.

Forest Av, 999, w s, 144.3 ft s of 165th St, 21x91, three-story tenement and store; Polonia Co-operative Savings and Loan Association against Victor Jeschke et al.; F. X. Wazeter, attorney; H. M. Stevenson, referee; due, $5,140.56; taxes, &c., $221.07; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

Daly Av, 1,916, e s, 389.2 ft s of 177th St, 82x150.11, four-story tenement; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., trustee, against Harry C. Benline Construction Co. et al.; Gelier, R. & H., attorneys; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $19,089.35; taxes, &c., $445.30; to the plaintiff for $18,000.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

32d St, 248 East, s s, 100 ft w of 2d Av, 25x98.9, four-story tenement; executors' sale; estate of Annie N. Mathews, deceased.

29th St, 253-55 West, n s, 125 ft e of 8th Av, 50x98, three and four story buildings; voluntary sale.

124th St, 58 East, s s, 208 ft e of Madison Av, 18x100.11, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale.

Lexington Av, 165, e s, 43.10 ft n of 30th St, 21.11x100, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale.

90th St, 67 West, n s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 18.9x100.8, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale.

Lexington Av, 288, w s, 49.5 ft s of 37th St, 24.6x84, four-story dwelling; W. W. Sharpe against M. A. Doris and others; R. K. Brown, attorney; J. F. Couch, referee; due, $37,148.97; taxes, &c., $2,356.30.

7th Av, 823, e s, 25.1 ft n of 53d St, 25x100, four-story tenement and stores and five-story rear tenement; William Goldstone against Bernard Seymann and others; Myers & S., attorneys; H. N. French, referee; due, $4,822.74; taxes, &c., $496.05; subject to three prior mortgages aggregating $51,000.

143d St, 163-165 West, n s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, 37.6x99.11, five-story tenement; Equitable Life Assurance Society and others against Adolph Gluckman and others; Cary & C., attorneys; J. de W. Warner, referee; due, $34,183.21; taxes, &c., $793.80.

By Henry Brady.

28th St, 216 East, s s, 222 ft e of 3d Av, 22x98.9, five-story tenement and store and three-story rear tenement; S. R. Wells, trustee, against Henry Hoffman and others; Van Vorst, M. & S., attorneys; J. A. Foley, referee; due, $17,487.98; taxes, &c., $504.22.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Longwood Av, 1,095-7, n s, 24.6 ft w of Garrison Av, 35.8x65.8x35.8x67.10, two two-story dwellings; M. V. Dimond against M. E. Baldwin and others; J. H. Fargis, attorney; Denis Quinn, referee; due, $6,613.06; taxes, &c., $922.57; subject to mortgage of $300.

Prospect Av, 2,054, e s, 128.6 ft n of 179th St, 22.1x150.3, two-story dwelling; Tax Lien Co. of New York against J. D. Rogers and others; William Lustgarten, attorney; W. J. Cahill, referee; due, $1,178.95; taxes, &c, $560.

By Joseph P. Day.

John St, s w corner of Bowne St, 122.1x301.6 to East Chester Bay x—x223.4, City Island; Henry Guion and others against M. J. Earley and others; J. A. Holzapfel, attorney; M. G. Palliser, referee; due, $5,566.82; taxes, &c., $1,178.69.

237th St, 327 East, n s, 300 ft w of Martha Av, 25x100, two-story dwelling; William Beaman against Olivia Gilber and others; J. C. Stein, attorney; Howard Humison, referee; due, $2,886.43; taxes, &c., $127.08.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

116th St, s s, 276 ft e of 2d Av, for a one-story moving-picture theatre, 33.4x100.11; N. Conforti, 324 East 116th St, owner; Gross & Kleinberger, Bible House, architects; cost, $8,000.

Arthur Av, s e corner of 178th St, for a two-story frame shed, 16x28; Louise Schultz, Atlantic City, owner; Arthur Boehmer, 178th St and Arthur Av, architect; cost, $200.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

55th St, 68 to 72 West, and 54th St, 55 West, to a four-story hotel, Oxford Realty Co., 68 William St, owner; J. Harder, 120 West 32d St, architect; cost, $50,000.

Monroe St, s w corner of Pelham St, to a five-story tenement and store; J. Solomon, 1,235 51st St., Brooklyn, owner; A. L. Kehoe, 1 Beekman St, architect; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 25.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, n s, 145 ft w of Bowery, 20x61.9; Louis J. Anger to Helen C. Engel, Newark, N. J., Feb. 24; attorney, L. S. Goebel, 41 Park Row....$100

GREENWICH ST, n w corner of Warren St, 91.10x75.6x irregular x76; Surety Realty Co. and others to Charles H. Mattlage, 58 Central Park West and another, executors, &c., of Charles F. Mattlage, mtg $125,000, Feb. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

HENRY ST, 208, s e corner of Clinton St, 23.9x100; Bessie Lazerus to Dora Goldfein, 78 East 111th St, Dec. 5, 1912; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

MORNINGSIDE AVENUE EAST, n e corner of 122d St, 100.11x100; The Gray Realty and Development Co. to Lydia B. Gray, 572 Madison Av, Feb. 21, (mtg $150,000;) attorneys, Lehmann & P., 132 Nassau St...$100

PECK SLIP, w s, bounded n by lot of Jere Leaming, w by property of Samuel Farmer, and s by property of Richard Mulheran, described in indenture, dated May 14, 1795, 21x57.9x21x59.3, s s; John L. Brooks to Sarah C. Brooks, 2,698 Heath Av, (mtg $6,000,) Feb. 25....$1,000

RIVINGTON ST, 295-99, s s, 75x100; William B. Schmehl to the Emandess Holding Co., 440 East 109th St, all liens, Feb. 25; attorneys, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St..$100

17TH ST, n s, 280 ft w of 5th Av, 53x92; Mary P. Satterlee and another to 17 West Seventeenth Street, Inc., 25 Broad St, (mtg $185,000,) all liens, Feb. 21; attorneys, Anderson, I. & A., 25 Broad St....$1

31ST ST, 406 to 426 West, s s, 250x103.4x—x85.2; Montrose Realty Co. to Annie T. Campbell, 459 West 22d St, all liens, Feb. 21; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$100

38TH ST, 123 East, 17x98.9; Townsend Morgan, referee, to Charles E. Rhinelander, 115 East 38th St, Feb. 25; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St....$35,000

48TH ST, 128 West, s s, 20x100.5; Maurice Deiches, referee, to Fisher Lewine and another, 116 East 78th St, Feb. 25; attorneys, Elsman, L. C. & L., 135 Broadway...$100

51ST ST, n s, 112.9 ft e of 1st Av, 18.9x100.5; Jennie Brown to Hulda Hirsch and another, 411 East 51st St, 1-3 part, Feb. 14; attorney, J. Hirsch, 75 Gold St....$1

68TH ST, 210 West, 25x100.5; Susan Bailey to Harry Bailey, 210 West 68th St, (mtg $24,000,) June 16, 1911; attorney, F. C. Kronmeyer, 2 Wall St....$100

77TH ST, n s, 275 ft w of 1st Av, 25.4x102.2; Max Inkelas and others to Beth Hanndrasch Benai Israel, 335 East 77th St, (mtg $11,000,) Feb. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

80TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Louis J. Anger to Helen E. Engel, Newark, N. J., Feb. 24; attorney, L. S. Goebel, 41 Park Row....$100

92D ST, 18 East, s s, 17.8x100.8, (foreclosure Feb. 10;) Ernest H. Wells, referee, to Frances G. Alexander, 2 East 55th St, Feb. 25; attorneys, Alexander & K., 24 Broad St....$35,000

94TH ST, 6 East, s s, 20x100.8; Julius Dahlman and another, executors of Jacob Fleischhauer, to Eliza Fleischhauer, 6 East 94th St; Julius Mantner, 1,070 Madison Av; Solomon Kahn, 6 East 94th St., and Clarence W. Freeman, 44 West 77th St, executors of Julius Fleischhauer, ½ part, all liens, Feb. 20; attorney, E. Jacobus, 132 Nassau St....$2,500

120TH ST, s s, 225 ft e of 7th Av, 16.8x79.2 to centre line of Harlem Creek, former line, x—x81.6, with all title to land between this, &c, of block, (foreclosure Feb. 20;) William S. Grey, referee, to Mary A. Kaufman, 257 Arlington Av., Brooklyn, (mtg $10,000,) Feb. 25; attorney, Sigmund Wachsler, 233 Broadway....$1,000

124TH ST, 531 and 533 West, 52x100.11; Horowitz Brothers & Margareten, a corporation, to Solomon Margareten, 292 East 7th St, Feb. 24, (mtg $72,500;) attorney, M. A. Horowitz, 156 East 94th St....$1

128TH ST, s s, 172.6 ft e of Lenox Av, 37.6x99.11, (foreclosure Feb. 16;) John Z. Lowe, referee, to Long Realty Co., Inc., 2,004 Nostrand Av, Brooklyn, Feb. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$40,000

129TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11, (foreclosure Jan. 29;) Lyttleton Fox, referee, to Arthur Blue, 355 West 122d St, Feb. 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$8,500

129TH ST, 146 East, s s, 25x99.11; Rosalie, wife of Daniel Rosenthal, to Seymour Realty Co., 25 Broad St, all liens, Feb. 25; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St....$1

177TH ST, 503 and 505 West, n s, 42.6x93.4; William Littauer to Leonard W. Simmons, 115 West 114th St, mtg $40,000, June 20, 1912; attorney, Joseph E. Cosgrove, 378 Grand St....$1

177TH ST, 507 and 509 West, n s, 42.6x96; William Littauer to Leonard W. Simmons, 115 West 114th St, mtg $40,000, June 20, 1912; attorney, Joseph E. Cosgrove, 378 Grand St....$1

177TH ST, 511 and 513 West, n s, 42.6x98.9; William Littauer to Leonard W. Simmons, 115 West 114th St, mtg $40,000, June 20, 1912; attorney, Joseph E. Cosgrove, 378 Grand St....$1

177TH ST, 515 and 517 West, n s, 42.6x101.6; William Littauer to Leonard W. Simmons, 115 West 114th St, mtg $40,000, June 20, 1912; attorney, Joseph E. Cosgrove, 378 Grand St....$1

Bronx.

BARKER AV, w s, 100 ft n of Julianna St, 125x170; Eagle Management Co. to Robert C. Boeder, 3,443 Duncomb Av, (mtg $3,500,) Feb. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

BRONX BOULEVARD, s w corner of 226th St, 64.9x127; William S. Paton to Bronx Parkway Commission, 22 Pine St, Feb. 24; attorney, party of the second part..$2,811

BROOK AV, 375, w s, 25 ft s of 143d St, 25x95; also Brook Av, 373, w s, 50 ft s of 143d St, 25x90; William A. Weber to Hermann F. Weber, 170 West 97th St, Feb. 10; attorney, Hermann F. Weber, 170 West 97th St....$1

BROOK AV, s w corner 156th St, 40x107.11x40.1x103.1; Henry Morgenthau Co. to Utility Realty Co., 30 East 42d St, Feb. 20; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St...$100

CARTER AV, 1,851, w s, 265.6 ft s of Tremont Av, 18.9x115; Edward Scoging to Philip Scoging, 419 East 179th St, Feb. 24, (mtg $5,100;) attorney, John Davis, 68 William St....$100

DECATUR AV, 3,276, e s, 75 ft s of 209th St, 25x100; Julius Josephsohn to Annie Sullivan, 880 East 165th St, Feb. 24, (mtg $6,750;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

DECATUR AV, w s, 250 ft n of 209th St, 25x100; Edson Building Co. to Hermax Realty Co., 1,836 Wallace Av, Feb. 24, (mtg $6,000;) attorney, Morris Leibowitz, 30 Delancey St....$100

GARRISON AV, 1,144, s w corner of Irvine St, 49.4x50x21.4x57.4; Joseph McCue to Jacob Marx, 170 West 74th St, Feb. 11; attorney, A. O. Ernst, 170 Broadway....$100

HOFFMAN ST, e s, 150 ft s of Jacob St, 50x124; Frances E. Clark to Knight & De Micco, Inc., a corporation, 4,441 Park Av, Feb. 18; attorney, John J. Phelan, 261 Broadway....$100

LOT 281, map of Hunter estate; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Thomas Lamb, 244 East 45th St, Nov. 13, 1913....$1

LOT 172, map of Moss estate; Moss Estate, Inc., a corporation, to John Schrempf, 1 Downing St, Woodhaven, L. I., Feb. 4; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$100

LOT 91, map of 112 lots estate of Moses Deroc; Hermax Realty Co. to Edson Building Co., 2,251 Tiebout Av, Feb. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

LOT 134.2, map of Neill estate; Anna M. Hartigan to Mary Eck, 1,123 Walker Av, Feb. 24; attorney, Joseph T. Hanlon, 1,009 East 180th St....$100

LOT 14, map of 25 lots formerly of Cornell estate; Anna M. Hartigan to Mary Eck, 1,123 Walker Av, Feb. 24, (mtg $500;) attorney, Joseph T. Hanlon, 1,009 East 180th St....$100

LOTS 42 and 43, map of Tremont Heights; Jacob Hubinsky and others to Nathan Lamport, 1,391-1,397 Madison Av, Feb. 21; attorney, Samuel Hellinger, 309 Broadway....$1

LOT 241, map of 369 lots Hunts Point Realty Co.; Lawrence Davis to Aline E. Burke, 1,215 Gilbert Place, Feb. 16, (mtg $2,250;) attorney, A. B. Depasse, 1,215 Gilbert Place....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Aline E. Burke to Alfred B. Depasse, 1,215 Gilbert Place, Feb. 19; attorney, same....$100

NEWELL AV, e s, 639 ft s w of Gun Hill Road, 49.7x—; Giuseppe Scotellette to Bronx Parkway Commission, 22 Pine St....$18,320

PARK AV, s e corner of 186th St, 440 and 446, 100x80; also 186th St, 452 East, s s, 120 ft e of Park Av, 20x100; Charles H. Mattlage and another to Surety Realty Co. and another, 135 Broadway, Feb. 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$31,500

SETON AV, e s, 400 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100; Charles W. Anderson to Thure A. Sandberg, 239 East 145th St, Feb. 14....$1

ST. ANN'S AV, e s, 45 ft n of 136th St, 30x100; Charles E. Twigg to William Wald, 200 St. Ann's Av, Feb. 24, (mtg $9,000;) attorney, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway....$1

TIEBOUT AV, 2,478, e s, 165.8 ft n of 188th St, 31x100; Ora M. Felsing to Elizabeth A. Erler, 540 Bergen Av, Feb. 14, (mtg $15,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

TIFFANY ST, n e corner of 163d St, 78x76.4; B. V. Construction Co. to Jacob Schultz, 892 Fox St, Feb. 24, (mtg $79,500;) attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$100

TIFFANY ST, e s, 150 ft n of 165th St, 50x100; William Simpson to Tiff Building Co., Inc., a corporation, 967 East 165th St, Feb. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

TIFFANY ST, e s, 100 ft n of 165th St, 50x100; Peter Sinnott to Tiff Building Co., Inc., a corporation, 967 East 165th St, Feb. 24, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

2D AV, e s, 300 ft s of 2d St, 50x100; Louisa Heldt to Simon Wasle, Sept. 18, 1896, (mtg $1,500;) attorney, Mrs. E. Kock, 3,648 Bronx Boulevard....$1

139TH ST, s s, 197.4 ft e of Brook Av, 37.6x100; also 139th St, s s, 272.4 ft e of Brook Av, 75x100; Clara Blumenthal to Morris Deutsch, 1,192 Lexington Av, ¼ part, Nov. 19, 1913; attorney, Mark Blumenthal, 600 West 141st St....$100

219TH ST, s e corner of Barnes Av, 60x105; Charles L. Dean, executor, to Jennie Wolff, 2,118 Vyse Av, (mtg $5,000,) Feb. 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$6,700

240TH ST, n s, 114.7 ft w of McLean Av, 97.2x—; Margaret C. Doyle to Ellen L. Hebberd, 1 West 83d St, (mtg $12,000,) Dec. 11, 1913; attorney, I. N. Hebberd, 1 West 83d St....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

FULTON ST, 118-120, s s, 50.8x83; The Charles Herman Realty Co. to Union Trust Co. of New York, 80 Broadway, due March 1, 1919, Feb. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$90,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Mary L. Naething, 831 President St, Brooklyn, due March 1, 1917, Feb. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$10,000

GRAND ST, 391, 20.1x80.1; Rebecca I. Goldsmith to Abraham L. Kass, 22d South 9th St, Brooklyn, Feb. 20, prior mtg $49,000, demand 6 p. c.; attorney, Leo Lerner, 80 2d Av....$6,000

GREENWICH ST, n w corner of Warren St, 91.10x76, prior mtg $125,000; Charles H. Mattlage and another, executors of Charles F. Mattlage, to Surety Realty Co. and another, 135 Broadway, Feb. 16, due Feb. 24, 1919; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$45,000

OLIVER ST, 72, n e s, 26.2x100; Joseph H. Warren to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Feb. 20, 3 years; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St....$3,000

SPRING ST, 319, 20.3x40; Annie McGuinness to James Coleman, 152 Lexington Av, Feb. 11, prior mtg $6,000, due July 1, 1908, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles Brandt, Jr., 99 Nassau St....$1,000

7TH ST, 61 East, n s, 25x97.6, prior mtg [illegible] $31,500; Joel Berkowitz to Louis Berger, 75 Sheriff St, Feb. 16, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. Cohn, 19 Avenue A....$2,000

31ST ST, 406-426 West, 250x103.4; Montrose Realty Co. to William P. Coe, Lyndhurst, N. J., Feb. 20, prior mtg $157,500, due June 20, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$20,000

44TH ST, 203 East, 62.6x100.6; Lillian Hof to Marshall H. Runk, 44 West 44th St, Jan. 15, due Dec. 23, 1914, 6 p. c....$7,000

45TH ST, 56-58 West, 40x100.5; 56 and 58 West 45th St Realty Co. to Union Dime Savings Bank, 701 6th Av, Feb. 25, due as per bond; attorney, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av....$275,000

47TH ST, s s, 60 ft w of 1st Av, 20x84.7; Pincus Siskind to Mayer Sklar, 277 Lorimer St, Brooklyn, Feb. 24, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Philip Satra, 100 Graham Av, Brooklyn....$2,000

111TH ST, s s, 341.8 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 108.4x91.10; Alma C. Stern to George W. McKenzie, 210 Lincoln Road or 189 Montague St, Brooklyn, Nov. 17, 1913, due Feb. 17, 1914, 6 p. c....$2,000

128TH ST, s s, 172.6 ft e of Lenox Av, 37.6x99.11; Long Realty Co. to Valentine E. Macy and another, Trustees, Ossining, N. Y., Feb. 24, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$30,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to John Johnston, 1,662 Nostrand Av, Brooklyn, prior mtg $30,000, 3 years, 6 p. c., Feb. 24; attorney, same....$5,000

152D ST, s s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 50x99.11; John McLaughlin to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Feb. 25, 5 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St....$45,000

Bronx.

CLASSONS POINT ROAD, at intersection of Stephens Park, 68x irregular, leasehold; Otto Knechmann to Charles Knechmann, 2,044 Richmond Terrace, Port Richmond, N. Y., Dec. 29, 1913, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. N. Quinn, 456 Richmond Terrace, New Brighton, S. I....$6,000

HOFFMAN ST, e s, 150 ft s of Jacob St, 50x124; Knight & De Micco to Frances E. Clark, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Feb. 19, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, R. W. Crawford, 52 Broadway....$5,000

LOT 10, map of 25 lots, formerly Cornell Estate; Norbert Robillard to Frederick Miller, 671 East 225th St, Feb. 11, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester..$600

LOT 13, map of subdivision of Lot 1, map of Clasons Point; Arcangelo La Calamita to Pasquale Clements, 273 West 23d St; attorney, Joseph A. Bianchfield, 2 Rector St..$550

LOT 91, map of 112 lots estate of Moses Devoe; Edson Building Co. to Mary Monaghan, 562 West 149th St, Feb. 24, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,000

LOTS 344-345, map of Forster-Schmidt property; Thomas McKeown to James S. McCool, 563 Ames Av, Feb. 24, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. Lamont, 1,784 Broadway....$2,300

SEDGWICK AV, e s, 774.5 ft w of 176th St, 26.7x96.4; Ella H. Corbett to Herman Steinkamp, 570 West 172d St, Feb. 24, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St....$4,000

SETON AV, e s, 400 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100; Thure A. Sandberg to Charles W. Anderson, at Westhaven, Conn., Feb. 14, 2 years; attorney, T. A. Sandberg, 239 West 145th St....$300

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, s w corner of Barretto, 77x105; Baronet Realty Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Feb. 25, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$70,000

ST. ANN'S AV, e s, 45 ft n of 136th St, 30x100; William Wald to Charles P. Swigg, 200 St. Ann's Av, prior mtg $9,000, Feb. 24, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway....$4,000

TIEBOUT AV, 2,478, e s, 31x100; Elizabeth Eller to O. M. Filsing, 2,486 Tiebout Av, prior mtg $15,000, Feb. 14, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,500

TIFFANY ST, e s, 100 ft n of 165th St, 2 lots each 50x100, 2 mtgs each $38,000; Tiffany Building Co., Inc., to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$76,000

TIFFANY ST, n e corner of 163d St, 78x76.4; Jacob Schultz to B. V. Construction Co., 979 East 163d St, Feb. 24, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$3,500

TINTON AV, n e corner of 161st St, 100x54.10; Anna M. Decker to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Feb. 24, 3 years; attorney, A. H. Mosle, 30 Broad St....$12,000

TINTON AV, s w corner of 158th St, 100x45; Samuel Solomon and others to David Steckler, 1,885 7th Av, Jan. 24, due, &c., as per bond....$5,000

175TH ST, s s, 116.8 ft w of Vanderbilt Av, 16.8x108; John Ohl to Fred Ohl, 416 East 175th St, prior mtg $2,400, Feb. 25, due as per bond; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av....$1,200

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

AV A, s e corner of 14th St, all; Rutherford Holding Co. to Louis Marrotti, 6,906 15th Av, Brooklyn, 3 years from March 1, 1914....$6,000

BEAVER ST, 18, all; Henry K. S. Williams and others to Albert Fusco and another, 1,849 62d St, Brooklyn, 10 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, M. R. Matteo, 208 Broadway....$6,000

GRAND ST, 390 and 392, corner store and basement; Harry Fischel to Harry Oppenheim, 125 West 115th St, 5 years from May 1, 1911....$2,400

HOUSTON ST, 89 West, all; Frank S. Allen to Joseph Rocker, 96 Pilling St, Brooklyn, 5 years from May 1, 1913....$3,000

KING ST, 12 and 14, basement; Luigi Mecca to Andrea Carlucci, on premises, 3 years from Nov. 1, 1913; attorney, M. R. Matteo, 203 Broadway....$120

1ST AV, 207, all; Grossman Investing Co. to Victor Levy, 207 1st Av, 6 years from March 1, 1914, attorney, Max Silverstein, 309 Broadway....$2,100

11TH AV, s w corner of 50 St, 88x—, the land; Joseph V. Horn to Horn & Hardart Co., 1,557 Broadway, 19 years and 6 months from Nov. 1, 1913; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$5,762

32D ST, 37 West, ground floor and part of basement; Harry J. Luce to Ideal Holding Co., 589 Broadway, 20 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, Samuel C. Korman, 589 Broadway....$6,500

75TH ST, 423 East, store floor and part of cellar; Joseph Stransky to Hermine Peter, 423 East 75th St, 5 years from May 1, 1914; attorneys, Adler & M., 1,487 1st Av....$1,020

164TH ST, 548 to 558 West, all; Gertrude Horowitz to Louise V. Weber, 3,761 Broadway, 5 years from Aug. 1, 1913; attorneys, Fixman, L. & S., 55 Liberty St.......$2,100

Bronx.

WESTCHESTER AV, 766, double store; Westchester Amusement Co. to Joseph H. Mound, 764 Tinton Av, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1912; atotrney, A. Lewy, 30 Church St..$1,200

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 41st St, 50x150; Davis Brown, Inc., against 41st Street Realty Co., owner and contractor....$2,062

BROADWAY, 1,448; Sterling Bronze Co. against Forty-first Street Realty Co., owner and contractor....$2,895

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n e corner of 190th St, 97x120; Consolidated Chandelier Co. against 190th Street Holding Co., owner and contractor; Hyman Horwitz, contractor....$650

7TH ST, 73 and 75 East; Jacob Cohen against Henrietta Studinski, owner; Louis Pecker, lessee and contractor....$36

103D ST, 159 East; Tomback & McPhee, Inc., against Jacob Vogelfanger, owner and contractor....$137

150TH ST, 602 West; Unger Parquet Flooring Co., Inc., against 190th Street Realty Co., owner and contractor....$635

158TH ST, 522 to 526 West; Benjamin Helberg against Rose Simon, owner and contractor....$82

Bronx.

VYSE AV, s w corner of Freeman St, 50x95; Thomas Mulligan Construction Co. against Martha Perna, owner and contractor..$3,295

181ST ST, s e corner of Belmont Av, 85.11x141.1; Northern Cornice and Roofing Co., Inc., against Crownhill Construction Co., owner and contractor....$420

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 64th St; Harry Glassover against Oak Crest Realty Co. and others, Dec. 13, 1913....$35

6TH AV, 510 and 512; James Hogan and others against Louise Appell and others, Feb. 24, 1914....$65

138TH ST, 621 West; Harry Friedlander against Pennington Whitehead and others, June 20, 1913....$26

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

ELDRIDGE ST, 10; Leon Touchmann against Gottlieb and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. Manheim.

FORT WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 161st St, 102x145.11; Sadie Morris against Friedman Construction Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, S. B. Pollak.

PARK AV, e s, 51.1 ft s of 81st St, 53.3x100; Sargent & Co. against Pollack & O'Neill and others, (counter-claim;) attorneys, Phillips & Avery.

PARK AV, e s, 51.1 ft s of 81st St, 53.3x100; Shannon Manufacturing Co. against Pollack & O'Neill and others, (counter-claim;) attorneys, Phillips & Avery.

21ST ST, n s, 349.5 ft e of 6th Av, 24.7x98.9; Charles Frazier and others against Alfred C. Bachman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rose & Putzel.

107TH ST, s s, between 2d and 3d Avs, Lot 44, and 3d Av, e s, between 106th and 107th Sts, Lot 47; two actions; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Charles E. McManus and others, (two foreclosures of tax liens;) attorney, A. Weymann.

133D ST, 19 and 21 West; Lincoln Trust Co. against Ray Maisel and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

Bronx.

BLOCKS 2,877, 2,878, 2,880, 2,882, 2,884, and 2,885, Section 11, land map of City of New York; Warwich Emile Montgomery against Leita Montgomery White and others, (action to obtain judgment;) attorneys, Evarts, C. & S.

BRISTOW ST, w s, 95 ft s of Jennings St, 70x100; Abraham Ufland against Lester B. Wood and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. L. Denks.

LOTS 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, Block 204, and Lots 3, 4, 5, and 6, Block 29, map of Section 1, Bathgate estate; Lina Butt against Nicholas Vogel and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Strasbourger, E. & S

VYSE AV, s w corner of Freeman St, 50x95; Thomas Mulligan Construction Co. against Martha Perna and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, M. Mayer.

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SURROGATE NOTICES.

RUTHERFORD, HENRY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY RUTHERFORD, late of Grand Isle, Vermont, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Whitehouse & Co., No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York on or before the 2d day of March next.
Dated New York, the 23d day of August, 1913.
CHARLES K. PHIPARD, Executor.
CHARLES FOX, Attorney for Executor, No 66 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

MULLER, MARGARET L.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARGARET L. MULLER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 111 Fifth Avenue, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of April, next, 1914.
Dated New York, the 5th day of September, 1913.
HENRY de FOREST WEEKES, Executor.
WEEKES BROTHERS, Attorneys for Executor, 45 William Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

JACOBSEN, ANNA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Anna Jacobsen, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, the office of De Forest Brothers, No. 30 Broad Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of May next. Dated New York, the 10th day of November, 1913. FREDERIC B. MORLOC, Executor. DE FOREST BROTHERS, Attorneys for Executor, 30 Broad Street, New York City, N. Y.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated August 25, 1913, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Thomas Allibone Janvier, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Alexander & Green, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 5th day of March next.
Dated New York, Sept. 2d, 1913.
HENRY SANDWITH DRINKER, Executor.
ALEXANDER & GREEN, Attorneys for Executor, 165 Broadway, New York City.

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High class elevator apts.; all improvements. Large, light rooms. 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms & bath. $46.00 to $87.50.

A Riverside Drive Apartment
to sublet, unfurnished or partly furnished, 9 rooms and 3 baths in Hamilton Apartments, Riverside Drive at 114th St. Convenient to Subway (116th St. Station), Bus and Broadway lines. Terms exceptionally attractive for such accommodations, short or long lease. References required. Address to J. R., Box 220 Times.

West Side.

38 West 59th Street
New twelve-story Apartment Building, opposite Central Park. Contains studio and housekeeping apartments of two, three, five, and six rooms and baths. Just completed, ready for immediate occupancy.
FURNISHED IF DESIRED.
Exclusive, beautiful, unique; has every known improvement. Ideal home for small families and bachelors. Doctor's suite on ground floor. Concessions to October 1. Agent on premises.

THE LORINGTON,
1 West 70th St., corner Central Park West; overlooking the natural beauty reserve of Manhattan; most modern of exclusive Apartments; 10, 11, 12 rooms, three baths. Resident superintendent. 'Phone, 1930—Columbus.

Real Estate
Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.
D. A. CUSHMAN REALTY CORPORATION. Real estate agents and brokers, 172 9th Av. Entire management of estates; specialists in purchase and sale of properties in Chelsea section; loans procured.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.
$8,750.—Modern brownstone residence; if you want fine house; choice location; 25 minutes to Manhattan; examine 684 Greene Av., near Sumner Av., BROOKLYN; 12 rooms and bath; location and inside of this house will please any one. Owner, 700 Greene Av.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.
SUBURBAN COTTAGES and SEMI-BUNGALOWS for sale; complete city improvements; high, healthy, restricted; schools, churches; 28 minutes from Manhattan on Penn.-Long Island electric system. Two cottages for rent.
QUEENS-COURT REALTY CO.,
200 Broadway, N. Y. 3876 Cortlandt.

DRUGGIST CHANCE.—New brick building; fast growing community; fine store, electric lights, gas, steam heat; opportunity for energetic man to build good business in suburban town, Queensboro. J. MEAD BRIGGS, 200 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone 3877 Cortland.

Jackson Av. business corner; guarantee double value 3 years; 30 new stores built 1913 within 4 blocks; sacrifice quick sale. Crane, Room 1,057, Marbridge Bldg., N. Y.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Following Page.

Real Estate

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

CEDAR KNOLLS,
at Bronxville in the Gramatan Hills, Westchester County; ideal community; fully improved; a real country home amid woods and hills; golf, tennis, country clubs, good public and private schools; 28 minutes from Grand Central. Send for booklet. Cedar Knolls, Room 629, 80 East 42d St.

Scarsdale.

At Greenacres, Scarsdale, N. Y.—Anxious to sell my new stucco dwelling, 10 rooms, 3 baths; garage; large grounds; station 5 minutes' walk; excellent train service; any reasonable offer considered; principals only; photograph and particulars on request. Owner, Box 93 Times.

White Plains.

Best list of houses, lots, farms, and country estates for sale or rent at White Plains, Hartsdale, Scarsdale, and the better sections of Westchester County. Chauncey B. Griffen, Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Owing to business reverses, owner must dispose of his country residence, 10 rooms, 3 baths; all modern improvements; 2½ acres on the north shore of Long Island; bargain; will also sell furniture. Owner, Room 47, 11 Wall St., New York.

Five acres woodland cheap at St. James, Long Island. Address Y 216 Times Annex.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

In ideal Ridgewood N. J., 30 minutes from New York, we offer a remodeled homestead; also two new modern houses, with good size garden ground; fruit and shade trees, hedges, &c.; Ridgewood is known as the healthiest spot in the East. Saddle River Valley Construction Co., Walthery Av., Ridgwood. N. Y. office, 80 B'way. Tel. Ridgewood 889 and 528-W. Tel. Rector 4794-5.

$10 acre buys highly improved farm Southern New Jersey; river frontage; driving distance good markets; seven-room house, barn, other outbuildings; orchard; some firewood and fine meadow lands; 375 acres; terms, $1,000 cash; balance to suit; cost present owner, $10,000. Risley, 18 Broadway.

Lady owning 10 acres choice garden land near Atlantic City will sell at sacrifice; high, dry, level, and covered with thrifty growth of wood; fine roads, schools, churches, adjoining town 5,000; fine for poultry, fruits, vegetables; will take $2 weekly; price cut to $450. Risley, 18 Broadway.

RIDGEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.
1,000 satisfied commuters; 80 daily trains; homes for rent and for sale; ask for booklet. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

Bungalows and cottages, artistic and complete, 6 to 10 rooms, large plots, near station; best section of New Jersey; photographs on request. Smith-Singer Company, Ridgewood, N. J.

For HUDSON COUNTY real estate write to Board of Real Estate Brokers of HUDSON COUNTY, N. J.
P. O. Box 57, Jersey City, N. J.

Summit, N. J.—Fine old place, beautifully situated; large residence, modernized; barn, garden, fruit; fine grounds. Owner, 666 Springfield, Summit, N. J.

JERSEY SHORE REAL ESTATE.
H. A. ROUNDS, 115 BROADWAY.

Englewood Homes; sale or rent; lots for sale. Gorham Co., Englewood, N. J.

Mortgage Loans.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

Fifth Av. establishment catering to women exclusively offers unusual opportunity to milliners, dressmakers, or persons handling women's specialty lines; show windows, display in attractive showroom, use of sitting room, and very desirable workroom; rent reasonable. Y 212 Times Annex.

Will sublet desirable suite of offices in Woolworth Building to responsible tenant; occupancy at once. Inquire 873 Woolworth, or Phone Barclay 6615.

$250 for rights, stock, and plant of mailable articles; demand general, profits large. Retiring. 594 East 138th St., New York.

Cloak Contractors—Light, sanitary loft, 25x75, sprinkler system; sublet at sacrifice at once. Stein & Coley, 76 5th Av.

Ground floor, 75x100, with or without steam power Engineer, 315 East 94th St.

Offices, light, clean, newly renovated, $15 month up. Apply 109 Broad St.

Sublet 2-room office, Aeolian Building; $35. Room 843, 29 West 42d.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted—16,000 to 22,000 square feet of loft space on four floors on Broadway or adjacent streets, from Bleecker to 33d St. Y. P. B., Box A 357 Times Downtown.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2 AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway, references; special rates on lease.

Three-room suite; southern exposure; monthly or yearly basis; superior hotel service; home cooking; also single room or en suite; with private baths; rooms $1 and $1.50 up; dancing on special evenings. Hotel Royal, 535 West 112th St. Phone 684 Morningside.
Special attention given to transient guests.

Great Opportunity.—New, handsomely furnished suites 2, 3, 4 rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity, showers, silver, linen; most reasonable rentals; $10, $11, $12.50 weekly. Windermere, 343 St. Nicholas Av., corner 127th St.

Five sunny rooms; southern, eastern exposure; electricity, telephone, elevator; all outside; rent, $60 monthly, furnished. 510 West 124th St.

Beautifully furnished; Belnord, 86th and Broadway; 8 rooms, 2 baths; Apt. 1,110; until October. Phone Madison Square 6257.

51st, 72 West.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; improvements; reasonable to right party.

$45, five rooms, linen, silver, electricity. Allen, 524 West 122d. 6724 Morningside.

85th St., 1 West.—Beautifully furnished 4 rooms, in a high-class apartment. 3F.

456 Riverside Drive, 116th St.—Delightful small apartment, $85 month. Supt.

East Side.

Duplex housekeeping apartment, furnished, 9 rooms and bath, extra maid's room; 3 months, or to October. 25 East 30th. Madison Square 2383.

Attractive apartment; 1, 2, and 3 rooms, with private bath; very fine house and location. 19 East 48th St.

High-class furnished apartments. Clark & de Florez, 30 East 42d St.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

Wanted, high-class three rooms furnished apartment, between 50th and 72d, near Subway. Japanese Gentleman, 61 West 88th St.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

West Side.

STORES AND APARTMENTS,
124 and 126 East 23d St.
Before deciding look at these three-room and bath apartments; steam, hot water; extra large rooms and plenty of closets. Apply on premises or J. C. Hand, 29 West 34th St. Telephone 3830—Greeley.

145 West 12th.—Sublet 3-room and bath apartment: electric lights, telephone, &c.; $38. Meek, 145 West 12th St.

109th St., 249 West, (near Broadway.)—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $33.

Manhattan Av., 26.—Eight large, attractive rooms and bath; all improvements; $45 month.

84th, 21 West.—Seven large rooms, bath; steam heat; hot water; $60.

East Side.

36th St., 71 East.—To sublet, furnished or unfurnished, March to Oct. 8, large rooms, 2 baths; great sacrifice. Miss Looney.

39th St., 146 East.—Top floor, studio apartment, two rooms and bath; excellent meal service; $55 per month.

Madison Av., 1,761.—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $32.

Madison Av., 1,787.—Seven rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $30 to $33.

Brooklyn.

$42 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT $42.
6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Subway. Golden Realty, St. James's Pl., near Fulton.

Bronx.

Anthony Av., 1,911 (Corner of Tremont Av.)—Four very large, light rooms and bath; all improvements. $20-$27.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

Lost

Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST.—On Friday, the 13th, (in New York,) a diamond solitaire ring and a ring of diamonds, round setting, with tiny rubies. Liberal reward and no questions asked, return to Mann, Steefel Brothers, Albany.

LOST—Monday night, small gold Tiffany watch on chain, initials "E. G. H.," between 69th, Central Park West, and 55th, west of 8th Av. Return to 3B, 350 West 55th St.; reward.

LOST—Feb. 21, large envelope, Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., and contents, at 28th St. Subway Station, about 2:30 P. M. Return to information bureau, Arcade, 1 Madison Av.

LOST—Saturday evening, lady's black silk handbag containing gold vanity box marked R. B. T., between 43d St., 6th Av., and 48th St., Madison Av.; liberal reward. Wilson, Phone 6250 Gramercy.

LOST—At concert of Robenstein Club, Waldorf-Astoria, Tuesday evening, Feb. 24, a diamond brooch. Suitable reward will be given for the return of same to E. T. Church, 20 West 57th St., or Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST—Feb. 23, about 10 P. M., the foot of West 42d St., black pocketbook, containing money, glasses, &c.; reward. Room 304, 30 East 42d St.

LOST—Monday, Feb. 23, bar with three diamonds, between 86th and 63d Sts., on 8th Av. car, or Century Theatre; reward. Coshland, 120 West 86th.

LOST—Lady's gold watch and fob, monogrammed "L. T. F." vicinity West 152d St. and Anderson Av., Bronx; reward. W. Williamson, 962 Anderson Av., Bronx.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, closed face, with monogram A. M. on one side, diamond crescent on other; reward, (Landert Co.,) 58th St. and 3d Av.

LOST—Small solid change purse, studded across top with diamonds and rubies, in Metropolitan Opera House. Return to C. R. Stillman, 471 Park Av.

LOST—Gentleman's diamond ring, on Subway train at Grand Central Station, Saturday, Feb. 21; reward. W. C. Smith, 3,800 Broadway.

LOST—At Subway station, Times Square, Sunday night, pocketbook, containing locket and chain; liberal reward. M. Goldstein, 486 9th Av.

LOST—Diamond necklace, 5 large diamonds set in platinum; liberal reward. Dr. E. E. Myers, 418 Central Park West, New York.

LOST—Diamond horseshoe pin, platinum setting, gold bars, Feb. 24; liberal reward to finder. C. E. Lux, 41 West 25th St., N. Y. C.

LOST—Diamond horseshoe scarfpin; liberal reward. Return to H. W. McMann, Room 304, 30 East 42d St.

LOST—Gold-headed malacca cane, initials "L. L. S." Liberal reward if returned to L. L. Stein, 935 Broadway.

LOST—White fox scarf, between 23d St. and 6th Av. to 22d St. and 2d Av.; reward. Return to F. Ferrell, 214 West 21st St.

LOST—Will lady who found bracelet Feb. 10 kindly communicate, M. Arnold, 533 West 112th St.

LOST—Saturday, watch and fob, initialed "R. L. A."; reward. Atkin. Tel. 7696 Chelsea.

LOST—Silver extension lorgnette, between Altman's and 48th St.; reward. K 131 Times.

LOST—Watch, initials "J. M.," at Broadway Theatre; reward. Barber, 918 Broadway.

LOST—On 5th Av., malacca cane; reward Bethune, 170 West 59th St.

LOST—Bunch of keys with chain. W. L. Harper, 257 4th Av.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

$50 REWARD for return of English brindle bull dog, undershot jaw, screw tail, white cross on breast, lame in hind leg, answering name Patsy. Hoster, 36 Midwood St., Brooklyn. Phone 847 W Flatbush.

LOST—Black and white setter, long ears, feathery tail; reward. Hill, 329 Lexington Av., (39th.)

LOST—Black Pomeranian, neighborhood of Lincoln Square; marked white on tail; reward. Apartment 66, Hotel Marie Antoinette.

LOST—English bulldog; answers to the name of Cupid. F. C. Henderson, 202 Riverside Drive; reward.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-606 West 48th. Telephone 2767 Bryant.

ANSONIA STORAGE CO.
Moving, packing, and shipping; automobile vans for long-distance moving; let us estimate. Send postal 137-139 West 99th St., or Tel. 3052 or 3053 Riverside.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Suite, private bath; single room; steam; table guests; references.

34TH, 117-119 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with board.

53D ST., 37 and 52 EAST.—Large second floor front room; references.

West Side.

54TH STREET, 54 WEST.
Large, small rooms; first-class; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Large, small rooms, south exposure; good board; references; telephone.

58TH, 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; board optional; references.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; excellent table; table guests accommodated.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

69TH ST., 231 WEST.—Young widow wants boarders; references. Mrs. Smith.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Large, small rooms; conveniences; board; select location; refined home.

71ST ST., 135 WEST.—Exceptional board; large, luxurious room; one flight; private bath and lavatory; steam heat, electricity; reasonable.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Desirable accommodations for gentlemen; refined; homelike; Subway, "L"; references.

72D ST., 121 WEST.—Nice rooms; excellent meals; every convenience; parlor dining room; half block Subway express and elevated.

72D ST., 266 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; refined home; excellent table; few guests accommodated.

72D ST., 253 WEST.—Elegant double room, private bath; superior home and table.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; table guests; reasonable.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; table board.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, with table board. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, singly; private baths; electricity, steam; table guests; references.

84TH, 55 WEST.—Comfortable, heated double, single rooms; parlor dining; telephone; references

85TH, 333 WEST.—Two large, attractive, front rooms; southern exposure; private family; conveniences; good home table; references; board optional.

86TH ST., 51 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms in refined home; references.

87TH, 70 WEST.—Large second floor room; electricity; excellent table; references required.

103D, 250-252 WEST.—Excellent accommodations; dentist, bachelors; attractive rooms; unsurpassed table board.

103D, (corner West End Av., 879.)—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

105TH, 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped new private dwelling, overlooking Hudson; clean and airy, all rooms have running water; six beautiful bathrooms.

106TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service; guests seldom leave us except to leave city; Southerners.

110TH, WEST, near 7th Av.—Business couple or two friends desiring refined, comfortable home in handsome apartment, reasonable, phone 5184 Morningside.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Elegant rooms; southern exposure; suitable one, two; excellent cuisine.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room, well heated; electricity; adjoining bath; reference.

148TH ST., 349 WEST.—Well established house wishes few more boarders. Scott. 7696 Audubon.

148TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large second story front room; good board; telephone; reference.

149TH ST., 540-553 WEST, (Broadway Subway.)—Nicest, healthiest section; Audubon; large, bright rooms, well heated, electricity, 'phones, bath, $14, $16, $18 weekly for two, including first-class meals; smaller room, $8; parlor dining rooms; separate table; every comfort. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

183D, 555 WEST.—Beautifully furnished single, double rooms; excellent board; refined American family; private house.

BROADWAY, (112th.)—Refined, responsible gentleman is offered share attractive, exclusive home, (delicious meals,) with brother-sister. K 135 Times.

Charming Winter Home,
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter;
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents.
71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Beautiful rooms; $10 upward, one; $16 two; references.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Refined family adults will accommodate gentleman; room, with private bath; excellent table. Morningside 6645. Apartment 41.

Country Board.

Thirty cents a line.

New Jersey.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Invalids, convalescents, and the infirm given every comfort and attention in refined, attractive home; expert masseur; graduate nurses; excellent table; special diets; mechano-therapy, physical culture, saddle horses. X, 1,014 Times.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

15TH, 210 EAST.—Desirable large rooms, every convenience; home cooking; references; telephone.

24TH ST., 120 EAST.—Front room, parlor floor; heated; running water; smaller rooms.

25TH, 308 EAST.—Large, small rooms; also housekeeping; scrupulously clean; bath; telephone.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Private house; single and double rooms; telephone; all conveniences; comfortable; reasonable; near subway.

30TH ST., 131 EAST.—Sunny, large, small rooms, $4, $5; conveniences. Mad. Sq. 3624.

44TH, 23 EAST, (between 5th and Madison Avs.)—To lease, large desirable parlor suitable physician's office or refined business.

55TH ST., 83 EAST.—Attractive, well-heated, large rooms; adjoining Park Av.; references.

53D, 61 EAST.—Beautiful large sunny room, connecting bath; shower; private house; gentleman.

72D, 178 EAST.—Large, small rooms; steam heated; conveniences; $2.75 up.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms, box spring beds, tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Homelike room, bath; breakfast; scrupulously clean; references; select.

Most desirable large and small rooms, physician's office, en suite. 58 East 86th St.

West Side.

12TH, 48 WEST.—Large, sunny room and bath; southern exposure; well heated.

22D, 456 WEST.—Well-kept, warm, single room; $2.50, $3; small, $1.50.

41ST, 128 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large and small comfortable rooms. Telephone 4840 Bryant.

44TH ST, 236 West, Apartment 6.—Luxuriously furnished front suite; telephone, steam heat, elevator, elaborate draperies, rugs.

45TH, 110 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; conveniences; board optional; 911 Bryant.

46TH, 28 WEST.—Large, light, airy rooms; private baths; gentlemen; nicely furnished.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Splendid front, main floor, room; steam, electricity, telephone; select.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished front room; steam; housekeeping privilege; telephone; select.

47TH ST., 110 WEST.—Double rooms, all conveniences, with or without board; moderate.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Private family; elegantly furnished large room with bath; gentleman; references.

50TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished sunny front room; conveniences. 5281 Plaza.

52D, 200 WEST.—Large room; all improvements; hot water, steam heat, telephone. Hoyt.

53D, 62 WEST.—Beautiful large room, second floor front, with private bath.

55TH ST., 345 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small, sunny rooms; steam; conveniences. 255 Columbus.

56TH, 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor bedroom and bath; every convenience; references. Gray.

56TH ST., 135 WEST.—Desirable room for business woman; bath; telephone. Bonneau.

56TH, 207 WEST.—Large room, modern apartment; all conveniences; refined home. Apt. 2, East.

57TH ST., 155 WEST.—Comfortable, warm room for gentleman; convenient location; terms moderate.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small sunny rooms; modern conveniences 2303 Columbus.

65TH, 132 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, large, small rooms; front parlor; bedroom; private house.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large small rooms, with running water; telephone; references.

69TH, 65 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms, business people; steam heat; electricity; telephone.

70TH, 200 WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished, homelike rooms; modern conveniences. Columbus 6819. Seigle.

71ST, 165 WEST (off Broadway.)—Immaculately clean rooms; continuous hot water; cozy home for refined business people; telephone.

71ST ST., 69 WEST.—Hall room; refined neighborhood; excellent location; "L" and Subway.

71ST, 71 WEST.—Pleasant small room, also housekeeping suite; reasonable. Telephone 3614 Columbus.

71ST, 222 WEST.—Comfortable front basement; lavatory; bath; modern private house; electricity.

71ST, 280 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished double, single rooms, conveniences; central; telephone; references.

71ST, 282 WEST.—Suite of two rooms, dressing room; small sunny room; electricity.

72D, (Subway,) West End Av., 257.—Large room; one, two gentlemen. 806 Columbus.

72D ST., 268 WEST.—Front parlor; also large and medium room; telephone; Subway.

73D, 115 WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished rooms, single or en suite, in newly furnished and decorated house; homelike; references.

73D, 255 WEST.—Newly furnished large rooms; single and en suite; with and without private bath; telephone; Subway express.

73D, 103 WEST.—Neatly furnished, large, medium rooms; one or two; telephone references.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suitable one, two; refined surroundings; reasonable; reference.

75TH ST., 238 WEST; 269 West 84th St., 635 West 115th St.—Two doors from Broadway; newly furnished throughout; large, warm rooms; next to bath; with kitchenette, gas, maid service, telephone; laundry included; $3.50 to $9 weekly; transients accommodated.

75TH ST., 253 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; twin beds; gentlemen; telephone.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large, sunny room, all conveniences; twin beds; gentleman; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable small room; gentlemen; references; reasonable.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.Desirable room; refined home; shower bath; 'phone; perfect service; references.

78TH, 217 WEST.—Large, newly decorated room, hot and cold water; bath adjoining.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful room, private bath; housekeeping privileges; small room; Subway

79TH, 225 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; kitchenette privileges; near Subway; private house.

82D ST., 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms; large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; reference

82D, 152 WEST.—Attractive rooms; all conveniences; reasonable; phone.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; private bath, electric light; references.

91ST, 64 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; southern exposure; convenient "L," Subway; references.

91ST, 74 WEST.—Large or small well-kept room; all conveniences; reasonable.

92D, 204 WEST.—FRONT ROOM; ONE FLIGHT. POSSONS.

95TH ST., 251 WEST.—Front bedroom; all conveniences; modern apartment. Cowan.

96TH ST., 231 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, facing Broadway; running water; high-class apartment; board optional. Apt. 7C.

97TH, 147 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive; well furnished room; bath; telephone.

97TH, 136 WEST.—Large room; private bath; also small; only cultured people.

164TH, 247 WEST.—Well-furnished connecting rooms; running water; private family. Apartment 1, East.

The Gresham Selling & Buying Agency,
122 Liberty Street.

New York, Feb. 24th, 1914.

The New York Times:

We take pleasure in saying that the results from our advertising in the Business Opportunity column of The Times have been most satisfactory, not only as to number of replies, but also the nature of them.

Our advertising extends throughout the United States, and we have found The New York Times one of the very best mediums. We shall continue to use it on all occasions.

The Gresham Selling and Buying Agency.
by F. W. Gresham.

Telephone advertisements to The Times—Bryant 1000.

The New York Times welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

106TH, 121 WEST.—Large, small, neatly furnished; convenient "L," Subway; under new management.

111TH ST., 605 WEST.—Pleasant, light room for gentleman; modern elevator apartment. Apartment 19.

113TH ST., 536 WEST.—Attractive room, elevator apartment; no other roomers. Smyth. 4534 Morningside.

115TH ST., 419 WEST, (Columbia University.)—Outside rooms; electricity, bath, shower; elevator. Lyman.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Two small rooms, overlooking park, (bath between;) celebrated restaurant; $7.

118TH ST., 419 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Light, attractive rooms; single, double. Apartment 52.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Newly decorated outside room; elevator top. Apartment 63.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Telephone Morningside 4880. Apartment 51.

122D, 523 WEST.—Choice two rooms, kitchen, bath; also single; $3.50. Sherman.

123D, 449 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room in modern elevator apartment, convenient subway and "L"; moderate rental; no other roomers. Apt. 36.

128TH, 64 WEST.—A real home; two front rooms; kitchen privilege; improvements. Firth.

139TH, 610 WEST.—Large front room; lavatory; modern apartment, newly furnished, overlooking Hudson; breakfast if desired; delightful family home for refined gentleman. Shelby.

162D, 550 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; private house, near Broadway.

164TH ST., 558 WEST.—Four or five rooms in well furnished elevator apartment.

A.—A.—THE LUDINGTON,
205 West 101st St.; also 635 West 115th St.; strictly high-class elevator apartment house; 8 doors from Broadway and Subway; newly furnished throughout; large, warm rooms, next to bath; electric light, steam heated; 2 blocks from Subway; convenient to all cars; use of kitchen if desired; $3.50 to $8 weekly; transients accommodated; all night service.

A. A.—THE BURNHAM,
114-116 West 47th St.
Newly furnished throughout, in the heart of the shopping district; convenient to all theatres and railroad terminals; large, warm rooms, in high-class elevator apartment house; $5 to $10 weekly; transients accommodated; all-night service.

DOUBLE ROOM, adjoining bath; large closets; private family. Phone 5271 Morningside. Pollis

MORNINGSIDE AV., 92, (122d.—Nice room; business man; telephone, elevator. Apt. 63.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Near Grant's Tomb.)—Attractive outside rooms, suitable two; small room with bath; board optional. Phone 9576 W. Morningside.

WEST END, 611.—Magnificent room, private bath; electricity; private family; 91st Subway.

Rooms Wanted—Unfurnished

Twenty cents a line.

WANTED—By young American, room and light breakfast, with refined French or Spanish family; permanent, K 141 Times.

Help Wanted Female

Fifteen cents a line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

DELICATESSEN DEPARTMENT.—Require a saleswoman for the Delicatessen Section. Only those thoroughly experienced need apply to Superintendent.

COOK.—Excellent cook wanted, willing do very little wash; steady position; references. 1 to 2, 6 to 6:30, 681 Madison Av.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A LARGE NUMBER OF MILLINERY DESIGNERS, MILLINERY TRIMMERS, COPYISTS AND MAKERS.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32nd Street Side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED SALESWOMAN FOR THEIR SEWING MACHINE SECTION.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. Side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A NUMBER OF SALESWOMEN FOR THEIR HOUSEFURNISHING SECTION.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. Side.

MANAGER AND ASSISTANT BUYER WANTED.
SPECIALTY STORE IN WHEELING, WEST VA., REQUIRES SERVICES OF CAPABLE MAN OR WOMAN AS DEPARTMENT MANAGER AND ASSISTANT BUYER FOR FOLLOWING LINES: BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS, INFANTS' AND LITTLE GIRLS' APPAREL.
ADDRESS LEO E. LEIPZIGER,
687 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

MILLINERS.—FIRST-CLASS MAKERS AND COPYISTS; ONLY THOSE ACCUSTOMED TO HIGHEST CLASS WORK; REFERENCES REQUIRED. J. M. GIDDING & CO., 564 5TH AV.

MILLINER, experienced, medium price, for out of town. Apply before 10 o'clock Room 750, Martinique Hotel, B'way and 33d St.

NURSE.—Wanted, very reliable French nurse to take care of two babies; references. 464 Riverside Drive, Apartment 81.

PUPIL NURSES wanted. Apply Supt. Nurses, People's Hospital, 203 Second Av.

REFINED YOUNG LADY taught the latest society modern dances in exchange for services. Address T. B., 59 Times.

TWO EDUCATED LADIES wanted over 25 to develop as managers. J. Chauncey, 225 5th Av.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER.—Young woman wanted in a small institution; English preferred; must be a good, plain cook; references required. Apply at 237 East 17th.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, AEOLIAN HALL, 33 WEST 42D ST. SECRETARIAL COURSES ONLY: STENOGRAPHY, SECRETARIAL ENGLISH, ACCOUNTANCY, AND SOCIAL AMENITIES. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York. [illegible] PRATT SCHOOL [illegible] throughout the country [illegible]

Help Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents a line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Young man, with bookkeeping experience and knowledge of cost accounting, to assist in office of publishing house. State in detail age, experience, and salary expected. B 58 Times Annex.

AN energetic man may earn $100 monthly profits in the mail order business; spare time at first; send for particulars. Dept. E, Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Manufacturing concern with office in Newark, N. J., desires a thoroughly experienced double entry bookkeeper; must furnish first-class references as to ability and character; state age, experience, and references or no consideration will be given application. Address in own handwriting Consideration, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

CLERK.—Bright young man of refined parents wanted as junior clerk; good opportunity for advancement; salary $5 per week. A 345 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN
FOR DEPARTMENT STORE.
ABRAHAM & STRAUS, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require the services of a first-class credit man and accountant; one with department store experience preferred and not over 45 years of age.
This is a splendid opportunity for one with the necessary qualifications. All applications will be treated confidentially. Apply by mail to Abraham & Straus, Brooklyn, N. Y.

EXPERIENCED manufacturer to take charge of factory, and must know metal goods business from A to Z; steady position to right party; state experience, and those not experienced need not apply; communication treated confidential. F. M., 187 Times Downtown.

MEN.—Good profits selling teas, coffees, commission. Burns & Reed, 209 Hudson St.

PHOTOGRAPHER for city real estate work, mostly exterior views, sizes 4x5 and 5x7; only experts need apply as only first-class work can be used; quote prices on orders for one view and for orders in lots of 25, both unmounted, and state time required to fill orders; also state your equipments and facilities for the work. Address Marshall, 44 Times.

RAILROAD man, office, familiar with routing rates, tracing; excellent opportunity for man with experience and ability to learn mail order traffic work. Apply 8-10 A. M., Montgomery Ward & Co., Bowne and Imlay Sts., Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.—Intelligent men to learn the real estate business; will be given an exceptional opportunity and receive a thorough sales training by an old-established firm; commission. Apply Rickert-Finlay Realty Co., 1 West 34th St., New York.

REAL ESTATE SOLICITOR for management work by an old established office; only applicants of good address and with large experience considered; state age, character of experience, where and with whom experience was obtained. Address Real Estate, 41 Times.

SALES MANAGER FOR
GROCERY SPECIALTY HOUSE
who knows grocery business thoroughly, delivery and how to handle drivers; must know prices and condition of trade; we sell direct to consumer by wagon; excellent reference required; big future for right man. Box Y 218 Times.

SALESMEN.—ONE OF THE LARGEST MANUFACTURING CONCERNS IN THE COUNTRY WISHES TO ADD TO ITS SELLING STAFF A FEW MEN OF GOOD APPEARANCE AND AGGRESSIVE MAKE-UP WITH UNQUESTIONABLE CHARACTER; PERMANENT CONNECTION FOR SATISFACTORY MEN; SALARY WHILE LEARNING AND LIBERAL COMMISSION WHEN GIVEN EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY; REPLY IMMEDIATELY, STATING AGE, EDUCATION, AND EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS K 110 TIMES.

SALESMEN.—Several well-educated young men who have large social and business acquaintance to represent a high-class commercial paper, to sell high-grade securities; excellent opportunity for clean-cut men to learn stock and bond salesmanship under experienced and successful leadership; commission; salary later to producers. D 186 Times, 2 Rector St.

SALESMEN wanted; experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay. Write (or call) for particulars and list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 1,001-C, Candler Building, Times Square, New York.

SALESMAN.—LARGE SILK HOUSE HAS OPENING FOR SALESMAN FAMILIAR WITH CUTTING UP TRADE; MUST STATE FULL EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, SALARY DESIRED. OPPORTUNITY, L 94 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN WANTED.—Well known manufacturer of factory labor-saving equipment has selling agency open with protected territory. Commission proposition on a business basis for big caliber man seeking unusual opportunity. P. O. Box M, Chicopee Falls, Mass.

SALESMAN.—Chicago manufacturer wants Eastern salesman visiting engine builders to take side line mechanical oilers; commission. Climax Brass & Mfg. Co., 906 Southwestern Av., Chicago.

SALESMAN.—Exceptional opportunity with well-known manufacturer for junior salesman to learn high-grade specialty work; commission proposition. Apply P. O. Box M, Chicopee Falls, Mass.

SALESMAN.—EXPERIENCED SALESMAN WANTED FOR KIMONOS; STRICTLY COMMISSION. KASSAR BROS., 30 WEST 21ST ST.

SALESMAN.—One young man, 21 to 30, as outside salesman; fine opportunity for neat-appearing, ambitious man. K 130 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced; wanted on skirts for office of retailer; commission basis. Fishman & Levine, 8 East 17th St.

SALES MANAGER.—Half-million-dollar corporation, factory located in St. Louis, is here to arrange for representative; references. K 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—STATISTICIAN.
Importing house has exceptional opening for young man who is a thoroughly equipped stenographer and who can compile statements of costs; he should be a qualified bookkeeper and a man of tact and good habits; please answer, stating age, history, and salary required, also whether now employed. Parilyon, K 96 Times.

YOUNG MAN with initiative, knowledge of stenography required. Write, giving qualification and salary expected. Fine opportunity for right man in a very large house. Y 214 Times Annex.

Agents Wanted.

Thirty cents a line.

Agent wanted to sell new collection system; large profits; repeat orders and exclusive territory. Write A. H. Bullard, Mgr., Metcalf, Mass.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

ACCOUNTANT.—EXPERIENCED SYSTEMATIZING, MONTHLY INVESTIGATIONS, AUDITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RENDERED. BOX A 318 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

A LADY, pleasant reader, would read aloud to an invalid or others, or write letters; would do careful addressing; credentials. Competent, K 133 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST.—Elliott-Fisher operator; 3 years' experience; legible penman; age 21; $12; references. A 355 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 17, recent graduate; willing to work hard and start low. Kate, 2 Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert, controlling accounts; modern methods; capable manager; $12. B 106 Times.

CLEANING.—Reliable woman wishes cleaning by day; references. Advertiser, 219 West 16th St.

COOK.—Good cook and laundress, German, wishes position together with daughter, waitress or nurse. Janitress, 205 East 15th St.

COOK.—An excellent cook desires position or would do hard work in American family; personal references. 532 West 143d St.

COMPANION AND TEACHER.—Native French lady wishes position as companion and teacher to ladies traveling abroad during Summer months; very highest French and American references. K 125 Times.

INITIAL EMBROIDERY or own designs. A. Stallman, care O'Brien, 583 Riverside.

INVALID'S NURSE, hospital training, seeks engagement; superior reference. Reasonable. Times Harlem.

MASSEUSE.—Graduate medical masseuse wishes lady patients at residences. Miss Larson. Phone 7320 Audubon.

NURSE.—Canadian; college bred; hospital nurse, companion; traveled; nervous, mental; references. K 80 Times.

SALESWOMAN.—Ambitious, energetic young woman, good talker, wishes position as saleswoman, demonstrator, or clerical worker; good at figures and penmanship. Box 125, 3,013 3d Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 10 years' experience, possessing initiative, executive ability. S. S., 1,364 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, telephone operator, billing clerk; 2 years' experience; knowledge bookkeeping; quick comprehension; legible penman; $8. Box A 310 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (19,) clean cut, above average; high school graduate; real estate experience; capable, competent; $6. Box A 309 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; six years' experience; former employers state, "Excellent stenographer, possessing initiative and common sense." S. J., 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience various lines, rapid typist, versed office routine, wishes position; salary $15. A 327 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, refined, businesslike, clean-cut, conversant office details, painstaking, willing, quick; $10-$12. K 122 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, one year's experience, refined girl, wishes position busy office; excellent references; salary $8. A 328 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; answer correspondence without dictation; 6 years' experience; best references; $12. Hunt, 318 East 58th.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY.—Technical dictation; executive, constructive ability; charge correspondence; confidential; $15-$18. B 110 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, hard worker desires permanent position; best references; salary desired, $10. A 203 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; good grammarian, mathematician; $10. E. Woodward, 413 West 128th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, accurate, speedy, intelligent, refined. Why not engage me? A 286 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced American; no clock watcher; clean-cut, reliable; $8-$10. B 108 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; miscellaneous dictation; wideawake, accurate; quick transcriber, obliging; $12. B 109 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Private secretary; several years' experience; technical matter; excellent references. K 27 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience, accustomed difficult dictation; references; $12. A 332 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ($6;) capable business school graduate; refined, earnest, American. A 342 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER.—Bright, accurate; a graduate Washington Irving High School. H 187 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; competent; conversant office detail; hard worker; $12. A 330 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; neat, accurate typist; business school graduate; $10. A 320 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Exceptionally bright beginner; high school education; refined American; $6. K 123 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; good grammarian, punctuate, paragraph; neat; $8. B 104 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; accurate, rapid, well educated; best references. K 127 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, refined, courteous, good command English language; $10. B 105 Times

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent to turn out thoroughly satisfactory work; $10. A 347 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; filing, billing, switchboard, &c.; $12. A 329 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat, intelligent beginner; business school graduate; $6. A 321 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; operates switchboard; office work; $10. K 107 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, accurate, speedy, intelligent, refined; salary $8. K 124 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good bright beginner; high school graduate; ambitious; $7. B 107 Times.

YOUNG LADY desires position, companion to lady traveling. M. W., 705 3d Av.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT CERTIFIED.
Simplified systems installed; books opened, closed, audited, written up; investigations, financial statements rendered. personal service, rates moderate. Louis Gross, 132 Nassau St. Telephone 2730 Beekman.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Installs simplified systems that give you exact information required to intelligently plan the development of your business; audits, investigations, reports. Fleming, 35 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1330.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. Telephone 4376 Gramercy.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; financial statements; investigations; work confidential; charges moderate; personal service. W. H Smith 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cortlandt.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced and reliable monthly auditing and special investigations; cost and accounting systems; charges moderate. Stevens 10 Wall. Phone Rector 928.

A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Certified; auditing, investigations, accounting systems; superior service, moderate charges. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Telephone 6970 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT'S ASSISTANT.—Young man desires to connect with assistant; well versed in accounts; accurate; quick at figures; employed as bookkeeper; moderate salary; object, future; correspondence invited. Address Fiscal, 100 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, &c.—An expert accountant and systematizer wishes evening employment. E 269 Times Downtown.

ARTIST, oils, seeks work, any kind, own studio. Artist, K 121 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent double entry; 15 years' experience; accountant, trial balance, controlling account, pay rolls, kindred work; rapid, accurate worker; bonded. A 344 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (23.)—Expert; experienced in modern systems and efficiency; responsible; highest references; desires position A 352 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (25.)—Thoroughly competent; long experience; moderate salary. Bookkeeper, 410 Grand St.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, cost accountant, and correspondent seeks immediate opening. K 129 Times.

BOY, well bred, alert, clean cut; references; graduated. A 296 Times Downtown.

CAPABLE MAN, POSSESSING EXECUTIVE ABILITY AND ALL NECESSARY REQUIREMENTS FOR MANAGER OR OTHER POSITION OF TRUST, WISHES TO MAKE CHANGE; SALARY, $5,000. K 119 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR, private; 5 years' experience; careful driver; sober, willing, and obliging; good mechanic. John Pertker, 183 East 79th St.

COLLEGE graduate, (23,) scientific training, recommended, seeks office position. David, 153 Essex.

COOK AND BUTLER, general housework, wishes position city, country; references. Shima, 234 West 123d St.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

CORRESPONDENT in the Portuguese, English, and French languages; many years' experience; thoroughly capable and reliable in every way; wishes position with a firm offering a chance for advancement; salary no object; highest references. K 118 Times.

DO YOU NEED A MAN
TO MARKET YOUR GOODS?
I want to be affiliated with a growing concern as SALES MANAGER in any line that will give an opportunity to MAKE A SHOWING; neither salary nor guarantee wanted; only an INTEREST IN RESULTS. M. I. Polans, 140 Nassau St., N. Y. C.

EXPERIENCED newspaper man wishes publicity work for corporations or associations; advertiser widely traveled; speaks German, French, and has literary ability; references. A 349 Times Downtown.

GROOM, VALET.—Young Irishman, lately landed, good to ride and drive, like to get with private family; city or country; best references. K 143 Times.

JAPANESE STUDENT wishes to work morning and evening in a good family. Yakko, care Japanese Mission, 102 West 123d.

MAN, married, 50, active, do not drink, best references, take job as janitor with respectable people or as gardener, carpenter; handy at anything; gentleman's place. Wm. J. McNeely, 27 3d St., Elizabeth, N. J.

MANAGER of ability; married man, (30,) successful in handling employes; seven years manager of factory, desires connection with progressive concern. Box K 100 Times.

MANUFACTURER'S AGENCY wanted for New York or Northern New Jersey by an experienced business man on a commission basis, or would represent New England or Western wholesale house; can give entire time. A 350 Times Downtown.

MASSEUR, experienced, wants position as invalid gentleman's helper, or in hospital. K. Tanaka, 224 West 123d St.

NURSE.—Masseur treatments by expert; reasonable. K 126 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER and BOOKKEEPER, 28; efficient, trustworthy, experienced; best references; salary $1,200 per annum. K 101 Times.

POSITION of trust desired, either financial or commercial; have been a member of a firm in the banking line for a number of years; can give highest recommendations as to integrity and ability both in commercial and financial circles; qualified for executive work. A 836 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, &c.—A high-class man in every particular desires a position as private secretary and confidential man to gentleman of large business interests in this city; he can give most satisfactory references as to character and ability. Box 101, 308 West 82d St.

PRIVATE DETECTIVE.—HIGH CLASS MAN WANTS COMMERCIAL OR OTHER INDEPENDENT CONNECTION. EXPERIENCED AND WELL RECOMMENDED. E 225 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN, (27,) excellent references, familiar with South and Middle Western territory, would like to connect with some reliable company. A 348 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 23, desires executive or selling position; able take charge mail order department men's clothing; references. K 109 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, intelligent, seeks position evenings; stenographic, clerical, or outside position. K 112 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly trained for business, desires position with reliable firm. John Lynch, 695 Madison Av. Phone Plaza —2298.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY.—Ten years' experience; rapid, accurate; best references; $12. K 103 Times.

TRAVELING SALESMAN.—Spanish-speaking young man, (34 years,) single, established merchant in Mexico City, not being able to return on account political conditions, desires position as traveling salesman in South American countries or clerical work in export business; first-class references; speaks English and French. Coblents, 318 Palmetto St., Brooklyn.

TRAVELING SALESMAN desires connection mercantile house; ladies' line preferred. A 348 Times Downtown.

WANTED FUR LINE.—A successful salesman, sold last season $50,000, wants popular line for Pennsylvania, New York, and Ohio Box B 56 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN about 30, good education, possessing tact and presence, wanted by a large Jewish charitable institution for special work. To a man who will prove his ability, a permanent position with a good salary is assured. Address "A. K." Box D 169 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN (22) seeks permanent position where hard work and willingness will bring advancement; not afraid of long hours; best references. Joseph Nadel, 59 East 117th.

YOUNG MAN, 18 years of age, 3 years clerical experience, at present employed, desires connection with banking or commercial house. K 142 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, 10 years' business experience, desires position. A 356 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (25) desires clerical position; references. K 120 Times.

Employment Bureaus.

Thirty cents a line.

Help Wanted—Domestic.

COOK-WAITRESS.—Together or separate; excellent references; city, country; $30-$25. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av Schuyler 9136.

HOUSEWORKER.—Young Irish girl, partly trained, $16; several competent girls, $25. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

Situations Wanted—Domestic.

Berta Carlson's Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d St.; first-class servants. 9527 Riverside.

BEST HUNGARIAN, GERMAN, & POLISH cooks, laundresses, and waiters, male and female; also laborers for mines, contractors, and factories. American Employment Agency. Louis Waraday, Proprietor. 88 Avenue A.

CALL RIVERSIDE 4375 for efficient colored servants. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th St.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. 'Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1890.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP; all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 1538 Riverside.

HOUSEWORKER.—Neat, willing girl, good cook, excellent laundress; finest references; colored; city, country. Pearson's Employment Agency. 'Phone Harlem 5049.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls; references. Harlem Employment Exchange, 2,149 5th Av. Harlem 251

Schools.

Thirty cents a line.

The new school of French for the French language only; the only system; class and private lessons. Call on Tuesdays and Wednesdays at 12 East 38th St. A course of six weeks' class lessons for $5.

A young French lady, aristocratic family, just arriving from Paris, gives lessons in French literature, conversation. Write K 134 Times.

Dancing.

REFINED DANCING.
PRIVATE LESSONS IN MODERN SOCIETY DANCES, 10 A. M. TO 10 P. M.
CHILDREN'S CLASSES SATURDAY.
MISS ROTH,
208 WEST 78TH STREET.
'PHONE SCHUYLER 3534.

SIMS STUDIO
of
MODERN DANSE,
Suite 1,144-45, Aeolian Hall. Phone 5566 Bryant. Private instruction only. Newest Tango, Maxixe, Hesitation, One-Step.

DANCING.—Society's latest dances taught privately; one step, hesitation, tango, etc. Frances Morgan, 102 West 71st. Col. 2507

EXPERT INSTRUCTION in all modern dances by Gilbert graduate. Miss Hayes, 180 Madison Av. Tel. 699 Murray Hill.

DANCING.—Miss Arthur and Mr Margraff, 180 Madison Av., one block west Vanderbilt Hotel. Telephone Murray Hill 8493.

The Ida Grant Studio of Dancing. Madison Square 8732. 9 West 32d St.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST.
Highest prices paid for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; liberal percentage for Provident tickets.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Diamonds, jewelry, silver, antiques, purchased. Robert Busko, 598 Madison Av. Est. 1878.

Horses and Carriages.

Thirty cents a line.

Atlas Trucking Company will sell 8 horses or mares, choice of 40, all in first-class condition, suitable farmers, express, coal, ice, trucking, delivery business; weight from 900 to 1,600 pounds, from 6 to 9 years old; bought green within last two years; among them several matched teams; some a little pavement sore; 30 days' trial allowed purchaser. Call to-day 154 East 37th St. Telephone 3752 Madison Square.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY.

FINAL CLEARANCE SALE
New and Used Cars.

THEY MUST BE SOLD.
We have retired from the automobile business.
2 New "1913" Alco Limousines—Never run; two of the most beautiful cars in town.
1 "1912" Limousine—second hand; bargain.

The above is all we have left in cars, trucks, bodies, new or used, and they must be sold this week.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY,
M. J. Beggins, Manager Used Car Dept.,
1888 Broadway, New York City.

Buick 1913, Model 31, 5-passenger, touring, perfect running order and looks like brand new; over $200 extras, including J. M. shock absorbers, speedometer, power pump, bumper, electric and bulb horns, chains, extra shoes, tubes, covers, &c; $900 cash. For appointment to inspect car write owner, Box A 354 Times Downtown.

A.— REBUILT CARS, $100-$2,000.
Delivery Wagons, like new, $150 up.
NEW WINTER BODIES, HALF PRICE.
Tops, $10. Top Covers, $1. Windshields, $5.
Foredoor Touring Bodies, $50-$100.
Runabout bodies, front doors, $50 up.
Make your car new for Spring NOW;
Steer. Cols; Radiators, Spdmtrs. Elec. Lt. Outfits.
20TH CENTURY CO., 1,692 B'way, near 53d.

A private family wishes to dispose of late model Winton "six," fore door, 5 passenger touring, fully equipped, including wind shield, speedometer, time clock, presto tank; self-starter, extra tire, and tools; car guaranteed in perfect condition; reason for selling, need money; sacrifice $350. Inquire at owner's private residence, 566 Mott Av., 149th St.

Tremendous Bargain—Owner going to California; must sell two late model cars; gentleman's underslung roadster; electric lights; fully equipped; price, $500; also 5-passenger touring car, self-starter, fully equipped; price, $600; both cars like new. Dr. Blodgett, private garage, 500 Bergen St., near Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Lozier, 1912, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger, 51 horsepower touring; this car looks like new, and is perfect mechanically. Also Fiat, late model, Italian chain drive, roadster, equipped with new Thurber rotary starter; will submit to owner any reasonable offer; must be sold this week. Garage Manager, 245 W. 12th.

Buy your car from dealers who have the reputation of handling nothing but the finest of used cars; we give real values; send for list; cars taken in trade.
HAYES, DIEFENDERFER CO., 21 West 62d.

Bargain.—1913 Maxwell, 6 cylinder, seven passenger touring car; perfect condition; electric light, self-starter, and complete equipment; must be seen to be appreciated; $1,300. Kennedy, 398 Coney Island Av., Brooklyn.

PORTABLE ALL-STEEL GARAGES $120.
Indestructible, inexpensive, easily erected; other buildings; catalogue. Kaseman, 369 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

E. M. F. 1911 touring car; fully equipped; extra shoes and tubes; will demonstrate. E. H. T., 61 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

SEE our used car bulletin on sporting page.
LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA.

Packard, 30, 1911, for sale reasonable. O. Johnson, 215 West 101st St.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St	Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Automobile Supplies.

WE SELL & REPAIR	Auto Radiators, Windshields, Fenders, Lamps of all makes. Bargains always on hand. HUDSON AUTO LAMP CO., 1,650 Broadway. Col. 8194.

Ball and roller bearings. Gwilliam Co., 253 West 58th St., (at Broadway.) Col. 8386.

Business Opportunities.

Forty cents a line.

WANTED, GENERAL SALES AGENT FOR NEW YORK CITY BY RELIABLE INCORPORATED MANUFACTURER; CLEAN CUT PROPOSITION THAT WILL NET SEVERAL THOUSAND DOLLARS PER YEAR; $1,000 REQUIRED. SEE OUR MR. FINCH, AFTER 1 P. M., ROOM 943 CONTINENTAL HOTEL, BROADWAY AND 41ST.

Partner Wanted.—Thoroughly experienced film man desires partner with few thousand dollars to take an active interest in prosperous motion picture proposition; an excellent chance for the right man; no experience needed. For particulars apply A. S., 168 Times.

Party with $10,000 may secure half interest in business which will yield enormous profits; every assurance that invention controlled must come into universal use; principals only. Manufacturer, A 346 Times Downtown.

Attention!—Going concern with large contracts ready for immediate execution and new business opening daily needs active men with brains, ambition, and moderate capital. Monopoly, Y 205 Times Annex.

Partner, manager, twenty years with leading water concern, controlling large trade, purchased a natural spring and mineral water plant, wants partner with $10,000 to extend. Advertiser, 134 East 42d St.

First mortgage, $35,000, wanted Columbus, Ohio, business block; excellent investments; no triflers. Vanse, A 353 Times Downtown.

EXPORT OPPORTUNITY.
Have contracts with prominent manufacturers; desire experienced exporter, with $10,000, manage New York office or travel. S 350 Times Downtown.

Partner wanted for established film exchange business; $5,000 to $8,000; draw weekly salary $35; investment secured; will stand strictest investigation. Box L 86 Times.

Partner wanted in men's hat factory; will sacrifice half interest; excellent proposition; investment required nominal. A 267 Times Downtown.

Motion-picture theatres; everywhere; all capacities; conservative proposition. Call Pitzer & Smith, 32 Union Square and 1,480 Broadway.

Patent rights of men's waterproof hat protector for sale; correspondence strictly confidential. Box E 203 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Financial agent to promote manufacturing proposition having no competition. K 132 Times.

Moving-picture theatre in fine location; excellent opportunity. P. R., 210 Times Downtown.

Business Notices

Forty cents a line.

Effective multiple typewritten personal appealing circular letters; one or two colors; no more expensive, but vastly more productive. Commercial, 52 New St., 2530 Broad.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,018.

Rejected life insurance risks placed; principals only; out-of-town correspondence solicited; cash for names friends. B 26 Times.

BETTER LETTERS.—Multigraphing, 200, $1; 500, $1.35; get our prices on printing. Telephone John 1047. Neil, 50 Pine.

Business Loans.

Outstanding accounts financed for merchants needing cash. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway.

Patent Attorneys.

Patents worked out, secured, disposed of. Patents purchased. We speak all languages. ALEXANDER DENES, 125 E. 23D ST.

Vacuum Cleaning

VACUUM CLEANING; ROOMS, 40c. UP. Contracts more reasonable. Woodbury Vacuum Co., 141 West 36th St. Phone Greeley 4022.

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Thirty cents a line.

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OLIVER FLORAL CO., INC.
Proprietors Imperial Flower Co.—Fragrant cut flowers, 50c per box, delivered. Telephone 7818 Madison Square. Address 28 West 31st St.

One double top flat desk, two tables, one bookkeeper's desk, three revolving arm chairs. 1,790 Broadway, Suite 806.

Oak office partitions; reasonable prices. Fisher, 227 Mercer St. Telephone 3128 Spring.

Collections.

A very valuable collection of old and rare stamps is offered for sale by gentleman who has spared neither time nor money in procuring the best specimens obtainable; will be pleased to make appointment with a prospective purchaser who would take the collection as a whole. Address Y 217 Times Annex.

Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 670 Bryant.

Pianos and Organs.

STEINWAY upright piano in excellent condition, will sell $115. Anguera, 316 W. 42d.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

SAY KOEHLER ASKED TO BE PUT ON TRIAL

Friends of Accused Army Officer Assert That He Demanded Vindication.

TESTIMONY BEGINS TO-DAY

Ryan, Law Partner of William F. McCombs, in Consultation with Major Koehler at Fort Terry.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Feb. 25.—The military court at Fort Terry to-day began swearing in witnesses for the trial of Major Benjamin M. Koehler, U. S. A., charged with immoral conduct. Lieut. Col. S. S. Jordan, stationed at Fort Strong, was the member of the trial board who was absent. He is ill, and Col. Kirby, President of the court, decided that the trial should proceed without him.

The morning session occupied less than an hour and was of a preliminary nature. A short session also was held this afternoon in the post headquarters. The court will convent again to-morrow morning, when the examination of witnesses will begin.

It was reported to-day that Major Koehler, who was placed under arrest at Fort Tery about two months ago, was ordered back to his official duties as commander of the post a fortnight ago, and after two days' service, he asked to be temporarily relieved and again placed under arrest. Furthermore, it was said, that he demanded a full investigation of the charges against him, contending that he was innocent of the gross accusations, and intended to see the whole affair through to a finish.

A strong guard is still maintained at the local Government wharf on Water Street, and also at the landing at Fort Tery. No civilians are allowed to go near the trial.

Frederick R. Ryan, of the law firm McCombs, Ryan & Gordon, arrived from New York nere to-day, boarded the transport General Robert Ayers, which steamed for Fort Terry at 1:30 o'clock, and returned in time to take an express train for New York. Mr. Ryan said he was sent to Fort Terry at the request of William F. McCombs. It was reported Mr. McCombs, National Chairman of the Democratic party, might come here this week to look after Major Koehler's side of the case personally. Mr. Ryan was at Fort Terry onl ya short time. In fact, he did not actually visit the reservation, but remained aboard the steamer during the half-hour she was tied up at the wharf. Major Koehler and Col. Harry J. Hawthorne, an expert military legal authority, met Mr. Ryan aboard the vessel.

Major Koehler seemed to be in good spirits. After shaking hands with Col. Hawthorne and Mr. Ryan, he held a half hour's consultation with them in the Captain's cabin.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Secretary Daniels to-day ordered the trial by court-martial of Lieut. Commander Charles P. Huff of the navy, charged with assaulting J. Philip Kiesbecker in a hotel at Newport News, Va., on Feb. 15. The alleged assault was committed the morning after a valentine party.

The officer is charged in naval terms with "maltreating an inhabitant" and "scandalous conduct tending to the destruction of good morals."

CAPT. BERRY ADMITS ERROR

Skipper Says He Violated Rule in Speeding Through Fog.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 25.—Capt. O. Berry of the steamship Nantucket admitted at the Government investigation here to-day that he had broken an international navigation rule in running his ship at full speed in a fog just before hitting the Monroe.

He edmitted that he did not know whether his wireless operator was on duty from 8 o'clock on the evening of Jan. 29 until after the collision with the Monroe. He had not communicated with the wireless man at all during these hours, he said.

He reluctantly admitted that if he had stopped his engines on hearing the first fog signal from the Monroe and "proceeded cautiously," as the navigation laws required, there would have been no collision, although he became confused and insisted that if he had slowed down to half speed the collision would have occurred just the same. He also was unable to explain why he had "guessed" at the position and course of the Monroe and had gone on through the fog at top speed.

MUST PAY CULKIN.

Tammany Leader Gets Court Order for His Salary in Record Bureau.

Charles W. Culkin, a Tammany district leader whom Surrogate Cohalan tried to dismiss as Deputy Commissioner of Records, got a decision from Supreme Court Justice Bijur yesterday, ordering the Controller to pay him. The Justice said it might "well be that the Surrogate is justified in his dissatisfaction with the work of the relator as shown in the examiner's report." Then, he says, that as Mr. Culkin had been appointed to a duly established public office, and having been present to perform any work required of him by his superior, he is entitled to his salary. Mr. Culkin's superior is John F. Curry, who is also a Tammany leader. Mr. Curry could discharge Mr. Culkin if he wanted to, but he doesn't want to.

Union Trust Employes Indicted.

Alonzo M. Woolsey and Joseph T. White, employes of the Plaza Branch of the Union Trust Company, who were arrested last week on the charge of looting the company out of thousands of dollars, were indicted yesterday for forgery in the third degree by the General Sessions Grand Jury. Woolsey is now out in $3,000 bail. White's bail, at first set at the same amount, was later raised to $10,000, and, as he could not supply it, he was sent to the Tombs. Both men will be arraigned for pleading this morning before Judge Wadhams.

Miss C. R. Stillman Loses Her Purse

Miss Charlotte R. Stillman, a member of the Colony Club and of the Society of Colonial Dames, lost her purse, studded with diamonds and rubies, a week ago last night, when she was attending a performance of Tosca at the Metropolitan Opera House. Miss Stillman has inserted an advertisement making known her loss in to-day's NEW YORK TIMES. At her apartment last night it was said she was not at home, and no one in her household could shed any light on her loss.

Ex-Vanderbilt Trainer Sentenced.

George Osborn, 31 years old, of 338 West Forty-ninth Street, who said he had been a horse trainer for the Goulds and Vanderbilts, was sentenced to three months in the penitentiary yesterday by Justices Kernochan, Forker and Herrman in Special Sessions for stealing a book from a department store counter. Osborn confessed his guilt.

Big Chance to Buy Spring Clothes Right

$20 Suit or overcoat made to measure from materials left from last spring. Many stylish effects that will be duplicated by many high-grade tailors this spring. There are $40 to $50 patterns among them. Second floor. Sale ends Saturday. $20

Broadway & 9th St. Arnheim

E&W RED MAN

EARL & WILSON SHIRTS AS WELL AS COLLARS ARE TROY'S BEST PRODUCT.

Have You Seen the LOGWOOD 2 FOR 25 CTS. A POPULAR RED-MAN STYLE.

EARL & WILSON MAKERS OF TROY'S BEST PRODUCT.

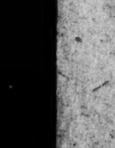
Regent Theatre To-day Only 116th St. and Seventh Ave. "America's Finest Photo Play House." "David Copperfield" Dickens's Masterpiece, IN SIX REELS FIVE PERFORMANCES: 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, and 9:00 P. M.

Westminster Kennel Club LAST DAY. 9 A. M. to 11 P. M. Dog Show TO-DAY — Judging Foxhounds, Harriers and Beagle Packs. GRAND CENTRAL PALACE Lexington Ave., 46th to 47th St.

F. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES 5TH AVE. B'way 28th St. Daily 2:15 & 8:15. Nights, reserved seats, Orchestra & Balcony, 50c. Jos. Howard & Mabel McCane, Edmond Hayes & Co., Violinsky, Ted Lorraine & Hattie Burke, Meredith Sisters, others.

23D ST. nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST. & 3d Av. 125TH ST. Lex. Av. A classy potpourri of vaudeville and photo plays. Biggest in Vaudeville at Littlest Prices. 12 BIG FEATURES

JARDIN DE DANSE Matinee Teas 3:30 to 6:30 8:30 TO CLOSING "LA FURLANA" Europe's Dance Sensation. ADELAIDE & OTHER STARS.



PARK THEATRE. 2, 4, 7, 8:15 & 9:30. GREATEST OF ALL MOTION PLAYS THE DRUG TERROR (Underworld Exposed.) SEATS 25c. Conjunction Mrs. Vanderbilt's National Crusade.

DR. PARKHURST says: "Every woman should see— Weber's B'way, 29th St. 25c 2, 4, 7, 9 P. M. Smashing the Vice Trust

COHAN & HARRIS ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats Wed & Sat., 2:20. COHAN'S BEST PLAY. Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

ELTINGE 42d W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. THE YELLOW TICKET

LONGACRE W. 48th St., nr. B'way. Last 4 Times. Last Mat. Sat., 2:20. Dorothy Donnelly with Lou-Tellegen in Maria Rosa NEXT MONDAY. Seat Sale To-day. George Scarborough's Modern Melodrama, The Last Resort

BRONX Opera House, 149th St., E. of 3d Av. MAT. SAT. RICHARD BENNETT in "DAMAGED GOODS." Next Monday—CHAUNCEY OLCOTT.

Adolf Philipp THEATRE, 57 St. nr. 3 Av. Tel. Plaza 812. Evs. 8:20 MATINEE Sat., 2:20. Sensational Military Comedy Drama. ZABERN

B. F. KEITH'S New York Theatres COLONIAL DAILY MAT. 25c. ANNA HELD, Louise Alexander & Clive Logan, Claudius & Scarlet, & 7 big acts. ALHAMBRA DAILY MAT. 25c. EMMA CARUS ADELAIDE & J. J. HUGHES LADDIE CLIFF & 7 big acts PALACE B'way & 47th St. 2000 Mat. Seats 50c. EDDIE FOY & 7 Little Foys, Joan Sawyer & John Jarrott, Saharet, Fannie Brice, Elinore & Williams, Claude Gillingwater.

VITAGRAPH THEATRE, B'WAY AT 44TH ST. 11 A. M., 2:30, 5:30, & 8:30 P. M. "A MILLION BID" & "GOODNESS GRACIOUS." John Bunny in "The Honeymooners," (8:30 only.)

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. To-night, Prof. BERNHARDI; Fri., Sat. Ev., ARNSTAEDT-WALDAU in GOLDFISCHE.

MINER'S HIGH-CLASS BURLESQUE People's (Bowery & Spring), Queens of Paris. Bronx (3 Av. & 156 St.) To-night, Amateur Night.

SPORTSMEN'S SHOW—MADISON SQ. GARDEN. NOW Open. Indoor Trap Shooting. Water Sports Carnival. Sportsmen's Equipment. Closes Fri. Adm., 50c.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th BURLESQUE THE TAXI GIRLS Matinee To-day.

MURRAY HILL. Evs. 8:15. BURLESQUE. Mat. To-day. Harry Hasting's Big Show.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats $16.00 because we need room.

EVER get a new suit and find no room in your closet for it? That is our predicament right now. New clothes arriving and nowhere to put them, and we *must* have room. That is why many $25, $28, $30, $35 and $40 suits and overcoats are now $16.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings.) Broadway at 29th St. (Open till 6 P. M.) 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings.)

44TH ST. THEATRE NEAR B'WAY. LEW FIELDS, Prop'r. Phone, 7292 Bryant. Evenings, 8. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday, 2.

STRUCK THE HOUR TO THE MINUTE! RANG ALL THE CRITICAL BELLS IN NEW YORK!

Smashed And Blew Into Smithereens All Musical Comedy Records of This And Any Other Season!

Strikes twelve. Big rousing spectacle. Color riot. —N. Y. Herald.

"Lands" on Broadway. — De Foe, World.

Very, very busy show. Plot, action, spice, dances, songs.— Alan Dale.

Fun and melody. Is more than gingery. — Reamer, Sun.

THE MIDNIGHT GIRL

With GEO. MACFARLANE Musical Comedy from the French by Paul Herve. Music by Jean Briquet and Adolf Philipp (authors of "Adele,") American version by Adolf Philipp and Edward A. Paulton.

"Midnight Girl" a musical sunburst. — Charles Darnton, Eve. World.

Pretty girls, lively dancing.— Ruhl, Tribune.

New favorite. Most gorgeously bedecked. Brilliant color.— Woolcott, Times.

Music sets hearers whistling. New Broadway favorite found.— Van Vechten, Press.

LATEST & GREATEST of All SHUBERT MUSICAL SHOWS. THE MIDNIGHT GIRL WILL KEEP YOU AWAKE!

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

IMPORTANT TO THEATREGOERS! THESE THEATRES AND ATTRACTIONS HAVE NO DEALINGS WHATEVER WITH THE TYSON CO. AND NO TICKETS WILL BE FOUND ON SALE AT ANY OF THEIR AGENCIES OR HOTEL STANDS. THE BEST SEATS FOR ALL PERFORMANCES AT THESE THEATRES CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE BOX OFFICES AT REGULAR BOX OFFICE PRICES.

THE TIMES SAID OF ALONG CAME RUTH AT THE Gaiety Theatre, B'WAY & 46TH ST. Evs. 8.25. Mats. Wed. & Sat. "The man who wrote it used his head, his heart and his funny bone. No audience could chuckle as last night's audience chuckled unless they were thoroughly and genuinely pleased."

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:20. MAUDE ADAMS IN J. M. BARRIE'S FANTASTIC COMEDY. THE LEGEND OF LEONORA By the author of "PETER PAN."

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:30. —FAREWELL WEEK— MISS BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's Greatest Success, THE LAND OF PROMISE

THE QUEEN OF THE MOVIES

HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:20. Last Matinee Saturday, 2:20. LAST FOUR TIMES WM. COLLIER A LITTLE WATER ON THE SIDE NEXT MONDAY—Seats To-day. WHAT WOULD YOU DO? A NEW PLAY BY AUGUSTIN MACHUGH, Author of "Officer 666."

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. CYRIL MAUDE the famous English actor, in the tremendously successful comedy drama, "GRUMPY"

GEO. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. POTASH & PERLMUTTER

New Amsterdam West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy, THE LITTLE CAFE By C. M. S. McLellan & Ivan Caryll.

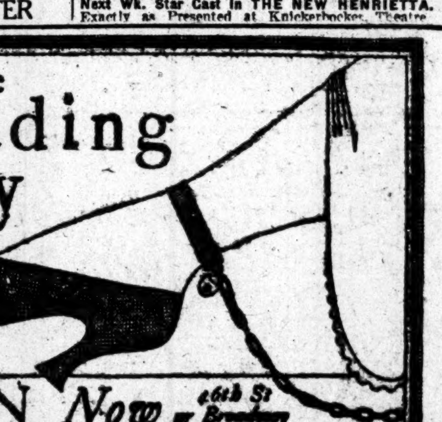
LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:20. HENRY W. SAVAGE offers SARI THE INTERNATIONAL OPERETTA SENSATION

BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. MATINEE TO-DAY, 2:20. FRANCES STARR in "THE SECRET."

HARRIS 43 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20. BIG BUSINESS TELLS THE STORY OF SUCCESS. LAUGH KING OF FARCES. THE RULE of 3

KNICKERBOCKER—Broadway at 38 St. Eves. at 8. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2. "IT'S A JOY."—HERALD. THE LAUGHING HUSBAND

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 23d St., 8th Ave. 25c to $1. Matinee Saturday. CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in "Shameen Dhu." Next Wk. Star Cast in THE NEW HENRIETTA. Exactly as Presented at Knickerbocker Theatre.



The Misleading Lady Her Ankles Got Her Into Trouble FULTON Now 46th St. w. Broadway Evenings 8:30 Matinees Wed & Sat 2:30

Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! Oh! THE SKY MONSTER 25c AT THE REPUBLIC 42d Street, Near Broadway

NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS COLORED VIEWS—MOTION PICTURES 5 SUNDAY EVES CARNEGIE HALL, 57th St. & 7th Ave. 5 MON. MATS. NEW AMSTERDAM Theatre, W. 42d St. —2 COURSES EXACTLY ALIKE— MARCH 1 & 2 LONDON 8 & 9 PARIS 15 & 16 ROME 22 & 23 FLORENCE & VENICE 29 & 30 VIENNA APRIL 5 & 6 Course Sale [illegible] Now Open

AEOLIAN HALL, To-night at 8:30, 3rd Lecture in N. Y. Peace Society's Course by Ex-President Taft Subject: "The U. S. Senate and General International Arbitration." Seats at Box Office.

CENTURY OPERA HOUSE CENTRAL PARK WEST 62D ST. Nights at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. This Week & Next Mon., Double Bill, "THE SECRET OF SUZANNE" and "I PAGLIACCI." Week Beg. Tues., "TIEFLAND." SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERT, 25c. to $1.00.

OPERA & THEATRE TICKETS Seats for CARUSO FARRAR in JULIEN KAISERHOF Ticket Office, (Downstairs,) opp. Met. Op. House, 1413 B'way. Tel. 3663-3637 Bryant.

HAMMERSTEIN'S—18 Big Acts. Victor Moore & Co., John L. Sullivan, Ed Wynn & Co., The Great Lester, Dorothy Dale, Winsor McCay, "Temptation," 5 others.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

DE KALB DeKalb Av. and Broadway. Telephone, 4300 Bushwick. LITTLE MISS BROWN Bargain Matinees Wed. & Sat., 25c. & 50c. Evening Prices, 25c. to $1. Next Week—Irving Place Theatre Co.

MAJESTIC Last Matinee Saturday. DE WOLF HOPPER AND GILBERT & SULLIVAN CO. [illegible]

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. Biggest spectacle on the world's largest stage. A—M—E—R—I—C—A amplified by the cleverest, most sensational circus acts of two hemispheres.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8 sharp. Matinee To-day at 2. Best Seats $1.50. GREATEST OF ALL WINTER GARDEN SHOWS. THE WHIRL OF THE WORLD LYDIA KYASHT Sunday Night Concert—Best Bill in New York.

Bernard Granville's FOLIES MARIGNY Atop 44th St. Thea. Phone 7292 Bryant. 11 to Closing (Time. Adm., $1.00) Variete Dancing Restaurant. Oy-Ra & Dorma Leigh, Delirio & Luis, &c. TO-NIGHT AT 11. Arabian Nights Ball Tickets $5 a Person. Supper a la Carte.

39TH ST Thea., near B'way. Evs., 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:20. TOO MANY COOKS A new Comedy by FRANK CRAVEN. NOTE—MR. CRAVEN WILL PLAY ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL CHARACTERS.

LYRIC 42d W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. BLANCHE RING in WHEN CLAUDIA SMILES. Supported by HARRY CONOR.

Playhouse 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30. 100TH PERFORMANCE TO-NIGHT. The Play for Lent THE Things That Count Why the play for Lent? Simply because it has received the unqualified indorsement of EVERY DENOMINATION, WITHOUT EXCEPTION. It is a great, big play, and perfectly clean.

Little 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30. The Unique Theatre of America Housing Plays by Authors of International Reputation BERNARD SHAW'S Amazing Comedy, "The Philanderer" All Seats for All Performances, $2.00.

Booth 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. T'day & Sat., 2:15. GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER.

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39, nr. B'y. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. A Drama of the Present HELP WANTED

SHUBERT THE., 44, W. of B'way Ev 8:15 Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. A THOUSAND YEARS AGO

PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS 39th, Nr. B'way. Evenings 8:30. Pop. Price Mat. Wed., 2:30. Reg. Mat. Sat., 2:30. FIVE SENSATIONAL ONE-ACT PLAYS. HEARD IN THE LOBBY: "Whoever said there was nothing new under the sun hadn't seen the Princess Plays."

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Every Evg., 8:15. Next Mat. Saturday, 2:15. KITTY MACKAY Of no interest to haters of Youth, Laughter, and Love.

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. HIGH JINKS With STELLA MAYHEW and TOM LEWIS.

48TH ST. Thea. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thur. & Sat. SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS. TO-DAY To-day Matinee $1.50.

Manhattan OP. HO. 1,000 Choice Seats at $1. 2,000 Good Seats 25c,50c,75c. LAST WEEK IN NEW YORK THE WHIP Mat. Sat. NEXT WEEK THE LURE 25c. to $1.00. NO HIGHER.

WEST END. Mat. Saturday. Doris Keane in Romance

Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:20. Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

Royal 1 blk from 149 St. & 3 Av. Ev. 8:15 25c. to $1. Mat. Sat., 2:15. THE Family Cupboard Next Week DOROTHY DONNELLY with LOU-TELEGEN in Maria Rosa

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE To-night, 8 (1st Time). Charpentier's Opera, Julien. Farrar; Caruso, Gilly. Cond., Polacco. Fri. at 8. Magic Flute. Destinn, Hempel, Alten; Jorn, Witherspoon, Goritz, Reiss, Weil. Cond., Hertz. Sat. at 1:30. Goetterdaemmerung. Gadski, Homer; Berger, Weil, Hinckley, Goritz. Cond., Hertz. At 8:15. Pop. Prices. Girl of the Golden West. Destinn; Martin, Amato, Gilly. Cond., Polacco. Sun. at 8:30. Concert. (50c to $1.50.) Yolanda Mero, Hungarian Pianiste; Ober; Amato, Murphy. Next Mon. at 8. Orfeo ed Euridice. Homer, Gadski, Case, Sparkes. Cond., Toscanini. Wed. at 8. Koenigskinder. Farrar, Robeson; Jorn, Goritz, Reiss, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz. Thurs., Sp'l Mat. at 2, ($1 to $5.) Act 2, Faust. Act 2, Haensel und Gretel; Act 2, Aida; Act 1, Pagliacci. Destinn, Bori, Ober, Mattfeld, Sparkes, Van Dyck; Caruso, Jorn, Martin, Amato, Gilly, Rothier, Didur. Thurs. at 7:45. Walkuere. Gadski, Fremstad, Homer; Berger, Weil, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

SYMPHONY Society of New York WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor. BEETHOVEN FESTIVAL To-morrow (Friday) Evg., at 8:15. KNEISEL QUARTET Wed. Evg., March 4, Josef Hofmann. March 1—Last Sunday Concert. Soloist Frieda HEMPEL (Metropolitan Opera Company.) Seats at Box Office, AEOLIAN HALL.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR. To-night at 8:15 & T'm'w (Fri.) Aft., 2:30. CARNEGIE HALL. SCHUMANN, Overture; A Capella-Choruses; LISZT, "Dante" Symphony. Assisted by the ST. CECILIA CLUB. Victor Harris..........Conductor Next Sunday Afternoon at 3. Soloist, MME. OTTILIE METZGER Contralto. Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

SYMPHONY CONCERTS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE. Saturday Afternoon, Feb'y 28, at 2:30 N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. WALTER DAMROSCH..........Conductor WAGNER PROGRAM Soloist: Mr. HORATIO CONNELL. Tkts. at Office, 1 W. 34 St., & Carnegie Hall.

CARNEGIE HALL, Mon. Ev., Mar. 2, at 8:15. Minneapolis SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA EMIL OBERHOFFER, CONDUCTOR. Soloist YSAYE Celebrated Violinist. Seats 75 cts. to $2. Boxes $12, $15, at Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL, Fri. Ev., Feb. 27, at 8:30. MME. Olive Fremstad CAROLYN BEEBE, Pianist, THE NEW YORK LITTLE SYMPHONY Conductor, GEORGE BARRERE Flute IN AID OF THE N. Y. RED CROSS HOSPITAL Prices 75c to $2.00

HIPPODROME—Sunday Eve., Mar. 1 FAREWELL JOINT RECITAL MELBA & KUBELIK Management of Loudon Charlton.

LITTLE THEATRE, W. 44th St. FR. AFT., MAR. 6th & 13th, at 3. Two Intimate Song Recitals. JULIA CULP COENRAAD V. BOS, at the Piano (KNABE.) Seats $3 each at Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, 1425 B'way.

AEOLIAN HALL, Tues. Aft., March 3, at 3. FAREWELL APPEARANCE, LEOPOLD GODOWSKY Piano Recital Prices, 50c. to $2, at Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston. (Knabe Piano.)

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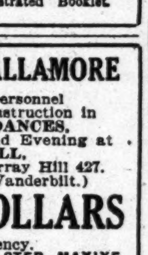

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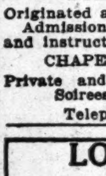

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